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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following are personnel (WARNINGS) and equipment (CAUTIONS) safety precautions to be observed when operating or servicing this unit. This is a listing of all safety precautions appearing in the text. Carefully read them before proceeding to use or service the unit. Observance of these safety precautions will minimize the risk of personal injury or the possible use of improper maintenance methods which may damage the unit or render it unsafe. It is important to understand that these precautions are not exhaustive. AMSCO could not possibly know, evaluate and advise maintenance departments of all conceivable ways in which maintenance might be done or the possible hazardous consequences of each way.

The operation and maintenance procedures recommended by AMSCO are described in this manual. Only these recommended maintenance procedures should be followed.

WARNING: BE SURE TO PRESS THE POWER AND CONTROL SWITCH TO OFF AND WAIT UNTIL CHAMBER COOLS TO ROOM TEMPERATURE BEFORE STARTING ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

WARNING: WHEN CHECKING SAFETY VALVE(S), BE CAREFUL IF STEAM IS ESCAPING. TO PREVENT BURNS, WEAR GLOVES OR USE AN EXTENSION DEVICE IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY TO OPERATE THE TRY LEVER.

CAUTION: Never use wire brush or steel wool on door and chamber assembly.

CAUTION: When using AMSCO Stainless Steel Cleaner and Polish or AMSCO Pry Cleaner, rub in a back-and-forth motion (in the same direction as the surface grain). Do not rub with a rotary or circular motion. Do not use these cleaners on painted surfaces. Follow directions on containers.

CAUTION: When troubleshooting and 28-VDC output is not present, make a short circuit test between pins 6 and 2 of receptacle J10 on Mother Board before connecting new power supply. If short circuit is found it must be isolated and repaired prior to connecting new power supply.

CAUTION: If a safety valve is found to be defective, do not attempt to repair it. Replace it with new valve.

CAUTION: Recorders should be handled with care, and caution should be exercised when making changes to ensure against kinking or compressing the capillary system. The bulb, tubing and pressure element are filled with fluid approved by the Scientific instrument Makers Association and form a sealed system. This system must never be broken. Even the most minute leak will render it inoperative. Excess capillary should be formed into an 8-inch diameter coil and properly supported by taping to any smooth unheated surface.

CAUTION: The chamber door post (Fig. 8-25, 10) is welded to the lock clutch ring. If it is necessary to disassemble the door further, contact AMSCO for instructions for removing weld and rewelding.

CAUTION: Solenoid valves on this machine are equipped with a special material which can be attacked by oils and grease. When replacing entire valve, wipe threads clean of cutting oils and use Teflon tape to seal pipe joints.

CAUTION: Allow thermostatic traps to cool to room temperature before removing cover. Since there is nothing to limit expansion, the diaphragm may rupture or fatigue if trap is opened while hot.

CÁUTION: When servicing steam pressure regulator, handle sylphon and bellows assembly gently, to avoid damage.

CAUTION: Do not rémové or réplace printed circuit boards unless control switch on sécondary panel is positioned OFF.

1

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

CONTINUED

CAUTION: Use extreme care when opening a container of electronic parts. Avoid circumstances wherein a build-up of static electricity could discharge.

CAUTION: Take necessary precautions to keep washers or screws from dropping into the control column.

CAUTION: The main Printcon PC board contains static-sensitive components. Handle accordingly.

CAUTION: Do not change lamps with control power on. Damage to the CPU PC board may result.

SECTION I

GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 APPLICATION AND DESIGN

The product literature included in this section contains factual data relating to the principal descriptive and identifying characteristics of particulars for EAGLE sterilizers. The literature is informational rather than instructional. It provides and conveys, textually and illustratively, a general concept of the equipment, its purpose, capabilities, limitations, and technical specifications.

1-1

764089

AMSCO

Cagle 2000 SERIES

Washer/Sterilizer/Decontaminator • single door double door

TECH DATA

DESCRIPTION

Microcomputer-controlled washer/sterilizer using heated, agitated water and spray rinses for washing cycle, steam under pressure for sterilizina cycle.

Applications

Wash-sterilize Cycle — for washing then sterilizing surgical instruments and utensils.

Sterilize Cycle — for sterilizing surgical instruments and utensils at 270° F (132° C).

Chamber Size

Interior dimensions are 16x16x26 inches (406x406x660 mm).

Standards

Every sterilizer meets applicable requirements of the following standards and carries the appropriate symbol:

Underwriters Laboratories, Incorporated, and Canadian Standards Association.

ASME Code, Section VIII, Division 1 for unfired pressure vessels. The pressure vessel is so stamped; ASME Form U-3 is furnished. Inner shell, including door, is constructed to withstand working pressure of 36 psig (2.53 kg/cm²).

NFPA Flammable Anesthetics Code (for use in Group 1, Class C, hazardous areas).

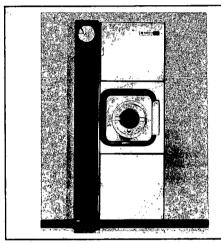
Federal Specification GG-S-1341A performance requirements.

Seismic Stress Calculations - Title 24 (Division T-17 of Part 6) of the California Administrative Code.

ASTM Specification A240 for stainless steel, alloy 304 if welded, alloy 201, 202 or 304 if not welded.

ASTM Specification 888 for seamless, copper tubing.

ASTM Specification 843 or 8135, alloy 1 for seamless, red brass



Typical only - some details may vary.

THE SELECTIONS CHECKED BELOW

□ 2014:16x16x26". Double Door □ Cabinet Enclosed for Recessing

APPLY TO I	HIS EQUIPMENT
Series	Mounting
2014:16x16x26", Single Door	□ Cabinet Enclosed

Door Hinge, Double Door (Operating End First)

- ☐ Right Side/Left Side ☐ Right Side/Right Side
- ☐ Left Side/Right Side
- ☐ Left Side/Left Side

Door Hinge, Single Door

☐ Right Side ☐ Left Side

thru	One	Wall	(Dout

- ble-door Model) ☐ For Recessing
- Materials Handling Accessories*
- ☐ Rack and Shelves
- ☐ Surgical Instrument Trays

'See separate product literature

101	 	
		(s)

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DESIGN FEATURES

Microcomputer Control

Microcomputer monitors and controls system operations and functions. Cycle progresses automatically through all phases. Pre-rinse, and post rinse phases increase washing effectiveness. Controls automatically inject desired amount of detergent, maintain water level and temperature at optimum washing conditions. Completion of cycle indicated visually; also audibly for 90 seconds.

- Quartz-crystal based timing. Microcomputer uses inputs from thumbwheel switches to accurately set sterilize exposure time. Set time is displayed as digital readout. Selected time is not changeable once a cycle has started. Timing automatically resets upon completion or resetting of cycle. Automatic reset eliminates need to reprogram timer between repeated cycles. If chamber temperature drops 2° F (1.1° C) below 270° F (132° C) during exposure périod, timing resets and STERILIZE phase indicator blinks for remainder of phase.
- Cycle Monitoring. Chamber door must be locked pressure-tight to initiate a cycle. If unlocked, status light alerts operator. Once selected, cycle is locked into microcomputer and door is electromechanically locked until cycle is completed. Should chamber fail to reach sterilizing temperature, microcomputer visually and audibly alerts operator. During wash and subsequent phases of wash-sterilize cycle, panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on to alert operator. Should chamber fail to fill with water during a wash-sterilize cycle, microcomputer visually and audibly alerts operator.

Microcomputer maintains its memory during power outages of up to 20 milliseconds ... eliminates necessity of reinitiating cycle following routine power switchovers. After power failure in excess of 20 milliseconds, operator must reset control power. Visual and audible signals will then indicate that a cycle was interrupted by a power failure.

Program boards are keyed, plug-in type with printed circuits.
 Boards are coated for increased dielectric strength. Service is readily accomplished from front of sterilizer. For diagnostic purposes, light emitting diodes (LEDs) indicate presence of signal to associated valves or other electrically operated devices.

Eagle-Eye® Vertical Control Column

Auto-Lume panels light up only when power is on. Upper panel gives cycle status; lower panel has sterilize time digital readout and lighted cycle selectors. Time readout is by large, easy-to-see LEDs that first indicate set time and then, as the cycle progresses, count down remaining time. Cycle selectors require positive force to actuate, eliminates unintentional cycle selections. Selected cycle (wash-sterilize or sterilize) is clearly indicated and the other is locked out. Control column is on side opposite door hinge.

Non-operating End Control (double-door model) includes cycle selectors by which previous cycle can be repeated, status lights indicating the cycle phase and warning lights for door status and water in chamber.

Indicator-Recorder-Controller provides thermostatic temperature centrel during sterilize phase. Continually indicates chamber temperature. Signals microcomputer when temperature reaches 270° F (132° C); also if chamber temperature drops below 270° F (132° C) during exposure period. Indicating scale is reversible with Celsius and Fahrenheit markings. Sensor is in chamber drain line. Temperature is recorded on a synchronous motor-driven, 6-inch diameter chart using a pressure-sensitive cartridge type pen. The chart has both English and metric markings. Six cartridges and one hundred charts are furnished.

Pressure Gauge. Chamber pressure gauge is beneath the primary control panel for easy viewing. Scales are graduated in both English and metric. A chamber pressure gauge is on the non-operating end of double-door model.

Secondary Control Panel

Secondary Controls are above the chamber, behind the service access door ... in compliance with the NFPA Flammable Anesthetics Code for hazardous location. Included on panel are power switches, one to isolate entire unit and a second to isolate only the controls; circuit breaker; thumbwheel switch for sterilize time; cycle monitor (non-resettable) to count number of sterilizing cycles for programming preventive maintenance; and cycle reset in case incorrect cycle is selected.

Chamber Drain System

Designed to prevent pollutants from entering water-supply system and sterilizer. Steam-condensate system with water saver converts steam to condensate and disposes condensate to waste. Regulates waterflow consistent with amount of steam discharged. Water supply shutoff valve is behind service access door.

Washing System

Automatic spray rinse at beginning and ending of wash cycle. Adjustable detergent injector automatically supplies correct amount of detergent to chamber during wash-agitate phase. Steam jet compressors force steam into chamber to heat and agitate water.

Manual Control

Sterilize cycle is manually operable (without electric power) by a single programming wheel. Control includes DOOR UNLOCK position to be used in the event of loss of power-during automatic cycle.

Optional Material Handling Accessories

Includes racks with shelves and instrument trays ... all constructed of Monel. See separate product literature for details.

TECHNICAL DATA

Controls

Microcomputer is a totally self-sufficient 8-bit parallel computer fabricated on a single silicon chip using N-channel, silicon-gate, metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS) process. This fabrication represents today's "state-of-the-art" technology in large scale integrated (LSI) circuits.

Power supply requirement is 120 volts, 60 Hz, single phase. Integral power supply provides regulated 5 VDC for use in the logic circuits; also unregulated 28 VDC for the cycle-indicating lamps. Solenoid valves and indicator-recorder-controller operate on 120 VAC.

Chamber Assembly

Monel door frame supports and conceals ends of door-holding arms when door is locked ... presents a smooth surface for door gasket contact.

Hot-rolled carbon-steel shell forms the sterilizer chamber. Interior of chamber, including backhead of single door model, is nickel clad. 0.025" (0.63 mm) thick. A chamber test opening (plugged) is provided.

Glass-fiber blanket insulation on outside of chamber is 1-inch (25 mm) thick, nominal, and double faced with aluminum foil. It is held in place by pressure-sensitive tape, aluminum straps and clips. Sterilizer chamber is painted prior to being insulated.

Cast-bronze, manually operated door(s) has stainless-steel, bearing-mounted hinges on either side of chamber, as specified. Hinges are adjustable for accurate gasket alignment. Sillcone-rubber sealing gasket is pressed against door frames by handwheel-actuated radial holding arms. Gasket is replaceable without tools. Sound-deadened, stainless-steel cover conceals holding arms and door exterior. Electrical switch prevents inadvertent start of cycle before door is locked; pressure lock and electromechanical lock keep door from being opened during cycle. Door may be tightened but not opened while pressure is in chamber.

Steam Source

Sterilizer is piped, valved and trapped to receive steam delivered at 50 to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²). Service lines terminate at fittings for connection to building service lines. Sterilizer steam supply line includes a strainer, shutoff and internal pressure regulator. Drain line includes a strainer, trap, and check valve. **Shutoff valve** is behind service access door.

Other Components

The following are furnished to obtain a complete working unit, ready for (but not including) connection to the building utility service lines.

Solenoid Valves to simplify sterilizer piping. Valves are placed where they are needed and can be serviced individually.

Manual Valves. Bronze, angle type with renewable Monel seats and synthetic discs or equivalent high-quality parts. Hydrostatically tested at 350 psig (24.61 kg/cm²) or proven leakproof when tested at 100-psig (7.03 kg/cm²) air pressure with valve body submerged in water. Low-heat-conducting, easily replaceable handles.

Steam Pressure Regulator operates on supply pressure of 50.to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²). Secondary pressure is adjustable and controlled by a phosphor-bronze, spring-loaded bellows.

Thermostatic Steam Traps pressure and temperature compensated. Renewable Monel bellows with matched stainless-steel plunger and seat

Baffle shields steam supply opening inside the chamber.

Pipe and Electrical Connections terminate within the confines of the sterilizer. Piping used to support other components is rigid brass.

INSTALLATION

Sterilizer arranged for mounting as a cabinet-enclosed model (free standing if a single-door model; recessed one wall if a double-door model) or for recessing (one wall if a single-door model), as specified. Includes height-adjustable, steel floor stand with cadmiumplated pads and leveling screws. Sübframe with synthetic-rubber gasket ensures tight fit of cabinet panels to each other (cabinet-enclosed units), or front panel to wall partition (recessed units). Stainless-steel front panel has upper and lower service access doors and height-adjustable, kickplate. Inside of the lower access door contains a rack for instructional materials. Top and side panels (only free-standing units) enclose the sterilizer body and piping. Top panel is louvered. All panels are stainless steel.

WARRANTY

The American Sterilizer Company warrants that each sterilizer is carefully tested, inspected and leaves the factory in proper working condition, free of visible defects. Coverage includes one year on parts (except expendables) and 90 days on labor. AMSCO representatives can provide full details of the warranty program upon request.

OPTIONAL PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

A coast-to-coast network of skilled and competent specialists can provide periodic PMA inspection and adjustment to assure low-cost peak performance.

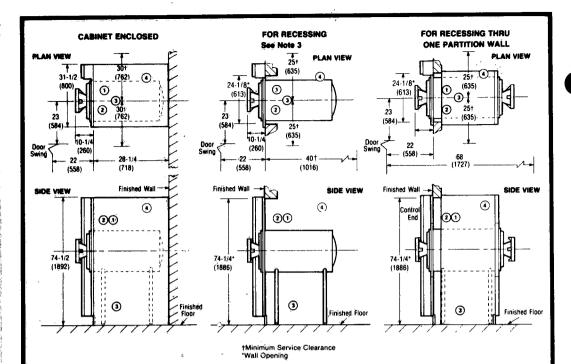
ENGINEERING DATA

	UTILITIES CONSUMPTION				HEAT LOSS					
STYLE	OPERATING WEIGHT"	Waterf		Steem*		BTWhr at 70° F (21° C)				
5	ibe (kg)	Peak	Avg.	Peak	Avg. ibe/hr (kg/hr)		Cabinet	Rec	cessed	
		gpm (ipm)	gph (lph)	ibe/hr (kg/hr)		Enclosed	Front of Wall	Room Behind Wall		
Single Door	1160 (526)	15 (57)	205 (776)	116 (53)	43 (20)	4300	1600	2700		
Double Door	1360 (617)	15 (57)	205 (776)	116 (53)	43 (20)	N/A	1600	3500		

†At 20-50 psig (1.41-3.52 kg/cm²) *At 50-80 psig (3.52-5.62 kg/cm²) "Based upon chamber filled with water

SPECIFICATION WORKSHEET

Item _____: Furnish an AMSCO Eagle Series sterilizer per Tech Data Sheet SD-256. Construct chamber 16x16x26". Supply □ single door model er □ double door model. Design control with microcomputer to monitor system operations and control system functions. Equip sterilizer to operate on steam from an independent source. Arrange sterilizer □ to be free standing or □ for recessing (single door) or □ for recessing through one wall (double door).



DIMENSIONS ARE INCHES (MILLIMETERS) — DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

- (1) COLD WATER 1/2 NPT, 20 to 50 psig (1.41 to 3.52 kg/ < 1. Pipe sizes shown indicate terminal outlets. Building service cm2) dynamic, approximately 5 gr. hardness
- (2) STEAM SUPPLY % NPT, 50 to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²) dynamic
- (3) DRAIN 2 ODT
- (4) TERMINAL BOX 120-V, 60-Hz, Single-phase, 3 Amp Service

... CHECK LOCAL CODES ...

NOTES

- lines to and from the equipment should be increased one pipe size to ensure optimum equipment performance.
- 2. Disconnect switches (by others) should be installed in electric supply lines near the equipment.
- 3. Access to the recessing area from the control end of the sterilizer is recommended.
- 4. Clearances shown are minimal for installing and servicing the
- 5. Clearance in front of each sterilizer door should be 38-inches (965 mm) for convenient withdrawal of shelves from chamber.
- 6. Right-hand door-swing clearances shown. Clearances for lefthand door swing are identical.
- 7. Floor drain should be provided within confines of sterilizer framework.

AMSCO AMERICAN STERILIZER COMPANY

EST 23rd STREET - ERIE - PENNSYLVANIA 18514



Cagle 2000 SERIES with Printcon" Washer/Sterilizer/Decontaminator

single door

double door

TECH DATA

DESCRIPTION

Microcomputer-controlled washer/sterilizer with digital-printer and stateof-the-art centrel system. Uses heated, agitated water and spray rinses for washing cycle; steam under pressure for sterilizing cycle.

Applications

Wash-sterilize Cycle - for washing then sterilizing surgical instru-

.terilize Cycle - for sterilizing surgical instruments.

Chamber Sizes

Interior dimensions are 16x16x26 inches (406x406x660 mm).

Standards

Every washer/sterilizer meets applicable requirements of the following listings and standards and carries the appropriate symbols:

Underwriters Laboratories Incorporated, and Canadian Standards Associa-

ASME Code: Section VIII. Division 1 for unfired pressure vessels. The pressure vessel is so stamped; ASME Form U-3 is furnished. Inner shell, including door, is constructed to withstand working pressure of 36 psig (2.53 kg/cm²).

Federal Specification 66-8-1341A performance requirements.

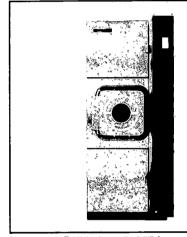
Selemie Stress Colemiations - Title 24 (Division T-17 of Part 6) of the California Administrative Code.

-ASTM Specification A240 for stainless steel, alloy 304 if welded, alloy 01, 202; or 304 if not welded.

ASTM Seesification 906 for seamless, copper tubing.

ASTM Specification 943 or 9135, alloy 1 for seamless, red brass tubing

Because of American Sterilizer Company's continuing program of research? This data is intended for the exclusive use of AMSCO customers, including **@AMSCO -- 1982-1984**



Typical only - some details may vary.

THE SELECTIONS CHECKED BELOW APPLY TO THIS EQUIPMENT

- ☐ 2014: 16x16x26", Single Door 2014: 16x16x26". Double Door
- Door Hinge, Double Door (Operating End First)
- ☐ Right Side/Left Side ☐ Right Side/Right Side
- ☐ Left Side/Right Side ☐ Left Side/Left Side

Door Hinge, Single Door

- ☐ Right Side
- ☐ Left Side

- ☐ Cabinet Enclosed ☐ Cabinet Enclosed for Recessing Through One Wall (Double-door Model)
- ☐ For Recessing

Materials Handling Accessories*

- ☐ Rack and Shelves
- ☐ Surgical Instrument Travs

"See separate product life	ratur
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DESIGN FEATURES

Eagle® 2000 with Printcon™

Preprogrammed washer/sterilizer with digital readouts and computer-generated printed records, Eagle microcomputers monitor and control system operations and functions. Cycle progresses automatically through all phases. Pre-rinse and pact rises phases increase washing effectiveness. Controls automatically inject desired amount of detergent, maintain water level and temperature at optimum washing conditions. Completion of cycle indicated visually; also audibly for 90 seconds.

Eagle-Eye⁻⁻ Vertical Control Column and Secondary Controls (Figure 1)

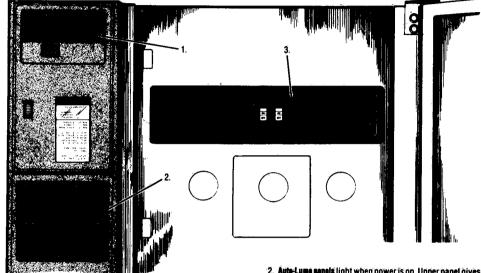


Figure 1. Eagle-Eye Control Column and Secondary Controls.

Salient features include:

- Printeen, digital-printer-controller, controls, monitors, and records daily cycle number, chamber pressure, temperature, date, and time during washing and sterilization cycles, and provides continuous LED-display of pressure and temperature. (When control is turned on, all LEDs on the display board light momentarily for a lamp test.)
- Temperature is set on three-digit thumbwheel switch. During cycle actual temperature is displayed and printed. If selected temperature is outside allowable range, 150-296 F (65-146 C), buzzer sounds until an allowable temperature is selected. Temperature is locked in and cannot be changed once cycle is started.
- Pressure is continuously displayed and printed at programmed cycle transition points.
- Time (in hours and minutes, am/pm) and Bain (month, day, year) are displayed by touching Time or Date switches.

Printon provides easy-to-read permanent printed recent of all pertinent cycle data, providing assurance to operator that cycle parameters have been met. Alphanuaris printer documents date, daily cycle number, starting time of each cycle, temperature selected, key transition points in cycle, and any deviations which might jeopardize sterilization process. One- or two-ply paper is available for the printer. With two-ply paper, an average day's record can be automatically stored, which can then be saved for future documentation; the second copy torn off and placed with each sterilizer load. (A sample printout is shown in Figure 2.)

- 2. Auto-Lume panels light when power is on. Upper panel gives systematics; lower panel, storilize time and sycle solectors.
- Status lights show each phase of washer/sterilizer operation.
 Light visually alerts operator if door is unlocked. Operator is visually and audibly alerted if temperature setpoint is not reached or if temperature drops below setpoint during Sterilize phase.
- Sterilize Time is locked in and cannot be changed once cycle is started. Timers automatically reset upon completion of cycle, eliminating need for resetting between repeated cycles. Timers also reset if sterilize temperature drops 2 F (1.1 C) below set point during exposure period.
- Cycle Select buttons require positive force to actuate, eliminating unintentional cycle, selections. (Chamber door(s) must be locked pressure-tight to initiate a cycle.) Selected cycle (wash-sterilize or sterilize) is clearly indicated, other locked out. Should chamber fail to reach sterilizing temperature, microcomputer visually and subbly alerts operator. During wash and subsequent phases of wash-sterilize cycle, panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on to alert operator. Should chamber fail to fill with water during a wash-sterilize cycle, microcomputer visually and audibly alerts operator.
- 3. Secondary controls are above the chamber, behind the service access door. Included are power switches, one to isolate entire unit and a second to isolate only the controls; eigent breaker; thunburked switches for Sterilize time; syste monter [see-resolate] to count number of sterilizing cycles for programming preventive maintenance; syste reset in case incorrect cycle is selected; and operating instructions.

Non-operating End Control (double-door model) includes Wash-sterilize and Gravity cycle selectors by which previous cycle can be repeated, retains lights indicating the cycle phase and warning lights for door status and water in chamber.

TECHNICAL DATA

Automatic Control

Programmed instructions (cycle and printer) are contained in 8-bit parallel microcomputers, each fabricated on a single silicon chip using N-channel silicon gate metal-oxide semiconductor (MOS) process. This fabrication represents today's "state-of-the-art" technology in large-scale integrated (LSI) circuits. Cycle memory is maintained during power outages of up to 20 milliseconds... eliminates necessity of reinitiating cycle following routine power switchovers. After 20 milliseconds operator must reset control power. Visual and audible signals then indicate that cycle was interrupted. Printout records failure (see Flours 3).

Inputs. Precision time (exposure) and temperature settings are made on thumbwheel switches. Timing precision is maintained with the use of quartz crystals. Temperature is sensed by a realstance thermal detector (RTD) and pressure by a strain-gauge-type pressure trainstance. These signals are then converted into electrical impulses to provide accurate control inputs and readings during entire cycle.

Pressure set points are service adjustable. Pressure and temperature sensor failure will sound an alarm and a message will be printed. (See Floure 3.)

Display panels include large, easy-to-see LEO digital residents, visible legends and touch-sensitive switches. Time readouts first indicate set times and then, as cycle progresses, count down remaining time. Temperature readout can be in either Fahrenheit or Celsius. Display of pressure can be in either English or metric. Temperature and pressure can be shown with or without decimal places.

Alphanumeric Impact Printer produces characters within a live-by-seven det matrix. Maximum 20 characters per line are printed on 2-3/8-inch-wide paper tape. Tape exits from an opening flush with the surface of the control panel. Motorized take-up simplifies tape replacement and provides automatic tipe storage. Maximum length of stored record is 15 feet. Black ink ribbon is contained in a compact, essy-ta-change cartridge. Proper inking of ribbon is assured by a re-inking roll within the cartridge. Printer rated speed is 108 lines per minute. Bate is automatically printed at the beginning and end of each cycle and at all transition points. Three tape rolls and two ink cartridges are furnished.

Printed Circuit Beards. Program boards are keyed, plug-in type. Service is accomplished from front of sterilizer. For diagnostic purposes, light emitting diodes (LEDs) indicate presence of signal to associated valves or other electrically operated devices. All PC boards are costed for increased dielectric strength and humidity protection.

Power Supply. Sterilizer requires 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz, single phase integral power supply provides regulated voltage levels for lamps, printer, take-up motor, analog circuits, and digital circuits. Solenoid valves operate on 120 VAC. The Printcon system includes a three-volt lithium cell battery to continuously maintain correct time and date without external power. Battery life is approximately one year.

Manual Control

Sterilizer function is manually operable (without electric power) by a single programming wheel. (Printcon function is not operational in this mode.) Control includes DOOR UNLOCK position to be used in the event of loss of power during automatic cycle.

Chamber Assembly

Menet four frame supports and conceals ends of door-holding arms when door is locked . . . presents a smooth surface for door gasket contact.

Not-rolled carbon-steel shell, forms the sterilizer chamber. Interior of chamber; including backhead of single door model, is nickel clad. 0.025-inch (0.63 mm) thick (nominal). A chamber test opening (plugged) is provided.

Glass-(ther blanket insulation on outside of chamber assembly is 1-inch (25 mm) thick (nominal), and double faced with aluminum foil. It is held in place by pressure-sensitive tape, aluminum straps and clips. Sterilizer jacket is painted prior to being insulated.

Cast-bronza, manually operated deer(s) has stainless-steel, bearingmounted hinges on either side of chamber, as specified. Hinges are adjustable for accurate gasket alignment. Silicone-rubber saaling gasket is pressed against door frame by handwheel-actuated radial holding arms. Gasket is replaceable without tools. Sound-deadened, stainless-steel cover conceals holding arms and door exterior. Electrical switch prevents inadvertent start of cycle before door is locked; pressure lock and electromechanical lock keep door from being opened during cycle. Door may be tightened but not opened while pressure is in chamber.

Washing System

Automatic spray rinse at beginning and ending of wash cycle. Adjustable detargent injector automatically supplies correct amount of detergent to chamber during wash-agitate phase. Steam jet compressors force steam into chamber to heat and agitate water.

Chamber Drain System

Designed to prevent pollutants from entering into the water-supply system and sterilizer. Steam-condensate system with water saver converts steam to condensate and disposes condensate to waste. Regulates waterflow consistent with amount of steam discharged. Water supply shutoff valve is behind service access door.

Steam Source

Sterilizer is piped, valved and trapped to receive steam delivered at 50 to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²). Service lines terminate at fittings for connection to building service lines. Sterilizer steam supply line includes a strainer, shutoff and internal pressure regulator. Drain line includes a strainer, trap, and check valve. Shutoff valve is behind service access door. Chamber pressure gauge is mounted in the valve panel, behind the upper access door. Scales are graduated in both English and metric.

Other Components

The following are furnished to obtain a complete working unit, ready for (but not including) connection to the building utility service lines.

Selegeld Valves to simplify sterilizer piping. Valves are placed where they are needed and can be serviced individually.

Manual Valves. Bronze, angle type with renewable Monel seats and synthetic discs or equivalent high-quality parts. Hydrostatically tested at 350 psig (24.61 kg/cm²) or proven leakproof when tested at 100-psig (7.03 kg/cm²) air pressure with valve body submerged in water. Low-heat-conducting, easily replaceable handles.

Steam Pressure Regulator operates on supply pressure of 50 to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²). Secondary pressure is adjustable and controlled by a phosphor-bronze, spring-loaded bellows.

Thermestatic Steam Traps pressure and temperature compensated. Renewable Monel believs with matched stainless-steel plunger and seat.

Baffle shields steam supply opening inside the chamber.

Pipe and Electrical Connections terminate within the confines of the sterilizer. Piping used to support other components is rigid brass.

Optional Material Handling Accessories

Include racks with shelves and instrument trays . . . all constructed of Manel. See separate product literature for details.

INSTALLATION

Sterilizer arranged for mounting as a cabinet-enclosed model (freestanding if a single-door model; recessed through one wall if a double-door model), or for recessing (one wall if a single-door model), as specified. Includes height-adjustable, steel floor stand with cadmin-plated pads and leveling screws. Subframe with synthetic-rubber gasket ensures tight fit of cabinet panels to each other (freestanding units), or front panel to wall partition (recessed units). Stainless-steel front panel has upper and lower service access doors and height-adjustable kickplate. Inside of the lower access door contains a rack for instructional materials. Top and side panels (only freestanding units) enclose the sterilizer body and piping. Top panel is louvered. All panels are stainless steel.

WARRANTY

The American Sterilizer Company warrants that each sterilizer is carefully tested, inspected and leaves the factory in proper working condition, free of visible defects. Coverage includes one year on parts (except expendables) and 90 days on labor. AMSCO representatives can provide full details of the warranty program upon request.

OPTIONAL PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

A coast-to-coast network of skilled and competent specialists can provide periodic PMA inspection and adjustment to assure low-cost peak performance.

ENGINEERING DATA

		ÚTÍ	LITIEȘ C	ONSUMP	TION		88			
	OPERATING WEIGHT"	Water		Steem'		BTU/hr at 70° F (21° C)				
STYLE	lbs (kg)	Peak	Avg.	Peak	Avg.		Cebinet		cessed.	
		(lpm)	gph (lph)	(kg/hr)	lbe/hr (kg/hr)		Front of Wall	Room Schind Wall		
Single Door	1160 (526)	15 (57)	205 (776)	116 (53)	43 (20)	4300	1600.	2700		
Double Door	1360 (617)	15 (57)	206 (776)	116 (53)	43 (20)	N/A	1600	3500		

¹At 20-50 psig (1.41-3.52 kg/cm²)

SPECIFICATION WORKSHEET

Item ______: Furnish an AMSCO Eagle Series washer/sterilizer with Printcon per Tech Data Sheet SD-356. Construct chamber □ 16x16x26". Supply □ single door model er □ double door model. Design control with microcomputer to control system functions; monitor system operations; and visually indicate and print chamber temperature, pressure, time, date, and daily cycle number. Equip washer/sterilizer to operate on steam from an independent source. Arrange washer/sterilizer □ to be freestandinger □ for recessing (single door) er □ for recessing through one wall (double door).

^{*}At 50-80 paig (3.52-5.62 kg/cm²)

[&]quot;Based upon chamber filled with water

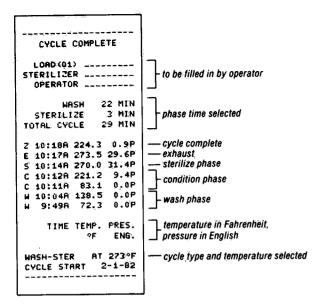
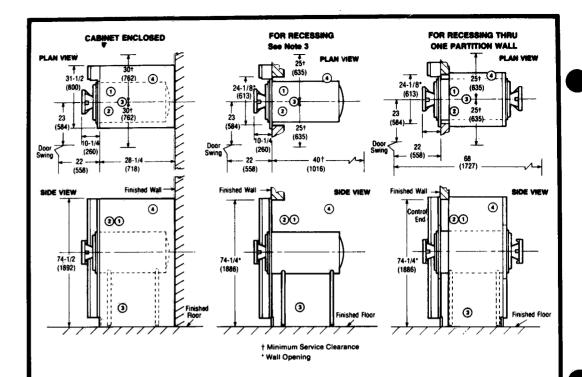


Figure 2. Typical Printout.

POMER ON AT 2-1-82 9:01A 68, 4 0, 0P	11:05A 266 4 25.5P ALARM: UNDER TEMP 11:04A 269.9 27.3P
Power On Message	Temperature Drops 2 F Below Set Point
PONER ON AT: 2-1-82 9:34ñ 128, 5 10, 4P	ABORT: DOOR OPEN + 9:589 243.3 12.7P
Power Restored After Power Failure	Door Opened During Cycle
RBORT: RESET BUTTON • 12:128 279. 4 22. 29	# 3:45# 386. 8 19. 8P
Reset Button Pressed During Cycle	ABORT: PRES SENSOR + 11:55A 110.0 41.3P
	Pressure Sensor Failure
PLARM: TOO LONG • 1:45P 265.9 20.4P	ALARN: NO NATER * 5:25A 110. 1 9:3P
Condition Phase Too Long	Instrument Washer Aborts

Figure 3. Control Monitoring and Communication.



DIMENSIONS ARE INCHES (MILLIMETERS) — DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

- OCLD WATER 1/2 NPT, 20 to 50 psig (1.41 to 3.52 kg/cm²) dynamic, approximately 5 gr. hardness
- 2 STEAM SUPPLY 3/8 NPT, 50 to 80 psig (3.52 to 5.62 kg/cm²) dynamic
- 3 DRAIN 2 ODT
- TERMINAL BOX 120°V. 60-Hz, Single-phase, 0.6 Amp. Service

... CHECK LOCAL CODES

NOTES

- Pipe sizes shown indicate terminal outlets. Building service lines to and from the equipment should be increased one pipe size to ensure optimum equipment performance.
- 2. Disconnect switches (by others) should be installed in electric supply lines near the equipment.
- Access to the recessing area from the control end of the sterilizer is recommended.
- 4. Clearances shown are minimal for installing and servicing the equipment.
- Clearance in front of each sterilizer door should be 38-inches
 (965 mm) for convenient withdrawal of shelves from chamber.
- 6. Right-side door-swing clearances are shown. Clearances for left-side door swing are identical.
- Floor drain should be provided within confines of sterilizer framework.

This print is for guidance when planning space and utility services. Actual installation prints may be obtained from any AMSCO office or representative.

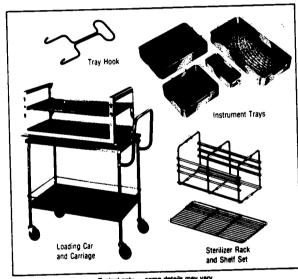
B-8

AMSCO

MATERIAL HANDLING ACCESSORIES

· for small sterilizers and aerators

TECH DATA



Typical only — some details may vary.

LOADING CAR AND CARRIAGE

For loading and unloading 20x20x38" (508x508x965 mm) sterilizers or 24x28x38" (610x711x965 mm) aerators, and for transferring goods to and from processing areas.

- Loading Car. Welded-Monel framework with two removable shelves of welded-Monel sheet metal and wire. Upper shelf is adjustable to three heights. Car axies turn on Teffone bearings impregnated with glass. Wheels are flanged brass. Chamber track assembly has welded-Monel tracks and crossbraces.
- Carriage. Welded stainless steel with four swivel casters and neoprene tires. Includes loading car tracks, height-adjustable to align with tracks in sterilizer or aerator chamber.

Bottom of carriage has a stainless-steel shelf with guard rails. The raits and shelf reinforce the carriage legs.

THE SELECTIONS CHECKED BELOW APPLY TO THE EQUIPMENT BEING SPECIFIED.

Sterilizer Size

- □ 16x16x26" (406x406x660 mm)
- □ 20x20x38" (508x508x965 mm)

Accessories

- ☐ Bottom Shelf
- ☐ Rack and 2 Shelves ☐ Rack and 3 Shelves
- □ Loading Car
- □ Carriage

☐ Instrument Tray(s)

- Oty: ____ 9" (229 mm) Long Instrument Tray
 - ____ 15" (381 mm) Long Instrument Tray ____ 20-1/2" (521 mm) Long Instrument
 - Tray

____ Tray Hooks (Pair)

- .___ Émergency Tray
 - ____ Extra Handle for Emergency
- Tray ____ 9-1/2" (241 mm) Long x 3-1/2" (89 mm) Deep Instrument
- (Container Inner) Tray ____ 9-1/2" (241 mm) Long x 1-3/4" (44 mm) Deep Instrument
- (Container Inner) Tray _____ 20-1/2" (521 mm) Long x 3-1/2"
- (89 mm) Deep Instrument (Container Inner) Tray
- ____ 20-1/2" (521 mm) Long x 1-3/4" (44 mm) Deep Instrument (Container Inner) Tray

Locationis	40.00		
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SHELF SETS (STERILIZERS ONLY)

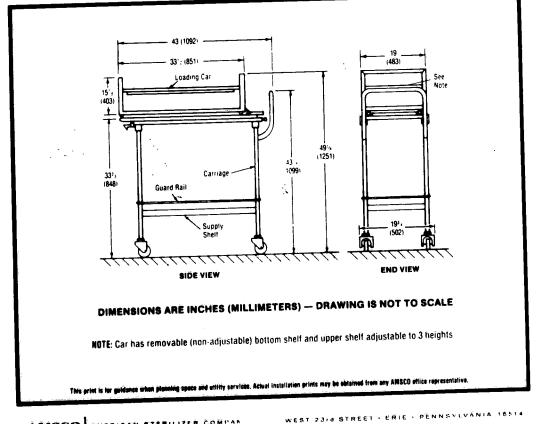
Provide loading efficiency for a variety of mixed or single item loads. Shelves are completely removable for processing bulk loads.

- Rack With Two or Three Full-Length Shelves: Rack is welded Monel. Angle guides support the shelves. Stops allow each shelf to be withdrawn approximately halfway. Each shelf is welded Monel, suitably reinforced and designed to allow free passage of sterilant
- . Bottom Shelf: includes a frame, supports and crossbraces of welded Monel wire rod. Supports keep the rack off the chamber floor.

INSTRUMENT TRAYS

For sterilizing, storing and transporting individual or sets of instruments. Perforated bottoms allow sterilant penetration and prevent trapped air. Bottoms are recessed to reduce wetting of outer wrappers.

- Surgical Trays: Welded Monel. Each tray has carrying handles which, when not in use, fold inward parallel to the top of the tray. All trays are 10-1/2" (267 mm) wide x 3" (76 mm) deep. Three lengths are available: 20-1/2" (521 mm), 15" (381 mm), or 9" (229 mm). Optional hooks fasten to tray handles for ease of transporting trays.
- Emergency Tray: For sterilizing and transporting "forgotten." dropped, or emergency surgical instruments. Tray is 9-1/2" long x 4" wide x 1-3/4" deep (241x102x44 mm). Stainless-steel construction with a wire-mesh bottom. Furnished with an easily removed, sterilizable handle which can be attached without touching the tray.
- Surgical Instrument (Container Inner) Trays: Trays are constructed of welded Monel with perforated bottoms (1/8" perforations accommodate use of Instrument Fixation System) and can be used as surgical instrument or sterilization container inner trays. Unique handle design allows aseptic presentation of contents. All trays are 9-1/2" (241 mm) wide and are available in four length/depth combinations: 9-1/2" long x 3-1/2" deep (241x89 mm), 9-1/2" long x 1-3/4" deep (241x44 mm), 20-1/2" long x 3-1/2" deep (521x89 mm), 20-1/2" long x 1-3/4" deep (521x44 mm).



Eagle Series

SECTION 2

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS (IRC)

2.1 GENERAL

The following instructions are intended to guide maintenance personnel when: (1) instructing operators in techniques designed to ensure optimum equipment performance; and (2) verifying the validity of operator complaints. See Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING, if the sterilizer is not operating properly. Refer to Section 1, GENERAL INFORMATION, for capabilities of the equipment. If you are unfamiliar with this equipment, or you wish to review the principles by which the sterilizer operates, you are urged to read Section 3, PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION, before beginning actual operation.

Figure 2-2 shows the location of the various controls for units with Indicator-Recorder-Controllers. For units with Printcon, see paragraphs 2.8 through 2.12 and Figure 2-6.

2.2 BEFORE OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT

- 1. Open the upper access door.
- a. Position the POWER and CONTROL switches to ON. Primary control panel lights up.
 - b. Make sure manual control is turned to OFF.
 - c. Turn STEAM and WATER valves to ON.
- 2. Open lower access door and check detergent level. Approximately 4 ounces of detergent are required for each wash cycle. Be sure strainer on end of injector hose is clean.
- 3. Be sure that instructions in paragraph 4.3 have been carried out.
- 4. Install a new paper chart on the Indicator-Recorder-Controller at the beginning of each day.
- 5. Review paragraph 2.6, "Control Monitoring and Communication Systems." in order to identify the cause of any abnormal condition during a sterilization cycle.
- 6. If a double-door unit, review paragraph 2.7 to become familiar with the controls on the non-operating

2.3 AUTOMATIC OPERATION: WASH-STERILIZE CYCLE

- 1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.2, "Before Operating The Equipment.
- 2. Open the upper access door.
- a. Be sure POWER and CONTROL switches are ON. Primary control panel should be lit.
- b. Dial the correct exposure period on STERILIZE TIME thumbwheel switches as follows:
- 3 minutes for loads consisting of all-metal instru-
- 10 minutes for unwrapped metal instruments combined with sutures, tubing or other porous materials.

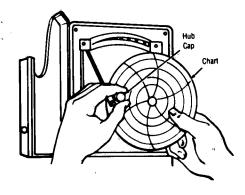


Figure 2-1. CHANGING THE CHART.

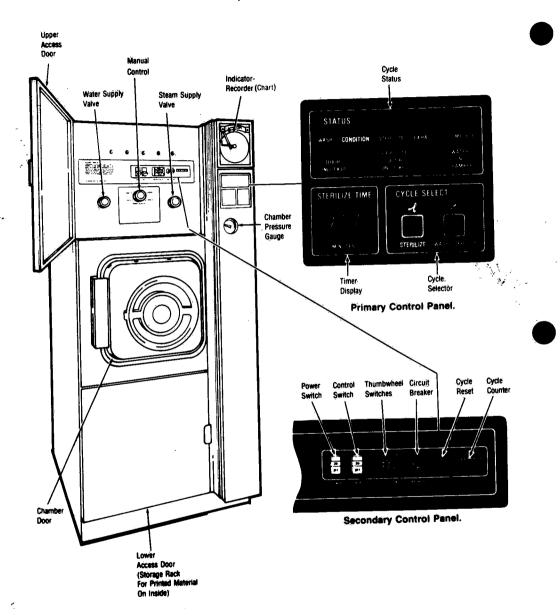


Figure 2-2: CONTROL LOCATIONS: Operating End.

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- 3. Open chamber door and load washer/sterilizer. Should the door not at first unlock and panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is off, turn door wheel slightly clockwise, press the center black button, then again turn door wheel counterclockwise and open. If panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on, drain chamber by positioning manual control to DRAIN CHAMBER. Be sure Water Supply Valve is open. Wait 3 minutes or until water is no longer coming out of chamber drain line, then position selector to OFF and open the door. Turn handwheel to extreme left to bring the ends of the holding arms inward so that they will not strike the door frame when door is opened or closed.
- 4. Close and lock the door. Turn handwheel to right as far as it will go using normal hand pressure. Panel light DOOR UNLOCKED (also OPPOSITE DOOR UN-LOCKED if applicable) must go off. Door is mechanically locked by door unlocking solenoid once cycle is selected and by an integral pressure-actuated lock once chamber is pressurized.
- 5. Touch WASH-STERILIZE cycle selector. Light comes on to full brightness. Status light WASH comes on. WATER IN CHAMBER light will also come on when chamber begins to fill.

NOTE: If you push the wrong cycle selector, simply press, hold momentarily, and release the RESET pushbutton on the secondary panel. Earlier selected cycle light will go out. Touch selector for correct cycle. Cycle light will come on; status light WASH will come on and new cycle will begin.

- After wash phase is completed, WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out and CONDITION light comes on and remains on for the duration of the condition phase.
- 7. After condition phase is completed, STERILIZE light comes on and remains on for the duration of the sterilize phase. Steam STERILIZE TIME digital readout begins to count down when sterilizing temperature is reached.
- When sterilize timer times out, EXHAUST light comes on. Chamber exhausts to atmospheric pressure.
- When exhaust phase is completed, panel light COMPLETE comes on and buzzer sounds. Load may be removed from the washer/sterilizer.

NOTE: If WATER IN CHAMBER light is on, door will not open. Wait until water finishes draining (light goes out) or if necessary, follow instructions in step 3 for manually draining the chamber.

10. When chamber door is opened, controls will automatically reset and DOOR UNLOCKED light will come on.

2.4 AUTOMATIC OPERATION: STERILIZE CYCLE

- 1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.2, "Before Operating The Equipment."
- 2. Open the upper access door.
- a. Be sure POWER and CONTROL switches are
 ON. Primary control panel should be lit.
- b. Dial the correct exposure period on STERILIZE TIME thumbwheel switches as follows:
- 3 minutes for loads consisting of all-metal instruments.
- 10 minutes for unwrapped metal instruments combined with sutures, tubing, or other porous materials.
- 3. Open chamber door and load washer/sterilizer. Should the door not at first unlock and panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is off, turn door wheel slightly clockwise, press the center black button, then again turn door wheel counterclockwise and open. If panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on, drain chamber by positioning manual control to DRAIN CHAMBER. Be sure Water Supply Valve is open. Wait 3 minutes, or until water is no longer coming out of chamber drain line, then position selector to OFF and open the door. Turn handwheel to extreme left to bring ends of holding arms inward so that they will not strike door frame when door is opened or closed.
- 4. Close and lock the door ... turn handwheel to the right as far as it will go using normal hand pressure. Panel light DOOR UNLOCKED (also OPPOSITE DOOR UNLOCKED if applicable) must go off. Door mechanically locked by door unlocking sulenoid one cycle is selected and by an integral pressure-actuated lock once chamber is pressureed.

5. Rush STERILIZE cycle selector. Light comes on to full brightness. Status light CONDITION comes on.

NOTE: If you push the wrong cycle selector, simply press and release the RESET pushbutton on the secondary panel. Earlier selected cycle light will go out. Touch selector for correct cycle. Cycle light will come on; status light CONDITION will come on and new cycle will begin.

- 6. After condition phase is completed, STERILIZE light comes on and stays on for the duration of the STERILIZE phase. STERILIZE TIME digital readout begins to count down when sterilizing temperature is reached.
- 7. When sterilize timer times out. EXHAUST light comes on. Chamber exhausts to atmospheric pressure.
- 8. When exhaust phase is completed, panel light COMPLETE comes on and buzzer sounds. Load may be removed from the washer/sterilizer.
- 9. When chamber door is opened, controls will automatically reset and DOOR UNLOCKED light will come on.

2.5 MANUAL OPERATION: STERILIZE CYCLE

NOTE: Wash-Sterilize cycle cannot be operated manu-

- 1. Open the upper access door.
- a. Position POWER switch to ON. Recorder will be energized. The CONTROL switch must be positioned at OFF when using manual operation.
 - b. Turn STEAM and WATER valves to ON.
- 2. Follow steps 3 and 4 in paragraph 2.2. "Before Operating The Equipment:

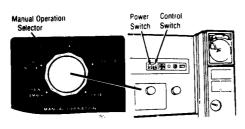


Figure 2-3. MANUAL CONTROL.

- 3. Open chamber door and load washer/sterilizer. Turn handwheel to extreme left to bring the ends of the holding arms inward so that they will not strike the door frame when door is opened or closed. If door will not unlock:
- a. Turn Manual Operation selector to DRAIN CHAMBER position (passing quickly through STERILIZE and EXHAUST). Be sure Water Supply
- b. Wait 3 minutes or until water no longer comes out of chamber drain line, then position selector to DOOR UNLOCK.
- c. Should the door still not unlock, turn door wheel slightly clockwise, press the center black button, then again turn door wheel counterclockwise and open.
- 4. Close and lock the door. Turn handwheel to right as far as it will go using normal hand pressure. Once chamber is pressurized, an integral pressure-actuated lock will prevent door from being opened. The door is also mechanically locked when Manual Control selector is in any position other than DOOR UNLOCKED and door unlock solenoid valve is not energized.
- 5. Push selector to STERILIZE. When chamber temperature reaches 270° F (132° C), begin timing. Sterilization period should be as follows:
- 3 minutes for loads consisting of all-metal instru-
- 10 minutes for unwrapped metal instruments combined with sutures, tubing, or other porous materials.

- 6. After completion of sterilization period, turn selector to EXHAUST position. Keep in this position until chamber pressure is atmospheric (0 psig).
- 7. When chamber pressure is atmospheric, turn selector to DOOR UNLOCK position. Open door. Load may be removed from the washer/sterilizer.
- 8. Position Manual Operation selector to OFF.

2.6 CONTROL MONITORING AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

To ensure the validity of the sterilizing process, the automatic control continually monitors the cycle. Should one of the following conditions occur, you will be notified as indicated.

CONDITION NO. 1: Washer/Sterilizer at start of wash phase did not sense water entering chamber.

INDICATION: WASH light is on, WATER IN CHAMBER light flashes, buzzer sounds intermittently and chamber drain automatically opens.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- 1. Be sure water supply valve is fully open (water pressure is necessary to operate diaphragm-type drain
- 2. Wait for chamber to finish draining (open lower access door and check chamber drain line).
- 3. Press and hold cycle RESET button on secondary control panel, WATER IN CHAMBER light should go off.
 - a. If light goes off reinitiate cycle.
- b. If light does not go off or condition repeats, have a qualified technician locate and correct problem see Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING. Do not attempt to open chamber door; chamber may contain water.

CONDITION NO. 2: During wash phase, Washer/ Sterilizer did not fill within programmed time.

INDICATION: WASH and WATER IN CHAMBER lights are on and buzzer sounds intermittently.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- 1. Press and hold cycle RESET button on secondary control panel.
- 2. Wait until chamber drains (WASH light goes out; chamber automatically drains and when complete, WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out and timer resets).
- 3. Be sure water supply to machine is at least 20 psig (1.14 kg/cm²) and that water supply valve is fully
- 4. Reinitiate cycle. If condition repeats, have a qualified technician locate and correct problem ... see Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING.

CONDITION NO. 3: Cycle cannot be selected because WATER IN CHAMBER light is on.

NOTE: Whenever water is sensed in chamber (e.g., chamber condensate), the light comes on and drain line automatically opens. Drain remains open for an additional 30 seconds after water drains out. When light goes out, cycle may be selected.

INDICATION: WATER IN CHAMBER light is on before wash cycle is selected.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- 1. Wait for WATER IN CHAMBER light to go out; then select cycle.
- 2. If chamber door is closed and locked and light does not go out, have a qualified technician locate and correct problem ... see Section 6, TROUBLESHOOT-ING. Do not attempt to open chamber door; chamber may contain water.

2.5

CONDITION NO. 4: Cycle cannot be selected because WATER IN CHAMBER light is flashing (indicates malfunction of water sensing system).

CONDITION NO. 6: Temperature drops 2° F below set

OPERATOR SHOULD:

1. Wait until power is restored to washer/sterilizer; then position CONTROL switch (on secondary control panel) to ON. Buzzer will sound intermittently.

2. Press cycle RESET button, but **do not** proceed until chamber at atmospheric pressure and WATER IN CHAMBER light is out.

3. Load may be reprocessed.

INDICATION: WATER IN CHAMBER light flashes, buzzer sounds intermittently, and drain line automatically opens. (WASH light is **not** on.)

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- Press and hold cycle RESET button on control panel. If light goes out, cycle may then be selected.
- 2. If condition continues, turn off power to washer/ sterilizer (to silence buzzer), then have a qualified technician locate and correct problem. **Do not** attempt to open chamber door, chamber may contain water.

CONDITION NO. 5: Washer/Sterilizer did not complete conditioning phase in programmed time.

INDICATION: CONDITION light on primary control panel flashes and buzzer sounds intermittently.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- Push cycle selector to stop the buzzer (cycle will continue to operate, light will continue to flash).
- 2. Refer to Section 6. TROUBLESHOOTING to see if problem can be determined and corrected without interrupting cycle.
- 3. If problem cannot be corrected so that conditioning phase can be completed (i.e., chamber reaches sterilizing temperature) press cycle RESET button on secondary control panel to abort cycle. Do not proceed further until chamber is at atmospheric pressure.
- 4. Correct problem, reprocess load.

INDICATION: STERILIZE light on primary control panel flashes and STERILIZE timer display resets.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- Let cycle continue to completion if sterilizing temperature is reestablished.
- 2. Refer to Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING if condition happens repeatedly.

<u>CONDITION NO. 7:</u> Cycle started, but chamber door not sufficiently tightened to keep door lock switch actuated.

INDICATION: DOOR UNLOCKED light(s) on primary control panel comes on.

OPERATOR SHOULD:

- Tighten door handwheel to see if light will go out and cycle can continue. If light will not go out, press cycle RESET button on secondary control panel to abort cycle. Do not proceed further until chamber is at atmospheric pressure and WATER IN CHAMBER light is out.
- When chamber is at atmospheric pressure, check door and door switch operation.
- 3. Reprocess load.

CONDITION NO. 8: Loss of electricity.

INDICATION: Primary control panel goes dark.



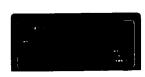
No. 1. Water Not Detected in Chamber.



No. 2. Chamber Did Not Fill.



No. 3. Water Detected in Chamber.



No. 4. Water Detected in Chamber.



No. 5 — Condition Phase Too Long.



No. 6 — Sterilizing Temperature Drops.



No. 7 — Chamber Door Switch Not Made.

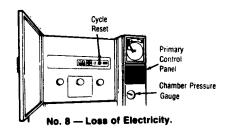


Figure 2-4. MONITORS AND ALARMS.

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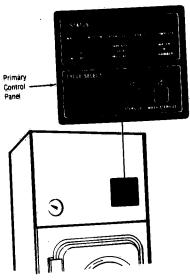


Figure 2-5. NON-OPERATING END PRIMARY CONTROL PANEL.

2.7 CONTROLS AND SIGNALS FOR DOUBLE-DOOR WASHER/STERILIZERS

The following controls will be found on the nonoperating end of the washer/sterilizer:

- Cycle selectors: STERILIZE and WASH-STERILIZE. If you wish to repeat the previous sterilize or wash-sterilize cycle, and all preparatory actions (para. 4.1) have been made, you may do this from the non-operating end by touching the appropriate selector.
- Status lights: These indicate the cycle phase which is currently in progress: WASH, CONDITION, STERILIZE, EXHAUST, COMPLETE.
- 3. Warning lights: DOOR UNLOCKED, OPPOSITE DOOR UNLOCKED, WATER IN CHAMBER.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS (PRINTCON)

2.8 BEFORE OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT

Figure 2-6 shows the location of the various controls.

- 1. Open the upper access door.
- a. Position the POWER and CONTROL switches ON. Primary control panel lights up and all LEDs on the Printcon display light momentarily for a lamp test to assure the operator that the system is functioning. The printer records the time and date that the power is turned ON.
 - b. Make sure manual control is turned to OFF.
 - c. Turn STEAM and WATER valves to ON.
- Open lower access door and check detergent level. Approximately 4 ounces of detergent are required for each wash cycle. Be sure strainer on end of injector hose is clean.
- 3. Be sure that instructions in paragraph 5.1, "Daily Maintenance," have been carried out.
- 4. Check for correct time and date by pressing the "Time" or "Date" pushbutton. Set time (date) by simultaneously pressing TIME (DATE) and either FORWARD or REVERSE buttons. The longer both buttons are simultaneously held, the faster time (date) will change.
- 5. Check paper roll. A colored warning stripe will appear on the paper when the roll is near its end. A single ply roll lasts approximately two months and double ply rolls one month. See paragraph 7.15 "Changing Paper," if replacement is necessary.
- 6. Check the printout to assure that the inked ribbon cartridge is providing adequate ink. A fresh cartridge should last approximately 3 to 4 months. See paragraph 7.15 "Changing The Inked Ribbon Cartridge," if replacement is necessary.

NOTE: The visual display and printout of printer can optionally be set to indicate temperature in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius and pressure can be either in English (PSI gauge and inches Hg vacuum) or metric (Kg/cm² gauge and mm Hg vacuum). LEDs on display indicate which units are being displayed. The display of temperature and (English) pressure can be either single precision (no decimal) or extended precision

(one decimal). Metric pressure shows one or two decimal places. Metric vacuum shows no decimal places. See paragraph 7.17 "Changing Units of Display."

- 7. Review paragraphs 2.6 and 2.12, "Control Monitoring and Communication Systems," in order to identify the cause of any abnormal condition during a sterilization cycle.
- 8. If a double-door unit, review paragraph 2.7 "Controls and Signals for Double-Door Washer/Sterilizers," to become familiar with the controls on the non-operating end.
- Pressure display should read zero when the sterilizer door is open. If it does not, simply press the RESET button on the secondary control panel.

2.9 AUTOMATIC OPERATION: WASH-STERILIZE CYCLE

- 1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.8, "Before Operating The Equipment."
- 2. Open the upper access door.
- a. Be sure POWER and CONTROL switches are ON. Primary control panel and Printcon display should be lit.
- b. Dial the correct exposure period on STERIL-IZE TIME thumbwheel switches as follows:
- $\hfill \ensuremath{\square}$ 3 minutes for loads consisting of all-metal instruments.
- ☐ 10 minutes for unwrapped metal instruments combined with sutures, tubing or other porous materials.

NOTE: Set times are displayed on the primary control panel. Once the cycle is started, these times are locked in and cannot be changed.

3. Using the thumbwheel switch on the Printcon board, set the sterilizer temperature to 270 F (132 C). This setpoint will be displayed for about 3 seconds before the chamber drain temperature is redisplayed. If selected temperature is outside the allowable range.

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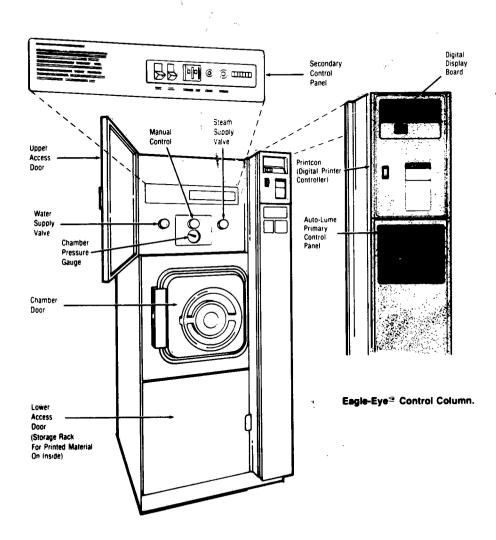


Figure 2-6. CONTROL LOCATIONS: Operating End.

150-295 F (65-146 C), a buzzer sounds until an allowable temperature is selected. This temperature is locked in and cannot be changed once the cycle is started.

NOTE: Printcon is calibrated to control the temperature at approximately 3 F (1.7 C) above the thumbwheel setpoint. This overdrive feature assures effective load temperature control and provides for the shortest possible cycle time. However, for special applications, this overdrive feature is adjustable. Refer to paragraph 7.17 "Adjusting the Sterilize Temperature Overdrive."

- 4. Open chamber door and load washer/sterilizer. The printer records the time the door is opened and prints "DOOR OPEN." Should the door not at first unlock and panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is off, turn door wheel slightly clockwise, press the center black button, then again turn door wheel counterclockwise and open. If panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on, drain chamber by positioning manual control to DRAIN CHAMBER. Be sure Water Supply Valve is open. Wait 3 minutes or until water is no longer coming out of chamber drain line then position selector to OFF and open the door. Turn handwheel to extreme left to bring the ends of the holding arms inward so that they will not strike the door frame when door is opened or closed.
- 5. Close and lock the door. Turn handwheel to right as far as it will go using normal hand pressure. Panel light DOOR UNLOCKED (also OPPOSITE DOOR UNLOCKED if applicable) must go off. Door is mechanically locked by door unlocking solenoid once cycle is selected and by an integral pressure-actuated lock once chamber is pressurized.
- 6. Touch WASH-STERILIZE cycle selector. Light comes on to full brightness. Status light WASH comes on. WATER IN CHAMBER light will also come on when chamber begins to fill. The printed record will show the time the cycle begins, wash temperature, and pressure.

NOTE: If you push the wrong cycle selector, simply press and release the RESET pushbutton on the secondary panel. Earlier selected cycle light will go out. Touch selector for correct cycle. Cycle light will come on; status light WASH will come on and new cycle will begin. The printer will record the time the RESET button was depressed and will print "ABORT: RESET BUTTON" on the tape. It will then record the new cycle data.

- 7. After wash phase is completed, WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out and CONDITION light comes on and remains on for the duration of the condition phase. The printed record will show the time the CONDITION phase begins and the temperature and pressure transition points.
- 8. After condition phase is completed, STERILIZE light comes on and remains on for the duration of the sterilize phase. Steam STERILIZE TIME digital readout begins to count down when sterilizing temperature is reached. The printed record will show the time the STERILIZE phase begins and the temperature and pressure.
- 9. When sterilize timer times out, EXHAUST light comes on. Chamber exhausts to atmospheric pressure. The printed record will show the time the EXHAUST phase begins and the temperature and pressure transition points.
- 10. When exhaust phase is completed, panel light COMPLETE comes on and buzzer sounds. Load may be removed from the washer/sterilizer, the printed record will show the time the cycle finished, the wash time, sterilize time, and total cycle time.

NOTE: If WATER IN CHAMBER light is on, door will not open. Wait until water finishes draining (light goes out) or if necessary, follow instructions in step 4 for manually draining the chamber.

- 11. When chamber door is opened, controls will automatically reset and DOOR UNLOCKED light will come on. Printer will print "DOOR OPEN", the time, and the date.
- 12. If two ply paper is used in the printer, tear off the top copy of the duplicate record and place with the completed load.

2.10 AUTOMATIC OPERATION: STERILIZE CYCLE

- 1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.8, "Before Operating The Equipment".
- 2. Open the upper access door.
- a. Be sure POWER and CONTROL switches are
 ON. Primary control panel and Printcon display
 should be lit.

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b. Dial the correct exposure period on STERIL-IZE TIME thumbwheel switches as follows:

☐ 3 minutes for loads consisting of all-metal instruments.

☐ 10 minutes for unwrapped metal instruments combined with sutures, tubing or other porous materials.

NOTE: Set times are displayed on the primary control panel. Once the cycle is started, these times are locked in and cannot be changed.

3. Using the thumbwheel switch on the Printcon board, set the sterilizer temperature to 270 F (132 C). This setpoint will be displayed for about 3 seconds before the chamber drain temperature is redisplayed. If selected temperature is outside the allowable range, 150-295 F (65-146 C), a buzzer sounds until an allowable temperature is selected. This temperature is locked in and cannot be changed once the cycle is started.

NOTE: Printcon is calibrated to control the temperature at approximately 3 F (1.7 C) above the thumbwheel setpoint. This overdrive feature assures effective load temperature control and provides for the shortest possible cycle time. However, for special applications, this overdrive feature is adjustable. Refer to paragraph 7.17 "Adjusting the Sterilize Temperature Overdrive."

- 4. Open chamber door and load washer/sterilizer. The printer records the time the loor is opened and prints "DOOR OPEN." Should the door not at first unlock and panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is off, turn door wheel slightly clockwise, press the center black button, then again turn door wheel counterclockwise and open. If panel light WATER IN CHAMBER is on, drain chamber by positioning manual control to DRAIN CHAMBER. Be sure Water Supply Valve is open. Wait 3 minutes or until water is no longer coming out of chamber drain line then position selector to OFF and open the door. Turn handwheel to extreme left to bring the ends of the holding arms inward so that they will not strike the door frame when door is opened or closed.
- 5. Close and lock the door. Turn handwheel to right as far as it will go using normal hand pressure. Panel light DOOR UNLOCKED (also OPPOSITE DOOR UNLOCKED if applicable) must go off. Door is mechanically locked by door unlocking solenoid once cycle is selected and by an integral pressure-actuated lock once chamber is pressurized.

6. Touch STERILIZE cycle selector. Light comes on to full brightness. Status light CONDITION comes on. The printed record will show the time the CONDI-TION phase begins, the temperature, and pressure.

NOTE: If you push the wrong cycle selector, simply press and release the RESET pushbutton on the secondary panel. Earlier selected cycle light will go out. Touch selector for correct cycle. Cycle light will come on; status light CONDITION will come on and new cycle will begin. The printer will record the time the RESET button was depressed and will print "ABORT: RESET BUTTON" on the tape. It will then record the new cycle data.

- 7. After condition phase is completed, STERILIZE light comes on and remains on for the duration of the sterilize phase. STERILIZE TIME digital readout begins to count down when sterilizing temperature is reached. The printed record will show the time the STERILIZE phase begins, the temperature and pressure.
- 8. When sterilize timer times out, EXHAUST light comes on. Chamber exhausts to atmospheric pressure. The printed record will show the time the EXHAUST phase begins, the temperature and pressure.
- 9. When exhaust phase is completed, panel light COMPLETE comes on and buzzer sounds. Load may be removed from the washer/sterilizer. The printed record will show the time the cycle finished, the sterilize time, and the total cycle time.
- 10. When chamber door is opened, controls will automatically reset and DOOR UNLOCKED light will come on. Printer will print "DOOR OPEN", the time, and the date.
- 11. If two ply paper is used in the printer, tear off the top copy of the duplicate record and place with the completed load.

2.11 MANUAL OPERATION: STERILIZE CYCLE ONLY

1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.5, "Manual Operation." POWER and CONTROL switches should be OFF. Begin STERILIZE phase timing when the desired chamber pressure as indicated by the chamber pressure gauge is reached.

In cases where it is necessary to operate the sterilizer manually because it will not automatically advance to the next phase and electric power is available, the POWER and CONTROL switches may be left on. The digital display of temperature and pressure can then be used for STERILIZE phase timing.

2.12 CONTROL MONITORING AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

In addition to the cycle monitors outlined in paragraph 2.6 and Figure 2-4. Printcon prints the following messages:

ALARM NO WATER * 5:25% 110 1 9 3P

No. 1 — Water Not Detected in Chamber.

ALARM 700 LONG + 1 45F 265 9 29.4P

No. 2 — Chamber Did Not Fill.

ALARM 100 LONG C 1 45F 255 9 28 4P

No. 5 — Condition Phase Too Long.

S 11.05A 266 4 25 5P ALARH UNDER TEMP S 11.04A 271 0 27 3P

No. 6 — Sterilizing Temperature Drops.

ABORT: DOOR OPEN + 9 58A 243.3 12.7P

No. 7 — Chamber Door Switch Not Made.

POWER ON HT 8-18-82 9:01A 68 4 0:09

No. 8 — Power Restored After Loss of Electricity.

Additional printouts are provided whenever:

12:129 279 4 22:2P

1. The RESET button is pressed.

POMER ON 8-18-82 -9:01A 68.4 0.0P

2. The power is turned on.

ALARN: TEMP SENSOR • 9:15P 386.8 0.6P

3. Temperature sensor failure is detected.

ALARM: PRES SENSOR * 1:12P 110:7 41 3P

4. Pressure sensor failure is detected.

Figure 2-7. PRINTCON MESSAGES.

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SECTION 3

3

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

3.1 GENERAL

The Instrument Washer-Sterilizer is designed to efficiently process unwrapped hard goods, glass, and rubber items through either a wash and sterilize cycle or a sterilize cycle only. To accomplish sterilization, the machine uses steam, regulated at the most effective temperature and pressure for the particular load. For the wash cycle, the machine uses a spray rinse, followed by a wash/agitate phase, then followed again by a spray rinse. During the agitation phase, the chamber is filled with water, and the agitation is produced by forcing a mixture of steam and air, under pressure, into the filled chamber.

The control system and piping package, described below, are designed to accomplish the work of sterilization and washing efficiently and reliably. The heart of the control system is a microcomputer which is preprogrammed to control all sterilizing and washing cycles from beginning to end, once the preparatory actions have been taken.

The washer/sterilizer is equipped with manually operated steam and water supply valves and electrical disconnects. These isolate the unit from the general supply lines when in an off position.

3.2 DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENT FUNCTIONS TO ACHIEVE WASH AND STERILIZE CYCLE PHASES

NOTE: The material in paragraphs 3.2 through 3.5 applies to Printcon except that the temperature switch has been replaced with a resistance thermal detector (RTD), the pressure switch has been replaced with a pressure transducer, and the Indicator-Recorder-Controller (IRC) has been replaced with Printcon Digital-Printer-Controller (DPC) unit. See also Sections 3.6 and 3.7.

Washing Cycle

SPRAY/RINSE

 Solenoid valves S-21 and S-25 open to allow water to be sprayed into the chamber through the spray nozzle. Solenoid valves S-23 is open to allow water to flow through the ejector IJ-22. Water through the ejector draws a vacuum on drain valve CV-21 and causes it to open. All other valves are closed. The result is a continuous spray of water on the load in the chamber while the drain remains open.

DRAIN

 Solenoid valve S-23 opens to allow water to flow through the ejector 1J-22. Water through the ejector draws a vacuum on drain valve CV-21 and causes it to open and drain the chamber. All other valves are closed.

FILL

 Solenoid valves S-21 and S-25 open to allow water to be sprayed into the chamber. The chamber fills to the level where trap T-21 is connected. Water then overflows through trap T-21 where the liquid sensors shut off the water.

DETERGENT INJECT

 Water supply solenoid valve S-21 and detergent inject solenoid IJ-21 open. Water flowing through IJ-21 sucks detergent from the container, mixes it with water, and soravs it into the chamber.

WASH/AGITATE

 Solenoid valve S-26 opens. Steam passes through the jet compressors which simultaneously suck air from the chamber at the top. The steam/air mixture is charged into the chamber at the bottom through nozzles. The steam/air mixture bubbles through the water/ detergent and thereby heats and agitates the contents of the chamber.

PURGE WATER FROM AIR/STEAM LINES

 Solenoid valves S-26 opens. Steam is charged into the piping. Solenoid valve S-23 opens to allow water to flow through the ejector IJ-22; hence drain valve CV-21 opens. Steam displaces the air and air is purged out through the drain valve.

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Sterilizer Cycle

PURGE

 Solenoid valves S-2, S-3, and S-4 open. S-2 charges steam into the chamber. Exhaust valve S-3 continuously exhausts-steam from the chamber. Cooling water valve S-4 dumps water to the drain to cool the exhaust steam. Steam continuously flows through the chamber and out valve S-3, thereby displacing the air in the chamber.

STERILIZE

 Solenoid valve S-2 remains open to charge the chamber with steam. S-2 is thermostatically controlled during this phase to maintain the chamber drain terriperature. Cooling water valve S-4 remains open to dump water to the drain and maintain drain temperature below 140° F (trap exhaust).

EXHAUST

Solenoid valve S-3 opens to exhaust the chamber. Cooling water valve S-4 remains open to cool the chamber exhaust.

COMPLETE

 Drain valve CV-21 is opened by opening solenoid valve S-23. Valves remain open until the door is opened.

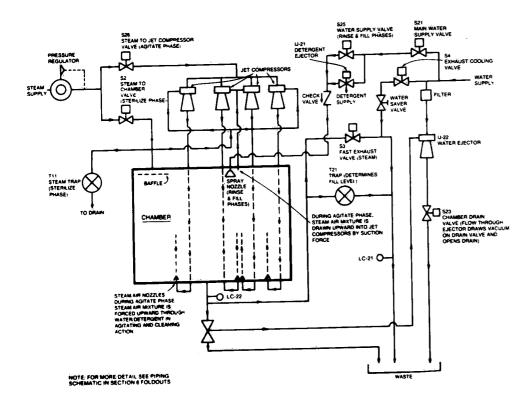


Figure 3-1. PIPING DIAGRAM.

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3.3 CONTROLS

The microcomputer monitors system operations and controls system functions. Input signals are from the control panel's pushbuttons and switches, from the timer settings and from the system temperature and pressure switches. Output signals from the controller are to the panel display lights, to indicate status or warning signals, and to the piping solenoid valves, to operate the washer/sterilizer through the phases of each cycle. The printed circuit boards have LEDs to indicate the presence of an output to the associated solenoid valve.

The wash phase of the wash/sterilize cycle consists of the following stages: (1) spray rinse (about two minutes); (2) fill and detergent injection: (3) wash/agitate to 75° F water temperature followed by an 8.5 minute timed wash/agitate; (4) drain; (5) spray rinse (about 1 minute). A purge phase of approximately 1.5 minutes precedes the sterilize phase of either a wash/sterilize or a sterilize cycle. For the sterilize phase of either cycle, temperature switches in the IRC maintain chamber temperature within 270-274° F (132-134° C). During the sterilize phase, the controller automatically switches on and off the appropriate solenoid valves to maintain correct chamber pressure/temperature. At the end of the sterilize phase, the pressure switch provides an input to the controller which in turn de-energizes the exhaust system and provides the signals to the control panel to indicate the cycle is complete. .

3.4 CYCLE DESCRIPTIONS

Preparatory actions: WATER and STEAM valves must be opened manually. Main power switch and control power switch, both on the secondary panel, must be in the on position. When power is on, the cycle selectors are dimly lit and door unlock solenoid (SA-1) is energized.

Wash/Sterilize Cycle

Operator selects STERILIZE timer, loads machine and locks door. Panel status light DOOR UNLOCKED goes off (limit switch LS-2 transfers). Operator touches WASH/STERILIZE cycle selector. The cycle light will come on to full brightness.

 The first phase of the wash/sterilize cycle is the spray/rinse portion of the cycle. During this stage of the cycle, water is sprayed into the chamber through the nozzles while the chamber drain valve remains open.
 The following actions occur in the machine:

- Panel light WASH comes on. Solenoid SA-1.
 (door unlock) is de-energized and door is mechanically locked. The following solenoid valves are energized (opened): S-21 (main water supply), S-23 (chamber drain control), S-25 (chamber water supply). Spray continues for 2 minutes, ±6 seconds. All solenoid valves except S-23 (chamber drain control) then close. S-23 remains open for a 15-second drain period, then closes. A timed pause of 10 seconds then occurs before the next phase of the cycle begins:
- 2. The second phase of the cycle is the wash portion. During this stage of the cycle, detergent is added to the water which fills the chamber. The chamber water is heated and agitated by forcing an air/steam mixture from the jet compressors (JC-11 through JC-14) into the chamber from four nozzles located at the bottom of the chamber.

The following actions occur in the machine:

- S-25 (chamber water supply) and S-21 (main water supply) open for 30 seconds to begin filling chamber, Panel light WATER IN CHAMBER comes on. S-25 (chamber water supply) closes, IJ-21 opens for 15 seconds to inject detergent into water. IJ-21 closes, S-25 (chamber water supply) opens again to continue filling chamber. When the high water level is reached in the chamber, as sensed by high water probe (LC-22). solenoid valve S-25 (chamber water supply) and S-21 (main water supply) close. S-26 (steam-to-jet compressors) opens and begins agitating and heating water. When TS-4 senses 75° F (24° C), its contacts close and wash timer begins to time 81/2-minute wash phase. When wash timer times out, S-23 (chamber drain control) is energized and chamber begins to drain. Chamber drain valve remains open for one minute, fifty seconds. The drain cycle repeats until the low water level probe (LC-21) senses there is no water in the chamber.
- 3. The third phase of the cycle is the second rinse. The following actions occur in the machine:
- S-25 (chamber water supply) and S-21 (main water supply) open for one minute. S-23 (chamber drain) remains open. Panel light WATER IN CHAMBER will come on. One minute after it opens, S-25 (chamber water supply) closes. When panel light WATER IN CHAMBER goes out, S-26 (steam-to-jet compressors) opens for 5 seconds. Ten seconds after S-26 (steam-to-jet compressors) closes, S-21 (main water supply) closes. Twenty seconds after S-26 (steam-to-jet compressors) closes, chamber drain solenoid, S-23, closes. A timed pause of 10 seconds occurs. WASH light goes out, CONDITION light comes on.

- 4. The fourth phase of the cycle is the purge portion of the sterilize part of the cycle. In addition to panel light CONDITION coming on, the following actions occur in the machine:
- The following solenoid valves open: S-4 (exhaust cooling), S-3 (fast exhaust), S-2 (steam-to-chamber). After 1½ minutes, fast exhaust valve, S-3, (fast exhaust) closes.
- 5. The washer/sterilizer begins to build steam pressure in the chamber until the proper temperature and pressure are reached. When adequate temperature and pressure are reached, the sterilizing phase of the cycle begins. The following sequence of actions occurs in the machine:
- Temperature-recorder reaches 274° F (134° C). TS-1 contacts close. CONDITION light goes out. STERILIZE light comes on. STERILIZE timer begins to count down from the pre-set time. When chamber temperature rises approximately 4 degrees above set point, temperature switch TS-2 (normally open) closes. The signal, processed by the controller, results in closing steam-to-chamber solenoid valve, S-2 (steam-to-chamber). When the chamber temperature decreases to near set point, TS-2 contacts break, and S-2 (steam-to-chamber) again opens. S-2 (steam-to-chamber) and TS-2 cycle in this way for the duration of the sterilizing cycle.

Recorded chamber temperature should not vary more than ±2° from TS-2 set point.

- 6. After the sterilize phase is complete, the machine goes into the exhaust phase. The following sequence of actions occurs in the machine:
- Solenoid valve S-2 (steam-to-chamber) closes. STERILIZE light goes out, EXHAUST light comes on. Solenoid valve S-3 (fast exhaust) opens for fast exhaust. When pressure switch PS-2 senses 1-2 psig in the chamber, valves S-4 (primary water cooling) and S-3 (fast exhaust) close, EXHAUST light goes out, COMPLETE light comes on, and buzzer begins to sound. The chamber drain valve, CV-21, opens and remains open until the door is unlocked. If low water level probe (LC-21) senses no water in the chamber, the door unlocked. solenoid valve (SA-1) is energized and door is unlocked.
- 7. Buzzer sounds for 90 seconds or until door is opened. When door is opened, buzzer stops, COM-PLETE light goes out, WASH light goes out, and DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on. Control reset does not occur until 30 seconds after the DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on.

Sterilize Cycl

Operator selects STERILIZE TIME, loads machine and locks door. Panel status light DOOR UNLOCKED goes off (limit switch LS-2 transfers). Operator touches STERILIZE cycle selector. The cycle light will come on to full brightness.

- 1. During the condition (or purge) phase of the cycle, both steam-to-chamber solenoid valve (S-2) and fast exhaust (S-3) are open in order to quickly displace the air in the chamber with steam. The following actions occur simultaneously in the machine:
- Panel light CONDITION comes on. Solenoid SA-1 (door unlock) is de-energized and door is mechanically locked. The following solenoid valves open: S-4 (primary water cooling), S-3 (fast exhaust), S-2 (steamto-chamber). After 1½ minutes, fast exhaust valve. S-3 closes.
- 2. The washer/sterilizer begins to build pressure in the chamber until the proper temperature and pressure are reached. When adequate temperature and pressure are reached, the sterilizing phase of the cycle begins. The following sequence of actions occurs in the machine:
- Temperature-recorder reaches 270° F (132° C). TS-1 contacts close. CONDITION light goes out. STERILIZE light comes on. STERILIZE timer begins to count down from the pre-set time. When chamber temperature rises approximately 4 degrees above set point, temperature switch TS-2 (normally open) closes. The signal, processed by the controller, results in closing steam-to-chamber solenoid valve, S-2. When the chamber temperature decreases to near set point. TS-2 contacts open, and S-2 (steam-to-chamber) again opens. S-2 (steam-to-chamber) and TS-2 cycle in this way for the duration of the sterilizing cycle. Recorded chamber temperature should not vary more than ±2° from TS-2 set point, 274° F (134° C).
- 3. After the sterilize phase is complete, the machine goes into the exhaust phase. The following sequence of actions occurs in the machine:
- Solenoid valve S-2 (steam-to-chamber) closes. STERILIZE light goes out, EX-IAUST light comes on. Solenoid valve S-3 (fast exhaust) opens for fast exhaust. When pressure switch PS-2 senses 1-2 psig in the chamber, valves S-3 (fast exhaust) and S-4 (primary water cooling) close, the chamber drain valve. CV-21, opens and remains open until the door is unlocked.

EXHAUST light goes out. COMPLETE light comes on, and buzzer begins to sound. If low water level probe (LC-21) senses no water in the chamber, the door unlock solenoid valve (SA-1) is energized and door is unlocked.

4. Buzzer sounds for 90 seconds or until door is opened. When door is opened, buzzer stops, COM-PLETE light goes out, STERILIZE light goes out, and DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on. Control reset does not occur until 30 seconds after the DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on.

Cycle Monitoring and Communications

- If the controls do not sense water entering the chamber at the start of the wash phase, the operator will be notified as follows:
- WASH light is on, WATER IN CHAMBER light flashes, buzzer sounds intermittently, and chamber drain automatically opens. Warning signals will continue until chamber is drained and RESET button is pressed.
- 2. If, during the wash phase, washer/sterilizer did not fill within the programmed time, the operator will be notified as follows:
- WASH and WATER IN CHAMBER lights are on, and buzzer sounds intermittently. RESET button must be pushed. WASH light goes out and chamber automatically drains. WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out when drain is complete, and timer resets.
- WATER IN CHAMBER light is on before wash cycle is selected; cycle cannot be selected.
- Controls are so designed that drain remains open for 30 seconds after water drains out. If WATER IN CHAMBER light remains on after that period, an abnormal condition exists and must be remedied. See Section 6. TROUBLESHOOTING.
- 4. If, before WASH cycle is selected, there is a malfunction in the water sensing system, the operator will be notified as follows:

- WATER IN CHAMBER light flashes, buzzer sounds intermittently, and drain line automatically opens (WASH light is not on). Alarm will continue until RESET button is pushed. If alarm continues, power to the washer/sterilizer must be removed.
- 5. If the washer/sterilizer did not complete conditioning phase in programmed time, the operator will be notified as follows:
- CONDITION light flashes and buzzer sounds intermittently. The washer/sterilizer, however, will continue to attempt to reach temperature. The buzzer will continue to sound until (1) cycle selector is pressed (silences buzzer); or (2) temperature is finally reached (cycle continues normally); or (3) RESET button is pressed (cycle is aborted).
- 6. If the chamber temperature falls 2° F below set point (temperature switch TS-1 contacts open) during a sterilization cycle, the sterilizer will go through the following actions:
- STERILIZE timer resets to beginning. Panel status light STERILIZE flashes. If chamber temperature again rises to set point (TS-1 contacts close), STERILIZE light continues to flash to indicate normal cycle has been interrupted. Cycle will not continue if set temperature is not re-established.
- 7. If, after a cycle has started, the door lock switch opens, the operator will be notified as follows:
- DOOR UNLOCKED light(s) on primary control panel comes on. If door cannot be tightened sufficiently to extinguish light, RESET must be pushed to abort cycle.
- 8. If there is a loss of supply power to the washer/ sterilizer while a cycle is in progress and then a later restoration of power, the washer/sterilizer will go through the following abort phase:
- When power is restored and CONTROL switch is reset to ON, the buzzer will sound intermittently.
 Pressing RESET button silences buzzer, but cycle cannot be reinitiated until chamber is at atmospheric pressure and WATER IN CHAMBER light is out.

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3.5 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FAGLE MICROCOMPUTER CONTROLLER

The Eagle controller is built up from three major modules, a power supply assembly, a mother board assembly, and a printed circuit board set. The printed circuit board set consists of printed circuit boards PCB-146586 and PBC-146588. To better understand the operation of the Eagle control, a functional description of each module and each of the printed circuit boards follows.

Power Supply

The power supply used in the Eagle Series controls provides the control with 3 amps — 5 volts direct current (VDC) and 2 amp — 28 VDC required by the system. This power supply can be shown as eight blocks for the 5-VDC supply (Figure 3-2), and five blocks for the 28 VDC supply (Figure 3-3).

The 5-VDC supply operates as follows: voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR201 and CR202) is filtered by the RC network R201 and C101. This filter circuit supplies the bulk voltage (approximately 14 volts) to the series pass transistor Q101 which drops and regulates the output voltage to the required 5 volts. As the output voltage tries to vary from 5 volts, due to load and line variations, the regulating amplifier A401 senses this change and turns Q101 on or off as required to maintain the output at 5 volts.

If the output voltage rises above 5 volts, to an unsafe point of approximately 6.5 volts, the overvoltage circuit, comprised of 1/2 A403, Z402, R436, R428, R425, R427, R437, R426, and R424, feeds back an output to switch Q405 to turn it on. This transistor provides a gating current to SCR401 through R413. SCR401 switches the control switch (CB-1), on the secondary control panel to off.

Õ101 SERIES PASS FULL WAVE TRANSFORMER TRANSISTOR CONTROLS THE CHANGES A.C. SUPPLIES LOW **OUTPUT VOLTAGE** VOLTAGE A.C. TO D.C. ANODE CATHODE REGULATOR S.C.R. 401 8401 CONTROLS OUTPUT ELECTRONIC -5 V VOLT & CURRENT CROW BAR GATE AUTOMATIC TRIP FOR CB1 ON SECONDARY DAMEL OVER-VOLTAGE UNDER-VOLTAGE DETECTOR DETECTOR 1/2 8403 1/2 A403

Figure 3-2. EAGLE 5-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

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When the 5-VDC output drops below approximately 4.7 volts, the undervoltage circuit (comprised of 1/2 A403, Z401, C405, R414, R420, R421, R419, R417, R416, R418, C407, R422 and adjustment dot R423) feeds back an output to switch Q406 to turn it on. This transistor provides the current through R412 to gate SCR401. SCR401 switches the control switch (CB-1), on the secondary control panel, to off.

Three adjustable pots are mounted on the printed circuit board and sealed. They are as follows: R430 is a current limit level adjustment. R433 is an output voltage level adjustment, and R423 is the undervoltage setpoint adjustment.

The 28-volt supply is not a regulating supply, but does limit the output to approximately 28 volts. This is done to increase lamp life.

Operation of the 28-volt supply is as follows. Voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR301 and CR302) is filtered by the RC network of R301 and C104. This filtered voltage feeds the output through a time delay "slow-turn-on-circuit" comprised of Q102, Q402, R405, R404, R403, CR403 and C402. The time delay of about 400 milliseconds allows the microcomputer to gain control of the system before the 28 VDC is supplied to the display

circuits. The 28 VDC is clipped (limited) at 28 volts by the Z404 zener diode. Thus the 28-volt supply will not be able to exceed approximately 28 VDC.

Mother Board

The mother board assembly contains a large printed circuit board (PCB) that provides the base for the sterilizer connectors (J1, J2, J3, J4) and the interface to these connectors for communications with the rest of the sterilizer. The mother board also contains the connectors (B1, B2, B3), as required, and the interboard interface connections for the plug-in printed circuit boards. Power, from the power supply, is brought into the assembly via J10 and J11 and distributed throughout the assembly by the main PCB.

CPU Printed Circuit Board - 146586

The CPU printed circuit board (PCB) is required for all of the Eagle sterilizers. It contains the microcomputer, A1, support circuits, input buffers and drivers, output buffers and drivers, and the data bus required to communicate with the other two boards. Figure 3-4 is a diagram of the CPU printed circuit board.

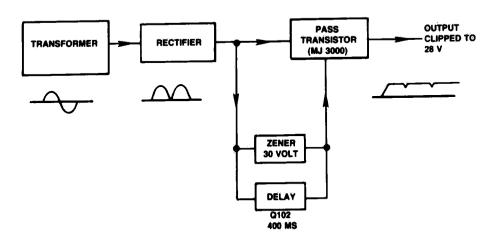


Figure 3-3. EAGLE 28-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

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The 8048 microcomputer is the heart of the Eagle control system. The system is made to march to the beat of the 8048 oscillator or clock pulse generator (crystal controlled at 3MHz). The program (sequence of steps to be carried out on all Eagle machines) is contained, in part. in the 1K program memory of the 8048. This program is executed by the control and timing circuits of the 8048 microcomputer. While the program is running, the CPU in the microcomputer will make logical decisions based upon the input information that it receives

from the data bus, port 1 or port 2.

Actions to be carried out by an Eagle sterilizer originate in the microcomputer. These actions or signals are sent to the data bus, port 1 or port 2. Hence, as one can see, information can either enter or leave the ports and data bus under the precision guidance of the control and timing of the microcomputer. The computer also contains a data memory capable of storing 64 bytes of information. It is referred to as a RAM. It is a volatile memory which can be written into or read out. The RAM is used to store changeable data, i.e., timer inputs.

CARD BOUNDARY ZERO CROSSOVER A7 CRYSTAL MICROCOMPUTER A1 8048 PROGRAM 1K CONTROL AND TIMING 4N26 A8 CPU OSC DATA PORT 1 PORT 2 8243 2243 VO EXPANDER I/O EXPANDER VO EXPANDER A2 7 6 5 4 7 6 5 4 7 6 5 4)LED XR-2203 BCD. DECODE 8 2 N 6073 LAMPS RELAYS 117 VAC DEVICE SENSING SWITCHES SELECT

Figure 3-4. CPU PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 146586.

3-8 D-5 Eagle Series

There are many elements to control and sense in an Eagle sterilizer. The number exceeds the capability of the microcomputer alone; therefore, additional electronic components must be aded to expand the following:

- (1) Program memory.
- (2) Data memory.
- (3) Input/output capacity of the 8048.

Input/Output (I/O) capacity is expanded by the use of an 8243. The I/O expanders only pass or accept signals when the microcomputer calls their attention: that is, enables them. On board one (1) there are three such 8243's, A2, A3 and A4.

A3 is used to pass the appropriate signals to a digital display (output) of the elapsed time (sterilize or dry) during the phases of a cycle.

A2 operates in a similar fashion as A3. Its output signals drive Darlington pairs (XR2203) capable of passing 600 ma of current which are used to turn on the various incandescent lamps required by the sterilizer. A2 also drives, via an LED, triac drivers (MOC3011). The drivers provide proper signals to turn on triacs which in turn operate AC loads (120 VAC) such as solenoid valves. The optical coupling found in these drivers also serves to isolate the 120 VAC power circuits from the low voltage logic circuits.

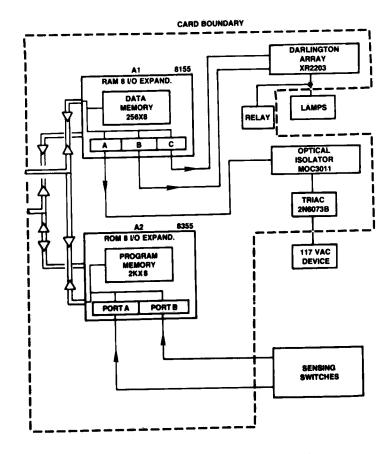


Figure 3-5: I/O #1 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 146588.

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A4 is used as an input device for the various sensing switches in the system.

Desired sterilize and dry times are set up by the use of thumbwheel switches which upon request provide input data to the microcomputer via ports 1 and 2.

The supporting circuits are an external crystal and a zero cross-over network. The crystal. C1 and C2. determines the frequency of the control's operation. This crystal is also the time base for the sterilizer timers. The zero cross-over network (ZCN) consists of A7. C4. R4, A8, C5, R5, and R6. The ZCN prevents the computer from actuating a 120-VAC device during peak voltage of the sine wave. The ZCN monitors the 120 VAC and when the voltage level is of the zero voltage points of the sine wave, it enables the computer output. The ZCN's function is to reduce live transients from being generated which might interfere with the computer operation. These transients might generate false signals should they occur. Another supporting circuit consists of Q9, C13, and R29. This circuit delays the activation of the triac outputs until the computer has gained control. It serves the same function as the delay circuit in the 28-volt power supply.

I/O #1 Printed Circuit Board — 146588 (Fig. 3-5)

The Eagle control system is provided with further expansion capabilities by the addition of the I/O #1 PCB. It expands the data memory (RAM) by 256 bytes and the input/output capacity by 16 with the addition of an 8155 (A1). The microcomputer can pull from an additional 2,000 program instructions from the 8355 (A2) which increases the program capability. Figure 3-5 is a functional diagram of this PCB. The 8355 (A2) also increases the number of input/output channels by 16.

The input and output drivers function the same as those on the CPU Board.

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION (PRINTCON)

3 6 GENERAL (PRINTCON)

The Eagle 2000 series with Printcon contains an enhanced version of the microcomputer control system previously described. State-of-the-art components and methods are used to measure temperature and pressure in place of the round-chart recorder and pressure/ switches. This is the key difference between Printcon and the older system. Maintenance is reduced, and both the reliability and accuracy of the control system is increased. Other than changes to accommodate these new measuring elements, the piping arrangement of the sterilizer remains the same.

Convenience of operation is increased by the digital display of temperature and pressure, the easily understood printed record, and thumbwheel selection of the sterifizing temperature.

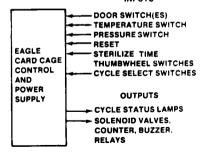
Overview of the Printoon Control System

A comparison of the Eagle with PRINTCON system to the Eagle and Round chart recorder system will aid in understanding the Printcon control system. As shown in Fig. 3-6, both systems utilize the same Eagle cardcage control chassis. Note that in both systems, the card-cage control regulates the solenoid valves and monitors the cycle select pushbuttons, sterilize times, door switch(es) and reset buttons. The Printcon system has an additional PC board with its own microcomputer and a stored program geared to interface with the card-cage controller.

In the round chart recorder (IRC) system, the cardcage control was fed by a number of pressure and temperature switches, each switch having a separate input wire to this control. Since the integrated circuits within the control accept only TTL-COMPATIBLE input signals (volts = OFF, 5 volts = ON), each switch

EAGLE with ROUND CHART RECORDER (IRC)

INPUTS



EAGLE with PRINTCON (DPC)

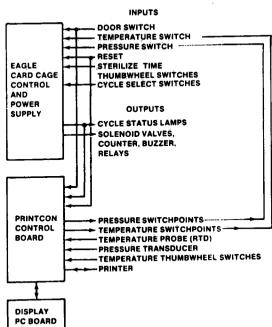


Figure 3-6. CONTROL COMPARISON.

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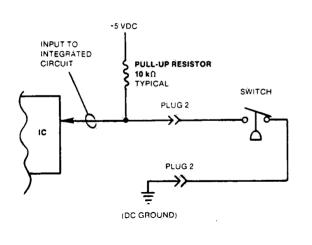
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was wired to the control as shown in Fig. 3-8. The control typically opens one or more solenoid valves and monitors a specific switch input line until that line changed from 5 volts to ϕ volts (or from ϕ volts to 5 volts). As an example, during the EXHAUST phase of a gravity steam cycle, the fast exhaust solenoid valve is energized to allow steam to evacuate the chamber. During the time when the chamber pressure is dropping, the control monitors the input line from PS-2 pressure switch to activate (open) at 1 psig. When the switch opens (and the input voltage rises to 5 volts), the control activates the buzzer to end the cycle.

On the Printcon system, the same switch input wires on the card-cage control are now wired to the main Printcon PC board. Instead of a mechanically activated switch opening and closing, however, a Printcon output

transistor saturates (ϕ volts output) or cuts off (5 volts output) in response to a command from the microcomputer IC on the main Printcon PC board (Fig. 3-7). The microcomputer issues this command when it determines that the chamber pressure or temperature is equal to the value selected for the setpoint (e.g., 1 psig).

Continuing to consider the Printcon control system as the combination of two microcomputer systems, the last important point to note in the overview is that the main Printcon PC board must be able to detect selection of a cycle, cycle phase changes (i.e. from STERIL-IZE to EXHAUST, etc.) and cycle irregularities (i.e. excessive CONDITION time, etc). This is accomplished by wiring certain card-cage outputs into the main Printcon PC board as shown in Fig. 3-6.



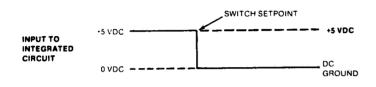


Figure 3-7, TYPICAL SWITCH INPUT.

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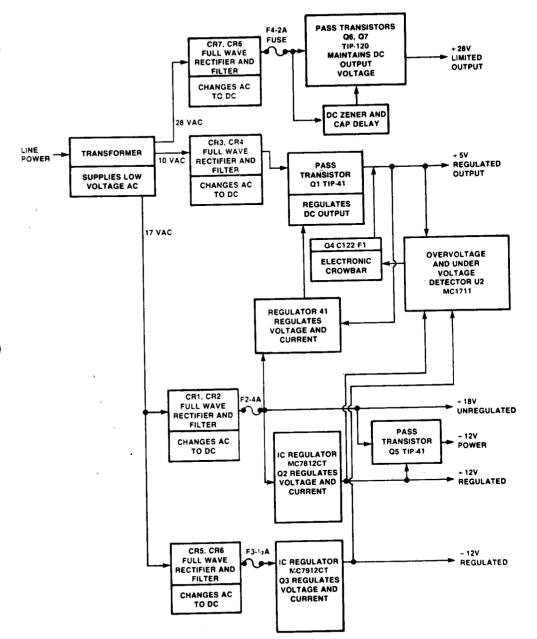


Figure 3-8, PRINTCON REGULATED POWER SUPPLY.

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3.7 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRINTCON MICROCOMPUTER CONTROLLER

The Printcon control system is built up from five major modules: a power supply assembly, a mother board/card cage assembly, a plug-in printed circuit board set, a display printed circuit assembly, and a digital printer controller assembly. The first three modules assemble into a controller nearly identical to that of earlier Eagle sterilizers. The only difference is in the power supply. The last two modules are in the Printcon assembly which replaces the round-chart recorder in the control column. A description by function of each component follows.

Printcon Power Supply (Figure 3-8)

The power supply for Eagle sterilizers with Printcon provides the Printcon controller with six separate outputs:

- +5 volts direct current (VDC) at 2.5 amp voltage regulated with current limit and electronic crowbar over- and under-voltage protection (Figure 3-9).
- +12 VDC at 0.1 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-10).
- +12 VDC at 1.5 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-10).

- -12 VDC at 0.1 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-11).
- +18 VDC at 0.5 amp, unregulated (Figure 3-12).
- +28 VDC at 1.5 amp, zener regulated (Figure 3-13).

These voltage outputs are generated as follows:

1. For the 5 VDC power supply, voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR3 and CR4) is filtered by C2. This filter circuit provides voltage to series pass transistor Q1 which drops the output voltage to 5 volts. Regulating amplifier U1 turns Q1 on and off as it senses voltage fluctuations due to load and line variations. An electronic crowbar (SCR Q4) provides protection from unsafe voltage levels. Dual comparator U2 fires SCR Q4 when the voltage level is greater than 6.5 volts or less than 4.7 volts. When SCR Q4 fires, the 5 VDC output is clamped to approximately 2 VDC by CR10 and Q4. The primary circuit breaker is also tripped by CR9 and Q4. Potentiometer (pot) R2 permits adjustment of the 5 VDC foldback current limit setpoint. Clockwise rotation of R2 lowers the current limit setpoint. Pot R7 permits adjustment of the 5 VDC output voltage. Clockwise rotation of R7 lowers the output voltage. (Figure 3-9).

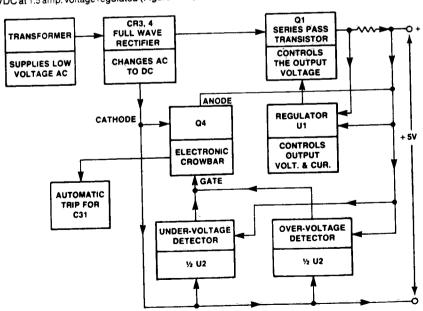


Figure 3-9. PRINTCON 5-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

2. The +12 VDC regulated output is supplied by the +18 VDC unregulated circuit. The unregulated +18 VDC supplies the integrated circuit regulator Q2 which regulates the output voltage (Figure 3-10, Point B).

3. The +12 VDC power output is also supplied by the unregulated +18 VDC power supply. Series pass transistor Q5 uses the +12 VDC regulated supply as a reference to regulate the +12 VDC power output (Figure 3-10, Point A).

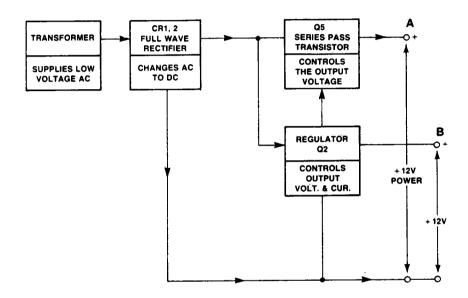


Figure 3-10. PRINTCON 12-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.
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4. The -12 VDC power supply operates by using voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR5 and CR6) which is filtered by C4. This filter circuit provides

voltage to integrated circuit regulator Q3, through fuse F3, which regulates the output voltage. (Figure 3-11.)

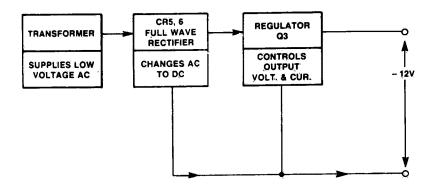


Figure 3-11, PRINTCON -12 VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

5. The -18 VDC unregulated power supply operates as follows: voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR1 and CR2) is filtered by C1. This filter circuit provides unregulated -18 VDC, through fuse F2, and is the

supply for the +12 VDC regulated output, the +12 VDC power output, and the +5 VDC regulating amplifier U1. (Figure 3-12.)

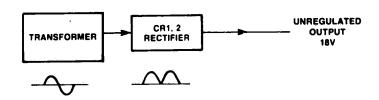


Figure 3-12. PRINTCON 18-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

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Eagle Series

6. The +28 VDC power supply operates as follows: Voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR7 and CR8) is filtered by C5. This filtered circuit provides voltage to series pass transistors Q6 and A7 through fuse A4. The series pass transistors operate in parallel and are

equalized by R11 and R12. The base reference voltage is provided by R13 and zener Z4, near 28 volts., R13 and C10 provide a slight delay on power turn on. (Figure 3-13.)

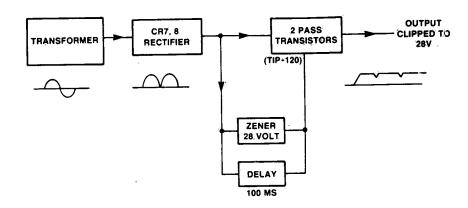


Figure 3-13. PRINTCON 28-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

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Motherboard/Card-Cage Assembly

This assembly is identical to that used on Eagles with round-chart recorders. Refer to Section 3.5 for a description.

CPU Printed Circuit Board - 146586

This assembly is identical to that used on Eagles with round-chart recorders. Refer to Section 3.5 for a functional description. For the **Printcon** application, some of the sensing switches shown in Fig. 3.4 are replaced by control lines from the **Printcon** assembly.

I/O #1 Printed Circuit Board - 146588

This assembly is identical to that used on Eagles with round-chart recorders. Refer to Section 3.5 for a functional description. For the **Printeon** application, some of the sensing switches shown in Fig. 3-5 are replaced by control lines from the **Printeon** assembly.

Main Printcon PC Board — 146651

The main Printcon printed circuit (PC) board contains the necessary circuitry to:

- 1. Translate the pressure transducer and temperature probe signals into digital (binary) values.
- Monitor the primary panel signals to detect selection of a cycle and cycle status including alarms and aborts.
- 3. Control the alphanumeric printer.
- Send temperature, pressure, time and date data to the Digital Display PC board.
- 5. Monitor pressure and temperature settings on the Digital Display PC board.
- Send the temperature and pressure transition point commands to the Eagle controller.

Figure 3-14 is a block diagram of the Digital Printer Control board. As on CPU printed circuit board 146586, a microcomputer IC is used to control the sequence of operation of this board. It pulls program instructions from IC's A1, A2 and A5. These last IC's also contain input and output lines for control and monitoring of various devices such as the temperature thumbwheels and digital display.

A Reattime Clock IC keeps track of the time and date and sends this information to the microcomputer for display or printing. A small on-board silver-oxide pat-

tery provides power to the REAL TIME CLOCK IC (only) when the sterilizer power is shut off. The battery is not rechargeable and lasts about one year.

The pressure transducer and the resistive temperature probe provide voltages to this board which vary in response to changes in pressure and temperature respectively. These voltages are fed to a **Multiplexer IC** which is the electronic equivalent of a rotary switch. The position of this rotary switch is controlled by the microcomputer so that either the pressure voltage or the temperature voltage is applied to the **Instrumentation Amplifier**.

The instrumentation amplifier is a precision IC which boosts the pressure or temperature voltages to levels convenient for the next IC, the **Analog/Digital (A/D) Converter.** This IC converts the varying pressure and temperature voltages (analog voltages) to a 12-level digital code (12 bit binary) which is proportional to the analog voltage.

This digital code is now in the form required for input to the microcomputer. As an indication of the extreme resolution of the A/D converter, the 12 level code allows 212 or 4,096 distinct output combinations across the analog input range. The pressure transducer measures 0-50 psia, so that A/D converter resolution exceeds 0.04 psi.

Once in a digital form, the pressure and temperature data is easily compared by the microcomputer to the pressure and vacuum set-points and the temperature set on the thumbwheels.

Display option and temperature control switch bank S1 on the main Printcon PC board allows selection of Fahrenheit or Celsius temperature display/printing; selection of English (psig) or metric (kg/cm²) pressure for display/printing. In addition, an optional decimal point of resolution may be displayed for temperature and pressure (printing is always with extended precision). The next switch gives selection of pressure transducer. This switch should always be in the ON position. Three switches in this bank control the temperature overdrive function in the STERILIZE phase. These switches provide eight temperature settings varying from 0 F to 3.75 F above the sterilizing temperature set on the thumbwheels. Steam-tochamber solenoid control is at this offset temperature, while STERILIZE timing begins at the temperature set into the thumbwheels. BCD (binary-coded decimal) rotary switches \$2 and \$3 allow setting of the proper year for display and printing. If set to 80, no year will be used. See Section 7 for more information on setting these switches.

Eagle Series

Figure 3-14, PRINTCON BLOCK DIAGRAM:
Main Printcon P/C Board.

The buzzer depicted on the block diagram will sound if an invalid sterilize temperature is dialed in, and also if an A/D converter or printer failure is detected.

The **Darlington driver** IC's boost up the drive signals generated by the microcomputer to a level sufficient to drive the printer motor and printer coils. The microcomputer, in order to print a message, will turn the printer motor on, wait for status signals from the printer, and selectively activate the printer solenoid coils. Letters and numbers are formed from patterns stored in the program chips.

Temperature and pressure input circuits: Temperature is sensed by a resistive temperature probe. The probe degree has a resistance of 100 ohms at 0 C, and increases about 0.39 ohms for every degree C that the temperature increases. By connecting the probe as part of a voltage divider circuit, an output voltage exactly related to temperature is obtained. (Figures 3-15 and 3-16.)

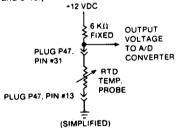


Figure 3-15. TEMPERATURE PROBE SCHEMATIC.

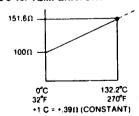


Figure 3-16. TEMPERATURE VS. RESISTANCE CHARACTERISTIC.

The pressure transducer also exhibits a resistance change in response to a pressure change, and is termed a **strain gauge** type. The illustration below shows the internal configuration and output voltage. (Figures 3-17 and 3-18.)

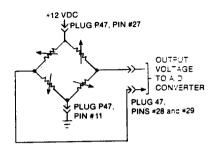


Figure 3-17. PRESSURE TRANSDUCER SCHEMATIC.

Figure 3-17 is an application of the Wheatstone Bridge configuration. The four resistors will vary in resistance in response to a pressure change, and are chosen so that at 0 psia, the output voltage is zero. At 50 psia (full scale) the output voltage is 36 millivolts.

NOTE: Printcon is programmed to measure and store the value of the pressure transducer output each time the RESET button is pressed with the door(s) open. The control will then use this value for gauge pressure measurements in cycle. This same action will occur each time the power is turned ON with the door(s) open. If power is turned QNwith the doors closed and locked, the control will assume an ambient pressure of 14.7 psia (29.92 in. Hg.)The same applies if the RESET button is pressed with the door(s) closed and locked.

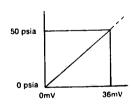


Figure 3-18. PRESSURE VS. TRANSDUCER OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS.

Eagle Series

DIGITAL DISPLAY PC BOARD 146633-081

A block diagram of this PC board is presented in Figure 3-19. The microcomputer presents changeable temperature, pressure, and other information for display to this PC board on the data bus. Note that the data bus is bi-directional, and the microcomputer from

time to time will read the data bus for pressure and temperature set-points. The control bus will activate the decoder/driver, latch, or switch select control IC when fresh data is at hand or needed. J45 connector also interfaces the time, date, forward and reverse touch switches on the display panel overlay.

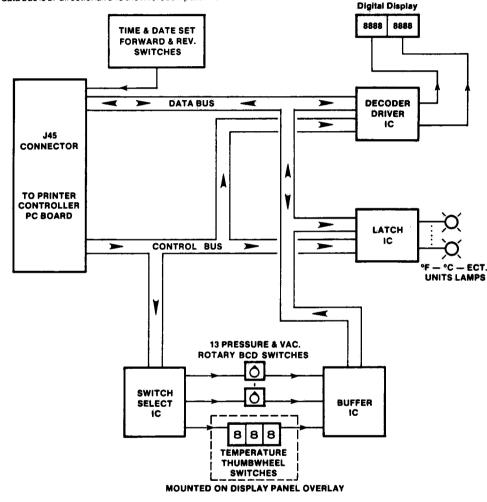


Figure 3-19, DIGITAL DISPLAY BLOCK DIAGRAM.

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F-3

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INTERPRETING THE PRINTED CYCLE RECORDS

A printed cycle record for a normal wash/sterilize cycle is presented in Figure 3-20. The letters in the left hand column represent the various phases of the cycle as follows:

W -- Wash

C - Condition

S — Sterilize

E - Exhaust

Z - Complete

Note how these printed lines correspond to changes in the cycle graph. This graph represents the pressure changes occuring in the chamber.

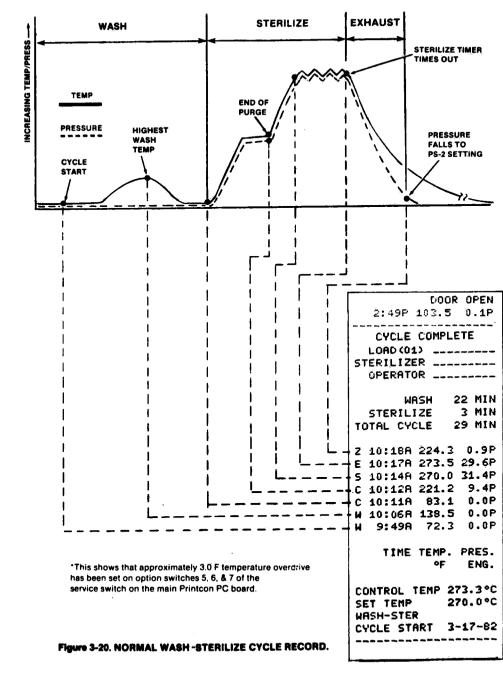
On a typical line: C 10:12A 221.2 9.4P

10:12A indicates the time at which this event occurred — 10:12 a.m.

221.2 is the temperature at this time.

9.4P is the pressure achieved at this time.

The rest of the printed record is self-explanatory as are the printed cycle alarms. A summary of the proper and possible records printed out is presented in Section 2



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SECTION 4



INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

4.1 GENERAL

Maintenance procedures described in paragraphs 4.2 intrough 4.4 should be performed at regular intervals, as indicated. The frequency indicated is the minimum, and should be increased if usage of the sterilizer demands. Should a problem occur, refer to Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING. Figure 4-2, is a sample maintenance record which we suggest the Maintenance Department keep. Such a record will prove helpful in assuring regular maintenance.

WARNING: BE SURE TO PRESS THE POWER AND CONTROL SWITCHES TO OFF AND WAIT UNTIL CHAMBER COOLS TO ROOM TEMPERATURE BEFORE STARTING ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

4.2 ROUTINE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect cabinetry for signs of damage or misaligned parts.
- Check the control panel gauges and Printcon or recorder for cracked or broken glass, or other obvious damage.
- 3. Open lower access door and check chamber piping for loose fittings or other obvious defects.
- 4. With manual steam and water valves open, check lines and valves for leaks.
- 5. Clean lint and dirt from control system components.

4.3 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Delly

- 1. Check printout or recorder chart for inked record after each cycle. Refer to Section 7.
- Check the door gasket. Replace it if it has become deformed, brittle, or cracked. See paragraph 7.3.

3. Check that pressure regulator is controlling pressure within acceptable ranges. If it appears to be malfunctioning, see paragraph 7.9.

Weekly

- Watch the sterilizer as it goes through each phase of a complete cycle and check that all indicating lights are working. If a lamp needs replacement, refer to paragraph 7.6.
- 2. Flush chamber drain line as follows:
- a. Remove chamber drain strainer (Fig. 8-27, 3).
- b. Rinse drain with hot solution of trisodium phosphate (two tablespoons to one quart of water). If the use of trisodium phosphate is objectionable, use instead a solution of ½ cup of AMSCO Sonic Detergent (Part P-41591-091) and one quart of hot water.
 - c. Wait five minutes.
 - d. Then flush with one quart of hot water.
 - e. Place the strainer back in the chamber drain.
- 3. Check and clean spray system.

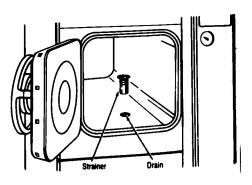


Figure 4-1. LOCATION OF CHAMBER DRAIN STRAINER.

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Eagle Series PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD Page 1 of 3

Department	1ST INSPECT	NOINSPECE	3RD INSPECTION	H INSPECT	H INSPECTION	6TH INSPECTION	
(Circle "X" in Column When Service Is Pérformed)	15	₹	/ 85	4	25	4	
Discuss operation with department personnel.	×	×	X	×	×	×	
Operate unit through wash/sterilize cycle. Observe for correct times and temperature during different phases.	x	x	x	x	x	×	Ū.
3. Door Assembly:							
A. Inspect for ease of operation. Lube bearings, door post and screw box.		X		×	\dashv	×	E E
B. Inspect door gasket for proper seal. Replace as required.	X	X	X	X	X	×	E E
C. Check door alignment with end ring. Lightly oil hinge assembly.		×		х	\sqcup	X	<u>=</u>
D. Inspect door lock mechanism for proper operation and positive lock.	×	x	X	x	X	X	Š
E. Disassemble, lube, replace wom parts in lock thanism.			x			Ц	16x.1
Steam Supply and Piping:	×	×	x	x	x	x	EQUIPMENT: Eagle 2000 16x16 Pressure Washer
A. Inspect manual valves for proper operation. Tighten packing gland.	+	Ĥ	x	\vdash	+	Н	ure V
B. Rebuild manual valves.	+	╁	+	+	\vdash	Н	Vash
C. Inspect strainer for leaks. clean required.		×	_	X	_	X	
D. Check jacket and chamber trap. Clean as required. Rebuild as required.	×	×	×	x	×	x	Serial I
E. Inspect pressure gauges.	×	×	×	X	X	X	₹
F. Inspect check valves for seal and freedom of movement.	×		x	_	×	\downarrow	
G. Verify operation of solenoid valves S2. S26 and S3. Inspect for leaks.	x	×	x	x	×	×	
H. Rebuild solenoid valves S2, S26 and S3.			x	_		ļ —	
Check drain valve CV-21 for proper closing and mechanical malfunction.	x	×	×	×	×	×	
J. Inspect operation of HI-LO valve.	×		×		X		

Figure 4-2. SAMPLE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD (Sheet 1 of 3).

F. Inspect LED's for correct operation of control signals to valves during each phase of operation.

G. Replace burned out lamps. H. Clean glass on recorder.

7. Miscellaneous: A. Inspect air filter for sufficient air flow.

Figure 4-2. SAMPLE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD (Sheet 2 of 3).

4-3

E-10

 $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x}$

x

 $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x}$

| x | x | x | x

Page 2 of 3 3RD INSPECTION 2ND INSPECTION Department This form to be utilized for preventive maintenance record only and is not to be used as a guide to perform maintenance. (Circle "X" In Column When Service Is Performed) 5. Water Supply and Piping: A. Inspect vacuum breaker for leaks. Clean and or replace Х disc and float as required. B. Inspect manual valves for proper operation and closing. Tighten | x | x | x | x | x packing as required. C. Rebuild manual valves. D. Inspect strainer for leaks, clean as required. E. Inspect swing check for proper operation. F. Verify operation of solenoid valves S23, S4. S21 and 625 Inspect for leaks. G. Rebuild solenoid valves S23, S4, S21, and S25. H. Inspect detergent dispenser valve/1J-21 to matunction, clean $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x}$ as required. 6. Control System: A. Clean lint and dirt from company X X B. Inspect recorder linkage, chart drive, recalibrate as required. C. Check inking system for proper indication. $\mathbf{x} \mid \mathbf{x}$ X D. Inspect operation of pressure and vacuum switches. Reset as required. E. Inspect all wiring, terminals, socket connections for damage.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD Page 3 of 3

Department		Z0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	CTION	C7 0 V	CTON V	CTON	STON OF
his form to be utilized for preventive maintenance record only nd is not to be used as a guide to perform maintenance.	I Mon	2ND INCE	3RD INSECTION	I No.	HINOP	T NO.	֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓
Circle "X" In Column When Service Is Performed)	15	No.	8	/ \$	15	——————————————————————————————————————	/
B. Replace filter element.			X				
C. Lift safety valve lever, check freedom of lift assembly.	X	X	X	X	X	X	
D. Inspect all swing checks on manual system for proper closing and proper function of the manual operator package.	X		x	_	×		EQUI
E. Verify that chamber strainer is clean of lint.	X	X	X	X	×	X	Z M
F. Inspect and clean spray system in chamber.	X	X	X	×	×	X	N.
8. Final Check:	×	×	×	×	×	x	EQUIPMENT: Eagle 2000 Tox To
A. Perform a chamber vacuum leak test utilizing absolute opuge.	-	+	+-	\dagger	\dagger		١
B. Run complete cycle, checking all pressure antemperature settings in each phase of the cycle.	×	×	×	X	4	X	
C. Verify recorded temperature with potentiare.	+	+-	+-	x	┼-	+	10000
D. Replace any covers removed.	×	+	+-	+-	+-	ļ	
E. Police work area to assure repoval wall materials used during inspection	. X	X	×	×	×	X	
							
INSPECTOR: Sign For Each Inspection and Fill In Date:							_
Date	+-	+	+	-	+	+	\exists
Date			工	1	\perp	\bot	7
Date	-		+	+	+		\dashv
Date	+	+	+	-	\dashv	\perp	
Date							

Figure 4-2. SAMPLE PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE RECORD (Sheet 3 of 3).

Monthly

- 1. Place a few drops of heavy machine oil (SAE 20 or 30) on door hinge pin. Work oil into hinge by opening and closing the door several times.
- 2. Clean recorder slide wire and wiper arm with a lens tissue and AMSCO degreaser. Do not spray degreaser directly on slide wire or wiper arm.

Quarterly

- 1. Unscrew the button in center of chamber door wheel (Fig. 8-23, 10) to expose the door post grease fitting (Fig. 8-24, 27). Inject a high temperature grease such as Neptune 7* (Mfgr: Ore-Lube Corp., College Point, N.Y. 11356) or one of equivalent quality into the fitting. Replace button.
- *Also available from your local AMSCO representative ... ask for part P-385220-091.

Door Post Grease Fitting

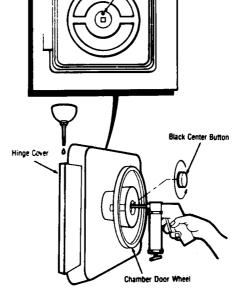


Figure 4-3, LUBRICATING CHAMBER DOOR.

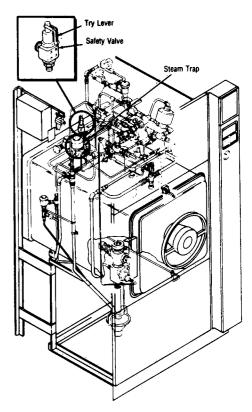
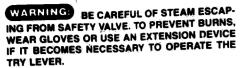


Figure 4-4. LOCATION OF STEAM TRAP AND SAFETY VALVE.

- 2. Check chamber safety valve (Fig. 4-4) as follows:
- a. Be sure sterilizer is cool.
- b. Inspect safety valve for accumulations of rust, scale or other foreign substances which would prevent free operation of the valve. The opening of any discharge piping must be clear and free from restrictions.
- c. Operate try lever several times. The lever should move freely and return to its closed position after each operation.



- d. Turn POWER and CONTROL switches to ON and open STEAM supply valve. Check safety valve for steam leakage. If valve is leaking, operate the try lever several times to see if the leakage stops.
- e. If leakage continues, discontinue operation of sterilizer until a qualified technician replaces the leaky safety valve.

Yearly

Open and inspect the thermostatic steam traps.
 See paragraph 7.5 for disassembly and cleaning instructions.

4.4 PRINTCON MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY CHART

- 1. Perform the following operations at the intervals specified.
 - a. Change ink cartridge 300 cycles.
 - b. Evaluate paper take-up 300 cycles.
 - c. Check calibration 1200 cycles.
 - d. Change battery yearly.
 - e. Set year switches yearly.

4.5 CLEANING

Daily

 Remove chamber drain strainer. Clean out all lint and sediment, then reverse flush strainer under running water.

CAUTION: Never use wire brush or steel wool on door and chamber assembly.

- Wash chamber interior and loading equipment with a mild detergent solution such as Calgonite® (Calgon Corporation).
- Rinse items with tap water and dry with lint-free cloth. Replace strainer.

Monthly

1. Clean gasket sealing surface on chamber door frame(s) with AMSCO Pry Cream (included in Door Frame Cleaning Kit, AMSCO Part P-753377-091). Wipe off Pry Cream with damp cloth.

- 2. Clean the door gasket(s) with alcohol or mild detergent. Do not clean with carbon tetrachloride, kerosene, gasoline or other hydrocarbons.
- Spray sealing surface on door frame(s) with AMSCO Fluorocarbon Spray (also included in Door Frame Kit, see above) to prevent gasket(s) from sticking.
- 4. Open steam (Fig. 8-35,8) and water (Fig.8-33,2) supply line strainers and clean out sediment.

As Necessary

1. Use AMSCO Stainless Steel Cleaner and Polish on all stainless steel exterior surfaces of both the sterilizer and the loading equipment. Apply the cleaner with a damp cloth or sponge, thoroughly wipe off and then polish with a clean, dry cloth. Use AMSCO Pry Cleaner to remove stubborn stains.

CAUTION:

When using AMSCO Stainless
Steel Cleaner and Polish or AMSCO Pry Cleaner,
rub in a back-and-forth motion (in the same direction as the surface grain.) Do not rub with a rotary
or circular motion. Do not use these cleaners on
painted surfaces. Follow directions on containers.

- 2. Use a mild detergent such as AMSCO Sonic Detergent (P-41591-091) to wash non-stainless steel surfaces. Rinse with tap water, using a sponge or damp cloth. Wipe dry with a lint-free cloth.
- 3. Flush chamber drain if drain line becomes clogged or if spillage occurs during a liquids processing cycle.
 - a Remove the chamber drain strainer.
- b. Rinse drain with hot solution of trisodium phosphate (two tablespoons to one quart of tap water).

or

If the use of phosphate is objectionable, use a solution of $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of **AMSCO Sonic Detergent** (P-41591-091) and one quart of hot tap water.

- c. Wait five minutes, then flush drain with one quart of hot tap water.
- d. Replace the strainer after cleaning with trisodium phosphate or AMSCO Sonic Detergent and water solution.

SECTION 5

FIELD TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 GENERAL

Every washer/sterilizer must be tested and inspected according to this procedure. Keep a record of the test on the recorder chart or printout. Each test must meet the standards of material, workmanship, and performance set forth in this procedure. Potentiometer must be used on each test. Refer to Section 7 should mechanical problems arise or adjustments be required.

Upon completion of test, recorder chart or printout is to be attached to the service order form.

5.2 TEST INSTRUMENTATION REQUIRED

- 1. Potentiometer and thermocouple leads.
- 2. Calibrated compound test gauge (30" vacuum and 100 psig).
- 3. Voltmeter or LED test light.
- 4. 1000 ml graduated cylinder.
- 5. Spirit level.

TABLE 5-1. STERILIZER CONNECTIONS

Plumbing Connections	Nominal at Connection Point Pipe Size	Pressure (Dynamic) Range 50 - 80 psig			
Steam Supply	3/8 N.P.T.				
Cold Water	1/2 N.P.T.	20 - 50 psig			
Waste	2 O.D. Funnel	flow capacity			

Electrical Connections	Volts	Frequency	Phase	Amps
Controls	115	60 Hz.	1	5

5.3 CHECK FOR PROPER INSTALLATION

- Assure sterilizer shell is level (front to back) by placing a level on the vertical face of the end ring (at the hinge side). Assure sterilizer shell is level (side to side) by placing a level on the horizontal surface of the end ring. Adjust leveling feet accordingly to achieve level conditions. See Figure 5-1.
- Open door approximately half way. With sterilizer shell level, door will remain in this position. If door swings open or closed, recheck for sterilizer being level.
- Check for proper hook-up to required services i.e., steam, water, and electrical. See table following.

NOTE: Steam and water supply lines should be one size larger than the nominal pipe sizes on the sterilizer.

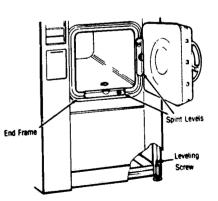


Figure 5-1. LEVELING THE STERILIZER.

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5.4 INSTALLATION OF POTENTIOMETER LEADS

Install potentiometer leads in chamber drain line through chamber drain screen fitting. The thermocouple junction should be in contact with the recorder bulb. Run leads through the door (between door gasket and sterilizer end ring).

5.5 DOOR SWITCH ADJUSTMENT FOR DOOR WITH NEW GASKET

- Using a torque wrench on the steam lock clutch rod, close and lock door to approximately 20 ft-lbs torque. The DOOR UNLOCKED light on primary panel should go out. See Figure 5-2.
- 2. If DOOR UNLOCKED light fails to go out, use the following procedure to adjust the door switch. See Figure 5-3.
- a. Turn microswitch adjusting screw clockwise until switch actuates and DOOR UNLOCKED light on primary panel goes out. Continue to turn microswitch adjusting screw clockwise 1/4 turn.
- b. Open door and reclose it to the same amount of torque used in step (1) to verify door switch actuates and DOOR UNLOCKED light goes out.

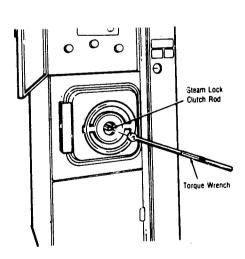


Figure 5-2. LOCKING DOOR TO CORRECT TORQUE.

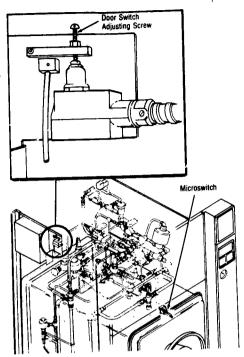


Figure 5-3. DOOR SWITCH ADJUSTMENT.

5.6 SAFETY VALVE TEST (no pressure in chamber)

WARNING: BE CAREFUL OF STEAM ESCAPING FROM SAFETY VALVE. TO PREVENT BURNS, WEAR GLOVES OR USE AN EXTENSION DEVICE WHEN OPERATING THE TRY LEVER.

- Operate try lever checking for freedom of movement.
- Visually observe for indications of previous leakage (rust stains and/or scale formation).

- 5.7 ADJUSTMENT OF PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE FOR STERILIZE CYCLE (UNITS WITH IRC)
- 1. Set exposure time at 3 minutes.
- Close and lock door (DOOR UNLOCKED light will go out).
- 3. Depress STERILIZE cycle button (light will come to full brightness).
- 4. Door lock solenoid SA-1 will de-energize and lock door.
- 5. CONDITION light will come on.
- Exhaust cooling solenoid S-4 (LED-16) will open.
- Steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14) will open.
- 8. Fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) will open.
- After 1 minute 30 seconds the fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) will close.
- 10. Chamber pressure and temperature will rise. Adjust steam pressure regulator to bring chamber temperature to 270° F. TS-1 in the recorder starts the exposure timer. The CONDITION light will go out and the STERILIZE light will come on.
- Adjust steam pressure regulator to raise chamber temperature to 274° F. TS-2 in the recorder will close the steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14).
- 12. When the chamber temperature drops to approximately 270° F, TS-2 will open the steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14).
- 13. During the remainder of the sterilize time TS-2 will cause the steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14) to cycle to maintain chamber at set point $+4^{\circ}$ F. -0° F.
- 14. At the end of the sterilize time, the EXHAUST light will come on, the exhaust cooling solenoid valve S-4 (LED-16) and the fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) will open.
- 15. As the chamber is exhausted, adjust PS-2 to turn on the buzzer, cycle counter, and cycle COMPLETE light at 1-2 psig.
- 16. If the low water sensor (LC-21) senses no water in the chamber, the door lock solenoid (SA-1) will energize and unlock door.

- 17. Opening the chamber door will turn off the buzzer and cycle COMPLETE light. The DOOR UNLOCKED light will come on. Control reset does not occur until 30 seconds after the DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on.
- 18. If at the end of the cycle the door was not opened, the buzzer will sound for 90 seconds. The COMPLETE light will stay on until door is opened.

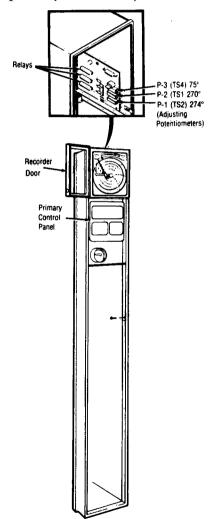


Figure 5-4. CONTROL COLUMN.

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5.8 ADJUSTMENT OF PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES FOR WASH/STERILIZE CYCLE

- Close and lock door (DOOR UNLOCKED light will go out).
- Depress WASH/STERILIZE cycle button (light will come to full brightness).
- 3. Door lock solenoid SA-1 will de-energize and lock the door.

First phase wash/sterilize cycle (SPRAY RINSE)

- 4. WASH light comes on.
- 5. Main water solenoid S-21 (LED-12) will open.
- 6. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) will open.
- 7. Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) will open.
- 8. After 2 minutes ±6 seconds of water spray into chamber, main water solenoid S-21 (LED-12) and chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) close. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) remains open for 15 ±1.5 seconds, then closes.
- A timed pause of 10 seconds will occur before next phase of operation.

Second Phase, Wash/Sterilize Cycle (WASH)

- 10. WASH light will remain on.
- 11. Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) and main water solenoid S-21 (LED-12) open for 30 seconds.
- 12. WATER IN CHAMBER light comes on.
- 13. IJ-21 (LED-22) opens for 15 seconds to inject detergent.

- 14. Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) again opens to fill chamber with water.
- 15. When the high water probe (LC-22) senses water in the chamber, water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) and main water supply solenoid S-21 (LED-12) will close.
- Steam-to-jet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) opens to agitate and heat water.
- 17. When TS-4 (in recorder) senses 75° F, wash timer starts for $8^{1/2}$ minutes.

NOTE: Water temperature must not exceed 140° F. during the .8½ minutes of timed wash.

18. Chamber drain control solenoid S-23 (LED-23) opens and chamber drains until the low water sensor senses there is no water in chamber. WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out:

Third Phase, Wash/Sterilize Cycle (SECOND RINSE)

- Chamber water supply S-25 (LED-21) and main water supply S-21 (LED-12) open for one minute.
- 20. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) remains open.
- 21. WATER IN CHAMBER light will come on. After the one minute, chamber water supply S-25 (LED-21) closes.
- 22. When WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out, steam-to-jet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) opens for 5 seconds.
- 23. Ten seconds after steam-to-jet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) closes, the main water supply solenoid S-21 (LED-12) closes.

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- 24. Twenty seconds after steam-to-jet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) closes, the chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) closes. A timed pause of 10 seconds occurs.
- 25. The WASH light goes out and the CONDITION light comes on.
- 26. This indicates the end of the wash phase and the beginning of the sterilize phase. $\dot{\,}^{\circ}$
- 27. The remainder of the wash/sterilize cycle will be the same as the sterilize cycle (paragraph 5.7 of this procedure).

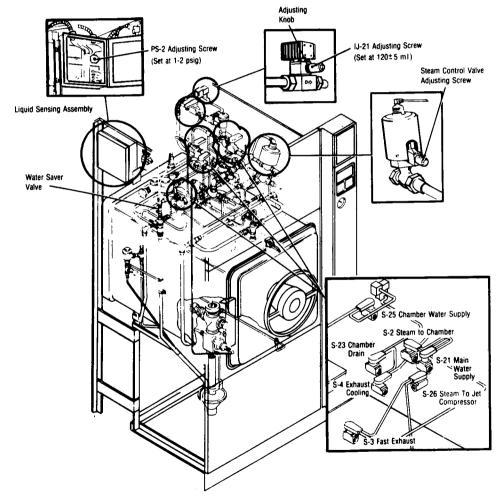


Figure 5-5. LOCATION OF STEAM CONTROL VALVE (PRESSURE REGULATOR), PRESSURE SWITCH PS-2, SOLENOID VALVES, AND DETERGENT INJECTOR IJ-21.

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TABLE 5-3: WASH-STERILIZE CYCLE

5.9 OPERATIONAL CHECKS

TABLE 5-2. STERILIZE CYCLE

This table is to be used as a quick reference in checking the operation of the sterilize cycle. Included are times of the various phases of the cycle, and chamber pressures and temperatures.

Initial Setup:

- 1. Make certain WATER and STEAM supply valves are on.
- 2. Steam pressure regulator should be adjusted to control chamber temperature at 270° F.
- 3. Set STERILIZE TIME to 5 minutes.
- 4. Check panel to assure that DOOR UNLOCKED light is on. On double door units, OPPOSITE DOOR UNLOCKED light must also be illuminated when rear door is opened.
- 5. Close and lock door(s). DOOR UNLOCKED light(s) must be extinguished when door is properly tightened.
- 6. Touch STERILIZE cycle selector. Only minimal pressure should be required to actuate the switch. Cycle status should illuminate CONDITION. Begin timing.

Washer/Sterilizer Phase Condition		Time	Reference: TROUBLE- SHOOTING CHART, Item no.:
Condition (Purge)	a) Solenoid valves S-4 (D-16), * S-2 (D-14), S-3 (D-15) open. After 1½ minutes, S-3 (D-15) closes.	1½ mins.	3.A.
Panel Light: CONDITION	b) Chamber pressure/temperature increases until 270° F is reached.		3.B., 3.C.
Sterilize Panel Light:	Chamber temperature at 270°-274° F. solenoid valve S-2 cycles to maintain pressure/temperature.	3 mins.	3.D., 3.1.
STERILIZE Fast Exhaust	Solenoid valves S-4 (D-16) and S-3 (D-15) open.		5.
Panel Light: EXHAUST			
Complete Penel Light: COMPLETE	Pressure switch PS-2 actuates at 1-2 psig. Solenoid valves S-3, S-4 close. Solenoid valves SA-1 and S-28 open. Buzzer sounds for 90 seconds or until door is opened.	90 secs.	5.A., 5.B., 5.C

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This table is to be used as a quick reference in checking the operation of the Wash/Sterilize cycle. Included are times of the various phases of the cycle, chamber pressures and temperatures.

1. Follow steps for "Initial Setup" of Sterilize Cycle.

2. Initiate a WASH-STERILIZE cycle.

Phase	Washer/Sterilizer Condition	Time	Reference: TROUBLE- SHOOTING CHART, item no.:	
Spray/Rinse	Solenoid valves S-21 (D-12),* S-23 (D-23), and S-25(D-21) open.	2 mins. ±6 secs.	4.A.	
Pause Panel Light: WASH	Solenoid valves S-21 (D-12) and S-25 (D-21) close. S-23 (D-23) remains open for 15 \pm 1.5 seconds, then closes. There is a pause of 10 seconds in the cycle.	25 (±1.5) secs.	4.A .	
Fill	a) S-25 (D-21) and S-21 (D-12) open to begin filling the chamber.	a) 30 secs.	4.A.	
Panel Light:	b) S-25 (D-21) closes. IJ 21 opens to inject detergent.	b) 15 secs.	4.E.	
WASH	c) IJ-21 closes, S-25 (D-21) opens to continue filling chamber.	c) 3 mins. 45 secs. max.	4,A., 4.B.	
Wash Panel Light: WASH	a) High water level reached (LC-22). S-25 (D-21) and S-21 (D-12) close. S-26 (D-18) opens to begin heating and agitating water. b) When chamber water reaches 75° F. wash timer	81/2	4.F.	
	begins.	mins.	4.F.	
Drain Panel Light: WASH	S-23 (D-23) opens, S-26 (D-18) closes.	1 min. 50 secs.		
Second Spray/Rinse Panel Light: WASH	a) Low water level reached (LC-21) S-21 (D-12) and S-25 (D-21) open for one minute. S-25 (D-21) closes and S-26 (D-18) opens for 5 seconds. After S-26 closes S-21 (D-12) remains open for 10 seconds, then closes. After S-21 closes, S-23 (D-23) remains open for 10 seconds, then closes.	1 min. +5 secs. +10 secs. +10 secs. +10 secs.	4.F.	
Condition (Purge)	a) Solenoid valves S-4 (D-16, S-2 (D-14, S-3 (D-15) open.	1½ mins.	3.A.	
Panel Light: CONDITION	b) Chamber pressure/temperature increases until 270° F is reached		3.A., 3.B.	

*LED NO. ON CONTROL BOARD

Continued

TABLE 5-3: WASH-STERILIZE CYCLE

This table is to be used as a quick reference in checking the operation of the Wash/Sterilize cycle. Included are times of the various phases of the cycle, chamber pressures and temperatures.

- 1. Follow steps for "Initial Setup" of Sterilize Cycle
- 2. Initiate a WASH-STERILIZE cycle.

Phase	Washer/Sterilizer Condition	Time	Reference: TROUBLE- SHOOTING CHART, item no.:	
Spray/Rinse Solenoid valves S-21 (D-12),* S-23 (D-23), and S-25(D-21) open. Panel Light: WASH		2 mins. ±6 secs.	4.A.	
Pause Panel Light: WASH	Solenoid valves S-21 (D-12) and S-25 (D-21) close. S-23 (D-23) remains open for 15 = 1.5 seconds, then closes. There is a pause of 10 seconds in the cycle.	25 (±1.5) secs.	4.A.	
Fill	a) S-25 (D-21) and S-21 (D-12) open to begin filling the chamber.	a) 30 secs.	4:A.	
Panel Light:	b) S-25 (D-21) closes. IJ 21 opens to inject detergent.	b) 15 secs.	4.E.	
WASH	c) IJ-21 closes, S-25 (D-21) opens to continue filling chamber.	c) 3 mins. 45 secs. máx.	4.A., 4.B.	
Wash Panel Light:	a) High water level reached (LC-22). S-25 (D-21) and S-21 (D-12) close. S-26 (D-18) opens to begin heating and agitating water.		4.F.	
WASH	 b) When chamber water reaches 75° F. wash timer begins. 	8½ mins.	4.F.	
Drain Panel Light: WASH	S-23 (D-23) opens, S-26 (D-18) closes.	1 min. 50 secs.	4.F.	
Second Spray/Rinse Panel Light: WASH	a) Low water level reached (LC-21) S-21 (D-12) and S-25 (D-21) open for one minute. S-25 (D-21) closes and S-26 (D-18) opens for 5 seconds. After S-26 closes S-21 (D-12) remains open for 10 seconds, then closes. After S-21 closes, S-23 (D-23) remains open for 10 seconds, then closes.	1 min. +5 secs. +10 secs. +10 secs. +10 secs.	4.F.	
Condition (Purge)	a) Solenoid valves S-4 (D-16, S-2 (D-14, S-3 (D-15) open.	1½ mins.	3.A .	
Panel Light: CONDITION	b) Chamber pressure/temperature increases until 270° F is reached		3.A., 3.B.	

*LED NO. ON CONTROL BOARD

Continued

FIELD TEST PROCEDURE (PRINTCON)

5.12 PROCEDURE

- 1. Check for proper installation as per paragraph 5.3.
- 2. Install potentiometer thermocouple lead in metalto-metal contact with the temperature probe (from 1/2" to 1-1/2" of the tip). Run the lead through the door (between the door gasket and end ring).
- 3. Install a calibrated compound pressure gauge at the chamber gauge fitting after disconnecting the chamber gauge. This gauge should have 1/2 psig and 1/2 inch Hg. minimum resolution. Psig full scale should be 50 psig minimum.
- 4. Verify door switch adjustment as per paragraph 5.5.
- 5. Test the safety valve as per paragarph 5.6.
- 6. Open the display overlay door by unfastening the self-tapping screw at the top right of the door. Check the pressure and vacuum rotary BCD switches for the following settings:

PS-2: 02 (1 psig) TS-4: 75 (75 F)

NOTE: Switch TS-4 is labeled VS-4 on the digital display PC board.

Close the display overlay door and replace the screw.

7. Check the service switch on the main Printcon PC board for the following settings. (See Section 7, if necessary, for access instructions):

Temperature — F (#1 OFF) Pressure - English (#2 OFF) Display precision — Extended (#3 ON) Transducer — Strain gauge — (#4 ON) Temperature overdrive - Normal (#5 OFF, #6 and #7 ON)

Check the alternate positions on #1, #2 and #3 for proper digital display.

8. Open control end door. Turn POWER and CONTROL switches ON. All lamps and digits on the

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Printcon display panel will come on for a 3 second lamp test. DOOR UNLOCKED lamp must come on. Pressure display should read 0.0. Temperaure display should read room temperature with a cool chamber.

The following must be printed (with appropriate date, time, temperature, and pressure):

> DOOR OPEN 2:37P 76.0 0.0F POWER ON AT 4-01-82 2:37P 76.0 0.0P

The following must be displayed:

- a. Actual and Flamps ON.
- b. Sterilize time display must match thumbwheel settings. The DOOR OPEN message will be printed as shown above.

Double door units - DOOR UNLOCKED lamp must be on at both ends. Open opposite door, OPPOSIDE DOOR UNLOCKED lamp must come on at both ends.

c. The following primary control panel lamps will be lit:

Status* Cycle Select* Sterilize at half illumination* Wash/sterilize at half illumination* Door unlocked (and OPPOSITE DOOR UN-LOCKED if applicable)* Sterilize time Minutes

*Will also light at rear door if applicable.

Check for abnormalities if any other lamps remain on after pressing the RESET button. If any lamps listed fail to light, check for burned out lamps.

9. Close and lock door(s). Set the sterilize temperature to 270 F. Set sterilize time to 3 minutes. Start a "sterilize" cycle. Now adjust the steam pressure regulator to raise the chamber temperature to 274 F + 1, -0 F. Let the cycle continue to completion. Open the control end door.

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- 10. Try to start both cycles. No cycle should start with the door(s) open.
- 11. Rotate all time setting thumbwheels. The time displayed must match the thumbwheel setting.
- 12. Change the temperature setting by 1 F. The new set point must be displayed for 2 seconds and the SET lamp must be on. Check all temperature thumbwheel digits to insure that the display matches the setting.
- 13. Press the RESET button. The following must be printed (with appropriate time and physical data):

RESET BUTTON * 2:37P 76.0 0.5V

- 14. Set the time and date if not correct. Turn CON-TROL switch OFF and then ON again. If battery is functioning correctly, time and date will be retained.
- 15. Check paper feed switch. Forward position continuously feeds paper through printer. Center position is off. Rear position (away from the operator) runs take up motor until the paper platen is depressed (microswitch activates).
- 16. Check paper take-up mechanism. Feed paper through pinch rollers. Paper must not wander side-toside. Platen microswitch must acivate and shut off take-up motor when the paper is drawn taut. Run at least 20 feet of paper into the take-up mechanism. Paper should feed smoothly and coil up in the coil.
- 17. Check printed record quality. Quality of printout (or top copy) should conform to the examples in this procedure. Check for compressed digits (indicates printer motor speed too slow, or a drag on the paper roll).
- 18. Close and lock door(s). Start any cycle. Immediately abort it with the RESET button. This message must be printed.

ABORT: RESET BUTTON 2:37P 76.1 0.0F 2:37P 76.0 0.0P

19. Start any cycle. Immediately turn the CON-TROL power OFF and then ON again. The POWER ON message must be printed. An intermittent buzzer will sound.

> ------POWER ON AT 4-01-82 2:38P 76.1 0.2V ______

20. Set the sterilize temperature to 295 F. Initiate a STERILIZE cycle. Wait until the timed steam purge is completed and the pressure has risen to the regulator setting and stabilized. The temperature displayed should agree with the potentiometer to within ± 1° F. The pressure displayed should agree with the pressure gauge to within 0.5 psig. If not, adjust potentiometer P3 on the main Printcon PC board until these pressures agree. Then adjust P9 for temperature, if necessary.

Abort the cycle with the RESET button and exhaust the chamber through the manual control. When exhausted to less than 1 psig, open the door and let all vapors escape. With the door open, turn power OFF and then ON again. Restart a 295 F STERILIZE cycle. With the pressure and temperature stabilized as before, the pressure should agree with the gauge to within 0.5 psig. If not, a realignment of the main Printcon PC board is indicated. See Section 7 of this

NOTE: A properly calibrated Printcon control is likely to be more accurate than the measuring devices. Therefore, the measuring devices should be calibrated against NBS (National Bureau of Standards) traceable equipment and the inaccuracies of the measuring devices should be known (via a calibration report sheet).

21. Abort the cycle with the RESET button and exhaust the chamber pressure using the manual control. Disconnect the measuring devices and reconnect the chamber gauge.

NOTE: If the above accuracy results are not obtainable. refer to the "Printcon Calibration Procedure" in Section 7 of this manual.

- 22. Use tables 5-2 and 5-3 to evaluate the "sterilize" and "wash-sterilize" cycles. Compare the printed records against the proper format presented in Section 3 of this manual.
- 23. Check the adjustment of the "Detergent Injector" (IJ-21) as per Section 5.10.
- 24. Evaluate the Manual control system as per Section 5.11.
- 25. Close and lock the door(s). Set STERILIZE time to 5 minutes. Set the temperature thumbwheels to 270 F. Initiate a STERILIZE cycle. After the STERILIZE lamp has come on, shut off the steam supply valve. When the temperature drops to 267.9 F, the following must occur:
 - a. STERILIZE lamp flashes.
 - b. The timer resets.
 - c. The following format is printed:

2:41P 270.0 21.9P 2:41F 264.1 21.9P UNDER TEMP -ALARM: -* 2:41P 267.9 21.9P

 □ Temperature falls 0.1 F under 268 F. These two lines are printed.

 Reopen steam valve. As soon as 270 F is reestablished, the lowest temperature reached during the alarm condition is printed.

NOTE: Component degradation which may not cause an actual control alarm is evidenced by:

- a. Slow charge time to temperature set-point.
- b. Excessive temperature make-ups in the STER
 - c. Excessively rapid or slow EXHAUST TIME.
- d. Calibration inaccuracies in the Printcon control.

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SECTION 6

TROUBLESHOOTING



This section contains detailed information for locating and correcting the cause of washer/sterilizer malfunction.

6.1 HELPFUL HINTS

- Use the operating procedures in Section 2 to verify the trouble symptom. If necessary, use the RESET button and operate washer/sterilizer more than once in case reported problem is being caused by periodic component malfunction.
- 2. Use the cycle graph, Figure 6-1, in order to follow the cycles through the various phases. The cycle graph may also be used to check for correct operation of the solenoid valves which control the various phases.
- 3. Refer to paragraph 6.3 and the TROUBLE-SHOOTING CHARTS (Tables 6-1 and 6-2) after the symptom has been verified.
- 4. Use the operational descriptions (Section 3) and electrical schematics (Section 6) as aids in understanding system operation and how the malfunction of a specific component would affect it.
- 5. Refer to the following guides for example of what to look for and what to do when troubleshooting.

Steam & Water Supplies

- a. Be sure the building-supply valves are fully open.
- b. Be sure the supply pressure is the proper value and that it does not fluctuate. Be sure that gauge readings are accurate.
- c. Be sure the steam supply is of the proper quality and that the steam-supply line is well drained. This will ensure condensate-free steam of between 97 and 100 percent saturated vapor.
- d. Check all valves and adjust, repair or replace as necessary.
 - e. Clean the supply strainers.

- f. Check the drain thermostatic traps; replace the elements if necessary.
 - q. Inspect the entire system; correct all leaks.

Electronic/Electrical System

- a. In general, for any electrical malfunction, first measure or observe the input or output voltage signals as an indicator of the failure. This should isolate the malfunction to:
- Input drives: pressure, temperature, time settings, reset, cycle select.
- Output devices: solenoids, ball valves. relays. panel lamps, etc.
 - System logic circuit boards of the controller.
- b. In case of malfunctioning AC outputs, check the status of the light emitting diodes (LEDs), on the edge of the printed circuit board. If the LED is on and the associated valve is off, the system logic is correct and the malfunction is in the wiring or output device.
- c. If the LED is off, then check the input circuitry. i.e., pressure switches.
- d. All voltages are with respect to AC return and all DC voltages are with respect to DC ground.
- e. Check circuit breakers first when supply voltage does not appear.
- f. Should it become necessary to extract a pin from plugs P16, P23, P25, P40, P42, or P47, proceed as follows.

On the outside surface of the pin, there is a thin piece of metal sprung outward which locks the pin into the housing. Using a sharp-pointed object such as a pin or needle, push the metal spring inward while gently pulling on the appropriate wire. The pin will slide out of the socket. When installing a new pin, first give the metal spring a slight bend outward to assure its locking capacity.

Pins in plugs P1, P2, P5, P10, P11, P48, P53, and P54 seldom need replacement. However, if replacement of pins is necessary, a special pin extraction tool is required. Contact AMSCO Service Co. for details.

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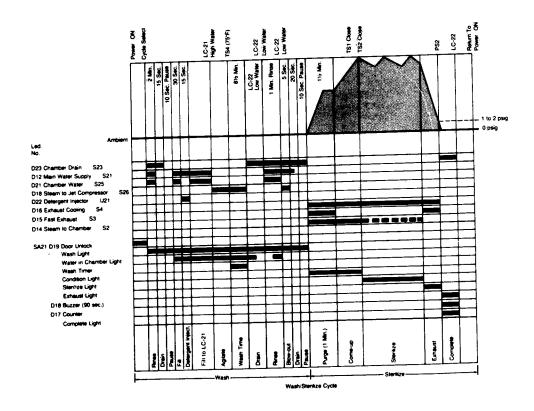
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6.2 HOW TO USE THE CYCLE GRAPH

The cycle graph (Figs. 6-1) is a representation of the operations of the cycles available with the sterilizer. It is intended to be used for two main purposes: (1) as an aid in understanding how the various cycles work; (2) as an aid in troubleshooting. The upper graph is a representation of chamber pressure variation during the separate phases of the cycle. The LEDs (light emitting diodes), located on the printed circuit boards behind the front panel, are identified with the corresponding output

device. When a solenoid valve, for example, is actuated (energized), the LED will be on.

As an aid in troubleshooting, the graph should be used to, first, identify the point in the cycle where a malfunction occurs, and, second, to check the operation of the valves which should be opened (energized) or closed (deenergized) during the phase where the problem occurs. If the malfunction is not in the valves, the TROUBLESHOOTING CHART should be used to check for other possible causes of the problem.



LEDs P.C. Board #1 341 **End View** 0-23 0-27 0-20 0-20 0-19 0-16 0-16 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 LEDs P.C. Board #2 Cycle Counter Cycle Reset Circuit Breaker Board No. 1 Thumb-wheel Switches Control Power Switch Switch SW-1 CB-1 Board No. 2

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Figure 6-1. CYCLE GRAPH

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Figure 6-2. CONTROL DETAILS

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6.3 THE TROUBLESHOOTING CHART — EXPLANATION OF ITS CONTENTS

COLUMN HEADING	EXPLANATION
OPERATIONAL STATUS	Select a symptom from this column that most nearly corresponds with the position to which the sterilizer cycle progressed before the trouble occurred.
TROUBLE	Select the problem you think is most appropriate to the particular trouble symptom. The examples are presented in cycle sequence.
POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	NOTE: If the symptom for a malfunction is established as mechanical, the electrical components may be omitted and vice versa.
· , «	This Column lists the specific conditions that should be checked to isolate and correct the one causing the malfunction. The conditions are presented in the order in which they should be checked.
WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL	Location of applicable instructions and/or illustrations are provided in this area. The illustrations or instructions are identified by figure number, paragraph, or table number.

TABLE 6-1: TROUBLESHOOTING CHART (IRC)

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
Before beginning cycle	1.A. No 120 facility power	Check main power source or check Connect or turn on. NOTE: If facility power will not reset, isolate and repair short between facility power source and sterilizer.	Fig. 8-19, 30
		 Circuit breaker CB-2 (RESET circuit breaker on secondary panel) tripped — push to reset. NOTE: If breaker will not reset, see item 1.B. under TROUBLE in this table. 	Fig. 6-2
		3) Control switch CB-1 (CONTROL switch on secondary panel) tripped — reset to ON. NOTE: If switch will not remain on, see item 1.C. in this table.	Fig. 6-2
		Power switch SW-1 (POWER switch on secondary panel) off or defective — turn on; with facility power removed, check switch with ohmmeter and replace if necessary.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 7
		Defective line filter (PF-1) — check and replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-42, 16

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
1. Continued	Circuit breaker CB-2 (reset circuit breaker on secondary panel) will not reset	Short circuit. With CB-1 off, try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, see next step below, 1.B.2. If CB-2 does not reset, replace CB-2.	Fig. 8-16, 9
		2) With CB-1 off, disconnect J1 from controller. Turn CB-1 on and try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, see step 1.B.5. If CB-2 does not reset, see next step, 1.B.3. Replace P1. Be sure to reconnect J1 to controller.	Fig. 6-2
		3) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 1 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace PC board 1. If CB-2 does not reset, see next step, 1.B.4.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 6-15, 8
		4) With CB-2 off, disconnect P5 from power supply. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace power supply. If CB-2 does not reset, isolate and repair short between P5 and CB-1.	Fig. 6-2
		5) With CB-2 off, disconnect P1 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, isolate and repair short between P1 and a solenoid valve, the counter, or the buzzer. If CB-2 does not reset, see next step 1.B.6.	Fig. 6-2
		6) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 1 from the controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace PC board 1. If CB-2 does not reset, reinstall PC board 1, and see next step. 1.B.7.	Fig. 8-15.
		7) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 2 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets replace board 2. If CB-2 does not reset, replace controller power supply.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15. Fig. 8-13.
	1.C. Control switch CB-1 will not set to ON or trips off frequently	1) Control switch CB-1 defective. With CB-1 off, disconnect connector P5 from power supply. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-cannot be positioned on, replace CB-1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see 1.C.2. below and reconnect P5 with CB-1 off.	

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
1. Continued		Short circuit on 5 VDC buss, defective power supply, or power supply out of adjustment.	Fig. 8-13, 3
		a) With CB-1 off, disconnect PC boards 1 and 2 and disconnect connector P3 from controller. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace or adjust power supply. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step. 1.C.2b.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-13, 3
		b) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 1. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2c.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		c) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 2. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 2. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2d.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		d) With CB-1 off, reconnect P3 to controller. Disconnect P16 from primary panel. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, isolate and repair short between P3 pin 27 and other wire in the same harness. If CB-1 can be positioned on, replace primary panel.	Fig. 8-9, 8
		Ambient temperature in area of control housing too high. Increase ventilation.	
Before beginning cycle:	2.A. Primary Panel remains completely dark	Loss of all power — see TROUBLE item 1A for checks and remedies.	
POWER & CONTROL switches on		P5 on control power supply disconnected or pins loosely connected — check and reconnect.	Fig. 6-2
		P16 disconnected or loosely connected — reconnect	Fig. 8-9, 8
		Control power supply defective — check for 5 VDC and 28 VDC and replace power supply if necessary.	Fig. 8-13, 3
		5) Disconnect P16 from primary panel. Check 28 VDC between pins 27 and 7. Check 5 VDC between pins 16 and 7. If voltages check good, replace primary panel. If voltages are not present, repair P16 wire harness.	Fig. 8-9, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued	2.B. Primary panel remains dark except for timer numbers	1) Loss of 28 VDC. Check 28 VDC power supply output. CAUTION: If output is not present, make short circuit test between pins 6 and 2 of receptacle J10 on Mother Board before connecting new power supply. If short circuit is found it must be isolated and repaired prior to connecting new supply.	Fig. 8-15, 11
		Open circuit. Disconnect P16 from primary panel and check 28 VDC between pins 27 and 7. If voltage check good, replace primary panel. If voltage is not present, repair A6 wire harness.	Fig. 8-9, 8
	2.C. One or more legends on primary panel fail to light	Lamp burned out. Check with ohmmeter, and replace if necessary.	Fig. 7-6 Fig. 8-9, 8
		2a) Logic card defective. Check voltage across lamp socket. If it is 28 VDC, replace primary panel. If it is zero, see step below. 2.C.2b.	Fig. 8-9, 8
		2b) Reinstall lamp and check VDC from lamp socket to DC ground. If it is zero, replace primary panel. If it is 28 VDC, see step below, 2.C.2c.	Fig. 8-9, 8
		2c) Disconnect P3 from controller. Check VDC between J3. pin 28 and pin applicable for malfunctioning lamp. If it is zero, replace primary panel. If it is 28 VDC, see step below, 2.C.3.	
		 Disconnect P16 from primary panel and check continuity between P16 and P3, P4, P7 on pins applicable for malfunctioning lamp. If okay, replace primary panel. Otherwise isolate and repair open in cable. 	Fig. 8-9, 8
	2.D. One or more legends on primary panel lit when should be off	Control system did not reset — push cycle RESET pushbutton. NOTE: If system does not reset see TROUBLE symptom 2.F below.	Fig. 6-2
		Logic card defective. Disconnect P3 from controller. If light goes out, replace primary panel. If light remains on, see next step, 2.D.3.	Fig. 8-9, 8
		3) Short circuit. Isolate and repair short in either wire harness or primary panel. Disconnect P16 from primary panel as required. Replace primary panel if necessary.	Fig. 8-9, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued	2.E. Incorrect timer display.	See Timer Display Checkout and Correction Charts, paragraph 6.4, following this Troubleshooting Chart.	,
	2.F. Unable to reset system	1) Open circuit. Disconnect P4 from controller and make continuity check between pins 8 and 1 with RESET (CB-2) button pressed and released. If continuity is present with switch actuated, replace controller PC board 1. If continuity is not present, see next step, 2.F.2.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		2) Make continuity check across contacts of RESET switch. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open in P4 wire harness. If continuity is not present, replace switch.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 9
	2.G. Unable to select cycle	No DOOR LOCKED signal. a) Adjust or replace door lock switch as required. Check that interlock relay CR-3 is energized.	Fig. 8-19, 18
		b) Disconnect P2 from controller and check continuity between Pins J and A. If continuity is present, replace controller PC board 1. If continuity is not present, see next step. 2.G.1c.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		c) Check continuity across contacts of Relay CR-3. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open in P2 wire harness. If continuity is not present, replace relay.	Fig. 8-19, 18
		2) Controller PC board 1 defective. Disconnect P3 from controller and check continuity between pin applicable to specific switch and Pin A while pressing switch. If continuity is present, replace controller PC board 1. If continuity is not present, see next step, 2.G.3.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15. 8
		3) Cycle select switch defective or open wire. Disconnect P16 from primary panel and check continuity between J16 pin applicable to specific switch and pin 7 while pressing switch. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open P3 wire harness. If continuity is not present,	Fig. 8-9, 8
		replace primary panel. 4) Pressure Switch (PS-2) sensing greater than 1 PSIG pressure or out of adjustment. a) Adjust or replace Pressure Switch PS-2. b) Check continuity of wire 113 to Plug 2 (P2) Pin B. If continuity is there, replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-20

TABLE 6.1 CONTINUE	
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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued	2.H. Door does not lock at start of	Tension spring is broken or loose replace or adjust as necessary.	Fig. 8-19, 23
	cycle.	Door lock mechanism is wedged unlocked — free door lock mechanism or replace as necessary.	Fig. 8-26
		Door lock solenoid SA-21 (D-19) is not deenergizing.	Fig. 8-22, 12
		 a) Check LED D-19 on PC board 2 — should be off. Replace board if light is on. 	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		b) Disconnect P-1 from control assembly. If door locks, replace PC board 2. If door remains unlocked, short in wiring must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	2.1. Steam enters a chamber while door is open	Manual operating valve improperly adjusted or malfunctioning — tum valve to OFF; adjust, repair, or replace manual control assembly.	Fig. 2-2
		2) Steam-to-chamber solenoid valve (S-2) not operating correctly (should be closed) — check valve for leak replace if necessary; check D14 LED on PC board 1, replace board if LED on.	Fig. 8-28, 4 Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
	2.J. Pulsating buzzer and "Water in Chamber" light flashing	Upper Water level probe sensing	
		a) Clear obstruction in 5./8 OD tube from probe to drain, press "Reset."	Fig. 8-31
		b) Insure tip of probe is properly connected into tee.	Fig. 8-37
		c) Insure "O" ring within probe body not deteriorated.	P 8-75
		2) Control circuit malfunction	
		a) Disconnect Wire 24 from "H" terminal on P21 module in "Liquid Sensing" box, press "Reset." If problem clears, isolate and repair short to earth ground in conduit cable from probe. If problem does not clear, proceed to next step. (Reconnect wire.)	Fig. 8-20
		b) With power off , disconnect Wire 21 from NC1 terminal of P21 module and jumper to C1 terminal (Wire 117, DC common). Turn power on, If problem clears, replace P21 module. If problem does not clear, check continuity of Wire 21 to Plug 2 (P2). Pin D. If continuity is there, replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-20

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	PUSSIBLE CAUSE	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. During sterilize phase	3.A. Steam does not enter chamber in	Steam-to-chamber valve (S-2) not operating correctly (should be open).	Fig. 7-9
of cycle	sterilize phase	a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-28, 4
		b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		c) Check LED D-14 on PC board 1 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
i		d) If b and c OK, replace complete control assembly.	Fig. 8-15
	3.B. Chamber pressure does not rise during	Fast exhaust valve (S-3) not closed or leaking.	Fig. 7-9
	sterilize phase	a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-29,13
		b) Check LED D15 on PC board 1. If light is on, replace board.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		c) Disconnect P1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace PC board 1. If valve remains open, recheck valve, or clear short in wiring to valve.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		Steam-to-chamber valve (S-2) not open or sticking — See 3.A., above.	Fig. 7-9
		Steam pressure regulator valve incorrectly set or malfunctioning.	Fig. 7-9
		a) Reset to 30 ±1 psig.	Para. 7.9
	3.C. Chamber temperature does not rise to recorder setting	b) Replace valve.	Fig. 8-39
		Setting on steam pressure regulator valve incorrect — see 3.B.3., above.	Fig. 7-9
		Steam-to-chamber valve (S-2) not open or sticking — see 3.A., above.	Fig. 7-9
		3) Fast exhaust valve (S-3) not closed of leaking — see 3.B.1., above.	r Fig. 7-9



TABLE 6-1: CONTINUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. Continued		4) Chamber drain line or strainer plugged — clean line or strainer.	Para. 4.3
		5) Chamber traps, T-11 or T-21, not operating correctly — replace trap element and seat.	Fig. 8-41 Para. 7.5
		Chamber drain valve (CV-21) not operating correctly.	Fig. 8-27
		a) Check that chamber drain solenoid valve S-23 is closed and not leaking — repair or replace valve.	Fig. 7-9 Para. 7.4
		 b) Check LED D-23 on PC board 2. If light is on, replace board. If light is off, replace board or replace complete control assembly. 	Fig. 6-2 Para. 7.12
		c) Disconnect P1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace board. If valve remains open, short in wiring to valve must be cleared.	
		d) Check line filter upstream of IJ-22 — clean or replace.	Fig. 8-33, 2 Para. 7.6
		e) Check manual valve M-22 — repair or replace.	Fig. 8-40 Para. 7.10
		f) Check IJ-22 orifice — clean.	
•		 Check valve CK-11 is leaking through filter ST-12 — check CK-11 for leaking. replace if necessary. 	Para. 7.7
	3.D. Chamber pressure and temperature drop	Steam supply pressure erratic check voltage	
	during a cycle.	Chamber traps, T-11 or T-21, not operating correctly — replace trap element and seat.	Fig. 8-41
		3) Fast exhaust valve (S-3) not closed or leaking — see 3.B.1., above.	Fig. 7-9

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TABLE 6-1: CONTINUED

TABLE 6-1: CONTINUED			
OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. Continued	Steam blows out around door during sterilize phase	Check door gasket — replace.	Fig. 8-25, 1 Para. 7.3
	3.F. Excessive steam in area during cycle.	Strainer in cold water line clogged — clean.	Fig. 8-33, 2
		Water saver valve in exhaust cooling line not set correctly — increase flow if necessary.	Fig. 7-9
		CAUTION: If safety valve is found to be defective, do not attempt to repair. Replace with new valve.	
		Safety valve popping or bleeding — check for source of excessive pressure.	Fig. 8-31, 1
		Leaking steam valve — check valves and piping for leaks, repair.	Fig. 8-35, 22
		 Cooling water valve (S-4) not operating correctly (should be open during purge, sterilize and exhaust). 	Fig. 7-9
	\ 	a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-29, 3
		b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	Fig. 8-45
		 c) Check LED D-16 on PC board 1 — should be on during exhaust and dry. Replace board if light not on. 	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		d) 5b and 5c ok — replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-15
	3.G. Steam and/or condensate leaking around door lock clutch rod	Steam lock diaphragm cracked or diaphragm gasket faulty — replace diaphragm or gasket.	Fig. 8-24, 5 Para. 7.3
	3.H. Safety valve pops or bleeds excessively	Steam regulator valve improperly adjusted or malfunctioning — adjust, repair, or replace valve.	Fig. 8-39 Para. 7.9
		Safety valve defective — replace.	Fig. 8-35, 22

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TABLE 6-1: CONTINUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE		WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. Continued	3.1. Pressure too high, temperature too low during sterilize phase	Air trapped in chamber because of clogged strainer or drains — clean strainer inside chamber, flush and clean drain line and traps.	Para. 4.3
4. During wash phase of cycle	4.A. Chamber fill time too long during wash phase	Water strainer plugged — clean or replace strainer. Water supply pressure low — correct pressure to 20-50 psig.	Fig. 8-33, 2
		Defective main water supply valve (S-21) or water-to-chamber (S-25) valve — repair or replace.	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-33, 23 Fig. 8-34, 5
	4.B. Low-water level or high-water level probe is inoperative	1) P21 or P22 is inoperative — check for correct operation to liquid level and replace if defective. See step 2.J. above. 2) Short in electrical line from probe to	Fig. 8-37, 11 Fig. 8-38, 20
		control P21 or P22 — correct. 3) Short at level probe — replace probe and probe housing.	
		4) Barrier resistors open — check resistors for $20 \mathrm{K}\Omega$ and replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-20, 18
	4.C. Water leaking from water spray nozzles	Main-water supply solenoid valve (S-21) not operating correctly (should be closed).	Fig. 7-9
		a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-23, 23
		b) Check LED D-12 on PC gloard 1 = should be off. Replace board if light in the	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 5-15, 8
		c) Disconnect P1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace PC board 1, or replace complete control assembly. If valve remains open, short in wiring to valve must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued	Steam leaking from air/steam nozzles at bottom of chamber.	Steam-to-jet compressors solenoid valve (S-26) not operating correctly (should be closed).	Fig. 7-9
		a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-28, 12
		b) Check LED D-18 on PC board 2 — should be off. Replace board if light is on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		c) Disconnect P1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace PC board 2, or replace complete control assembly. If valve remains open, short in wiring to valve must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	4.E. Insufficient detergent dispensed	Check detergent supply — replace or fill.	
	during wash cycle	Check that injector is not plugged — unplug or replace.	Fig. 8-34, 10
		Check that detergent injector tubing is not pinched or kinked — free or replace.	
		Detergent injector solenoid (IJ-21) not operating correctly (should be open).	Fig. 7-9
		a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-34, 1
		 b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace. 	}
		c) Check LED D-22 on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		d) If b and c OK, replace PC board 2.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		 Chamber water solenoid valve (S-25) not closing during detergent injection — repair or replace. 	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-34, 5
	4.F. Wash phase of cycle too long	Temperature switch TS-4 incorrectly calibrated or faulty — reset or replace.	Para. 5.7
		Steam supply valve S-26 not heating water.	Fig. 7-9

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE		WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued		a) Check steam line strainer.	Fig. 8-35, 8
4. 00		b) Check steam pressure regulator.	Fig. 8-39
) i !	c) Check, repair, or replace S-26 solenoid valve.	Fig. 8-28, 12
	4.G. Temperature and	1) Premature chamber fill.	
	pressure too high.	a) Steam trap T-11 defective (should be open).	
		b) Obstruction in T-11 trap discharge line.	
5. At end of cycle	5.A. Cycle fails to reach COMPLETE after exhaust completed, or signals	Pressure switch PS-2 or out of adjustment — reset to 1-2 psig or replace.	Para. 5.8
	COMPLETE too soon.	Open or shorted wire — disconnect P2 from controller and check continuity of pressure switch circuits.	Fig. 6-2
		Printed circuit board defective — check for correct signal and replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-15, 8
	5.P. Buzzer does not sound when COM-	Buzzer defective — check voltage across buzzer, replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-16, 1
	PLETE light is on	 Open wire — disconnect P1 from control and check continuity between pin W and J6 3 or 4. Isolate and repair. 	Fig. 6-2
		3) PC board 1 defective — check D18 LED on board: replace board 1 if LED does not come on at end of cycle.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15,
	5.C. Door does not unlock at end of cycle	Door unlock solenoid SA-21 (D-19) defective — repair or replace.	Fig. 8-22,
		Door unlock cable loose or broken — adjust or replace.	Fig. 8-26,
	· ·	Door unlock solenoid SA-21 not operating correctly (should be on).	Fig. 8-22,
	·	a) Check wiring to solenoid — repair or replace.	

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TABLE 6-1: CONTINUED			
OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
5. Continued		b) Check LED D-19 on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if light not on. If D-19 is on, replace board or complete control assembly	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		c) If a and b are OK, replace complete control assembly.	Fig. 8-15
	5.D. Excessive steam when door is opened or excessive effort needed to unlock door when buzzer sounds	Pressure switch PS-2 out of adjustment or defective — reset PS-2 to 1-2 psig or replace.	Para. 5.8
	5.E. Water in chamber at end of cycle	Chamber drain valve CV-21 or S-23 not operating correctly (should be open).	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-38, 17
		a) Repair or replace valve. b) Check wiring to valves — repair or	Fig. 8-38, 4 Fig. 8-38, 17
		replace. c) Check LED D-23 (solenoid valve S-23) on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		2) IJ-22 not operating correctly — clean IJ-22 orifice, or replace.	Fig. 8-38, 7
		Filter upstream of IJ-22 plugged — clean or replace.	Fig. 8-33, 2
		Water level probe not operating correctly — see 4.B. above.	
	·	5) Drains plugged or slow — remove chamber drain screen and clean thoroughly Mix three tablespoons trisodium phosphate (tech. grade) in one pint water. Pour into chamber drain. Let sit and then rinse with cold water.	Para. 4.3

TABLE	6-1;	CONTINUED
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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
5. Continued		6) Chamber steam trap does not open — replace trap element. 7) Steam supply not "dry" — correct.	Fig. 8-41
	5.G. Cycle counter fails to update on cycle complete	Counter defective — check voltage across counter and replace, if necessary. Open wire — disconnect P1 from	Fig. 8-16, 16
	,	control and check continuity between pin P and J6, 3 or 4. Isolate and repair open.	, i g . 5 5
		PC board 1 defective — check D-17 LED on board: replace board if LED does not come on at end of cycle.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
6. Miscellaneous	A. Continuous sounding buzzer whenever machine is turned on	1) Excessive current leakage from triac — install buzzer resistor kit (P-764316- 608) which includes a 3000 Ohm resistor (units before 1981). 2) Defective PC board 1. Replace.	Fig. 8-16, 10
		2) Delective PC board 1. Replace.	

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TABLE 6-2: TROUBLESHOOTING CHART (PRINTCON)

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
Before begin- ning cycle	A. No 120 facility power primary panel and digital display completely blank	Check main power source or check 120 VAC between TB1 terminals 1 and 2 — connect or turn on. NOTE : If facility power will not reset, isolate and repair short between facility power source and sterilizer.	Fig. 8-19, 30
		2) Circuit breaker CB-2 (RESET circuit breaker on secondary panel) tripped — push to reset. NOTE: If breaker will not reset, see item 1. B under TROUBLE in this table.	Fig. 6-2
		115 volt fuse in power supply (F402) blown — check.	Fig. 7-25
		4) Power switch SW-1 (POWER switch on secondary panel) off or defective — turn on; with facility power removed, check switch with ohmmeter and replace if necessary.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 7
		Defective line filter (PF-1) — check and replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-58, 16
	·	5a) Check 120 VAC between filter contacts Load 1 and Line 2 with CB-2 tripped. Replace filter if necessary.	Fig. 8-58, 16
		5b) Check zero VAC between filter contacts Load 2 and Line 2 with CB-2 energized. Replace filter if necessary.	Fig. 8-58, 16
	1.B. Circuit breaker CB-2 (reset circuit breaker on secondary panel) will not	1) Short circuit. With CB-1 off, try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, see next step below, 1.B.2. If CB-2 does not reset, replace CB-2.	Fig. 8-16. 9
	reset	2) With CB-1 off, disconnect P1 from the controller. Turn CB-1 to on. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, see step 1.B.5. If CB-2 does not reset, see step, 1.B.3. Be sure to reconnect P1 to the controller.	Fig. 6-2
		3) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 1 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace PC board 1, If CB-2 does not reset, see next step. 1.B.4.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15. 8
		4) With CB-2 off, disconnect P5 from power supply. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace power supply. If CB-2 does not reset, isolate and repair short between P5 and CB-1.	Fig. 6-2

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
1. Continued		5) With CB-2 off, disconnect P1 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, isolate and repair short between P1 and a solenoid valve, the counter, or the buzzer. If CB-2 does not reset, see next step, 1.B.6.	Fig. 6-2
	# ·	6) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 1 from the controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace PC board 1. If CB-2 does not reset, reinstall PC board 1, and see next step, 1.B.7.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		7) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 2 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace board 2. If CB-2 does not reset, replace controller power supply.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9 Fig. 8-49, 3
	Control switch CB-1 will not set to ON or trips frequently	1) Control switch CB-1 defective. With CB-1 off, disconnect connector P5 from power supply. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace CB-1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see 1.C.2 below, and reconnect P5 with CB-1 off.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 6
		2) Short circuit on 5 VDC bus, or defective power supply.	Fig. 8-49, 3
		2a) With CB-1 off, disconnect PC boards 1 and 2 and disconnect connector P3 from controller. Disconnect Plugs P45 and P48 from the main Printcon PC board. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace power supply. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2b.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		2b) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 1. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2c.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 3
		2c) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 2. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 2. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2d.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	·	2d) With CB-1 off, reconnect P3 to controller. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, isolate and repair short between P3 pin 27 and other wire in the same harness, or replace primary panel as required. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step.	Fig. 8-45, 8

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OPERÁTIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
1. Continued		5) With CB-2 off, disconnect P1 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, isolate and repair short between P1 and a solenoid valve, the counter, or the buzzer. If CB-2 does not reset, see next step, 1.B.6.	Fig. 6-2
		6) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 1 from the controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace PC board 1. If CB-2 does not reset, reinstall PC board 1, and see next step, 1.B.7.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		7) With CB-2 off, remove PC board 2 from controller. Try to reset CB-2. If CB-2 resets, replace board 2. If CB-2 does not reset, replace controller power supply.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9 Fig. 8-49, 3
	1.C. Control switch CB-1 will not set to ON or trips frequently	1) Control switch CB-1 defective. With CB-1 off, disconnect connector P5 from power supply. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace CB-1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see 1.C.2 below, and reconnect P5 with CB-1 off.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 6
		Short circuit on 5 VDC bus, or defective power supply.	Fig. 8-49, 3
		2a) With CB-1 off, disconnect PC boards 1 and 2 and disconnect connector P3 from controller. Disconnect Plugs P45 and P48 from the main Printcon PC board. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace power supply. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2b.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		2b) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 1. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 1. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2c.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		2c) With CB-1 off, reconnect PC board 2. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, replace PC board 2. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step, 1.C.2d.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	·	2d) With CB-1 off, reconnect P3 to controller. Try to position CB-1 on. If CB-1 cannot be positioned on, isolate and repair short between P3 pin 27 and other wire in the same harness, or replace primary panel as required. If CB-1 can be positioned on, see next step.	Fig. 8-45, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
Continued		3) Defective power supply. Replace.	Fig. 8-49, 3
	Printcon display is dark, and Printcon buzzer sounds	1) J45 connector on display PC board disconnected or loosely connected — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 3 & 11
	2.D. One or more legends on primary panel fail to light	Lamp burned out. Check with ohmmeter, and replace if necessary.	Fig. 7-6 Fig. 8-45, 8
		2a) Primary panel logic card defective. Check voltage across lamp socket. If it is 28 VDC, replace primary panel. If it is zero, see step below, 2.D.2b.	Fig. 8-45, 8
		2b) Reinstall lämp and check voltage from lamp socket to DC ground. If it is zero, replace primary panel. If it is 28 VDC, see step below, 2.D.2c.	Fig. 8-45, 8
		2c) Disconnect P3 from controller. Check for voltage between J3. pin 28 and pin applicable malfunctioning lamp. If it is zero, replace primary panel. If it is 28 VDC, see step below, 2.D.3.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-45, 8
		3) Disconnect P16 from primary panel and check continuity between P16 and P3, P4, P7, on pins applicable for malfunctioning lamp. If okay, replace primary panel. Otherwise isolate and repair open in cable.	Fig. 8-50
	2.E. One or more legends on primary panel lit when should be off	Control system did not reset — push cycle RESET pushbutton. NOTE: If system does not reset, see TROUBLE symptom 2.M below.	Fig. 6-2
		Primary panel logic card defective. Disconnect P3 from controller. If light goes out, replace primary panel. If light remains on, see next step, 2.E.3.	Fig. 8-45, 8
		Short circuit. Isolate and repair short in either wire harness or primary panel. Disconnect P16 from primary panel as required. Replace primary panel if necessary.	Fig. 8-45, 8 Fig. 8-50

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued	2.F. Missing segment of digital LED on digital display panel on when power is turned on.	Burned out, Replace display PC board.	Fig. 8-46, 11
	2.G. Digital display is blank, printer is inoperative, and cycle will not run.	P48 unplugged from main Printcon PC board — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 3
	2.H. Incorrect timer display (sterilize)	See Timer Display Checkout and Correction Charts following this Troubleshooting Chart.	Para, 6.4
	2.1. Temperature display does not match thumb- wheel switch when	Temperature thumbwheel(s) shorted or open, or series diode open or shorted. See Temperature Thumbwheel checkout.	Para. 6.5
	changed.	2) Component failure on display PC board.	Fig. 8-46, 11
	2.J. Buzzer sounds and set temperature is continuously displayed	J52/P52 connector on the display PC board disconnected or loosely connected — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 11
	2.K. ALARM: TEMP SENSOR printed when power is turned on	1) Temperature probe or cable shorted — unplug P47 from jack on main Printcon PC board. Measure resistance between pins 13 and 31 on the plug. At 70-80 F, resistance should be 115-120 ohms. If okay, see 2.K.1a below.	Fig. 8-55, 2
		Temperature probe or cable open. See K.1 above.	Fig. 8-55, 2 Note 2, Table 6-2
		Component failure on main Printcon PC board — replace.	Fig. 8-46, 3
		3a) Extreme misalignment of main Printcon PC board — check alignment.	Para. 7.21
	2.L. ALARM: PRES SENSOR printed when power is turned on	Pressure sensor or cable shorted.	Fig. 8-55, 5

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued		Pressure sensor or cable open.	Fig. 8-55, 5
2. Continued		P47 unplugged from main Printcon PC board — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 3
,r.		4) Component failure on main Printcon PC board — replace.	Fig. 8-46, 3
		Extreme misalignment of main Printcon PC board — check alignment.	Para. 7.21
,	2.M. Unable to reset system	1) Open circuit. Disconnect P4 from controller and make continuity check between pins 8 and 1 with RESET button pressed and released. If continuity is present with switch actuated, replace controller PC board 1. If continuity is not present, see next step. 2.M.2.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		Make continuity check across contacts of RESET switch. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open in P4 wire harness. If continuity is not present, replace switch.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-16, 9
	2.N. Unable to select cycle	1) No DOCR LOCKED signal.	
		1a) Adjust or replace door lock switch as required. Check that interlock relay CR3 is	Fig. 8-19, 18 Fig. 8-42
		energized. 1b) Disconnect P2 from controller and check continuity between pin J and DC ground. If continuity is present, replace controller PC board 1. If continuity is not present, see next step, 2.N.1c.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		1c) Check continuity across contacts of relay CR3. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open in P2 wire harness. If continuity is not present, replace relay.	Fig 8-42

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued		2) Cycle select switch defective or open wire. Disconnect P16 from primary panel and check continuity between J16 pin applicable to specific switch and pin 7 while pressing switch. If continuity is present, isolate and repair open P3 wire harness or replace PC board 1 as required. If continuity is not oresent, replace primary panel. 3) Pressure Switch (PS-2) sensing greater than 1 PSIG pressure or out of adjustment. a) Adjust or replace Pressure Switch PS-2. b) Check continuity of wire 113 to Plug 2 (P2) Pin B. If continuity is there, replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-9, 8
	2.O. Cycle will not run. "RESET" not printed out.	P40 unplugged from main Printcon PC board — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 3
	2.P. Door does not lock at start of cycle	Tension spring is broken or loose — replace or adjust as necessary.	Fig. 8-19, 23
		Door lock mechanism is wedged unlocked free door lock mechanism or replace as necessary.	Fig. 8-26
		Door lock solenoid SA-21 (D-19) is not deenergizing.	Fig. 8-22, 12
		3a) Check LED D-19 on PC board 2 — should be off. Replace board if light is on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		3b) Disconnect J1 from control assembly. If door locks, replace PC board 2. If door remains unlocked, short in wiring must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	2.Q. Steam enters chamber while door is open	Manual operating valve improperly adjusted or malfunctioning — turn valve to OFF: adjust, repair, or replace manual control valve.	Fig. 2-2
		2) Steam-to-chamber solenoid valve (S-2) not operating correctly (should be closed) — check valve for leak, replace if necessary: check LED D-14 on PC board 1, replace board if LED on.	Fig. 8-28, 4 Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
	2.R. "ERROR 1" message is printed when power is	A/D converter failure on main Printcon PC board.	Fig. 8-46, 3
	turned on	1a) F3, -12 VDC fuse is open in power supply — check fuse continuity and replace if necessary. If fuse is ok, see 2.R.1b.	Fig. 7-25
		1b) Component failure on main Printcon PC board — replace board.	Fig. 8-46, 3 Para, 7,17

TABL	E 6-2	CONT	NUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
2. Continued	2.S. "ERROR 2" message is disprayed momentarily on each attempt to print.	1) Printer status signal lost. 1a) F2, +18 volt fuse open in power supply — check fuse for continuity and replace if necessary. If fuse is ok, see 2.S.1b.	Fig. 7-25
		1b) J42 printer connector unplugged or poor contact — check connector on both ends for proper contact and solid connections. If ok, see 2.5.1c.	Fig. 8-46, 3 Fig. 8-47, 23
		1c) Printer detective — replace.	Para. 7.15
		Printer motor speed too slow. Adjust potentiometer P10 on the main Printcon PC board for maximum speed.	Fig. 7-26
		Drag on paper roll or paper improperly loaded.	Para. 7.15
	2.T Pulsating buzzer and "Water in Chamber" light flashing	Upper Water level probe sensing Clear obstruction in 5/8 OD tube from probe to drain, press "Reset."	Fig. 8-31
		b) Insure tip of probe is properly connected into tee.	Fig. 8-37
		c) Insure "O" ring within probe body not deteriorated. 2) Control circuit malfunction	P 8-75
		a) Disconnect Wire 24 from "H" terminal on P21 module in "Liquid Sensing" box, press "Reset." If problem clears, isolate and repair short to earth ground in conduit cable from probe. If problem does not clear, proceed to next step. (Reconnect wire.)	Fig. 8-20
		b) With power off, disconnect Wire 21 from NC1 terminal of P21 module and jumper to C1 terminal (Wire 117, DC common). Turn power on. If problem clears, replace P21 module. If problem does not clear, check continuity of Wire 21 to Plug 2 (P2), Pin D. If continuity is there, replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-20
3. During wash phase of cycle	3.A. Chamber fill time too long during wash phase	Water strainer plugged — clean or replace strainer.	Fig. 8-33, 2
		Water supply pressure low — correct pressure to 20-50 psig.	
		Defective main water supply valve (S-21) or water-to-chamber (S-25) valve — repair or replace.	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-33, 23 Fig. 8-34, 5
	3.B. Low-water level or high-water level probe is inoperative.	P21 or P22 is inoperative — check for correct operation to liquid level and replace if defective.	Fig. 8-37, 11 Fig. 8-38, 20
		Short or open in electrical line from probe to control P21 or P22 — correct.	Fig. 8-57

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. Continued		Short at level probe — replace probe and probe housing.	Schematics
		Barrier resistors open — check resistors for 20 kilohm and replace if necessary.	`Fig. 8-20, 18
	3.C. Water leaking from water spray nozzles	Main water supply solenoid valve (S-21) not operating correctly (should be closed).	Fig. 7-9
	,,,	1a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-23, 23
		1b) Check LED D-12 on PC board 1 — should be off. Replace board if light is on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		Disconnect J1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace PC board 1. If valve remains open, short in wiring to valve must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
	3.D. Steam leaking from air/steam nozzles at bottom of chamber.	Steam-to-jet compressors solenoid valve (S-26) not operating correctly (should be closed).	Fig. 7-9
		1a) Répair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-28, 12
		1b) Check LED D-18 on PC board 2 — should be off. Replace board if light is on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		Disconnect J1 from control assembly. If valve-closes, replace PC board 2. If valve remains open, short in wiring to valve must be cleared.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
	3.E. Insufficient detergent	Check detergent supply — replace or fill.	
	dispensed during wash cycle	Check that injector is not plugged — unplug or replace.	Fig. 8-34, 13
		Check that detergent injector tubing is not pinched or kinked — free or replace.	
		Detergent injector solenoid (IJ-21) not operating correctly (should be open) or out of adjustment — adjust.	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 5-5
		4a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-34, 13
		4b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		4c) Check LED D-22 on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		4d) If b and c okay, replace PC board 2.	Fig. 6-2
		Chamber water solenoid valve (S-25) not closing during detergent injection — repair or replace.	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-34, 5

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
3. Continued	3.F. Wash phase of cycle too long	Temperature switch TS-4 (VS-4) on display PC board incorrectly set — should be 75.	Fig. 8-46, 11 Fig. 7-20
		2) Steam supply valve S-26 not heating water.	Fig. 7-9
		2a) Check steam line strainer.	Fig. 8-35, 8
		2b) Check steam pressure regulator.	Fig. 8-39
		2c) Check, repair, or replace S-26 solenoid	Fig. 8-28, 12
		Loss of continuity in wire #27 or plugs — check continuity.	Schematics
		4) TS-4 (VS-4) output drive failure on main Printcon PC board — Turn power off. Extract pin 10 of plug 40. Reinstall plug 40. Reinitiate cycle. If cycle advances, rèplace main. Printcon PC board. If not ok, replace control board 1.	Fig. 8-46, 3- Para. 7.17
	3.G. Cannot achieve sterilize phase	Loss of continuity in wire #28 or plugs — check continuity.	Schematics
		Sterilize temperature thumbwheel setting too high for pressure regulator — reset temperature thumbwheels or adjust regulator.	Sect. 2
	3.H. Temperature and	Premature chamber fill.	
	pressure too high.	a) Steam trap T-11 defective (should oe open).	
		b) Obstruction in T-11 trap dis- charge line.	
4. During sterilize phase of cycle	4.A. Steam does not enter chamber in sterilize phase	Steam-to-chamber solenoid valve (S-2) not operating correctly (should be open).	Fig. 7-9
•		1a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-28, 4
		1b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		1c) Check LED D-14 on PC board 1 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		1d) 1b and 1c ok — replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-15, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued	4.B. Chamber pressure	1) Fast exhaust valve (S-3) not closed or	Fig. 7-9
	does not rise during sterilize phase	leaking. 1a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-29, 13
		1b) Check LED D-15 on PC board 1. If light is on, replace board.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		Disconnect J1 from control assembly. If valve closes, replace PC board 1, if valve remains open, recheck valve, or clear short in wiring to valve.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		Steam-to-chamber valve (S-2) not open or sticking — see 4.A., above.	Fig. 7-9
		Steam pressure regulator valve incorrectly set or malfunctioning.	Fig. 7-9
		3a) Reset to 30 ±1 psig.	Para. 7.9
	4.C. Chamber temperature does not rise to Printcon temperature thumbwheel	3b) Replace valve.	Fig. 8-39
		Inadequate temperature in chamber — possible causes and corrections are as follows:	
setting, proper lead message printed.		1a) Pressure regulator out of adjustment (set too low) — adjust pressure regulator for 33 ±1 psig in chamber during sterilize phase.	Para. 5.7 Fig. 8-39
		1b) Chamber drain line or strainer plugged — clean line or strainer.	Fig. 8-56
		Chamber drain line trap not operating correctly — replace trap element and seat.	Fig. 8-27, 6
	1d) Fast exhaust valve (S3) not operating correctly. Repair or replace valve — check manual operation. Check LED D-15 — if on, replace control PC board 1.	Fig. 7-9	
		1e) Loss of continuity in wire #28 (TS-1).	Schematics
		1f) TS-1 output drive failure on main Printcon PC board. Should switch from 5 VDC to zero VDC when setting on thumbwheels is achieved.	Fig. 3-7 Fig. 8-46, 3

TABLE 6-2: CONTINUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued		1g) TS-1 input failure on Eagle CPU PC board — see step 4.C.1e and 4.C.1f before replacing.	Fig. 8-15, 8
		1h) Temperature circuitry on main Printcon PC board out of calibration — check.	Para. 7.21
		1i) Faulty temperature probe — replace.	Fig. 8-55, 2
		Steam-to-chamber solenoid valve (S-2) not operating correctly.	Fig. 7-9
		2a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-28, 4
		2b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		2c) Check LED D-14 on control PC board 1 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2. Fig. 8-15, 8
		2d) 2b and 2c ok — replace control PC board 1.	Fig. 8-15 , 8
	4.D. Chamber temperature does not rise to Printcon setting, no lead message is printed.	Component failure on main Printcon PC board — replace.	Fig. 8-46, 3 Para. 7.17
	4.E. Chamber pressure and temperature drop	Steam supply pressure erratic — check steam supply.	
	during cycle	Chamber traps (T-11 or T-12) not operating correctly — replace trap element and seat.	Fig. 8-41
		3) Fast exhaust valve (S-3) not operating correctly (should be closed). Repair or replace valve — check manual operation. Check LED D-15 — if on, replace PC board 1.	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-15, 8
		4) Loss of continuity in wire #29 — check for continuity to DC common. If present, repair short in harness. If not present, see step 4.E.5 below.	Schematics
		5) TS-2 output drive shorted on main Printcon PC board — Turn power off. Extract pin 4 of plug 40. Reinstall plug 40 and restore power to sterilizer. Reinitiate cycle. If temperature control is ok, replace main Printcon PC board. If not ok, replace Eagle control board 1.	Fig. 8-46, 3 Fig. 8-15, 8

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OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued	4.F Steam blows out around door during sterilize phase	Door gasket worn or defective — replace.	Fig. 8-25, 1 Para. 7.3
	4.G. Excessive steam in	Strainer in cold water line clogged — clean.	Fig, 8-33, 2
	area during cycle	Water saver valve in exhaust cooling line not set correctly — increase flow if necessary.	Fiġ. 7-9
		CAUTION: If safety valve is found to be defective, do not attempt to repair. Replace with new valve.	
		Safety valve popping or bleeding — check for source of excessive pressure.	Fig. 8-31, 1
		4) Leaking steam valve — check valves and piping for leaks, repair.	Fig. 8-35, 22
		 Cooling water valve (S-4) not operating correctly (should be open during purge, sterilize and exhaust. 	Fig. 7-9
		5a) Repair or replace valve.	Fig. 8-29, 3
		5b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		5c) Check LED D-16 on PC board 1 — should be on during exhaust. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
		5d) 5b and 5c ok — replaçe PC board 1.	Fig. 8-15
	4.H. Steam and or condensate leaking around door lock clutch rod	Steam lock diaphragm cracked or diaphragm gasket faulty — replace diaphragm or gasket.	Fig. 8-24, 5 Para. 7.9
	4.I. Safety valve pops or bleeds excessively	Pressure regulator valve improperly adjusted or malfunctioning — adjust, repair, or replace valve.	Fig. 8-39 Para. 7.9
		2) Safety valve defective — replace.	Fig. 8-35, 22

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
4. Continued	4.J. Pressure too high, temperature too low during sterilize phase	Air trapped in chamber because of clogged strainer or drains — clean strainer inside chamber, flush and clean drain line and traps.	Para. 4.3
		2) Chamber trap defective — replace element.	Fig. 8-41
		Improper loading technique or equipment.	
	4.K. Cycle stuck in exhaust phase	PS-2 on display panel set incorrectly — should be 2.	Fig. 8-46, 12 Para. 7.16
		2) PS-2 output drive failure on main Printcon PC board. Wire #113 should be at 5 VDC until pressure is below 1 psi, should drop to 0 VDC at 1 psi and below. Extract wire #113 from plug 2, pin 3 and check.	Fig. 3-7 Schematics
		3) PS-2 input failure on Eagle CPU PC board. Replace if 4.K.2. is ok.	Fig. 8-15, 8
5. At end of cycle	5.A. Cycle fails to reach COMPLETE after exhaust completed, or signals	PS-2 on display panel set incorrectly — should be 2.	Fig. 7-20
	COMPLETE too soon	2) Open or shorted wire — see step 4.K.2.	
		Pressure circuitry on main Printcon PC board out of calibration — check.	Para. 7.21
	5.B. Buzzer does not sound when COMPLETE light	Buzzer defective — check voltage across buzzer, replace if necessary.	Fig. 8-16, 10
	is on	Open wire — disconnect P1 from control and check continuity between pin W and J6 3 or 4. Isolate and repair.	Fig. 6-2
		PC board defective — check LED D-18 on board; replace PC board if LED does not come on at end of cycle.	Fig. 6-2
	5.C. Door does not unlock at end of cycle	1) Door unlock solenoid SA-21 (D-19) defective — repair or replace.	Fig. 8-54, 12
		Door unlock cable loose or broken — adjust or replace.	Fig. 8-26, 8



OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
5. Continued		Door unlock solenoid SA-21 not operating correctly (should be on).	Fig. 8-54, 12
	•	3a) Check wiring to solenoid — repair or replace.	
		3b) Check LED D-19 on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if light not on. If D-19 is on, replace board.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		3c) Internal thermal overload in door lock solenoid has opened. Replace solenoid. If problem persists, the ambient air temperature surrounding the machine is too hot. Correct by improving air flow in area.	
	5.D. Excessive steam when door is opened or	PS-2 setting incorrect (set too high) — should be 2.	Fig. 7-20
	excessive effort needed to unlock door when buzzer sounds	Pressure circuitry on main Printoon PC board out of calibration — check.	Para. 7.21
		3) Excess water in chamber — see 5.E.	
	5.E. Water in chamber or door channel at end of	Chamber drain valve (CV-21 or S-23) not operating correctly (should be open).	Fig. 7-9 Fig. 8-38, 17
	cycle	1a) Repair or replace valve.	
		1b) Check wiring to valve — repair or replace.	
		1c) Check LED D-23 on PC board 2 — should be on. Replace board if light not on.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 9
		1d) 1b and 1c ok — replace PC board 1.	Fig. 8-15
		IJ-22 not operating correctly — clean IJ-22 orifice or replace.	Fig. 8-38, 7
		Filter upstream of IJ-22 plugged — clean or replace.	Fig. 8-33, 2
		Chamber floor not pitched toward drain see leveling procedure.	Para. 5.3

TABLE 6-2: CONTINUE	n

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
5. Continued		5) Drains plugged or slow — remove chamber drain screen and clean thoroughly. Mix three tablespoons trisodium phosphate (tech. grade) in one pint water. Pour into chamber drain. Let sit and then rinse with cold water.	Para. 4.3
		Chamber steam trap does not open — replace trap element.	Fig. 8-4
		7) Steam not "dry" — check steam quality.	
		8) Drain line check valve defective — replace.	Fig. 8-32. 4
		Water level probe not operating correctly — see step 3.B.	Fig. 8-56
	5.F. Cycle counter fails to update on cycle complete	Counter defective — check voltage across counter and replace, if necessary.	Fig. 8-16, 17
		Open wire — disconnect P1 from control and check continuity between pin P and J6 3 or 4, Isolate and repair open.	Fig. 6-2
		PC board 1 defective — check LED D-17 on board; replace board if LED does not come on at end of cycle.	Fig. 6-2 Fig. 8-15, 8
6. Miscellaneous	6.A. Continuous sounding buzzer whenever machine is turned on	Excessive current leakage from triac — replace PC.board 1.	Fig. 8-16. 10 Fig. 8-15. 8
	6.B. Pressure displayed is	1) Faulty chamber pressure gauge — replace.	Fig. 8-6, 27
	more than +2 PSI different than chamber gauge	Pressure circuitry on main Printcon PC board out of alignment — check.	Para. 7:21
		3) Faulty sensor — replace.	
	6.C. Two or more adjacent columns on printed record are blank	Printer hammer coil(s) open or shorted — replace printer.	Fig. 7-19 Para. 7.15
•	6.D. Illegible printed record	1) See 2.S.2 and 2.S.3.	
		Binding of mechanical linkage in printer — replace printer.	Para. 7.15 Fig. 8-47, 22

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Add. 6/82

6-32 B-1

Add. 6/82

B-2

Eagle Series

TABLE 6-2: CONTINUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
6. Continued	6.E. Paper is advanced but is entirely blank	1) Printer coil connector is unplugged from P20/J20 connector — reconnect. 2) Loss of continuity in Wire 312 (to J42 Pin 7). 3) Failure on main Printcon PC board. Replace.	Fig. 8-47. 23
	6.F. Time or date not displayed	J51/P51 connector unplugged from display panel overlay — reconnect.	Fig. 8-46, 16
	6.G. Continuous display of time or date	Time or date display pushbutton on display panel shorted — replace.	Fig. 8-46, 16 Para. 7.16
	6.H. Automatic advance of display when time or date pressed.	Forward switch on display panel shorted — replace panel.	Fig. 8-46, 16 Para. 7.16
	6.1. Automatic reverse of display when time or date pressed.	Reverse switch on display panel shorted — replace panel.	Fig. 8-46, 16 Para. 7.16
	6.J. Cannot advance time or date.	Forward switch on display panel open — replace panel.	Fig. 8-46, 16 Para. 7.16
	6.K. Cannot reverse time or date.	Reverse switch on display panel open — replace panel.	Fig. 8-46, 16 Para. 7.16
	6.L. Paper will not be taken up	Paper advance toggle switch in wrong position — check.	
		2) Take-up motor fuse blown (1/32 amp).	
		Paper advance toggle switch failure — replace toggle switch.	Fig. 7-19 Para. 7.15
		Platen switch failure (closed) — replace platen switch.	Fig. 7-19 Fig. 8-48, 14
		5) Take-up motor open or shorted — replace motor.	Fig. 8-47, 12 Para. 7.15
	6.M. Pinch rollers run continuously.	Platen switch failure (open) — replace platen switch.	Fig. 7-19 Fig. 8-48, 14
		2) Take up mechanism jammed.	
	6.N.Continuous paper feed	Paper advance toggle awitch is in "paper advance" position — turn off paper advance.	Fig. 7-19
		Paper advance toggle switch failure — replace switch.	Fig. 7-19 Fig. 8-47, 28

Eagle Series

TABLE 6-2: CONTINUED

OPERATIONAL STATUS	TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND/OR CORRECTION	WHERE TO FIND ITEMS IN MANUAL
6. Continued	6.O. Display and printout show incorrect date	1) Year switch incorrectly set — check setting. 2) Year switch failure on main Printcon PC board — replace board.	Fig. 7-24 Fig. 8-46, 3 Para. 7.17
	6.P. Temperature indication is incorrect, pressure is correct	1) Calibration misalignment or component failure on main Printcon PC board — recalibrate or replace board. 2) Faulty temperature sensor — replace sensor. See Note 1 below.	Fig. 8-46, 3 Para. 7.21 Para. 7.17 Fig. 8-55, 2
	6.Q. "ALARM: PRES SENSOR" is printed and intermittent buzzer sounds	Switch #4 on the service switch (on the main Printcon PC board) is in the OFF position — set to ON.	Para. 7.19 Fig. 7-22 & 7-23
	6.R. Pressure and temperature readings are non-linear (i.e., accurate at some points but not at others.)	P2, gain adjustment setting is incorrect — adjust P2. P1, converter reference setting is incorrect — adjust P1.	Fig. 7-26 Fig. 7-26

NOTE 1: Use these formulas to calculate temperature probe (RTD) resistance at a given temperature.

a) For temperature in Celsius: Probe resistance (ohms) = 100 + 0.385 x temperature.

b) For temperature in Fahrenheit: Probe resistance (ohms) = 100 + 0.214 x (temperature-32).

NOTE 2: The Table below shows the response of the strain gauge pressure transducer (in mVDC) to any given chamber pressure (in psia).

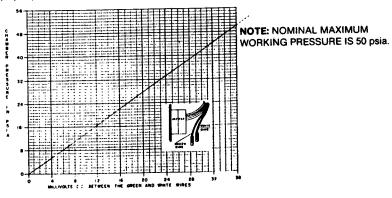


TABLE 6-3. STRAIN GAUGE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER RESPONSE.



6.4 TIMER DISPLAY CHECKOUT AND CORRECTION CHARTS

- Between cycles the primary panel timer displays can be checked by rotating the appropriate thumbwheel switches on the secondary panel. Before beginning the checkouts below, first push the RESET button to assure that the incorrect timer display is not caused by failure to reset the control system.
- 2. If part of a number fails to illuminate, rotate the appropriate thumbwheel switch and verify the segment failure. Correct by replacing the primary panel.

NOTE: Jump pin 38 of P4 to DC common at common terminal of pressure switch PS-2 (Wire 117). FS-2 is located in the "Liquid Sensing" box.

3. If an **entire number** fails to illuminate, disconnect P4 from controller. Check for proper functioning of each display segment by following this procedure: Carefully jump, one at a time, the P4 connector pins (as listed in Table 6-4) to ground (TB2 terminals 3, 4, or 5. as applicable). Compare the segments actually illuminated with the pattern which should be indicated (pattern A, B, C, or D). If the pattern actually illuminated differs from the pattern illustrated, perform a continuity check of the wire. If the wire is good, then the primary panel must be replaced.

TABLE 6-4: TEST PATTERNS — STERILIZE TIME THUMBWHEEL SWITCHES.

P4 Connector Pin	"STERILIZE" DISPLAY, 10's digit. (IC2), should indicate pattern:	"STERILIZE" DISPLAY, unit's digit (IC2), should indicate pattern:
26 27 28 29	A B C D	
30 31 32 33		A B C D

TEST PATTERNS FOR CORRECTLY FUNCTIONING DIGITAL DISPLAYS









Eagle Series

4. If an **entire number** fails to illuminate, check for correct functioning of the thumbwheel switches by following this procedure: Disconnect P3 and P4 from the controller. Make the following continuity check across the thumbwheel switches, according to the switch

settings indicated in Table 6-5. Place the negative lead on P4-2. If the continuity is bad, replace the appropriate thumbwheel switch and/or repair the open circuit in the wire harness. If the continuity check is good, replace controller Board 1.

TABLE 6-5: CONTINUITY CHECK — STERILIZE TIME THUMBWHEEL SWITCHES.

STERILIZE TIME THUMBWHEEL				
Switch Setting	Continuity Path to P4-2 From Pins			
01	P3-1			
02	P3-2			
03	P3-1 and P3-2			
04	P3-3			
05	P3-1 and P3-3			
06	P3-2 and P3-3			
07	P3-1, P3-2 and P3-3			
08	P3-4			
. 09	P3-1 and P3-4			
10	P4-9			
20	P4-10			
30	P4-9 and P4-10			
40	P4-11			
50	P4-9 and P4-11			
.60	P4-10 and P4-11			
70	P4-9, P4-10 and P4-11			
80	P4-12			
90	P4-9 and P4-12			
00	NONE			

6.5 TEMPERATURE THUMBWHEEL CHECKOUT

- 1. Turn power off. Open display panel overlay. Unplug temperature thumbwheel ribbon cable from display PC board at jack J52 (lower left, display board). Refer to Tables 6-6 and 6-7 during the checkout.
- 2. Check for open diodes and switch closures. Use the black lead of the digital multimeter on the appropriate switch "common". Rotate one switch at a time and check for proper continuity* through that switch and diode.
- 3. Check all four switch leads (8, 4, 2, 1) at each switch position (0, 1 . . . 9).
- 4. Check for diode shorts by placing red lead of meter on "common" terminal and repeating above. No continuity should be found curing this portion of test in any switch position.

Figure 6-3. TEMPERATURE THUMBWHEEL SWITCHES: Wiring.

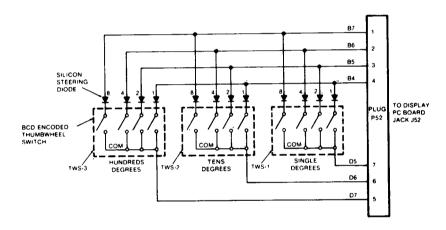


TABLE 6-6: SWITCH CHECKOUT CHART

Setting	Continuity To Appropriate Common From These Wires*		
0	None		
1	B4		
2	85		
3	B4 and B5		
4	B6		
5	B6 and B4		
6	86 and 85		
7	B6, B5 and B4		
8	87		
9	B7 and B4		

TABLE 6-7: COMMONS

D7
D6
D5

TABLE 6-8: SCHEMATIC REFERENCE LIST

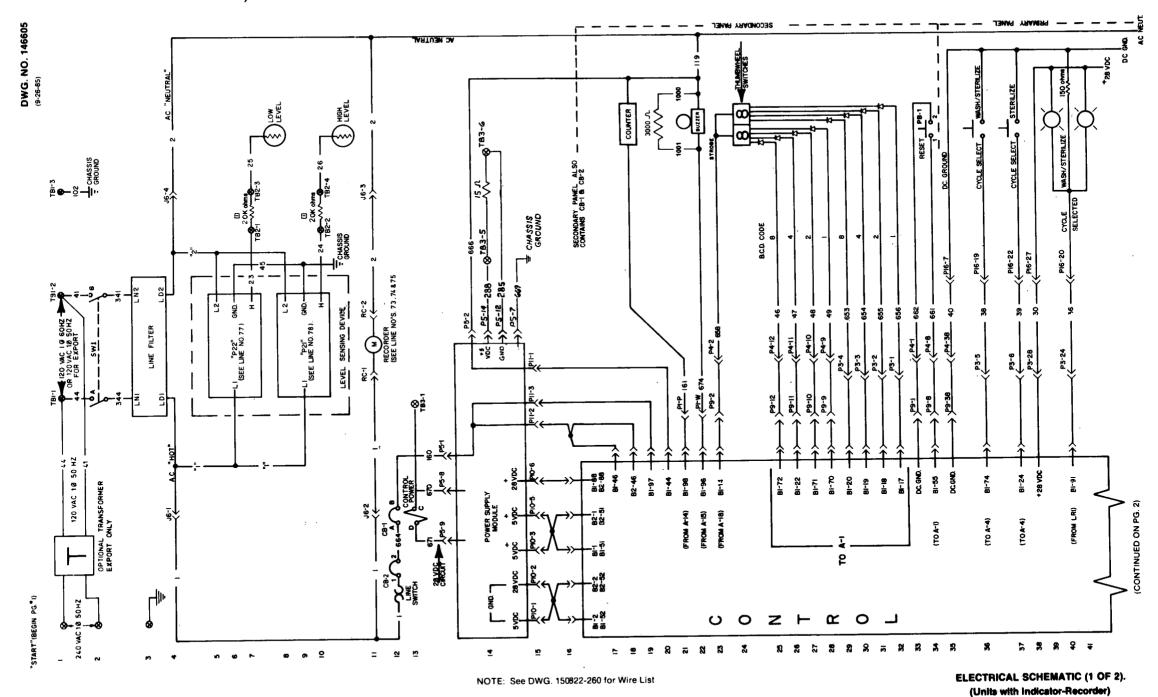
The following drawings have been grouped together for convenience. They are:

Title	Sheet	Reference
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: Washer/Sterilizer (IRC)	1 of 2 2 of 2	146605
PIPING SCHEMATIC: Washer/Sterilizer (IRC)	1 of 1	_
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: Washer/Sterilizer (Printcon)	1 of 2 2 of 2	146649-044
PIPING SCHEMATIC: Washer/Sterilizer (Printcon)	1.of 1	_
MASTER WIRE LIST: (IRC)	1 of 1	150822-260
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Basic	1 of 2 2 of 2	146586
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Expander	1 of 2 2 of 2	146588
PC ASSEMBLY: Power Supply (IRC)	1 of 2 2 of 2	1465 99
PC ASSEMBLY: Power Supply (Printcon)	1 of 2 2 of 2	146633-051
MAIN PRINTCON PC BOARD	1 of 4 2 of 4 3 of 4 4 of 4	146651-001
PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY PC BOARD	1 of 2 2 of 2	146633-081
TEMPERATURE CONTROL SCHEMATIC	1 of 1	764315-334
WARRICK LEVEL CONTROL	1 of 1	136729-001
PRIMARY P. NEL SCHEMATIC	1 of 2 2 of 2	136640 -001

^{*}Proper continuity will be 1000 ohms or less using the 10 k ohm full scale setting.

^{&#}x27;Circuit to all other wires must be open.

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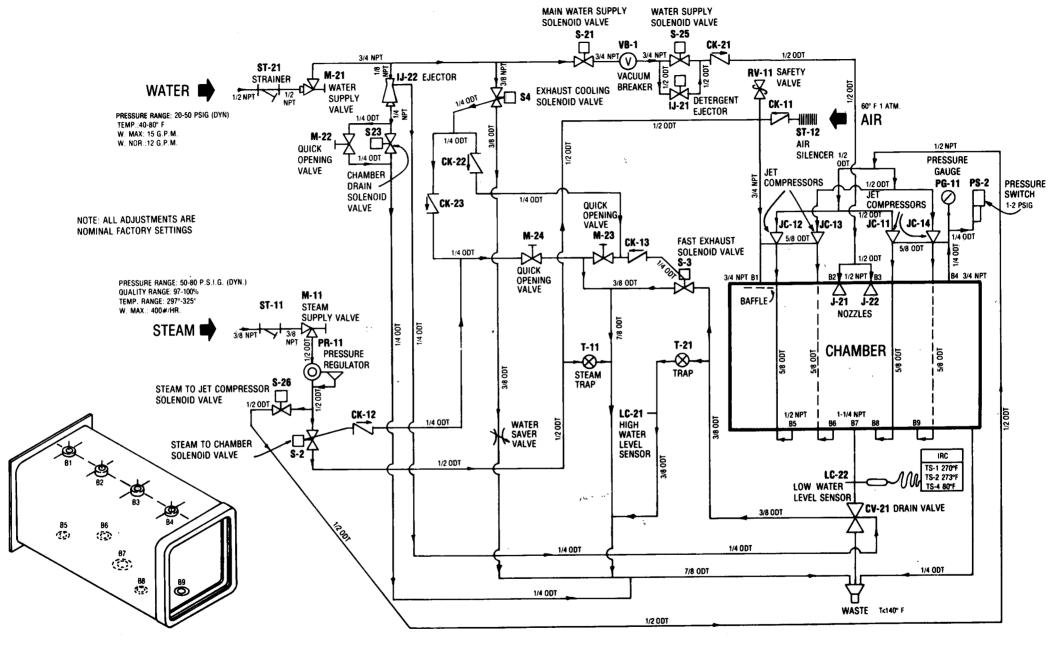
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 \mathbf{C}

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC (2 OF 2). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

4 2 1

8 5

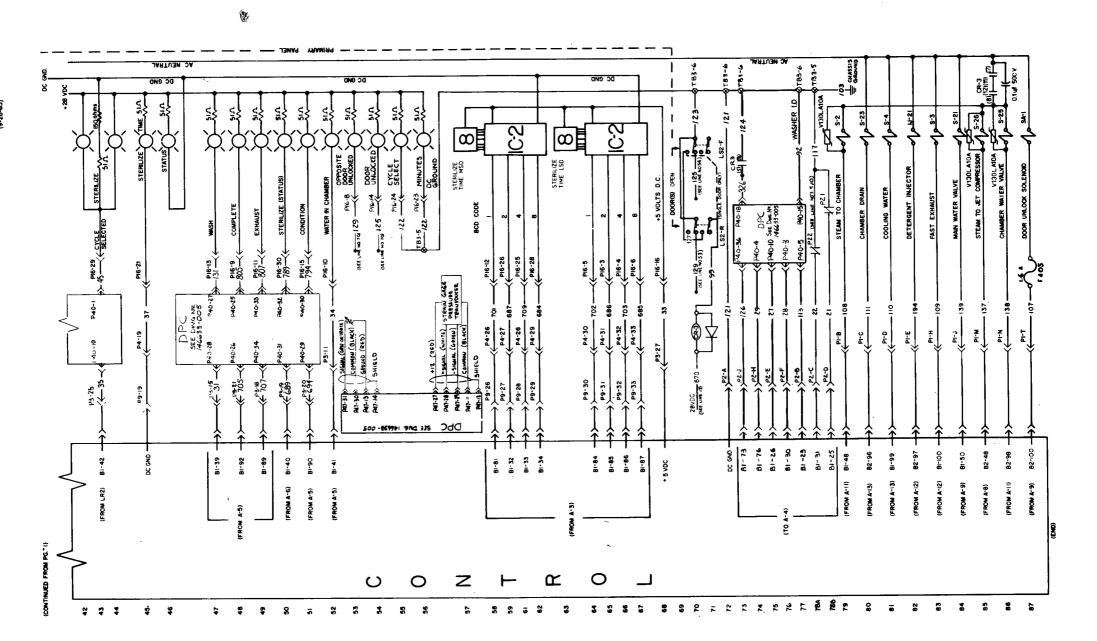


PIPING SCHEMATIC.
(Units with Indicator-Recorder)

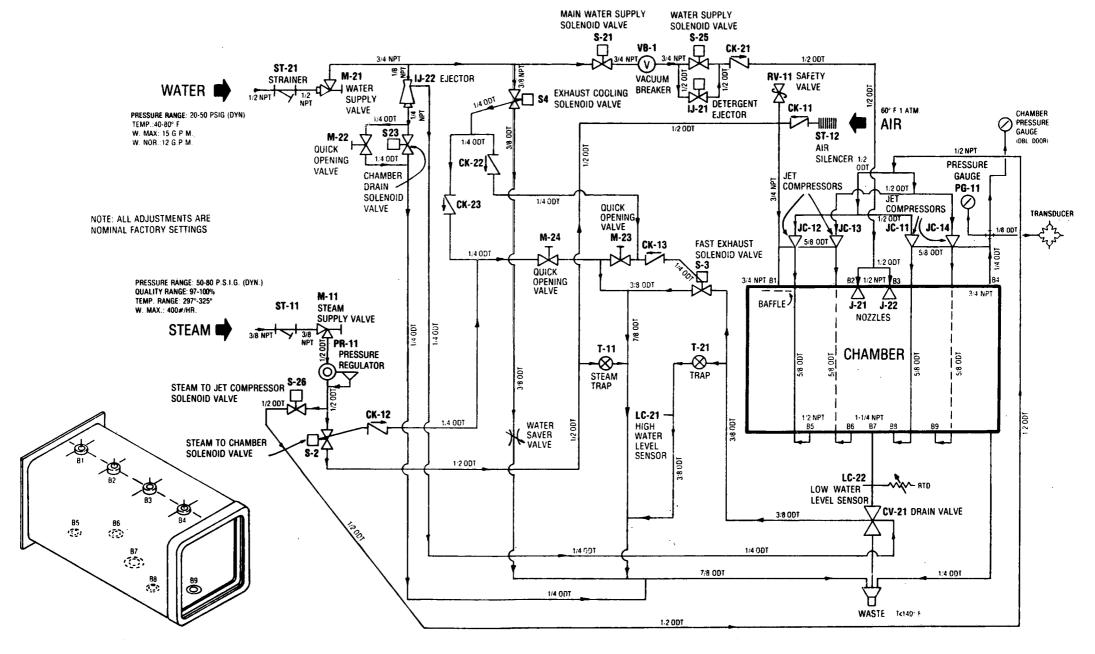
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ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC (1 OF 2) (Units with Printcon)

Rev. 2/86



ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC (2 OF 2) (Units with Printcon)



PIPING SCHEMATIC. (Units with Printcon)

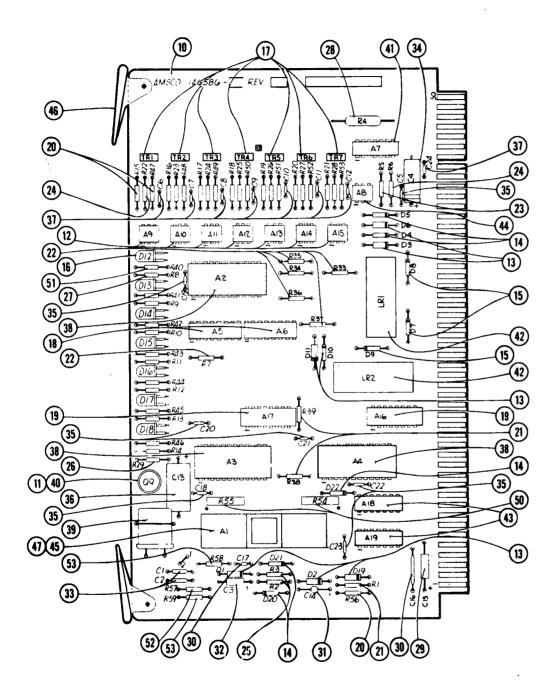
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WIRE NO.	COLOR	FROM	CONNECTION	10	CONNECTION METHOD	REMARKS
1	BLK	LD-1/FILTE		P21-L1/LSD	RING TERM	
		P21-L1/LSD		P22-L1/LSD		
h;†		P22-L1/L5D		J6-1	PIN-MALE	
;	В	P6-1	PIN-FEMALE	CB2-1	QUICK-CONN	
 	*	CB2-1	QUICK-CONN	P6-2	PIN-FEMALE	
-		J6-2	PIN-MALE	RC-1	PIN-MALE	
1		CR3-7/W WA	RING TERM	SA-1	OUICK-CONN	
2	WHITE	SA-1		WIRE WAY	SPLICE-CONN	
2			SPLICE-CONN	S-3		
2		WIRE WAY	SPLICE-COMM	WIRE WAY		
2				S-21		
2	<u>"</u>	WIRE WAY S-21		5-4		
2						
2		S-4		5-23		
-2		S-23		1J-21		
2		13-21		WIRE WAY		
2		WIRE WAY		LSD/P21-L2	RING TERM	
2		LSD/P21-L2	"	LSD/P22-L2		
1-2-		LD-2/FILTE	R QUICK-CONN	LSD/P22-L2		
2	16	LSD/P21-L2	RING TERM	J6-4_	PIN-MALE	
2		P6-4	PIN-FEMALE	BUZZER	SPLICE-CONN	
2		BUZZER	SPLICE-CONN	P6-3	PIN-FEMALE	
121		J6-3	PIN-MALE	RC-2	PIN-MALE	
21	BLUE	LSD/P21-NO	-1 QUICK-CONN	P2-D	PIN-FEMALE	
22		LSD/P22-NO	-1	P2-C	"	
23	BLK	LSD/P22-H	h	TB2-1	RING TERM	
24		LSD/P21-H	"	TB2-2	ıı	
25	RED	PROBE/LO		TB2-3	n	
26		PROBE/HI		TB2-4	*	
27	BLUE	. RC-9	PIN-MALE	P2-E	PIN-FEMALE	
28		RC-10	n	P2-F		
29	н	RC-12		P2-H	*	
_30	YELLOW	P16-27	PIN-FEMALE	P3-28	PIN-MALE	
31		P16-13	11	P3-15	H	
32	YELLOW	P16-23	PIN-FEMALE	P7-2	PIN-FEMALE	
32	IELEUM	P7-2	n Participate	P7-3	"	
		1			n	
33		P16-16		P3-7 P3-11	PIN-MALE	
34		P16-10			*	
35	<u> </u>	P16-29		P3-25		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
36		P16-20		P3-24		
37_	<u> </u>	P16-21		P4-19		
38		P16-19	 	P3-5	-	
39		P16-22		P3-6	 	
40	•	P16-7	. #	P4-38		
41	WHITE	TB1-L2	RING TERM	SW1-B	QUICK-CONN_	
44	BLK	TB1-L1	-	SW1-A	 	
45	GREEN	L SD/P21-G	•	CHASSIS GN	Ψ	ļ
46	BROWN	J7-1	PIN-MALE	TB3-4	•	
46		783-4	RING TERM	P2-A	PIN-FEMALE	
46	•	TB3-4	· •	CR3-9	RING TERM	
46	BLK	SWB-W5	SOLDER	P4-12	PIN-MALE	<u> </u>
47		SWB-W6		P4-11	н	
48		SMB-W7	•	P4-10_		
49		SWB-WB	-	P4-9		
102	GREEN	SND SCREW	RING TERM	TB1-3	RING TERM	IN LSD JUNCTION
102	•	TB1-3	•	CHASSIS GA		BOX TO SECONDARY
						+

NOTE COLOR FROM CONVESTION TO CONVESTION REMARKS	·					COMMECTION	
106	WIRE NO.	COLOR	FROM	CONVETHODON	TO	METHOD	. REMARKS
106			52	SPLICE-CONN	S26	SPLICE-CONN	
107 RED SA-1	106		526	,,	S25	н	·
107 RED	106		525	44	CR3-8	RING TERM	
108		RED			P1-T	PIN-MALE	
108			52		MIRE WAY	SPLICE-CONN	
109		н	WIRE WAY	*	P1-B	PIN-MALE	
110		,,			P1-H	u	
111		. "	54		P1-0	"	
113 BROWN PS2-NO QUICK-CONN P2-B PIN-FEMALE			523	۳.	P1-C	n	
117 BLK	— 1	BROWN	PS2-NO	QUICK-CONN	P2-B	PIN-FEMALE	
117				н	LSD/P21-C1	QUICK-CONN	
117 VIOLET SD/P22-C1 "				н	LSD/P22-C1		
117		VIOLET				PIN-MALE	
119				DIN_MALE		н	
122		WHITE	1			SPLICE-CONN	
122					1		
125		WIULE!	T" :			1	
TB3-2		DED		# HING 12.00		DIN MALE	
TB3-2				,,	1		
126							
TB3-2 TB3-					1		DRI DOOD ONLY
1268			1		1		DDL, DOUR DILLI
120					1		
129							DRI DOOD ONLY
137					i -		
137			1	CDI TCE CONN			
138			1				
138		_	1		1		
139			1				
159					1	I	
160 BLK C91-B QOIRK-COMN P3-F P1-P-PEPALE 161 " COUNTER SPLICE-COMN P1-P P1N-MALE 194 RED 1J-21 SPLICE-COMN P1-P P1N-MALE 341 MHITE N-2/FILTER OUIRK-COMN SM1-B-NO OUIRK-COMN 344 BLK N-1/FILTER " SM1-A-NO " 655 " SMB-W1 SOLDER P3-4 P1N-MALE 654 " SMB-W2 " P3-3 " 655 " SMB-W3 " P3-2 " 655 " SMB-W3 " P3-2 " 656 " SMB-W4 " P3-1 " 658 " SMB-W4 " P4-2 " 661 " P81-1 SPLICE-COMN P4-B " 662 " P81-2 " P4-1 " 664 " C81-A QUICK-COMN C82-2 QUICK-COMN 666 " P5-2 P1N-FFMALE NIRE #2 SPLICE-COMN 666 GREEN CHASSIS GNO RING IERM P5-7 P1N-FFMALE 670 " C81-C QUICK-COMN T83-1 RING TERM 670 " T83-1 RING TERM R3-A/M MAX "	1.55						
194			1			T	
341 MHITE N-2/FILTER OUICK-CONN SMI-B-NO QUICK-CONN 344 BLK N-1/FILTER "SMI-A-NO" 653 "SMB-WI SOLDER P3-4 PIN-MALE 654 "SMB-WZ "P3-3 " 655 "SMB-M3 "P3-2 " 656 "SMB-M3 "P3-2 " 656 "SMB-M4 "P3-1 " 658 "SMB-W "P3-1 " 660 "PB1-1 SPLICE-CONN P4-B " 661 "PB1-1 SPLICE-CONN CB2-2 QUICK-CONN TB3-1 RING TERM							
SH							·
			1	OUICK-CONN	ľ		
SMB-W2 P3-3				•			
SNB-N3			_				
SHB-N3							
SNB-W							
Part							
P81-1 SPLICE-CUMN P4-8 P4-1 P61-6 P81-2 P4-1 P4-7 P4-7							
F01-2				SAFICE-CONN		-	
COLUMN C					1		
							<u> </u>
669 GREEN CHASSIS GNO RING TERM P5-7 PIN-FFMALE 670 BLK P5-8 PIN-FFMALE CB1-C QUICK-CONN 670 CB1-C QUICK-CONN TB3-1 RING TERM 670 T83-1 RING TERM R3-A/W MAX					•		
670 BLK PS-8 PIN-FENALE CB1-C QUICK-CONN 670 CB1-C QUICK-CONN TB3-1 RING TERM 670 T83-1 RING TERM R3-A/W MAY							
670 CB1-C QUICK-CONN TR3-1 RING TERM 670 TR3-1 RING TERM R3-A/M MAT			1 1	İ			
670 TB3-1 RING TERM R3-A/M MAY							
070 163-1 KING IERO KASANT KA						RING TERM	
[671] " CB1-D QUICK-CONN PS-9 PIN-FEMALE							
	[671	L	CB1-D	QUICK-CONN	P5-9	PIN-FEMALE	

WIRE NO.	COLOR	FROM	CONNECTION METHOD		CONNECTION METHOD	REMARKS
674	BLK	BUZZER	QUICK-CONN	P1-W	PIN-MALE	
684	YELLOW .	P16-28	PIN-FEMALE	P4-29	•	
685		P16-6	*	P4-33	_ •	
686	. H	P16-3	PIN-FEMALE	P4-31		
687	*	P16-26		P4-27	•	
689	•	P16-30		P3-19	•	
690		P16-24		P7-1	PIN-FEMALE	
690		P7-1		P7-2		
694	*	P16-15	*	P3-20_	PIN-MALE	
695	н	P16-14		P7-6	PIN-FEMALE	
698		P16-8	н	P7-4	•	
701		P16-12		P4-26	PIN-MALE	
702		P16-5		P4-30	•	
703		P16-4		P4-32	•	
705		P16-9	•	P3-21	*	
707	•	P16-11	u	P3-18		
709		P16-25	•	P4-28	*	
1000	BLK	BUZZER	SPLICE-CONN	3K/QRes	SPLICE-CONN	
1001		BUZZER		3KR Res	•	
206	GRAY	P25-1	PIN-FEMALE	P25-1	PIN-FEMALE	DBL. DOOR ONLY
207		* -2		" -2	*	
208		* -3		* -3	•	и п •
209		• -4	*	* -4		T: # #
210		" -5		" -5		
211	•	* -6	•	" -6	•	
212	*	* -7	*	* -12	#	* * *
213		* -8	-	" -8		н и е
214		• -9	*	• -9		
215		" -10		* -10	•	DBL. DOOR ONLY
216	. "	* -11		* -12		
217		" -12	•	* -7		
218		* -13	•	* -13		
219		" -14		" -14		
220	. .	15	,	" -15		
221		" -16		* -16		
222		* -17		* -17		
223	GRAY	P25-18	PIN-FEMALE	P25-18	PIN-FEMALE	DBL. DOOR ONLY
224	н	" -19		" -19		
225		* -20		* -20		
226		-21	*	* -21		
229	•	* -24		* -24		
285	BLK	P5-12	PIN-FEMALE		RING TERM	
	BLK	P5-14	"	T83-5	.11	
288	DLK			1165-3	•	1 .

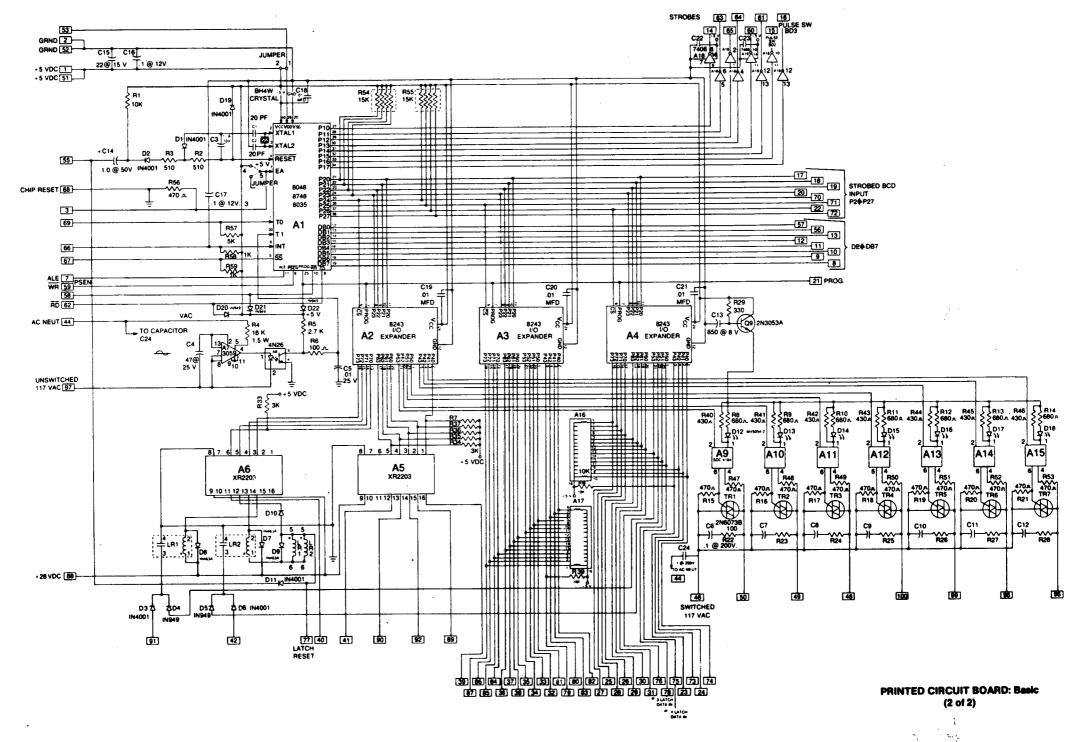
MASTER WIRE LIST Eagle Washer/Sterilizer (IRC)



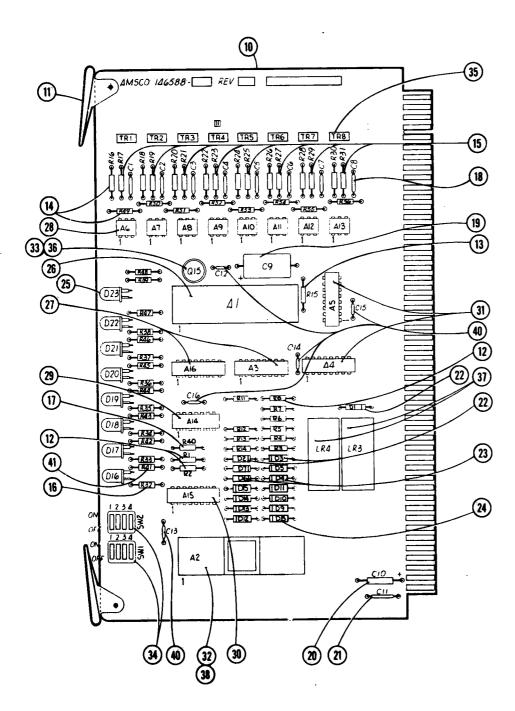
C-9

QTY.	ITEM NO.	name	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
	1	NOT USED	
	2	NOT USED	
	3	NOT USED	
	4	NOT USED	
	5	NOT USED	
	6	NOT USED	
	7	NOT USED	
	8	NOT USED	
1	10	P/C CARD & DRILL ASSY.	
1	11	PAD, TRANSISTOR	
7	12	IC SOC 418 A	TRIAC DRIVER A9-A15
7	13	RECTIFIER, 1N4001	D1, D2, D3, D6, D10, D11, D19
5	14	DIODE, IN949	D4, D5, D20-D22
3	15	RECTIFIER, IN463A	D7, D8, D9
7	16	LAMP, SOLID STATE	MV 5054-2 L.E.D., D12-D18
7	17	TRIAC, 2N6073R	TR1-TR7
2	18	TRANSISTOR, XR2203	DARLINGTON - A5, A6
2	19	RESISTOR, NETWORK	916C103X2PE A16, A17
15	20	RESISTOR	470 OHMS 1/4W 5% CARBON, R15-R21,
			R47-R53, R56
3	21	RESISTOR	10K 1/4W 5% CARBON, R1, R38, R39
6	22	RESISTOR	3K 1/4W 5% CARBON, R7, R33-R37
1	23	RESISTOR	2.7K 1/4W 5% CARBON, R5
8	24	RESISTOR	100 OHMS 1/4W 5% CARBON, R6, R22-R28
2	25	RESISTOR	510 OHMS 1/4W 5% CARBON, R2, R3
1	26	RESISTOR	330 OHMS 1/4W 5% CARBON, R29
7	27	RESISTOR	680 OHMS 1/4W 5X CARBON, R8-R14
1	28	RESISTOR	18K 1.5W 10%, CARBON, R4
1	29	CAPACITOR	22µf @ 15V TANTALUM-C15
2	30	CAPACITOR	0.1µf @ 12V CERAMIC DISC-C16, C17
1	31	CAPACITOR	1.0µf @ 50V TANTALUM-C14
Ţ	32	CAPACITOR	1.0µf @ 10V TANTALUM-C3
2	33		20pf @ 500V CERAMIC DISC-C1, C2
1_	34	CAPACITOR	47µf @ 25V TANTALUM, C4
7	35	CAPACITOR	0.01µf @ 25V CERAMIC DISC-C5, C18, C23
1	36	CAPACITOR	850µf @ 8V TANTALUM-C13
8	37	CAPACITOR	0.1µf @ 200 WVDC CERAMIC DISC-C6-C12, C2
3	38		8243 A2, A3, A4
1	39	CRYSTAL, 3MHZ	L
1	40	TRANSISTOR,	2N3053A Q9
1_	41	IC 3059	A7
2	42		LR1, LR2 INVERTER HEX BUFFER/DRIVER-A18, A19
2	43	IC-7406	
1	44	IC, 4N26	OPTO ISO TRANS., A8
1	45	DIP SOCKET	40 FIR AI
2	46	PULL, CARD	
1	47	MICROCOMPUTER	
	48	NOT USED	
	49	NOT USED	TEN BY S DEA DES
2	50	RESISTOR NETWORK	15K BY 5 R54, R55 430 OBMS 1/4W 5% R40-R46
	51	RESISTOR	5.1K OHMS 1/4W 5% R4U-R46
1_	52	RESISTOR	1K OHMS 1/4W 5% R58, R59
2	53	RESISTOR	1K URMS 1/4W DA KJO, KJY

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Basic (1 of 2)

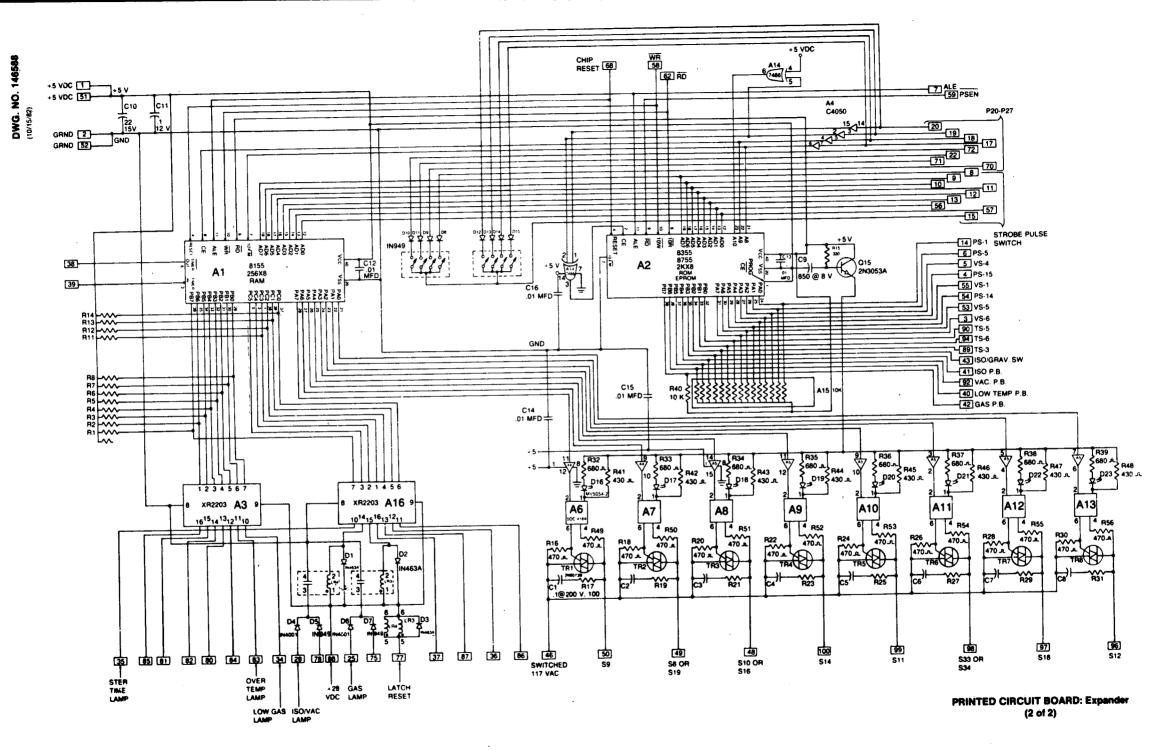


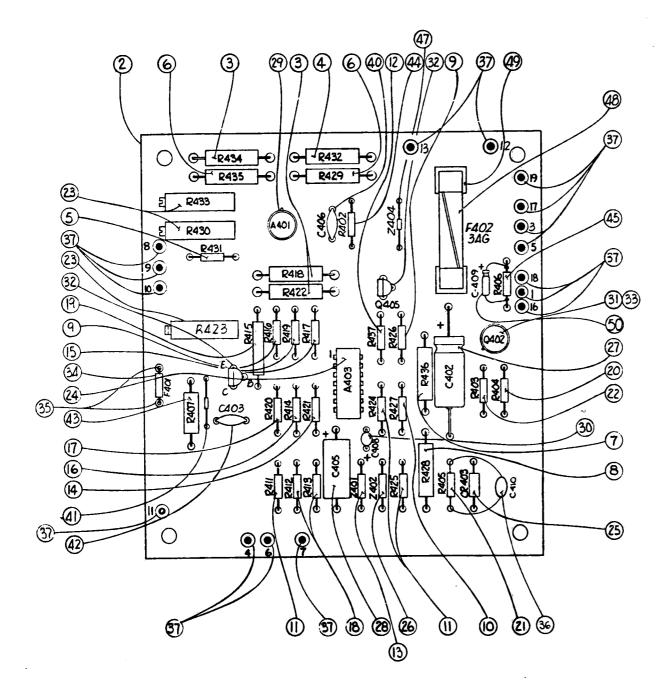
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QTY.	ITEM NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
	1	NOT USED	
	2	NOT USED	
	3	NOT USED	
	4	NOT USED	
	5	NOT USED	
	6	NOT USED	
	7	NOT USED	
	8	NOT USED	
1_	10	P/C CARD & DRILL SCHD.	
2	11	PULL, CARD	1/4W 5%, R1-R8, R11-R14
12	12	RESISTOR, 3K OHMS	1/4W 52, R15
1	13	RESISTOR, 330 OHMS	1/4W 57, R16, R18, R20, R22, R24, R26,
16	14	RESISTOR, 470 OHMS	R28, R30, R49-R56
	 ,. -	RESISTOR, 100 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R17, R19, R21, R23, R25, R27
8	15	RESISTOR, TOU ORMS	R29. R31
	 ,,	RESISTOR, 680 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R32-R39
8	16	RESISTOR, 10K OHMS	1/4W 5%, R40
8	18	CAPACITOR, .1 pf, 200V	C1-C8
 -	19	CAPACITOR, 850µf, 8V	C9
- i -	20	CAPACITOR, 22pf, 15V	C10
-	21	CAPACITOR, .1 pf, 12V	C11
	22	DIODE	IN463A, D1, D2, D3
2	23	DIODE	IN4001, D4, D6
10	24	DIODE	IN949, D5, D7, D8-D15
8	25	L.E.D.	MV5054-2 D16-D23
Ť	26	MOS RAM, 8155	A1
	27	DARLINGTON, XR2203	A3, A16 :
8	28	OPTOISO TRIAC	SOC 418A A6-A13
i	29	QUAD EX-OR, 7486	A14
1	30	RESISTOR, NETWORK	916C103X2PE A15
2	31	BUFFER, CMOS	CD4050BC A4, A5
1	32	DIP SOCKET, 40 PIN	A2
1	33	TRANSISTOR	2N3053A Q15 .
2	34	SWITCH, 16 POS HEX	SWI, SW2
8	35	TRIAC, 2N6073B	TRI-TR8
1	36	PAD, TRANSISTOR	Q15
2	37	RELAY, LATCH	LR3, LR4
1	38	BIT ROM	<u> </u>
	39	NOT USED	
5	40	CAPACITOR	0.01 MF @ 25V C12-C16
8	41	RESISTOR	430 OHMS 1/4W 5% R41-R48
Ž	1		

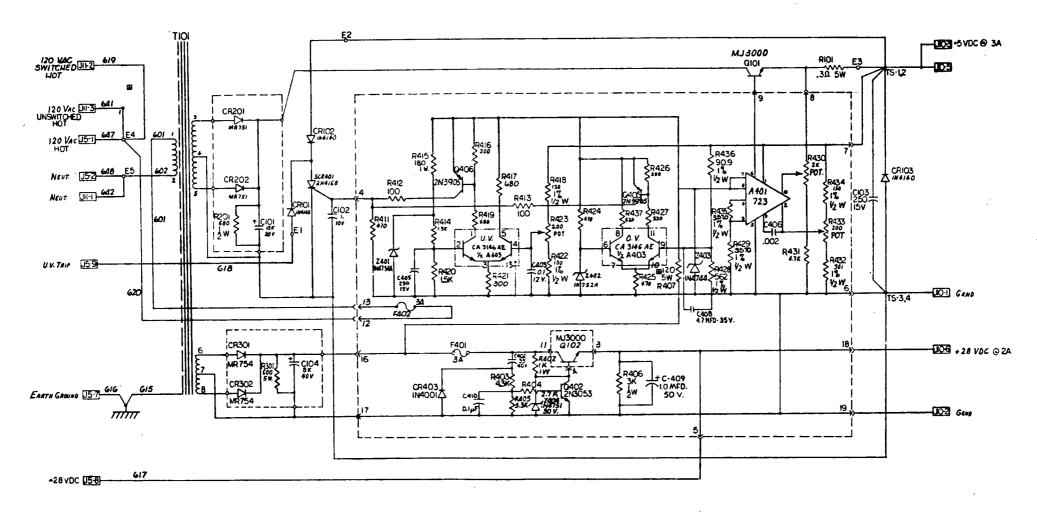
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Expander (1 of 2)



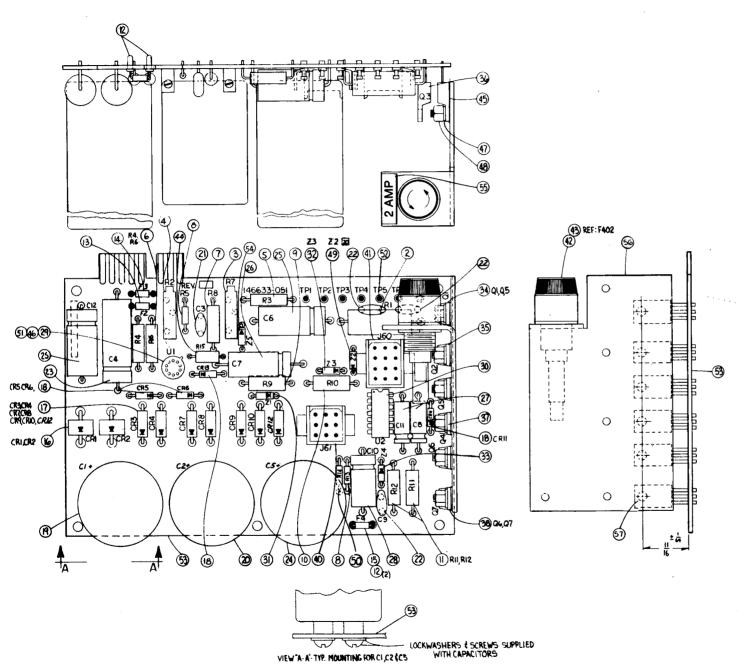


QTY.	ITEM NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
1	2	P/C CARD	
1	3	RESISTOR, 130 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R434
1	4	RESISTOR, 301 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R432
1	5	RESISTOR, 47K OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R431
2	6	RESISTOR, 47K OHMS RESISTOR, 750 OHMS	12 1/2 W.M.F., R429, R435
1	7	RESISTOR, 9.09 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R436
1	8	RESISTOR, 562 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R428
2	9	RESISTOR, 200 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R416, R426
1	10	RESISTOR, 390 OHMS	52 1/4 W.C.C., R427
3	11	RESISTOR, 470 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R411, R424, R425
1	12	RESISTOR, 430 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R437
1	13	DIODE, ZENER	IN4734A, Z401
1	14	RESISTOR, 300 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R421
2	15	RESISTOR, 680 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R419
1	16	RESISTOR, 1.3K OHMS	52 1/4 W.C.C., R414
1	17	RESISTOR, 1.5K OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R420
2	18	RESISTOR, 100 OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R412, R413
1	19	RESISTOR, 180 OHMS	5% 1 W., C.C., R415
1	20	RESISTOR, 2.7K OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R404
1	21	RESISTOR, 3.3K OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R405
1	22	RESISTOR, 4.3K OHMS	5% 1/4 W.C.C., R403
2	23	POTENTIOMETER	200 OHMS, R423, R433 CA3146AE. A403
1	24	1.0.	
1	25	DIODE, ZENER	IN4001, CR403 IN752A, Z402
1	26 27	CAPACITOR, ELEC.	33 MFD 40V, C402
1	28	CAPACITOR, ELEC.	250 MFD 15 VDC, C405
1	29	1.C.	723 A401
1	30	CAPACITOR	4.7 MFD, 35V, C408
- 1	33	TRANSISTOR	2N3053 Q402
2 -	32	TRANSISTOR	2N3905, Q405, Q406
1	33	PAD, TRANSISTOR	
1	34	FUSE, 3 AMP	F401
2	35	TERMINAL, SOCKET	
1	36	CAPACITOR	C410
15	37	PIN, FORMED	
1	38	RESISTOR, 178 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R422
1	39	RESISTOR, 82.5 OHMS	1% 1/2 W.M.F., R418
1	40	CAPACITOR, DISC.	.002 MFD 1KV, C406
1	41	DIODE, ZENER	IN4744, 2403
1	42	CAPACITOR	.1MFD 12VDC C403
1	43	RESISTOR	750 OHMS 3W R407
1	44	RESISTOR	1K 1W R402
1	45	RESISTOR	3K 1/2W R406
1	46	POTENT LOMETER	2K R 430
1	47	DIODE, ZENER	IN4751A 30V 2404
1	48	FUSE	3AG F402
2	49	CLIP, FUSE	
1	50	CAPACITOR	1.0 MFD, 50V, C409
			<u> </u>

P/C ASSEMBLY, Power Supply (Part 1 of 2)
(Units with Indicator-Recorder)

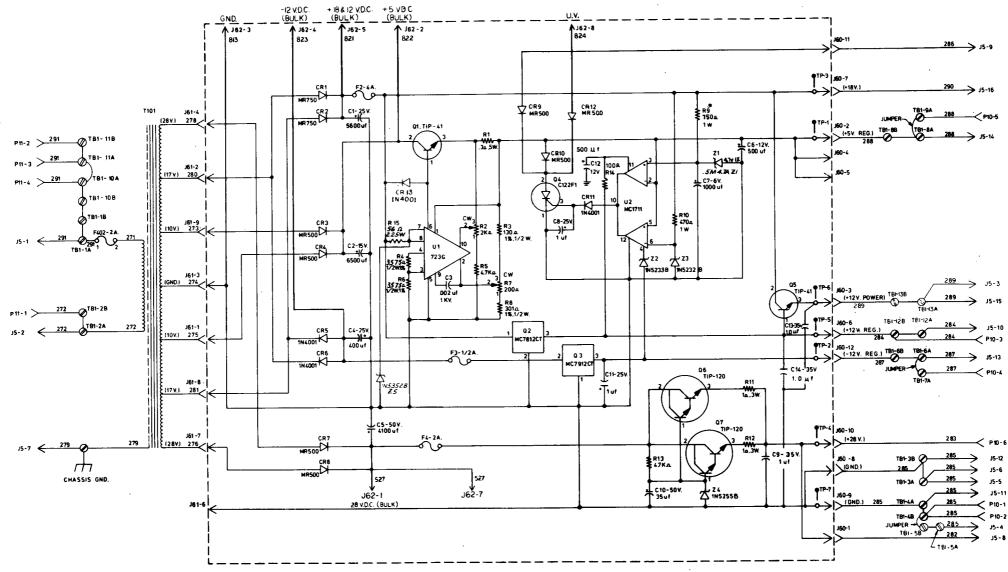


P/C ASSEMBLY, Power Supply (Part 2 of 2) (Units with Indicator-Recorder)



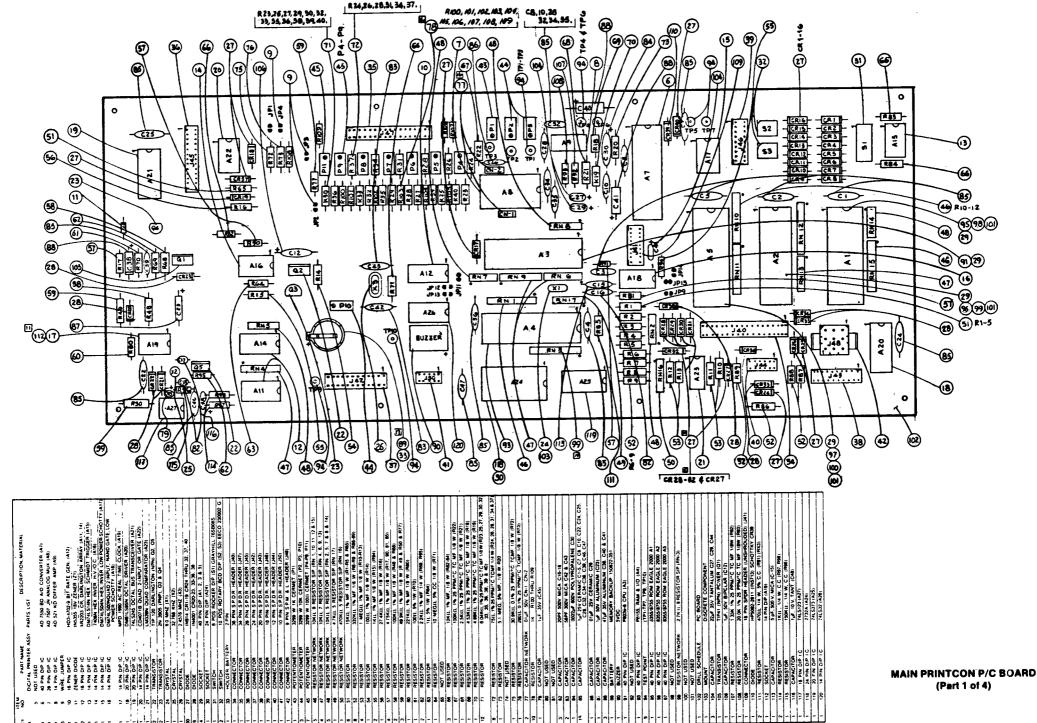
Γ	ITEM	
QTY.	NO.	DESCRIPTION
X	1 .	BOARD, POWER SUPPLY P.C. ASSEMBLY
1	2	RESISTOR 5 W.W.W., 3Ω R1
1	3	POT., 200Ω R7
1	4	POT, 2Kn R2
1	5	RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 130 Ω, R3
2	6	RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 3570Ω R4, R6
1	7	RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 301 Ω, R8
2	8	RESISTOR, 1/4 W.C.C., 4.7KΩ, R5, R13
1	9	RESISTOR, 1 W.C.C., 750 \(\Omega \), R9
1	10	RESISTOR, 1 W.C.C., 470Ω, R10
2	11	RESISTOR, 3 W.W.W., 10, R11, R12
6	12	TERMINAL, SPRING SOCKET
1	13	PICOFUSE, 4A, F2
1	14	PICOFUSE, 1/2A, F3
1	15	PICOFUSE, 2A, F4
2	16	RECTIFIER, 6A POWER, CR1, CR2
7	17	RECTIFIER, 3A POWER, CR3, CR4, CR7, CR8, CR9, CR10, CR12
4	18	RECTIFIER, 1A, CR5, CR6, CR11, CR13
1	19	CAPACITOR, 5600 µFD, 25V, C1
1	20	CAPACITOR, 6500 µFD, 15V, C2
1	21	CAPACITOR, 002 JFD, 1KV, C3
3	22	CAPACITOR, 1 FD, 35 VDC, C9, C13, C14
1	23	CAPACITOR, 470 #D, 25V, C4
1	24	CAPACITOR, 4100 µFD, 50V, C5
2	25	CAPACITOR, 470 µFD, 16V, C6, C12
1	26	CAPACITOR, 1000 JFD, 10V, C7
2	27	CAPACITOR, 1 µFD, 50V, C8, C11
1	28	CAPACITOR, 33 µFD, 50V, C10
1.	29	REGULATOR, POS. VOLTAGE, U1
- 5	30	COMPARATOR, DUAL DIFFER, U2
	·- ,31	DIODE, 4.7V, ZENER, 1%, Z1
1	32	DIODE, 5.6V, ZENER, 5%, Z3
1	33	DIODE, 28V, ZENER, 5%, Z4
2	34	TRANSISTOR POWER, Q1, Q5
1	35	REGULATOR, 12V POSITIVE, Q2
1	36	REGULATOR, 12V NEGATIVE, Q3
1	37	THYRISTOR REV. BLOCK TRIODE, Q4
2	38	TRANSISTOR, POWER, Q6, Q7
	39	
1	40	HEADER PIN, PC MOUNTING, J61
1	41	HEADER PIN, PC MOUNTING, J60
1	42	FUSEHOLDER
1	43	FUSE, 2A, F402
1	44	RESISTOR, 56 Ω2-1/4 W, R15
6	45	INSULATOR
1	46	HEATSINK
6	47	BUSHING, NYLON INSULATING
6	48	NUT #4-40 HEX
1	49	DIODE 6.0V ZENER, Z2
1	50	RESISTOR, 1/4 W.C.C. 100Ω, R14
1	51	SOCKET (USED WITH U1 ITEM #29)
7	52	TERMINAL TEST POINT
1	53	BOARD BARE POWER SUPPLY P.C DRILL SCHEDULE
1	54	DIODE, 15V ZENER 5% Z5
1	55	DECAL — 2 AMP
1	56	HEAT SINK
6	57	SCREW, FLAT HD. #4-40 X 5/16
ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		

P/C ASSEMBLY, Power Supply (Part 1 of 2) (Units with Printcon)



UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WATT.

P/C ASSEMBLY, Power Supply (Part 2 of 2) (Units with Printcon)

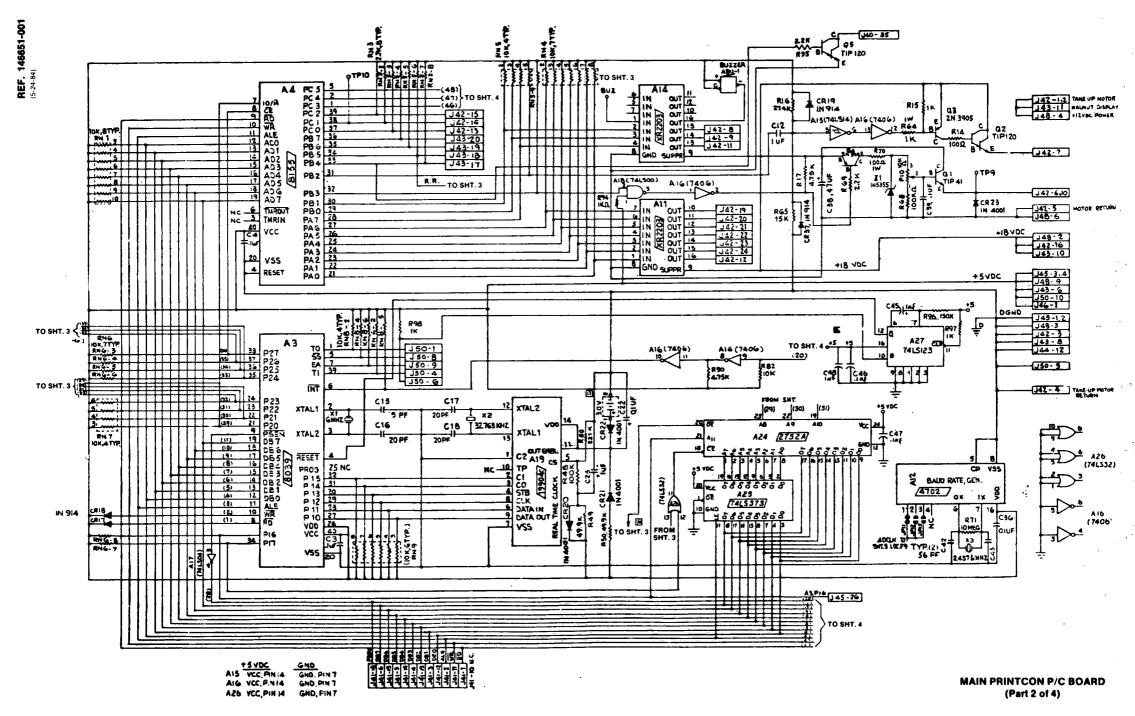


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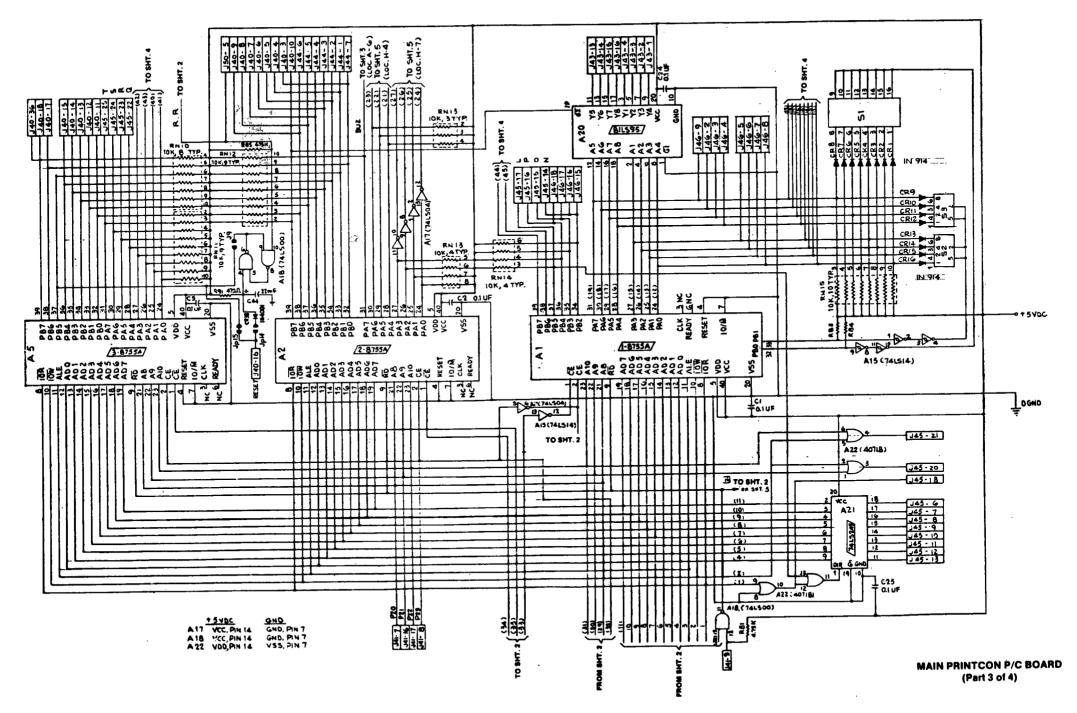
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D-12

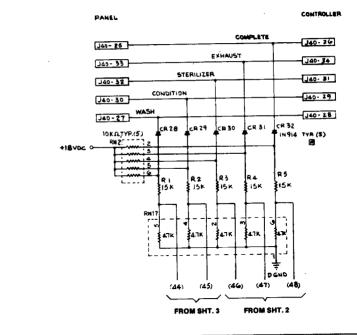
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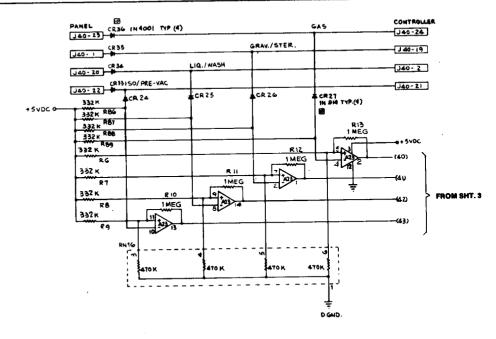


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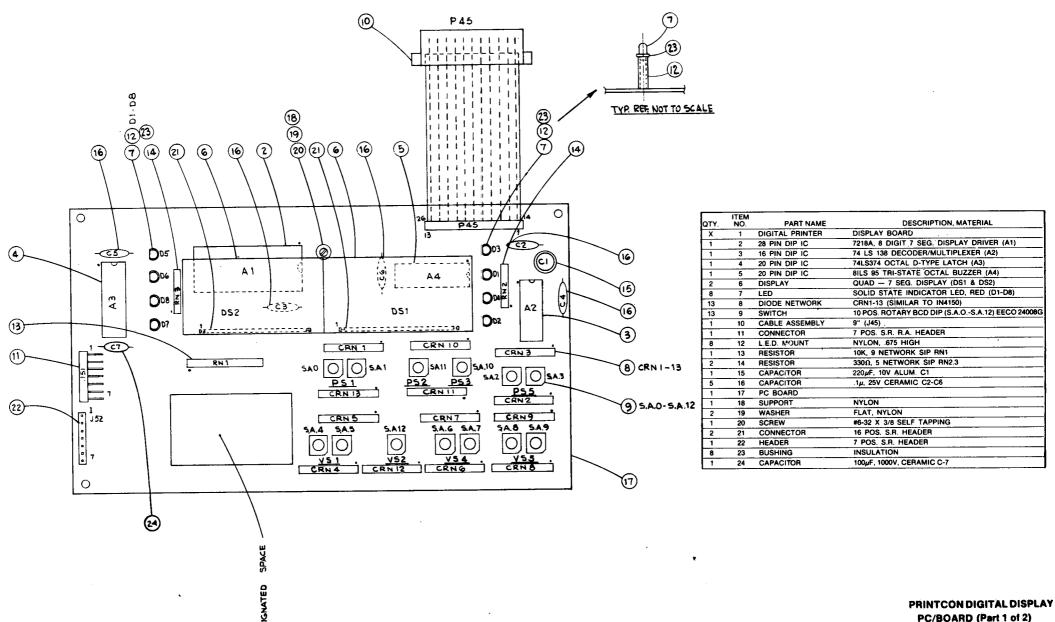


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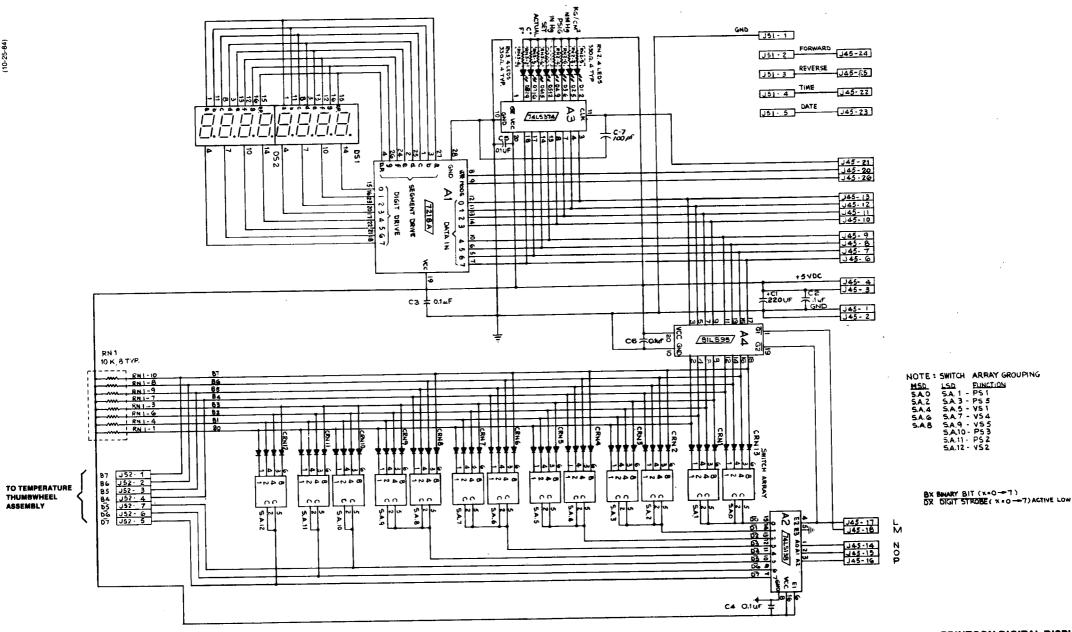




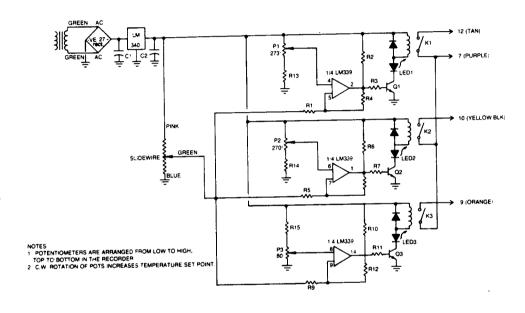
MAIN PRINTCON P/C BOARD (Part 4 of 4)



PC/BOARD (Part 1 of 2)



PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY PC/BOARD (Part 2 of 2)



WARRICK LEVEL CONTROL

10 ohms

CR1

PROBE

2.2K

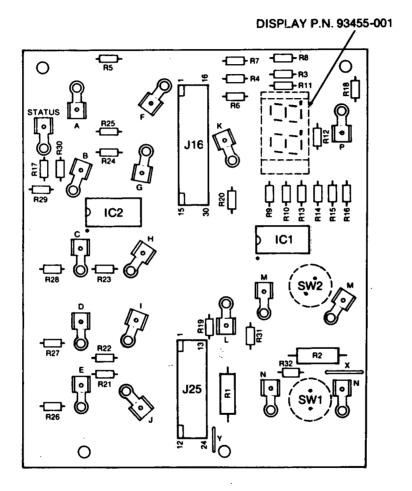
CR1

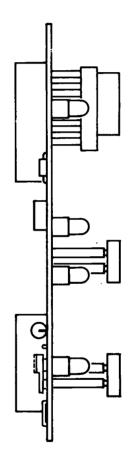
CR1c

TEMPERATURE CONTROL SCHEMATIC.

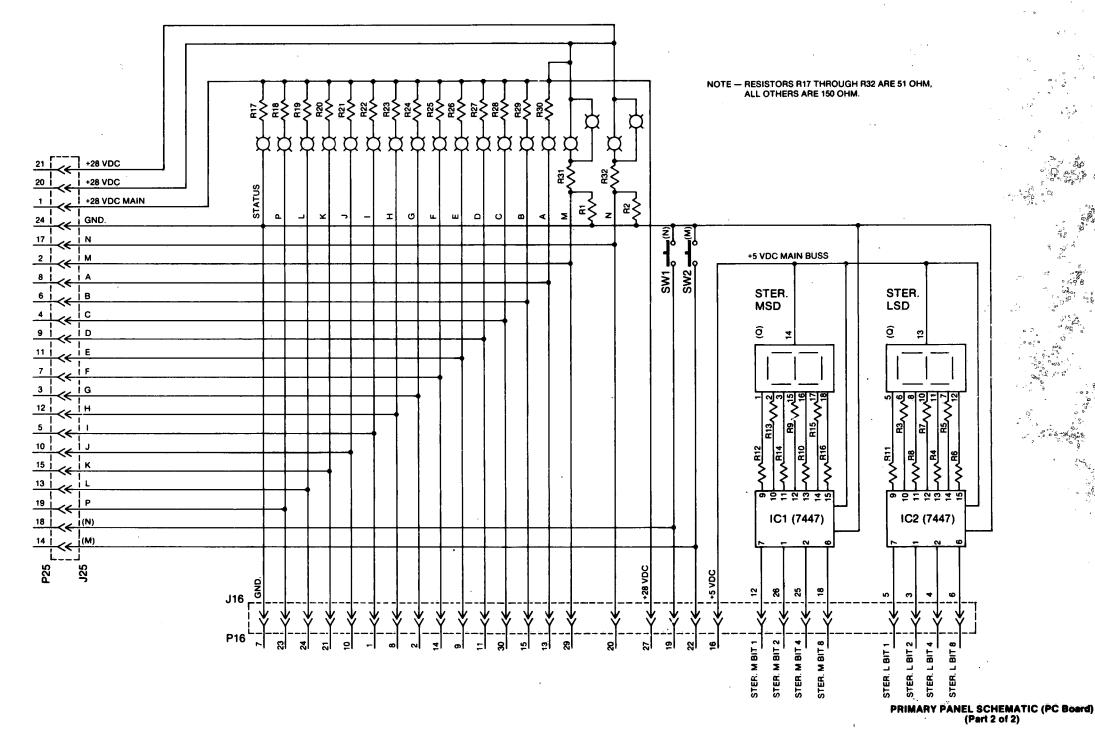
E-9

WARRICK LEVEL CONTROL.





PRIMARY PANEL SCHEMATIC (PC Board) (Part 1 of 2)



7

SECTION 7

COMPONENT REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, AND ADJUSTMENT

7.1 GENERAL

This section includes instructions for the disassembly, repair, and replacement of selected washer-sterilizer components. Exploded views and assembly drawings showing the various parts and assemblies referred to are included in Section 8.

7.2 INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Figs. 8-10 thru 8-12)

NOTE: The swing out panel is hinged to the case, for access to the internal components, such as the drive motor (Fig. 8-11,1) and adjustments. To gain access, open the door, loosen the captive screw located at the tower right hand corner of the backing plate, and swing the plate out.

Starting Ink Flow (Fig. 8-10)

- 1. Lift pen by loosening hub cap (4)
- 2. Remove cap from ink cartridge pen tip (6)
- Insert a small piece of paper under the pen and move it slightly back and forth to initiate flow. If necessary, moisten pen tip.

Changing The Chart (Fig. 8-10)

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- Unscrew the hub cap (4). This cap retains a spring loaded wire bracket (2) which acts as a pen lifter. Hold this bracket while unscrewing cap.
- 2. With hub and pen away from the chart, lift chart (3) off hub, and remove.
- Slip new chart under pen arm and locate on hub.
 Replace hub cap loosely.
- 4. Rotate chart until pen rests on proper time arc. Press chart flat against dial plate.
- 5. Tighten hub cap firmly, taking care that chart remains in proper position.

Replacing Ink Cartridge (Fig. 8-10)

- Lift ink cartridge (6) from chart by loosening hub cap.
- 2. Grasp cartridge near tip end.
- 3. Pull straight off, with a steady pull. Be careful not to distort pen arm.
- 4. Support pen arm with one hand. Slide cartridge into engagement with clip.
- Holding pen arm, slide cartridge onto the arm, until the tip boss is properly positioned against the end of the arm.

Calibrating Control Circuit Board (Fig. 8-12)

NOTE: The following calibration procedure must be followed whenever recorder control circuit board is replaced.

- 1. Turn all three adjustment pots at least 20 turns clockwise.
- 2. Tape a thermocouple lead of a potentiometer to the recorder bulb in the chamber drain. Do not run the thermocouple lead out across the door gasket; use a Conax adapter to run the wire out the tee at the top front of the chamber (Fig. 8-31, 32).
- 3. Leaving the steam supply valve $\varepsilon^{\text{losed}}$ for the moment, depress WASH-STERILIZE cycle button.
- 4. Wait until the cycle completes the DETERGENT INJECTION phase. When the high water level is reached, S-26 (LED-18) will open to begin heating and agitating water. Slowly open the steam supply valve heat water to 75F as read on the potentiometer. Close the steam supply valve and adjust the top (75F) potentiometer in the recorder counterclockwise until the 75 degree LED indicator comes on Press RESET to abort the cycle.

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F-2

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- 5. Start a STERILIZE cycle. The steam supply valve is still closed at this point. Wait for the 90 second purge to complete as indicated by closing of S-3 solenoid (LED-15). Open the steam supply valve to bring the chamber temperature up to 270F. Adjust the center (270) potentiometer counterclockwise in the recorder until the 270 degree LED indicator comes on.
- 6. Bleed in steam until the chamber temperature reaches 272F. Adjust the bottom potentiometer counterclockwise in the recorder until the 272 degree LED comes on. Press RESET to abort the cycle.
- 7. Run a WASH-STERILIZE cycle to confirm all three recorder adjustments.

Adjustment of Temperature Control (Fig. 7-1)

- Turn adjusting screw on potentiometers, located on printed circuit board inside controller case. Clockwise rotation increases setpoint, counterclockwise rotation decreases set point.
- 2. Adjusting screw on pen arm is used to make minor corrections in pen setting.

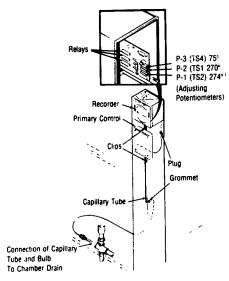


Figure 7-1. REPLACING THE RECORDER.

Removal and Replacement (Fig. 8-9)

CAUTION: Recorders should be handled with care, and caution should be exercised when making changes to ensure against kinking or compressing the capillary system. The bulb, tubing

and pressure element are filled with a fiuld approved by the Scientific Instrument Makers Association and form a sealed system. This system must never be broken. Even the most minute leak will render it inoperative. Excess capillary should be formed into an 8-inch diameter coil and properly supported by taping to any smooth unheated surface.

- 1. Remove primary panel . . . see Paragraph 7.11.
- 2. Open chart back-up plate.
- Make sure power is off. Disconnect electrical leads by pulling the plug at the bottom of the recorder, behind the gauges.
- 4. Disconnect capillary tube from chamber drain cross behind control console. (USE CARE!)
- 5. Remove capillary from the three clips at (Fig. 7-1) rear of console.
- 6. Remove the two mounting screws at rear of case.
- 7. Remove recorder, gently feeding the capillary and its bulb through the grommet.

Replacing the Recorder

- 1. Carefully direct the capillary tube and bulb behind the primary and secondary panels, through the grommet above the controller, to the chamber drain cross.
- 2. Plug connector into socket on recorder. Position recorder and replace the two screws and washers which were removed.
- 3. Replace the capillary beneath the three clips.
- 4. Reconnect the bulb into chamber drain tee.
- 5. Secure any wires which were loosened.
- 6. Replace primary panel.

7.3 CHAMBER DOOR ASSEMBLY

Some repairs can be made without removing the door from the sterilizer. For major repairs the door should be removed and placed on a clean padded work bench or table.

Removing Door From Hinges (Fig. 8-24)

- 1. With door open and supported, remove the retaining rings (14) from each of the hinge pins.
- 2. Withdraw the pins (15) and slide the door and hinge assembly out of the hinge body, saving any washers assembled with the door.

- 3. Place the door on a clean padded bench with the chamber door handle facing upward.
- 4. If it is necessary to remove the hinge body, remove the four capscrews that fasten it to the door frame.

Disassembling Door

- 1. Turn the chamber door handle to retract the chamber door arms.
- 2. Turn the button assembly (8-23, 10) counterclockwise until it disengages and remove it.
- 3. Remove setscrews (9) handwheel, grease fitting (8-19,27), screws, washers, handle nut (28), thrust ring assembly (26), and spring.
- 4. Remove the self tapping screws (Fig. 8-23,15) and lift off the chamber door cover (8).
- If necessary, replace door cover brackets (Fig. 8-24,16) by removing the self tapping screws.
- 6. Remove any worn speednuts (17) and slip new speednuts over the door cover brackets.
- 7. Remove hex head screws, plain washers, lockwashers, (11.12,13) and door hinge bracket (2) from the door.
- 8. Remove drive pin (25) from handle nut and bearing from recess in top socket plate (29).
- 9. Remove socket head screws (23) and washers (38).
- 10. Slide the top socket plate (29) forward and withdraw the roll pins and washers.
- 11. Remove the top socket plate and the door arms.
- 12. If necessary, loosen, but do not remove the arm clip links and studs. Arm clip studs retain shims under the fulcrums which align the arms to seal the door against the door frame. If the arm clip studs must be removed, be sure that arm clip studs and shims are replaced in the same location during reassembly.
- 13. Remove the bottom socket plate (30).

If necessary to remove pawl shaft (Fig. 8-26,4) and actuator (5), loosen set-screw (9), unhook cable (8) from actuator, and drive out roll pin (2). The pawl (1) and shaft (4) may then be removed from back side of the door (beneath diaphragm).

- 14. Turn the door over and remove the screws (8-25,3) holding door back cover in place.
- 15. Remove door back cover (2) and the gasket. Discard the gasket.
- 16. Using a socket wrench, remove the screws (8-24,3) holding the diaphragm cover in place.
- 17. Remove the diaphragm cover (4), diaphragm (5) and gasket (6).
- 18. Pull out the thrust plate (8), lock clutch (9) and lock clutch rod spring (10).

CAUTION: The door post (8-25,10) is welded to the lock clutch ring. If it is necessary to disassemble the door further, contact AMSCO for instruction for removing weld and rewelding.

Cleaning And Inspection

- Clean all working parts with a solvent (such as Stoddard solution) and remove all gum or grease from bearing and wear surfaces.
- 2. Wipe all parts dry with a clean, lint-free cloth.
- Inspect all parts for wear, cracks, chipping or other damage.
- 4. Examine door post key, keyway and threads.
- 5. Excessive wear may cause the closing mechanism to jam. If necessary, replace parts to make handwheel action smooth.
- 6. Examine diaphragm for breaks or distortion. Replace if necessary.
- When steam lock diaphragm has been removed, always use a new diaphragm gasket when reassembling

REASSEMBLING DOOR

Lubricate parts indicated with Neptune-7 grease (P/N 385220-091).

1. Replace back cover, align, and secure with twelve drive screws.

7

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F-4

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- 2. Insert assembled pawl (Fig. 8-26.1), shaft (4), and torsion spring (3) through the hole in door.
- 3. Turn door over, and replace any missing or damaged cover clips and speed nuts (Fig. 8-24,16,17).
- 4. Replace actuator (Fig. 8-26,5) on shaft and drive in roll pin (2). Replace cable (8) in actuator, and tighten set screw.
- 5. Replace any arm clip studs and fulcrum blocks which may have been removed. Be sure than shims are replaced in their proper positions. Drive fulcrum blocks down with a wood block and mailet. Replace arm clip links (Fig. 8-24, 31 thru 34).
- 6. Replace hinge assembly, if removed.
- 7. Lubricate door post threads, and place two wood blocks about 2 inches thick on the door, to hold the bottom socket plate up. Slide bottom socket plate in position (Fig. 8-24,30).
- 8. Set two key (Fig. 8-24,22) in door post, and drive two roll pins (8-24,21) into socket plate (Fig. 8-24, 29).
- 9. Place top socket plate over door post, and position four corner arms and eight side arms to door. Secure top socket plate to bottom plate with six socket-head screws. Check arm movement for freedom.
- 10. Pack thrust bearing (Fig. 8-24,24) and insert into socket plate. Replace drive pin (Fig. 8-24,25). Lubricate wheel nut (Fig. 8-24,28) inside and outside, and screw onto door post.
- 11. Assemble thrust ring and springs (Fig. 8-24.26) and position in nut. Screw nut all the way down, guiding the ball thrust bearing onto nut. Secure with two screws and washers (Fig. 8-24, 19, 20).
- 12. Remove the two wood blocks. Lower arms, and check assemblage for freedom of movement. Free up as necessary. Drive grease fitting in.
- 13. Raise arms, and stand door on end. Try clutch rod (Fig. 8-24.9) in post. Free movement if necessary. Lubricate rod, and insert it with spring into door. Engage thrust plate. (Fig. 8-24.8), and lubricate.
- 14. Assemble diaphragm, gasket, and cover. (Fig. 8-24,4,5,6) and secure in place with 9 screws. NOTE: Graphited face of gasket is next to door casting.

- 15. Clean gasket groove, and install new gasket. NOTE: Gaskets are cut to fit snugly and must be forced in. Push in a short section at a time. Do not stretch. If gasket seems too long, do not cut it, but remove it, and start over, compressing short sections as they are inserted in the groove, to take up the full length.
- 16. After installing gasket, spray seating surface of end ring with AMSCO Fluorocarbon Lubricant, to prevent sticking.
- 17. Wipe door carefully with a clean cloth, to remove excess grease.

REASSEMBLING DOOR AND HINGES TO STERILIZER

- 1. Set door into place with door hinge between ears of hinge body.
- 2. Position and secure hinge pins with washers and retaining rings.

NOTE: Proper centering of door in the field is best accomplished as follows:

- 1. Center door on sterilizer body.
- 2. Chalk surface of gasket and check position of gasket. Space between inner edge of gasket and edge of chamber opening should be uniform on all sides.
- 3. Check for full engagement of locking arms. Engagement in end ring should be uniform for all arms.

DOOR ALIGNMENT

After reassembling and centering the door, ensure that door arms are engaged in door frame at least 1/4 inch with door normally tightened (approximately 30 ft-lb locking torque). Reshim door arms, if necessary, to obtain proper arm contact when door arms are in end frame. Shimming procedure is as follows:

- 1. Tighten door to compress gasket in position.
- 2. Back off until door arms are loose. Then tighten door to approximately 8 ft-lb torque.
- 3. Ensure that all arms are tightened. If any arm is loose, determine thickness of shim required to bring loose arm to a height that will cause it to be as tight as the existing tight arms.

- 4. Disengage arms, open door, and install shims where required.
- 5. Close door, tighten door to approximately 8 ft-lb torque, and check all arms to ensure that they are of equal tightness. Repeat steps 3 and 4, if necessary, until this equal tightness requirement is met.
- 6. Disengage arms and place an additional .010 shim under each corner arm.
- 7. Slowly tighten door while checking to ensure that the corner arms engage and become tight before any other arm. If necessary, repeat prior steps until this requirement is met.

NOTE: Use the following shims:

39910 - .005

39911 - .010

39912 -- .015

To meet the requirements of step 7, the maximum additional shim permitted under a corner arm is .005.

DIAPHRAGM OPERATION CHECK

After replacing and reassembling the diaphragm. ensure that the door properly locks and unlocks under operating pressure. Door should lock between 1/2 and 6 psig rising steam pressure and unlock between 1/2 and 5 psig falling steam pressure.

7.4 SOLENOID VALVES

NOTE: When installing new valves in any line, note the arrow stamped on the valve body or the words IN and OUT stamped at the inlet and outlet ports. A reversed valve cannot operate properly. To rebuild a defective valve, order the appropriate valve repair kit. The repair kit part number is found on the same parts list as the solenoid valve.

Solenoid valves S-2, S-25, and S-26 each have a varistor (PN-150778-001) connected across the solenoid coil leads. If any of these valves are replaced. the varistor must be removed from the old valve and replaced on the new valve. The varistor should be visually inspected for any sign of damage.

Principle of Operation

Rev. 1/84

A solenoid valve is a combination of two basic functional units - (1) a solenoid (electro-magnet) with its plunger (or core); and (2) a valve containing an orifice in which a disc or plug is positioned to stop or allow flow. The valve is opened or closed by movement of the magnetic plunger (or core) which is drawn into the

solenoid when the coil is energized. The solenoid valves have the solenoid mounted directly on the valve body with the solenoid core attached to the valve stem.

Direct-acting Valve (Fig. 7-2): In direct-acting valves. the solenoid core is mechanically connected to the valve disc and directly opens or closes the orifice, depending on whether the solenoid is energized or de-energized.

Internal pilot-operated Valve (Fig. 7-3 or 7-3A): This valve has a pilot, a bleed orifice, and utilizes the line pressure for operation. When the solenoid is energized, it opens the pilot orifice and releases pressure from the top of the valve piston or diaphragm to the outlet side of the valve.

This results in an unbalanced pressure which causes the line pressure to lift the piston or diaphragm off the main orifice, thereby opening the valve. When solenoid is de-energized the pilot orifice is closed and full line pressure is applied to the top of the piston or diaphragm through the bleed orifice, thereby providing a seating force for tight closure.

Testing

- 1. Energize the solenoid coil. A metallic click signifies solenoid operation. Absence of the click indicates loss of power supply, defective coil or improper connection. Proceed as follows to correct:
- a. Check voltage across the coil leads: it should be approximately 120 volts.
 - b. Check solenoid coil for open circuit or ground.
- 2. Energize and de-energize the coil. Check valve operation for proper opening and closing. A loud hum and sluggish operation indicate the coil is probably

To replace a solenoid coil, disconnect the terminal wires and remove the top screw and cover. Lift off the coil and salvage any shim material around the pole piece. Shim must be replaced in new coil or vibration noise will occur. Slip new coil in place and shim so it fits tightly on the pole piece.

3. Inspect the valve for evidence of leakage. A worn valve seat will allow the valve to leak when closed. A damaged or worn seat cannot be repaired; the valve must be replaced if it leaks.

CAUTION:) Solenoid valves are equipped with a special material which can be attacked by oils and grease. When replacing entire valve, wipe threads clean of cutting oils and use Tefion tape to seal pipe joints.

7-5

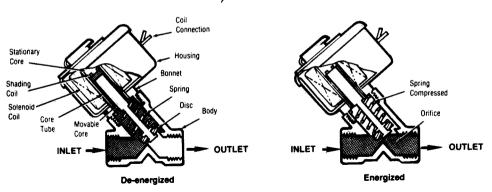


Figure 7-2. DIRECT ACTING SOLENOID VALVE.

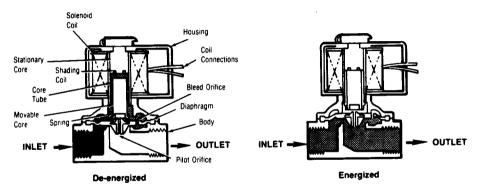


Figure 7-3. INTERNAL PILOT-OPERATED SOLENOID VALVE. (DIAPHRAGM TYPE)

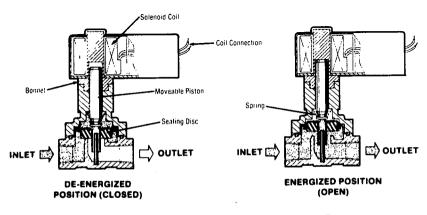


Figure 7-3A. PISTON TYPE SOLENOID VALVE.

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7.5 STEAM TRAP (Fig. 8-41)

CAUTION: Allow thermostatic traps to cool to room temperature before removing cover. Since there is nothing to limit expansion, the diaphragm may rupture or fatigue if trap is opened while hot.

Disassembly

- Unscrew and remove the cap (1) and diaphragm assembly (3). Use a hex socket wrench to unscrew and remove seat.
- Wipe the parts clean, taking care to avoid damaging the diaphragm, seat and pointed diaphragm stem. A very fine grade of sandpaper may be used cautiously to smooth mating surfaces of the seat and stem.
- 3. Wipe out the bowl (5) taking care that loose material does not enter the piping.
- 4. Test diaphragm for flexibility. Examine solder joints for cracks or leaks; dip diaphragm in boiling water and look for a noticeable expansion. An element in good condition will be difficult to stretch by hand and will return to its original condition quickly when released. Examine the seat for wear.

Reassembly

NOTE: Use new parts as necessary. Repair kit part number is P764080-001.

- 1. Screw seat in firmly. (Use hex socket wrench.)
- 2. Insert diaphragm assembly.
- 3. Replace cap, using a new gasket.

7.6 STRAINERS

These should be opened for cleaning at least twice a year. Accumulation of sediment and rust will reduce pressure and flow. In extreme conditions, complete blockage may occur.

Disassembly

- 1. Remove hex plug and gasket.
- 2. Pull out strainer screen from body.
- Scrape and polish all rust and residue from strainer screen and body. Use a wire brush or steel wool.
 Be sure that all perforations are clear, by poking open with a wire. Replace screen if damaged, rusted or corroded.

Reassembly

- 1. Insert screen into strainer body. Take care that no dirt or other particles remain in strainer body.
- 2. Replace and tighten hex plug. Use a new gasket if necessary.
- 3. Make certain that all pipe connections are tight after assembly.

7.7 CHECK VALVES

Repair of check valves is limited to cleaning of valve seats when foreign matter causes improper operation. When a valve becomes defective, the entire valve must be replaced.

7.8 VACUUM BREAKER

Disassembly

- 1. Unscrew and remove bonnet assembly.
- 2. Remove friction ring and air valve seat.
- 3. Remove assembled ballast and float.
- 4. Separate ballast and float.

Clean all rust and sediment from valve. Clean out drain holes in the float and ballast, and inspect for breaks or leaks. Replace parts as required. If the friction ring and air valve seat are not in perfect condition, they should be replaced.

Reassembly

- 1. Assemble ballast and float.
- Slide float/ballast assembly into valve body, making sure that the assembly moves freely in valve body.
- 3. Insert air valve seat and friction ring.
- 4. Screw on bonnet assembly.
- 5. Test for leaks. No water leakage at bonnet is permissible.

7.9 STEAM CONTROL VALVE (Fig. 8-39)

CAUTION: Handle sylphon and bellows assembly gently, to avoid damage.

DISASSEMBLY

 Remove pilot line fitting at top of valve. Turn adjusting screw (13) counterclockwise until spring is completely free of compression. Remove screw (12) and turn entire top assembly to align lugs on bonnet and sylphon assembly (16) with notches on bottom plate. Lift top assembly off.

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- 2. Remove four screws which secure cover to bottom plate, (15) lower spring plate (8), spring (7), and upper spring plate (6).
- 3. Remove two screws (2), reinforcement (4), and bellows assembly (5).
- 4. Remove cotter pin (11), pull out fork pivot pin (10), and remove fork (9).
- 5. Unscrew and remove sylphon and bonnet assembly (16) from valve body: also unscrew and remove valve seat (18).
- 6. Pull stem and disc assembly (17) from sylphon. Carefully clean valve components. Carefully examine the bellows assembly, and the sylphon and bonnet assembly for cracks. Check valve seat and valve stem assembly for etching, scratches, or other evidence of damage or leakage. Replace if worn or marred. Examine all parts for wear or damage. Replace as necessary.

Reassembly

- 1. Screw valve seat (18) into body. (Hex side down.)
- 2. Replace stem and disc (17) in sylphon (16), and screw bonnet onto body.
- 3. Position fork (9) on bottom plate (15). Insert pivot pin (10) and cotter pins.
- 4. Screw reinforcement (4) onto bellows, and fasten to cover with two screws (2).
- 5. Set lower spring plate (8). spring (7), and upper spring seat (6) in place. See that the lugs on the spring seat are properly positioned in the fork bearings.
- 6. Replace cover (1) and bellows (5), and secure cover with the four screws (3).
- 7. Lower this entire assemblage into position over the sylphon, aligning the notches in the bottom plate with the lugs on the bonnet, to allow the bottom plate to seat on the bonnet. Replace screw (12).
- 8. Turn adjusting screw (13) fully counterclockwise, to remove all tension from the spring. Turn the stem protruding from the bellows to establish a clearance of 1/16 inch between the seat and the disc (Fig. 7-4). If valve was not removed from sterilizer, open side connection to see disc and seat.
- 9. Adjust according to paragraph 7.14.

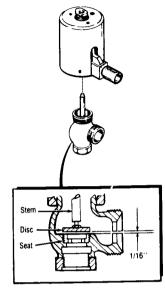


Figure 7-4. STEAM CONTROL VALVE ADJUSTMENT.

7.10 VALVE ASSEMBLY, ANGLE (Fig. 8-40)

Cleaning and Inspection

- 1. Open valve fully, and disconnect extension rod coupling by driving out roll pin.
- 2. Remove packing nut (3), gland (4), and bonnet nut (6). Remove bonnet assembly (2) from valve body and remove packing.
- 3. Unscrew stem (8) from bonnet. Remove disc holder (10) from stem and install new disc.
- 4. Examine valve seat (13) for scratches, nicks or wear. Remove and replace if necessary. Clean and inspect all components: replace as necessary.

Reassembly

- 1. Lubricate stem threads with Molykote Type "U", and replace disc holder assembly on stem.
- 2. Screw stem into bonnet, and install new packing, forcing it into place with packing nut and gland.
- Replace bonnet assembly on valve body, and tighten bonnet and packing nuts. Tighten only enough to prevent leakage. Excessive tightening will make valve hard to operate.

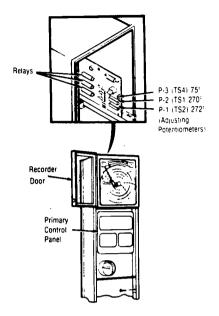


Figure 7-5. CONTROL COLUMN.

7.11 CONTROL COLUMN

The primary panel and indicator-recorder-controller in the control column are made accessible for servicing by removing the front panel.

- 1. Remove two #10-32 socket head screws from bottom of panel.
- 2. Open recorder door. Remove the two #8-32 button head screws thus exposed from top of panel.
- 3. Lift off panel and set aside. The primary control panel is now accessible for maintenance and servicing.
- The primary control panel is held in place by four screws. Take out these screws to remove the panel for control servicing.
- 5. The light bulbs are removed by moving the retainer aside and lifting out the bulb.

CAUTION: Do not change lamps with control power on. Damage to the CPU PC board may result.

7.12 CONTROL COMPARTMENT

The main control, secondary panel, water level sensing, and door lock assemblies are housed in a compartment located above the chamber, and are made accessible by removing the valve panel.

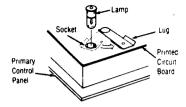


Figure 7-6. LAMP REPLACEMENT.

Control Assembly (See Figure 7-7)

- 1. Open upper access door (Fig. 8-5.1).
- 2. Remove three knobs (27). Remove strike (Fig. 8-6.3) and four screws (4) securing valve panel (2).
- Remove panel and set aside. Main control assembly cover and secondary control panel are now accessible.

Secondary Control Panel

- 1. Remove the five screws (Fig. 8-13.7) which secure the panel (4).
- 2 Lift off panel. Be careful of attached wires.
- 3. Replace defective component and reinstall panel.

Main Control Assembly (Microcomputer Controller) (Fig. 8-15)

CAUTION: Do not remove or replace printed circuit boards unless control switch on secondary panel is positioned OFF.

- 1. Remove the eight screws (Fig. 8-13.7) which secure panel to main control assembly.
- 2. Remove cover (5) and set aside. The main control assembly is now accessible.
- To remove a printed circuit card, lift both card pulls simultaneously to disengage contacts from socket and pull card straight out, to avoid damage to socket and contacts.
- . 4. Insert the replacement card, making sure that μ goes in straight. The cards are keyed, to prevent improper installation.
- 5. Replace cover and top panel.

After replacing a printed circuit board, the following must be adhered to:

- a. Put defective board into static-proof plastic bag in which replacement board was shipped.
- b. Place plastic bag (with defective board) into replacement part shipping carton.
- c. Initiate service order and enclose a copy with defective board. Include the following information:
 - 1) reason for return (failure mode of equipment)
 - 2) general condition of board
 - 3) quantity
- 4) individual item identification (part number. serial number, etc.)
- 5) serial number of machine from which board was removed plus cycle count of machine.
- d. Wrap shipping carton with protective wrapper or cover (envelope, paper, box, etc.).
- e. Return board (and all other microprocessor parts) to AMSCO Service Company, Erie, Pa. 16514. attention: Returned Materials Coordinator.

This procedure must be followed to avoid inadvertent damage by static electricity.

NOTE: Static electricity is a problem because of its ability to damage printed circuit boards. If a static discharge happens to go through an integrated circuit. and the transient current pulse is not effectively diverted by protective circuitry, the current from the discharge can flow through the board and raise the temperature of internal junctions to their melting points. Damage can range from complete destruction to latent degradation.

Adjustment of Power Supply Voltage (IRC)

NOTE: During the adjustment procedure, when the 5-volt supply is adjusted close to the undervoltage trip point 1-0.05 volt or less), nearby machinery switching may cause CB-1 to trip. To insure that this does not occur, shut down nearby machinery for the duration of the adjustment procedure.

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

1. With control power (CB1) off, connect B & K Model 2800 DVM to ground post of capacitor C101 (-) and to terminal post E2 (+). See Figure 7-8.

- 2. Set DVM to 10 VDC scale and turn control power (CB1) on. Machine should be idling (no cycle in progress).
- 3. Using pot R433 on power supply printed circuit board, lower voltage output until CB-1 trips. Note the trip voltage.
- 4. Turn pot R433 two turns in the opposite direction.
- 5. If trip voltage was higher than 4.74 to 4.76 volts. turn pot R423 two turns clockwise.
- a. Reset CB-1 and using pot R433, lower output voltage until CB-1 trips. Note trip voltage.
- b. Repeat steps 3 through 5 until CB-1 trips within the range of 4.74 to 4.76 volts.
- 6. If trip voltage is lower than 4.74 to 4.76 volts. adjust pot R433 for 4.75 volts and turn pot R423 counterclockwise until CB-1 trips.

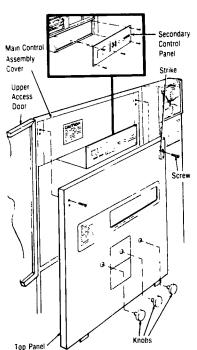


Figure 7-7. REMOVAL OF VALVE PANEL FOR ACCESS TO MAIN CONTROL AND SECONDARY CONTROL.

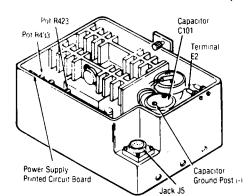


Figure 7-8, POWER SUPPLY (IRC).

- a. Turn pot R433 two turns counterclockwise and reset CB-1.
 - b. Adjust pot R433 for an output of 5.15 volts.

7.13 DOOR SWITCH (Fig. 8-19)

NOTE: Chamber door must be closed and tightened to 20 ft-lbs of torque for door to withstand maximum chamber pressure. Door switch is on top of chamber and permits sterilizer operation only when door is locked. Adjustment should be made with a heated sterilizer shell. Run a complete three-minute sterilize cycle before proceeding with following instructions.

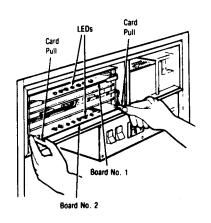


Eagle Series

- 1. Using a torque wrench on the steam lock clutch rod (Fig. 8-24,9), close and tighten the chamber door by applying 20 ft-lbs of torque.
- 2. Turn adjusting screw (Fig. 8-19,4) clockwise until switch (7) is actuated. Then turn screw 1/4 turn clockwise.
- 3. Open door then close and tighten it by applying the specified torque.
- 4. Check that switch is actuated before torque applied reaches specified value.
- 5. With switch adjusting screw properly set and door closed and tightened with specified amount of torque. start a cycle.

NOTE: Do not disturb handwheel until leak test in step 6 is completed.

- 6. Using a metal mirror, check around door gasket for steam leaks. If door does not seal,
- a. determine if chamber door has to be adjusted
- b. determine if door gasket has to be replaced because it is cracked or worn.
- 7. To be sure that chamber has been exhausted, do not open the chamber door until after the "end-of-cycle" buzzer stops.



Removing A Printed Circuit Board.

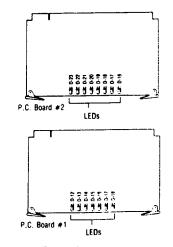


Figure 7-9. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS AND LEDS.

7.14 ADJUSTMENT OF PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE SETTINGS

Install potentiometer leads through chamber drain screen so that the termocouple junction is in contact with recorder bulb. Run leads out between door gasket and sterilizer end ring. The temperature switch adjusting potentiometers are mounted on a printed circuit board, located in the recorder case. To gain access to these adjustments, open the recorder door, loosen the captive screw at the lower right hand corner of the panel, and swing panel out. The printed circuit board and adjusting pots are on the right wall of the case. (See Fig. 7-1.)

Steam control valve is near top of machine on right side. (Fig. 7-10) Remove right side panel to gain access to this valve for adjustment. Pressure switch PS-2 (Fig. 7-10) is located in the liquid sensing and door switch assembly box, near the upper left corner on the left side of machine. Remove left side panel, and open the hinged door on the box. The switch is about two-thirds of the way up from the bottom of the box, on the extreme right end.

Sterilize Cycle

- 1. Set exposure time to three minutes.
- 2. Close and lock door. (DOOR UNLOCKED light goes out.)
- Depress STERILIZE cycle button.
- 4. Door lock solenoid SA-1 de-energizes and locks door.
- 5. CONDITION light comes on.
- 6. Exhaust cooling solenoid S-4 (LED-16) opens.
- 7. Steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14) opens.
- 8. Fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) opens.
- After one minute and thirty seconds, fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) closes.
- 10. Chamber pressure and temperature begin to rise. Adjust steam pressure regulator (See Fig. 7-10) to bring chamber temperature to 270°. Adjust TS-1 (P-2 in recorder) to start exposure timer. CONDITION light goes out and STERILIZE light comes on.

- Adjust steam pressure regulator to raise chamber temperature to 274°. Adjust TS-2 (P-1 in recorder Fig. 7-1)to close steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14).
- 12. When chamber temperature drops to about 270° F, TS-2 reopens steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14).
- 13. During the remainder of the period, TS-2 will cycle steam-to-chamber solenoid S-2 (LED-14) to maintain chamber temperature at set point, +4°-0°F.
- 14. At the end of the STERILIZE time, EXHAUST light comes on, and exhaust cooling solenoid S-4 (LED-16) and fast exhaust solenoid S-3 (LED-15) open.
- 15. As chamber exhausts, adjust PS-2 (See Fig. 7-10) to turn on buzzer, cycle counter, and CYCLE COMPLETE light at 1-2 psig.
- When low water sensor (LC-21) senses no water in chamber, door lock solenoid (SA-1) energizes and unlocks door.
- 17. Open door. Buzzer stops and CYCLE COM-PLETE light goes out. DOOR UNLOCKED light comes on.
- 18. If door is not opened, buzzer sounds for 90 seconds. COMPLETE light stays on until door is opened.

Wash/Sterilize Cycle

- Close and lock door. (DOOR UNLOCKED light goes out).
- 2. Depress WASH/STERILIZE cycle button (light comes to full brightness).
- Door lock solenoid (SA-1) de-energizes and locks door

First Phase Wash/Sterilize Cycle (Spray/Rinse)

- WASH light comes on.
- 2. Main water solenoid S-21(LED-12) opens.
- 3. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) opens.
- Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) opens.

- After two minutes ± 6 seconds of water spray, main water solenoid S-21 (LED-12) and chamber water supply S-25 (LED-21) close. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) remains open for 15 ± 1.5 seconds, then closes.
- 6. Timed pause of 10 seconds occurs.

Second Phase, WASH/STERILIZE (WASH)

- 1. WASH light remains lit.
- Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) and main water solenoid S-21 (LED-12) open for 30 seconds.

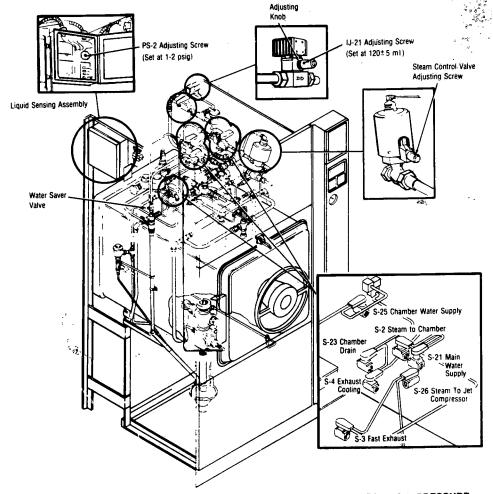


Figure 7-10. LOCATION OF STEAM CONTROL VALVE (PRESSURE REGULATOR) PRESSURE SWITCH PS-2, SOLENOID VALVES, AND DETERGENT INJECTOR IJ-21.

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- 3. WATER IN CHAMBER light comes on.
- 4. IJ-21 (LED-22) opens for 15 seconds to inject detergent.
- 5. Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) opens to fill chamber.
- 6. When high water probe (LC-22) senses water in the chamber, water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) and main water supply solenoid S-21 (LED-12) close.
- 7. Steam-to-iet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) opens to agitate and heat water.
- 8. When TS-4 (P-3 in recorder) senses 75°F, washer timer starts. Timer runs for eight and one-half minutes.

NOTE: During the timed wash period water temperature must not exceed 140°.

9. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) opens to drain chamber until low water sensor (LC-21) senses no water.

Third Phase, WASH/STERILIZE (SECOND RINSE)

- 1. Chamber water supply solenoid S-25 (LED-21) and main water supply S-21 (LED-12) open for one minute.
- 2. Chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) remains open.
- 3. WATER IN CHAMBER light comes on. After one minute, chamber water supply S-25 (LED-21) closes.

- 4. When WATER IN CHAMBER light goes out, steam-to-jet compressors solenoid S-26 (LED-18) opens for five seconds.
- 5. Ten seconds after S-26 (LED-18) closes, main water supply solenoid S-21 (LED-12) closes.
- 6. Twenty seconds after S-26 (LED-18) closes, chamber drain solenoid S-23 (LED-23) closes. A timed pause of 10 seconds occurs.
- 7. WASH light goes out and CONDITION light comes
- 8. This indicates end of WASH phase and beginning of STERILIZE phase. Remainder of cycle is same as STERILIZE cycle, steps 5 through 18.

Adjustment of Detergent Injector IJ-21 (LED-22)

- 1. Normal detergent usage is 120 ± 5 ml per cycle.
- 2. Fill a 1000 ml graduated cylinder to 900 ml with detergent.
- 3. Place tube from detergent injector IJ-21 in graduated cylinder.
- 4. When detergent injector solenoid IJ-21 (LED-22) opens, observe amount of detergent drawn in.
- 5. Adjust the screw on side of knurled knob on the detergent injector solenoid IJ-21 counterclockwise to increase amount of detergent used.
- 6. Adjust the knurled knob on the detergent injector solenoid IJ-21 clockwise to decrease amount of detergent used.

7.15 PRINTCON PRINTER

NOTE: Two styles of printer assemblies are in use. Units manufactured before 6/85 used a 12V DC gearmotor to drive the carbon copy into a collection coil. Units manufactured after 6/85 used a 120V AC gearmotor to pull the copy onto a spool.

Changing Paper (Figs. 7-11, 7-12, 7-13)

(All Units)

NCTE: Printcon is designed to use 2-3/8 inch wide, one- or two-ply paper tape as supplied by AMSCO. Paper tape supplies must not be stored in areas of high humidity or temperature.

- 1. Open printer door, Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- 2. If one ply of paper has been inserted into the daily record storage area, it will be necessary to remove the stored daily record before continuing. Refer to paragraph, "Removing Stored Daily Record".
- 3. Using thumb and index finger, grasp paper spool and raise it upward.
- 4. Slide the empty paper spool toward the right and off the spindle
- 5. Insert fresh paper roll onto spindle with loose end or ends of paper in back of roll going downward.
- 6. Insert loose end of one-ply roll or both ends of two-ply roll into paper slot. Using index finger of left hand, operate paper advance toggle switch to the forward position (toward the operator). Lower paper roll and spindle. If necessary, operate paper advance toggle switch again until the paper is drawn taut. Turn off paper advance.
- 7. Swing printer assembly upward and back into operating position.

Automatic Paper Storage (Fig. 7-14) (Units Before 6/85)

Printcon is capable of storing fifteen feet of single ply paper.

NOTE: AMSCO suggests that when using two-ply paper, the inner pw only should be inserted into the storage area for a permanent record. The outer ply can be torn off and placed with each sterilized load.



Figure 7-11. PRINTER IN LOWERED POSITION.

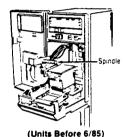
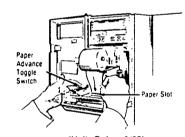


Figure 7-12. SPINDLE IN RAISED POSITION.



(Units Before 6/85) Figure 7-13. INSERTING PAPER.

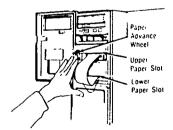


Figure 7-14. INSERTING PAPER INTO **AUTOMATIC PAPER STORAGE AREA.**

G-1

- 1. Using the paper advance wheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 2 to 3 inches below lower paper slot.
- Insert end of paper tape between motorized pinch rollers and allow to draw tight. The paper advance toggle switch must be in the rear position (away from the operator) to operate the motorized pinch rollers.

Automatic Paper Storage (Fig. 7-14) (Units After 6/85)

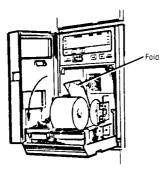
- 1. Open door on secondary control panel and position POWER switch to OFF.
- 2. Using the paper advance thumbwheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 6 to 8 inches below the lower paper slot.

NOTE: AMSCO suggests that when using two-ply paper, the inner ply **only** should be inserted into the storage area for a permanent record. The outer ply can be torn off and placed with each sterilized load.

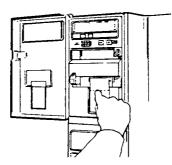
- 3. Insert the end of the paper tape into the lower paper slot until full 6 to 8 inches is inserted.
- 4. Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- 5. Grasp end of the paper tape, fold the two corners to form a **V** and fully insert the end into the slot of paper take-up spool. (Fig. 7-14A)
- 6. Position the POWER switch to ON. Paper takeup spool will take up the paper until taut.
- 7. Swing printer assembly upward and back into operating position.

Removing Stored Daily Record (Figs. 7-15, 7-16, 7-17) (Units Before 6/85)

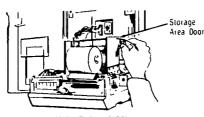
- 1. Open printer door. Crease the paper tape with a fingernail and tear tape as straight as possible. Allow trailing end of paper to enter rollers and storage area.
- 2. Swing the printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- Using thumb and index finger, grasp knob on storage area door and open door downward. Daily record is now easily removed from the right.
- 4. Close storage area door. Return printer assembly upward and back to the operating position.



(Units After 6/85)
Figure 7-14A, FOLD PAPER TAPE.



(Units Before 6/85)
Figure 7-15. CREASING PAPER TAPE.



(Units Before 6/85)
Figure 7-16. OPENING STORAGE AREA.

- 5. Using the paper advance wheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 2 to 3 inches below lower paper slot.
- 6. Insert end of paper tape between motorized rollers and allow to draw tight. Close door.

Removing Stored Record (Fig. 7-17A) (Units After 6/85)

Printoon is capable of storing an entire roll of paper, however stored record may be removed at any time.

- 1. Open door on secondary control panel and position the POWER switch to OFF.
- 2. Open printer door. Using the paper advance thumbwheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 3 to 4 inches below the lower paper slot or until all information on the tape has been advanced.
- 3. Tear or cut the paper tape
- 4. Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- Position the POWER switch to ON. Paper will advance onto paper take-up spool. Position the power switch to OFF when paper is completely advanced.
- To remove paper take-up spool, release tension on spring-loaded retaining clip and lift spool from unit.
- 7. Remove spool end plate and slide paper from spindle.
- 8. Replace spool end plate and return spool to spring-loaded clip.
- 9. Refer to paragraph "Automatic Paper Storage (Units After 6/85)" to reload spool.

Changing The Inked Ribbon Cartridge (Fig. 7-18) (All Units)

- Tear off loose end of paper and open door to the left.
- Remove old cartridge by placing index finger behind cartridge and pulling forward.
- Install new cartridge, with ribbon above loose end of paper, by placing it into position and snapping it into place with thumbs of each hand.
- 4. Close door.

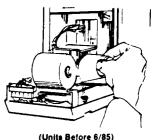


Figure 7-17. REMOVING STORED DAILY RECORD.



(Units After 6/85)
Figure 7-17A. REMOVING STORED RECORD.

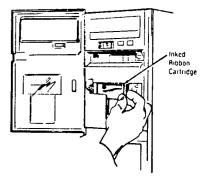


Figure 7-18. REMOVING INKED RIBBON CARTRIDGE.

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Printer Replacement (Fig. 7-20 or 7-20A) (All Units)

- 1. Open the outer door of the unit.
- 2. Tilt the printer assembly forward to service position and remove the two #6-32 screws and washers from the back of the printer mounting plate that anchor the silver anodized cover.
- 3. Remove the cover by disengaging it from the pivot shoulder screws
- 4. Unsolder wire #11 from the printer (units before 6/85) or wire #119 (units after 6/85)
- 5. Pivot the assembly back to the operating position and disconnect J1 and J2 connectors which are plugged into the J20 receptacle mounted on the upper left edge of the printer mounting plate.
- 6. Printer can now be disassembled by removing the three 1/4-20 hex nuts — two on the right end and one on the left end of the printer.
- 7. Reconnect wire #11 (units before 6/85) or wire #119 (units after 6/85) when new printer is installed.

Paper Advance Toggle Switch Replacement (Fig. 7-20 or 7-20A) (All Units)

- 1. Open the outer door of the unit.
- 2. Tilt printer assembly forward to the service position and remove the two #6-32 screws that hold the silver cover in position. Remove cover by disengaging from pivot shoulder screws.
- 3. Unsolder all wire connections to switch and then remove locking nut and washers from toggle
- 4. See Figure 7-19 or 7-19A to rewire the new switch.

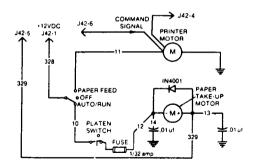
Platen Microswitch Replacement (Fig. 7-20 or 7-20A)

CAUTION: 120 Volts AC is present on microswitch terminals of units manufactured after 6/85 when sterilizer power is on. Turn power off.

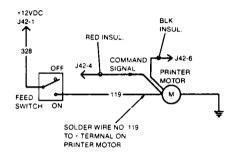
1. Open the outer door of unit.

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2. Tilt the printer assembly forward to the service position and disassemble the silver anodized cover by removing the two #6-32 screws and washers from the printer mounting plate anchoring the cover arms.

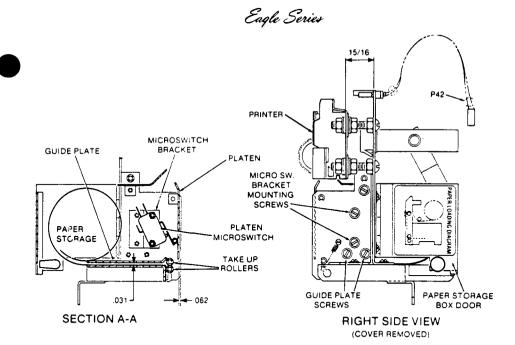


(Units Before 6/85) Figure 7-19, SWITCH & MOTOR SCHEMATIC.



(Units After 6/85). Figure 7-19A. SWITCH & MOTOR SCHEMATIC.

- 3. Remove the two #6 x 1/4 self-tapping screws on the right hand side of printer take-up unit located 5/8" forward of printer mounting plate on 31/32" centers.
- 4. Swing the platen open to expose the switch and mount.
- 5. Reach in with fingers and pull the switch assembly out and disconnect the two wires with "fast-on" connectors from the switch tabs.
- 6. Switch and mount are now free. Disengage the switch from the mount by removing the two #4-40 hex nuts.
- 7. See Figure 7-19 or 7-19A to rewire the new switch.



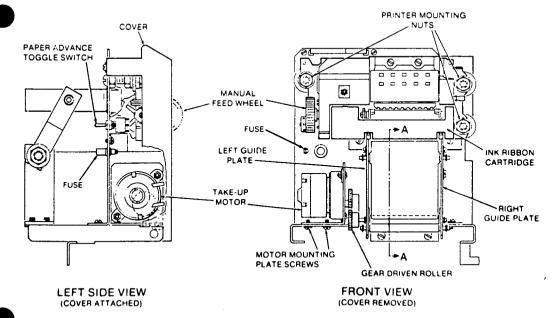


Figure 7-20. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY. (Units Before 6/85)

7-19

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Eagle Series

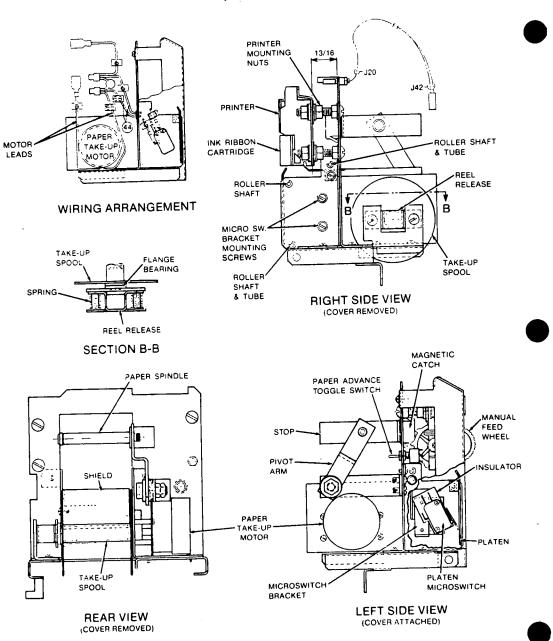


Figure 7-20A. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY. (Units After 6/85)

Take-Up Motor Replacement (Fig. 7-20) (Units Before 6/85)

- 1. To replace take-up motor, the complete printer take-up assembly must be removed. Tilt the assembly forward and disconnect J42 plug from the main Printcon PC board. Also remove the two #6-32 screws and washers that hold the silver anodized cover in place.
- 2. Disengage the slots from the pivot shoulder screws and remove the cover.
- 3. Pivot the unit back to the upright position and remove the slot head shoulder screws and washers.
- 4. Disassemble the printer take-up assembly from Printeon housing.

(CAUTION:) Take necessary precautions to keep any of the washers or screws from dropping into control column.

- 5. To remove the take-up motor, unscrew the two #6-32 screws from the bottom of the unit.
- 6. Unsolder the wire connections and remove the motor and motor mount.
- 7. Disassemble the motor from the motor mount by unscrewing the two #4-40 nuts and screws holding them together.
- 8. See Figure 7-19 to rewire the new switch.

Printer Assembly Inspection and Adjustment (Fig. 7-20) (Units Before 6/85)

Whenever any of the following components are replaced, they must be aligned and/or adjusted to assure smooth paper advance and take-up.

- Printer.
- · Paper Advance Toggle Switch.
- · Platen Microswitch.
- Take-up Motor.

Dismount the unit from the control column and remove it to a bench.

- 1. Unplug P42 from the main Printcon PC Board. Untasten the two 10-32 shoulder screws upon which the assembly pivots. Remove the printer assembly.
- 2. Remove the paper roll.

Paper Coil and Guideplate Clearance (Units Before 6/85).

- 1. Open the paper storage area door and inspect for 1/32" (.031) clearance between the paper coil and the guideplate. If this dimension is not correct, unfasten the take-up motor (with motor attached). The left-side adjustment screws are now accessible.
- 2. Loosen the four adjustment screws (two on each side) on the right and left side plates. Using a 1/32" (.031 or .032) feeler gauge for clearance between the paper coil and guideplates, adjust the guideplate position and then tighten down.
- 3. Remount the take-up motor mount and motor.

Microswitch Activation Adjustment (Units Before 6/85)

CAUTION: 120 Volts AC is present on microswitch terminals of units manufactured after 6/85 when sterilizer power is on. Turn power off.

- 1. Lift up the platen and observe the screws which mount the microswitch bracket to the right side plate. Loosen them slightly.
- 2. Adjust the microswitch position so that the trip point is audible when the platen is parallel to and about 1/16" below the ends of the side plates.
- 3. Tighten the screws securely.

Printer Alignment With Take-up Mechanism (Units Before 6/85)

If the printer has been replaced, it must be correctly aligned with the take-up mechanism.

- 1. Verify that the printer standoff is 15'16" between the printer mount plate and the printer itself. Correct if necessary.
- 2. Slightly loosen the three 1/4-20 nuts which secure the printer. Dismount the take-up motor plate (with motor attached) from the mounting base. Carefully allow the motor assembly to rest to one side. This will free the white nylon gear attached to the upper pinch
- 3. Remove the ink ribbon cartridge. Cut approximately 6 ft. of paper from a roll. Only one ply is needed for the adjustment process.

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4. Using the manual paper feed wheel on the printer, start the paper through the printer until about 8" of paper extends past the printer roller. Pull the 8" section tightly with even tension along the surface of the printer roller.

NOTE: Do not allow the paper to buckle at any point during the adjustment process.

- 5. Lay the end of the 8" section of paper across the pinch rollers of the take-up mechanism. Observe the paper alignment with the right and left side guide plates on the take-up assembly adjacent to the printer until the paper is centered in the take-up guide channel.
- 6. Using a 6" rule (or similar measuring device), measure the distance between the printer roller and the upper pinch roller of the take-up assembly. Adjust the printer assembly location until the rollers are equidistant at the right and left. Recheck the paper alignment in the guide channel.
- 7. When proper lateral and parallel alignment is achieved, hold the printer assembly in place and tighten the securing nuts. Start the end of the 8" section of paper into the pinch rollers by turning the nylon gear on the upper roller. Continue paper take-up in this fashion and observe the track of the paper. When proper printer/take-up alignment is achieved, the paper will remain seated in the guide channel without buckling and without riding up either the right or left side guide plate. If necessary, readjust and recheck.
- 8. Remove the remaining portion of paper from the printer and take-up assembly. Install the ink ribbon cartridge. Remount the take-up motor mount and motor to the motor mounting base. Reinstall the cover. Connect P42 to the main Printcon PC board and mount the printer assembly in the control column. Install a new roll of one- or two-ply paper and, under power take-up, insure that operation is correct.

7.16 PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY

Display Panel Overlay Replacement (Fig. 8-46, 16)

- 1. Open the outer door of the unit.
- Remove #6 x 1/4 self tapping screw from top of upper right-hand corner of display panel door. This will allow opening door with left-hand swing.

- 3. Next, disconnect ribbon cable connections from panel PC board mounted directly behind panel door one connector from PC board and one connector from thumbwheel switch.
- 4. Remove #4-40 nut from display panel door hinge stud at bottom left corner of display door. Remove hinge stud upward and out. Display panel door may now be removed.
- 5. Reverse the procedure to install a new Display Panel Overlay.

Temperature Thumbwheel Replacement (Fig. 8-46, 13)

- 1. Follow steps 1 through 3 in the procedure outlined in "Display Panel Overlay Replacement."
- 2. Thumbwheel switch is extracted from assembly by removing the #4-40 nuts and washers from the two mounting studs assembled to display bracket assembly.
- 3. Reverse the procedure to install a new thumb-wheel switch.

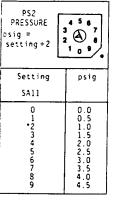
Display PC Board Replacement (Fig. 8-46, 11)

- 1. Follow procedure outlined in "Display Panel Overlay Replacement."
- 2. The display PC board is removable by first disconnecting the ribbon cable connector P45 from the main Printcon PC board.
- 3. Tilt the printer assembly forward to the service position. This permits access to the opening in the upper rear of Printcon housing where P45 is plugged into the main Printcon PC board which is mounted on the back side of Printcon housing.
- 4. Display PC board can now be removed by disengaging the three circuit board supports.
- 5. Reverse the procedure to install a new Display PC Board.

Printcon Rotary BCD Switches: Digital Display Board

Rotary switches to control pressure and temperature are located on the Printon digital display board. Refer to Figure 7-21 for appropriate settings.





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*=Recommended Initial Settings

Figure 7-21. ROTARY BCD SWITCHES.

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7.17 MAIN PRINTCON PC BOARD

Changing The Battery (Fig. 7-22, 8-62)

NOTE: Existing battery (RAY-O-VAC DP24-2-42; P-129356-038 is No Longer Available. When replacing RAY-O-VAC battery, order and install Battery Adapter Assembly (P-150822-349). Assemble plugs into Printcon Board in same fashion as RAY-O-VAC battery. Replace battery as follows:

NOTE: To ensure correct connection, observe notched (see Fig.A) corner of battery. This is positive terminal (Pin #1) and inserts into positive socket of receptacle (upper left-hand corner of socket). Although no danger exists if battery is incorrectly installed, clock and calendar will not function when machine is off.

- Turn POWER switch OFF and open top door on Printcon column.
- 2. Swing printer assembly forward and downward. Allow it to rest in service position.
- 3. Remove and discard old battery from Printcon board (note polarity).
- 4. Install new battery (see NOTE).
- 5. Return printer assembly to operating position. Close door.
- 6. Turn POWER switch ON and reset time and date if necessary.
- 7. If necessary to replace new battery (Lithium coin cell), proceed as follows:
- a. Turn POWER switch to OFF and open top door on Printcon column.
- b. Swing printer assembly forward and downward. Allow it to rest in service position.

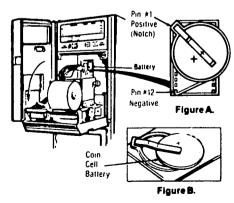


Figure 7-22. CHANGING THE BATTERY.

- c. Carefully remove battery adapter assembly (P-150822-349) from Printcon board. Ensure no bent or broken pins by pulling assembly straight out (no twisting, rocking or prying).
- d. Remove coin cell (see Fig. B) from holder and install replacement cell (P-150822-351).
 - e. Reinstall adapter assembly in Printcon board.
 - f. Return printer assembly and close door.
- g. Turn POWER switch ON and reset time and date if necessary.

Changing Units of Display (Figs. 7-23, 7-24 and Table 7-1)

- 1. The visual display and printing of temperature can be either in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius. To make this adjustment, locate service switch No. 1 on the Printcon control printed circuit board. Using a pencil or pen point, turn the switch to the alternate position. Return printer assembly upward and back to operating position. Close door.
- 2. The display and printing of pressure can be either in English (PSI gauge and inches Hg vacuum) or metric (kg/cm² gauge and millimeters Hg vacuum). To make this adjustment follow the procedure in step one and turn service switch No. 2 to alternate position.
- 3. The display of temperature and English pressure can be either single precision (no decimal places showing) or extended precision (one decimal place showing). Metric pressure shows one or two decimal places. Metric vacuum always shows no decimal place. To make this adjustment follow the procedure in step one and turn service switch No. 3 to alternate position.

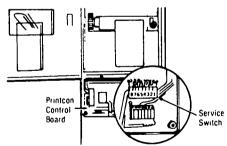


Figure 7-23. LOCATING SERVICE SWITCH.

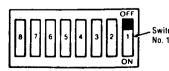


Figure 7-24. SERVICE SWITCH.

Adjusting The Sterilize Temperature Overdrive

(Figs. 7-23, 7-24 and Table 7-1)

For special sterilizer applications, the temperature overdrive may be adjusted in increments of approximately 1/2 degree F. For example, if the temperature thumbwheel setpoint is at 270 F (132 C), the actual control temperature can be from 270 F to 273.8 F (132 C to 134.3 C) depending on how service switches, 5, 6 & 7 of the service switch are set. Refer to Table 7-1 for overdrive settings.

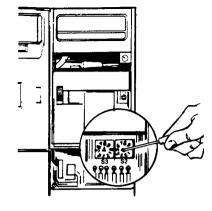


TABLE 7-1. SERVICE SWITCH OPTION SETTINGS

Feature	Switch Position No(s).	Setting
Temperature in Fahrenheit	,	OFF
Temperature in Celsius		ON
Pressure (English) psig & in Hg vacuum Pressure (Metric)	ž	OFF
Kg/cm² & mm Hg vacuum	2	ON
Single precision	3	OFF
Extended precision	3	ON
Pressure Transducer	4	ON
Temperature Overdrive (Gravity Units Only) T52 = T51	5, 6 & 7 5, 6 & 7	5 OFF. 6 OFF. 7 OFF 5 ON. 6 OFF. 7 OFF 5 OFF. 6 ON. 7 OFF 5 ON. 6 ON. 7 OFF 5 OFF. 6 OFF. 7 ON 5 OFF. 6 OFF. 7 ON 5 OFF. 6 ON. 7 ON 5 OFF. 6 ON. 7 ON
Spare Switch	e	Unused

*Initial factory setting (for Gravity Sterilizers only).

Figure 7-25. LOCATING ROTARY SWITCHES S2 AND S3.

Setting The Year Switches (Fig. 7-25)

- 1. The year as shown on the Printcon display does not automatically change on December 31st. It must be set annually. To make this adjustment locate rotary switches S2 and S3 on the Printcon control printed circuit board. Using a small screwdriver, turn the pointer to the desired digits (example: for 1982, set S3 at 8 and S2 at 2).
- If no year display is needed, the switches may be set as follows: set S3 at 8 and S2 at 0. The month and date will still be displayed, but no year will be shown or printed.

Main Printcon PC Board Replacement (Fig. 8-46, 3)

CAUTION: This PC Board contains staticsensitive components. Handle accordingly.

- 1. Open the outer door of the Printcon unit. The entire unit must be removed from the control column.
- 2. Remove the front cover panel from the column by taking two cap screws out of the top of the cover and two #10-32 screws out of the bottom.

- Take off the primary panel by removing four #8-32 mounting screws and washers. It is not necessary to disconnect P16 from the primary panel if care is exercised.
- 4. Till the primary panel forward and reach through the primary panel mounting bracket to disconnect P40 and P48 connections.
- 5. Remove the four #8-32 Printcon unit mounting screws located two on each side of the unit. Access to the top two screws must be made by opening the display door at the top of the unit. The display PC board must be removed to expose the upper two mounting screws. See "Display Panel Overlay Replacement" and "Display PC Board Replacement." Printer unit must be tilted forward to remove the lower two screws.
- 6. Printcon unit can now be removed from the column. Main Printcon PC board is removed from the unit by extracting the eight #6-32 mounting screws and standoffs.
- 7. Reverse the procedure to install a new main Printcon PC board.

7.18 PRINTCON PRESSURE TRANSDUCER REPLACEMENT (Fig. 8-55, 5)

- 1. Open the outer door of the Printcon unit.
- Tilt the printer assembly forward to access the P47 connector plugged into the main Printcon PC board.
- 3. Disconnect P47 and note the cable that exits through the rear of control column to the pressure transducer on its mounting bracket. Extract the transducer cable pins from P47. Note the color coding of the wires. Pull the cable through the column. Read paragraph 6.1 before extracting pins.
- 4. Remove transducer from the tee in the piping.
- 5. Mount new transducer and reinstall U-bolt and nuts.
- 6. Run the transducer cable through the cable clamp. Crimp new pins on the transducer cable and install the new cable into plug P47. Reconnect P47. Refer to Fig. 6-12 or Fig. 6-13 when rewiring.

7.19 PRINTCON TEMPERATURE PROBE (RTD) REPLACEMENT (Fig. 8-55, 2)

- 1. Follow procedure outlined in pressure transducer replacement in gaining access to P47 connector. Select temperature probe (RTD) cable and extract cable pins of P47 from this cable. Pull the cable through the column. Read paragraph 6.1 before extracting pins.
- 2. Free cable from any supports or ties to sterilizer. Then, disassemble probe from chamber drain by unscrewing 1/4 NPT probe fitting pointing upward into chamber drain.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order.

7.20 REPLACEMENT OF PRINTCON POWER SUPPLY FUSES

If fuse replacement is necessary, refer to the figure below for locations of these fuses.

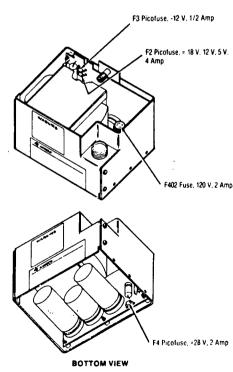


Figure 7-26. POWER SUPPLY FUSE LOCATIONS.

7.21 PRINTCON FIELD CALIBRATION

Special Tools and Documents Required:

NOTE: The measuring devices should be calibrated against NBS (National Bureau of Standards) traceable equipment and the inaccuracies of the measuring devices should be known (via a calibration report sheet).

- 1. Calibrated compound pressure gauge, 100 psig, 30 in. Hg. (AMSCO P/N 764317-627 or equivalent.)
- 2. Calibrated potentiometer resolution to 1 F (Doric 400 A with type T thermocouple or equal).
- 3. Digital voltmeter or multimeter with 1mv DC resolution (B&K 2800 or equal).

NOTE: All adjustments in this procedure should be verified whenever the main Printon PC board is replaced. If the temperature probe (RTD) is replaced, check the temperature calibration. If the pressure transducer is replaced, first check the pressure calibration. Then, because temperature accuracy is affected by pressure adjustments, check the temperature after adjusting the pressure.

Procedure: (Fig. 7-38)

1. With control power OFF, remove the front panel of the control column. Remove the primary panel mounting screws.

If care is exercised, the primary panel need not be disconnected for the next step.

2. Check the service switch on the Printcon control PC board for the following settings:

#1 -- OFF (Fahrenheit)

#2 — OFF (English pressure)

#3 — ON (Display tenths)

#4 - ON (Strain Gage input)

#5 - OFF

#6 - ON

#8 - not used

#7 - ON

- 3. Remount the primary panel and secure by hand-tightening mounting screws.
- 4. Locate test points TP4, TP5 and TP6 on the Printcon control PC board.

Connect the negative lead of the voltmeter to TP6.

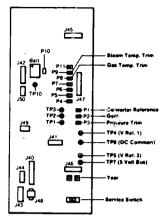


Figure 7-27. TEST POINT AND POTENTIOMETER LOCATIONS: Main Printeen PC Board.

With power on, measure the voltage at TP4. This will be around 10 VDC. Now measure the voltage at TP5 and adjust potentiometer P1 until this voltage is exactly 1/2 of the voltage measured at TP4.

IMPORTANT: This setting was made at the factory and should not require readjustment. However, if adjustment is necessary, follow the instructions carefully as this setting greatly affects overall accuracy.

- Install the pressure gauge to the chamber gauge connection at the side of the chamber. Leave the chamber gauge disconnected.
- 6. With the control end door open, turn the radia arms to the fully extended position and observe that the "door unlocked" lamp goes out. Exercise cautior because the "cycle Inhibit" feature is defeated by this action. With the door open and the lock actuated, turn the control power ON. Adjust potentiometer P3 on the main Printcon PC board until the pressure display reads 0.0 exactly.
- 7. Retract the radial arms to release the door lock switch. Turn power OFF then ON with the door oper Close and lock the chamber door(s). Set the HI-LC regulator valve to HI. Set sterilize temperature on the temperature thumbwheels to 295 F. Sterilize time is not applicable on this step. Start a GRAVITY cycle After the 60 second purge has timed out, the pressure and temperature will rise to the regulatosetting trying to achieve 295 F. When the regulatosetting is achieved, the pressure will stabilize Observe the Printcon pressure reading and adjust

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potentiometer P2 on the main Printcon control PC board until this reading matches exactly the compound gauge. Press the RESET button to abort the cycle.

NOTE: This adjustment of P2 affects the adjustment of P3 made in step 6. Therefore, steps 6 and 7 must be repeated until P2 adjustment is no longer required at high pressure. At the end of step 7, exhaust the chamber through the EXHAUST position on the MANUAL control knob.

IMPORTANT: The following step must always be performed after steps 6 and 7.

Remove the chamber drain strainer. Install the potentiometer thermocouple lead in metal-to-metal contact with the temperature probe in the chamber drain (1/2" from the tip). Initiate the same type cycle as in step 7, and wait until the Printcon **temperature** display stabilizes at the regulator setting. Adjust potentiometer **P9** on the main Printcon PC board until the Printcon temperature display exactly agrees with the potentiometer reading. Press RESET to abort the cycle. Exhaust the chamber through the MANUAL control knob.

9. This concludes the calibration procedure. Remove the measuring devices and reconnect the chamber gauge. Restore the service switch No. 1 settings on the main Printcon PC board to the display options desired by the customer.

SECTION 8

EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LISTS

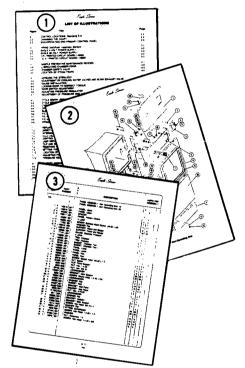
Assemblies and components of Eagle 2000 Washer sterilizers are illustrated and identified on the following pages. The part number, the description and the quantity required for each usage is given. Each identification in the description represents the assembly level. The UNITS PER ASSEMBLY column is specific for the given assembly or subassembly level.

HOW TO USE THE ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN

Determine the function and application of the part required. Turn to the List of Illustrations and select the most appropriate title. Note the illustration page number.

Turn to the page indicated and locate the desired part on the illustration.

3 From the illustration, obtain the index number assigned to the part desired. Refer to the accompanying description for specific information regarding the part.



TYPICAL INDENTATION EXAMPLE

	PANEL ASSEMBLY: Non Operating End, 16"
	PANEL ASSEMBLY: Non Operating End, 20"
No indentation —	PANEL, Upper
part of top	PANEL, Upper
assembly	SPACER PANEL, Primary Control
One Indentation —	• LAMP
(1st subassembly)	SCREW, Buttress Head Socket, #8-32 x 3/8
Part of above item	WASHER, Flat

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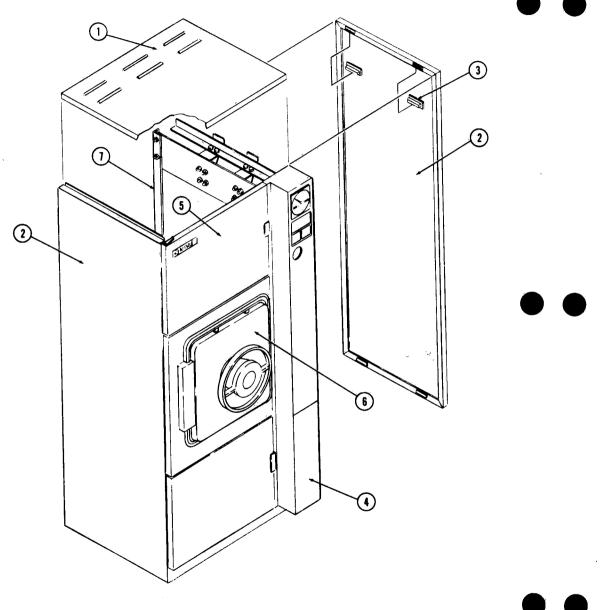


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER				=COODIDTION		DESCRIPTION	UNITS PEF		
	2 F 3 F 4 5 6 7		36422 93404 84298	003 001	-	CABINET ASSEMBLY: Single Door, Freestanding Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon PANEL, Top PANEL, Side CATCH, Magnetic CONTROL COLUMN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-9) CONTROL COLUMN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-45) PANEL ASSEMBLY, Operating End (See Fig. 8-5) COVER AND HANDWHEEL ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-23) SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-2) KIT, Cabinet Assembly, 16 x 16 P.I.W.S.	X 1 2 8 1 1 1 1 A/R	X 1 2 8 1 1 1 1 A/F			
						Order reference drawing W-146441-001 as a separate item when ordering Cabinet Assembly Kit.					
						~ can d					

Figure 8-1. CABINET ASSEMBLY: Freestanding Sterilizer.

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A-4

(a) (b) (19) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	1) 3 4 5 6
(5) (5)	12 11 10 9
3 4 11 13	

FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY
1 P 93896 083 2 3 P 3848 051 5 P 76230 091 6 P 3097 041 7 P 31838 042 8 P 10414 042 9 P 93663 001 10 P 89665 002 11 P 93685 001 12 P 3069 042 13 P 93685 001 14 P 93688 001 15 P 146628 001 16 P 93896 089 17 P 93896 089 18 P 93668 001 19 P 93896 099		20 20 114 20 20 20 2 1 20 20 20 1 4 2 2 2 2

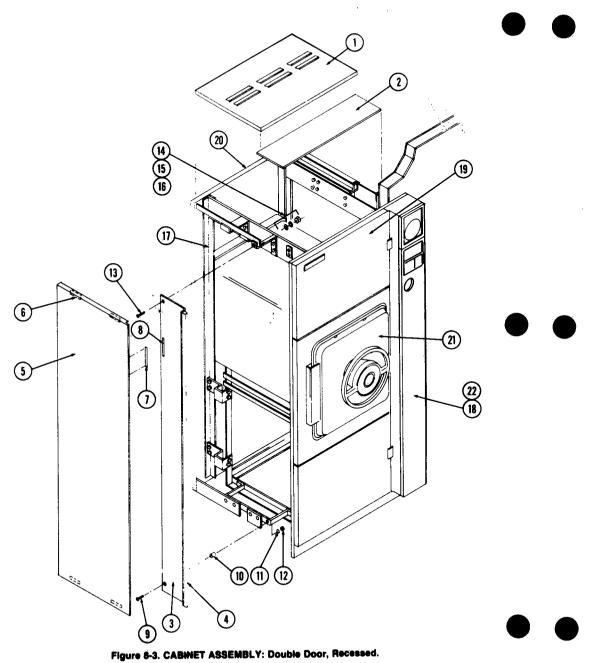
Figure 8-2. SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY: Freestanding Sterilizer.

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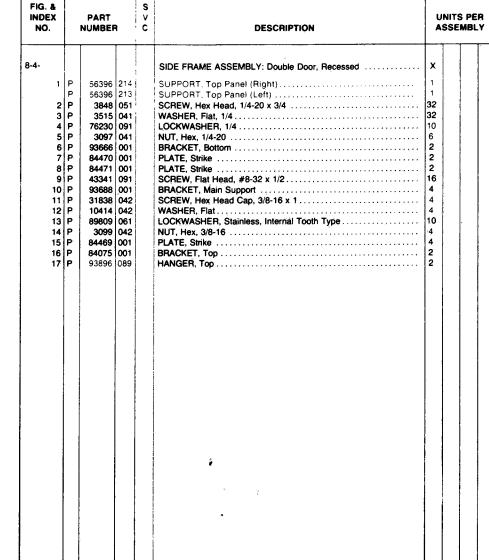
Figure 8-4. SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY: Recessed Sterilizer.

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(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
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(3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	• •
(2) (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	
15 (17) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	• •

FIG. & PART NO. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	, -	NITS PER SSEMBLY
8-5- 1 P 143146 002 2 P 83920 001 3 P 84457 001 4 P 91924 091 5 P 143149 001 6 P 93702 001 10 P 93095 001 11 P 136302 002 12 P 93096 13 P 3847 042 14 P 10445 001 15 P 93701 001 16 P 84455 001 17 P 19678 045 18 P 3097 001 20 P 49134 061 21 P 3846 042 21 P 3846 042 21 P 3846 002 22 P 3701 002 23 P 3857 044 22 P 93701 002 23 P 3857 044 22 P 93701 002 23 P 3857 044 22 P 93701 002 23 P 3857 044 25 P 10456 09 26 P 8605 09 27 P 54899 09 28 P 129317 00 29 P 90322 09 30 P 90323 09 31 P 150782 00 32 P 56373 00 32 P 56373 00 33 P 90184 09	PANEL ASSEMBLY: Operating End Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printoon PANEL, Upper Access CATCH, Magnetic WASHER NUT, Tinnerman TRIM, Shell NOT USED CONTROL COLUMN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-9) SCREW, Self Tap, #10-32 x 3/8 STRIKE HANDLE PANEL, Lower RACK, Manual SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 5/8 WASHER HINGE BEARING, Flange LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 1/4-20 GASKET, Wall WASHER, Flat SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 1/2 HINGE SCREW, Hex Head, 3/8-16 x 1/2 LOCKWASHER WASHER, Shim NUT, Valve KNOB, Valve DECAL, Indicator DECAL, Indicator DECAL, Steam Supply DECAL, Water Supply SHIM BRACKET GASKET, Chamber Trim CONTROL COLUMN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-45) TAPE, 1/2 Wide x 70	1 4 4 2 5 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 1 1 4 4 2 2 4 2 2 1 1 5 5 5 5 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1	X 1 4 2 5 1 7 2 2 1 1 13 15 1 4 4 10 2 4 2 1 5 5 5 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1

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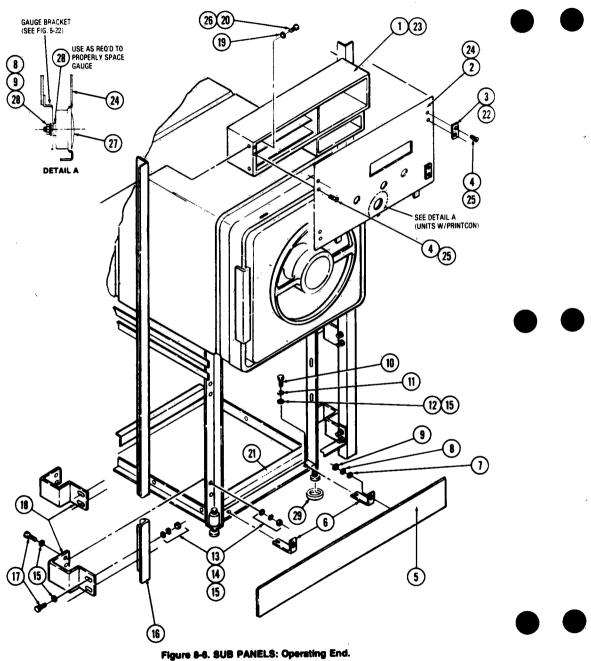


FIG. & INDEX NO.	,	PART NUMBER		OCCODISTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
NO. 8-6- 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		146644 129329 42618 93084 84437 5511 19677 2960 3846 19678 10455 3099 19680 10456 143145 143145 31838	001 001 045 002 041 041 045 091 042 041 091 001	C	SUB-PANELS: Operating End Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon CONTROL ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-13) PANEL, Valve and Control STRIKE SCREW, Buttress Head, #6-32 x 1/4 PANEL, Kick BRACKET, Kick Panel WASHER, Flat LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, #10-32 SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 1/2 LOCKWASHER WASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 LOCKWASHER WASHER, Shim BRACKET, R.H. BRACKET, L.H. SCREW, Hex Head, 3/8-16 x 1	X 1 1 2 6 1 2 10 10 2 2 16 16 32 1 1 16 4		
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		93688 76230 3848 136769 129328 146649 83628 37321 90525 10414 90423	091 051 001 001 134 001 051 091		BRACKET WASHER, Shakeproof SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 3/4 STABILIZER (Not Shown) SHIM MAIN CONTROL ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-49) PANEL, Valve and Control SCREW, Button Head, #6-32 x 3/8 SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 1 GAUGE, Chamber Pressure WASHER, Flat PAD, Floor	8 4 1 2	1 1 6 4 1 6 4	'

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Eagle Series	18
20 (24) (25) (26) (21) (34)	
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23 (6)	10
	11)
20(2)(3)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
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8-7-			١	S V DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY		
				PANEL ASSEMBLY: Non-operating End	x		
3 4 5 6 7 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	84438 146528 755715 764317 93455 45323 17796 146516 90525 77121 146522	001 570 536 001 042 091 002 091 091 001	LAMP (BOX Of 10) DISPLAY, L.E.D. SCREW, Buttress Head Socket, #8-32 x 3/8 WASHER, Flat SUPPORT, Panel and Gauge GAUGE, Chamber Pressure LENS TRIM, Chamber	1		
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	P P	84374 146520 93689 90562 90918 84436 3040 3099 52149 146527 3950	001 002 061 045 001 042 042 045 001	PANEL, Lower PANEL, Kick SCREW, Self-tapping, #8-32 NUT. Speed CLIP. Panel Support NUT. Hex, 1/4-20 NUT. Hex, 3/8-16 LOCKWASHER BRACKET, Main Support	1 1 4 4 4 8 20 20 20		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		76230 31599 93089 84437 2959 31705 5511 93688 31838	091 041 001 001 041 045 091 001	LOCKWASHER WASHER, Flat GASKET, Wall BRACKET, Kick Pánel NUT, Hex, #10-32 LOCKWASHER WASHER, Flat BRACKET, Support SCREW, Hex Head, 3/8-16 x 1	2 4 4 6 4 20 20		
29 30 31 32 33 34	PPP	10414 90594 3846 49134 91924 10572	091 041 061 091	FITTING, Compression SCREW, Hex Head, 1/4-20 x 1/2 WASHER NUT, Tinnerman, 1/4	10 10 10		

Figure 8-7: PANEL ASSEMBLY, Non-operating End.

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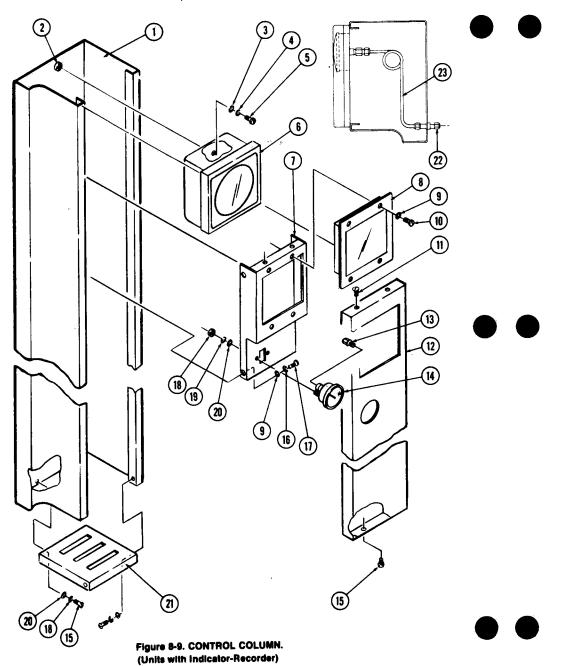
FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		S V C DESCRIPTION	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
8-8- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13	P P P P P P P P	146271 146264 136435 5503 19687 12439 90407 93152 8648 76230 90572	001 045 061 045 045 001 061 091		SHELL AND STAND ASSEMBLY: Single Door Model SHELL AND STAND ASSEMBLY: Double Door Model SHELL, Weldment, Single Door SHELL, Weldment, Double Door STAND, Weldment WASHER, Flat, 1 O.D. x 13/32 I.D. x 3/32 Thk. WASHER, Lock, 3/8 SCREW, Socket Head, 3/8-16 x 3/4 SCREW, Square Head, 5/8-11 x 4-1/2 BAFFLE, Steam NUT, Hex, 1/4-20 LOCKWASHER NAMEPLATE INSULATION TAPE STRAP SEAL, Strap	X 1 14444111122	X 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 2 2 2		

Figure 8-8. SHELL AND STAND ASSEMBLY.

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FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION		NITS I	
8-9- 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 10 11 12 13 13 14 15	P 1466 P 844 P 311 P 266 P 1366 P 1366 P 146 P 755 P 7644 P 930 P 177 P 788 P 456 P 90 P 90 P 77 P 23 P 79 P 136 P 136 P 136 P 136 P 136 P 136 P 129		V C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER CONTROL COLUMN HOUSING, Control SPACER, Recorder WASHER, Flat LOCKWASHER SCREW, Round Head. 1 4-20 x 7/8 RECORDER (See Fig. 8-10) ENCLOSURE CONTROL, Primary (Repaired Unit P-764193-016)	X 12222111 1 A/R 1 8 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 6 4 4 4 2 6 6 6 1 1 1	T	

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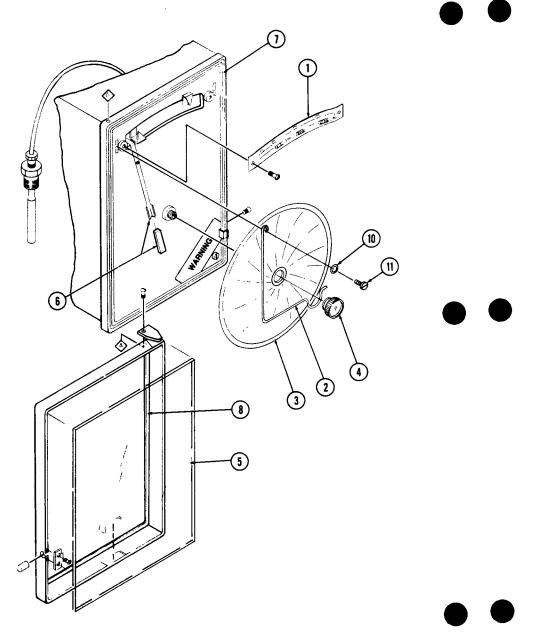


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER							ER
8-10-	Р	83919	001		INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Part 1 of 3)	x		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	6666666	93713 764315 93714 764315 76960 764315 34857 751364 79588 3967	320 001 319 091 403 091		SCALE. Temperature LIFTER, Pen CHART. Recording (Box of 100) HUB. Chart GLASS. Door CARTRIDGE, Ink, Red (Card of Six w/One Arm) GASKET, Door TAPE. Door Glass Not Used WASHER, For Pen Lifter SCREW. For Pen Lifter	1 A/Ri 1 1 A/R 1 1		

Figure 8-10. INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Part 1 of 3).

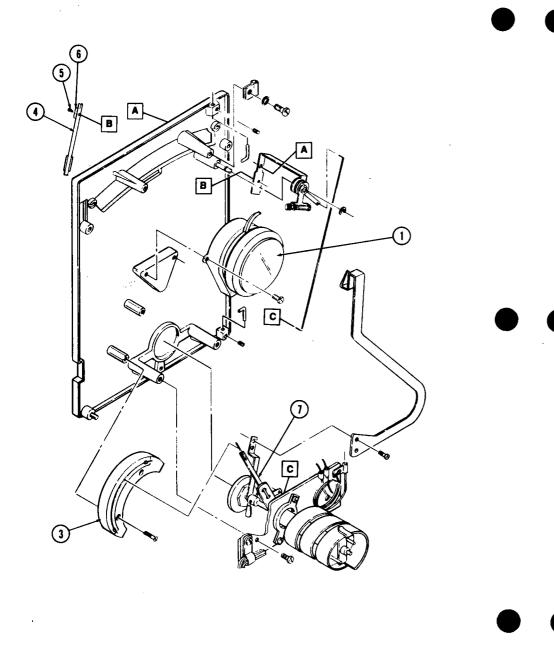
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8-11- P 83919 001 INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Part 2 of 3)	×	1
	1 A/R 1 1	. Design the contract of the c

Figure 8-11. INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Part 2 of 3).

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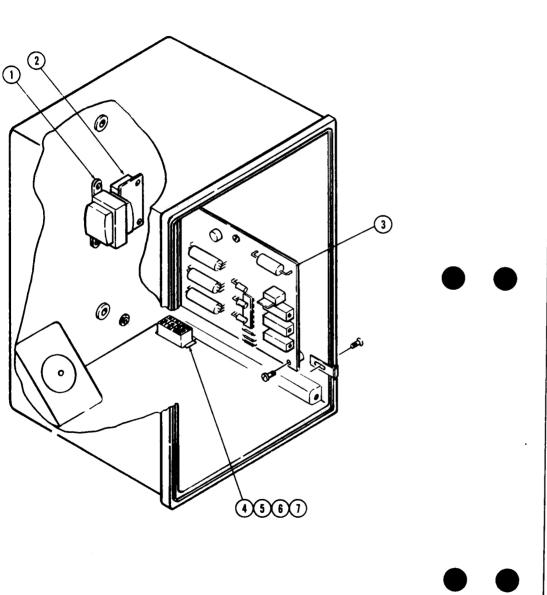


FIG. & S INDEX PART V NO. NUMBER C	DESCRIPTION UNITS PER ASSEMBLY
NO. NUMBER C 1-12- P 83919 001 1 P 764315 335 2 3 P 764315 324 4 P 764315 324 6 P 84381 001 7 P 84382 001	R-CONTROLLER (Part 3 of 3) R-CONTROLLER (Part 3 of 3) MINAL BLOCK DARD Cocated In Recorder Case T-764315-323 Connector Cocated On Wire Harness, Not Shown Tor 84381-001 Connector, Not Shown A/R

Figure 8-12. INDICATOR-RECORDER-CONTROLLER (Part 3 of 3).

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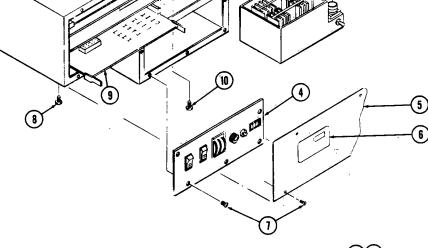
UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER

DESCRIPTION

CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2)

UNITS PER

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3	



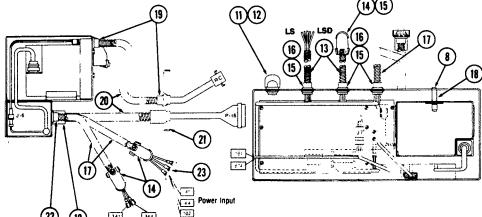


Figure 8-13. CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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FIG. &

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PART NUMBER

1						1	1 1
1	Р	146614	001	HOUSING ASSEMBLY, Control	1		
2	Р	93800	001	BRACKET, Support	1		1 1
3	P	146402		POWER SUPPLY (Repaired Unit P-764193-004)	1 1		
-	Р	764317	835	FUSE, Pico (F401) 3 Amp, 125 Volt, box of 5			
	Р	764317	778	• FUSE, Cartridge (F402) 3 Amp, 250 Volt, box of 5			1 1
4	Р	146611	001	PANEL, Secondary Assembly (See Fig. 8-16)	1	li	1 1
5	P	146613		COVER, Control	1		1
6	P	150369	001	DECAL, Caution	1 1		li
7	P	50705	041	SCREW, Flat Head, #6-32 x 5/16	13		
8	P	129062		SCREW, Hex Head, #10-32 x 1/2	6		1 1
9	ľ			MICROPROCESSOR ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-15)	1		1
10	Р	40357	045	SCREW, Self Tapping, #6-32 x 1/4	2		1 1
11	P	91060		CONNECTOR, Conduit, 1/2	1		1 1
12	P	150122		BUSHING	2		1 1
13		91857		CONDUIT, Flexible, 3/8 x 20	2	1	1 1
14	P	90625	091	CONNECTOR, Conduit, 3/8	3		
15	P	24748		BUSHING	8		
16	P	90331		CONNECTOR, Conduit, 3/8	3		
17	P	89867		CONDUIT, Flexible, 3/8 x 24	2		
18	P	129106		BAR, Support	1	1 1	
19	P	150030		CONNECTOR, Conduit, 1/2	4	1 1	i i
20		90903		CONDUIT, Flexible, 1/2 x 24	2	1 1	1
21	P	129084	001	BOX. Adapter	1		
22	P	18000	091	CONNECTOR, Conduit, Double, 3/8	li l		1 1
23	P	14591	091	TERMINAL, Ring, #8 x 20-24 AWG	3	ł	1 1
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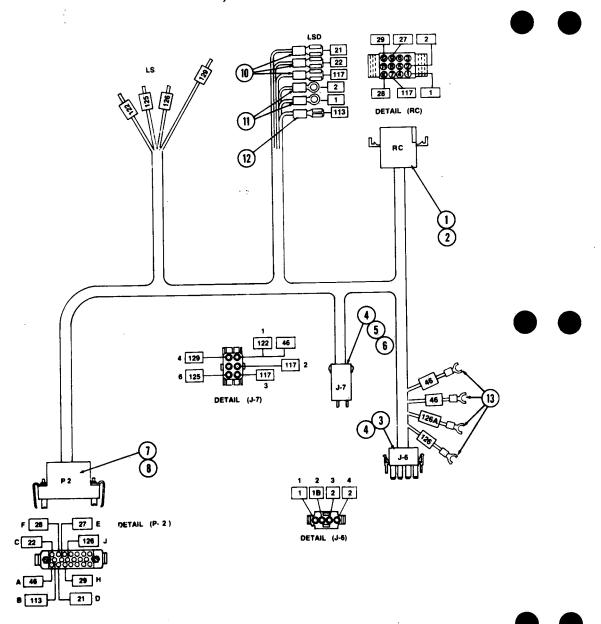


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER	ł	S V C	DESCRIPTION		NITS PER SSEMBLY
8-14-				-	UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER: CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2)	x	determinate of the
3 4 5 6 7 8	P P P P P P P P P	84381 81192 129115 129113 129116 129113 93829 84198 90619 90695 14591 150475 118177	001 001 001 001 002 001 004 091 091 978		CONNECTOR, RC TERMINAL, Pin, #18-24 AWG HOUSING, Plug, 4 Pin, J-6 CONTACT, Pin, #14-20 AWG HOUSING, Cap, 6 Pin, J-7 CONTACT, Pin, #14-16 AWG BLOCK ASSEMBLY, P-2 SOCKET, #16-18 AWG TERMINAL, Ring, #6 x #18-22 AWG TERMINAL, Quick Detachable, 1/4 Lug x #18-22 AWG TERMINAL, Ring, #8 x #16-14 AWG TERMINAL, Quick Detachable. 3/16 Lug x #14-18 AWG TERMINAL, Quick Detachable. 3/16 Lug x #14-18 AWG TERMINAL, Spade	6 1 3 1 8	

Figure 8-14. CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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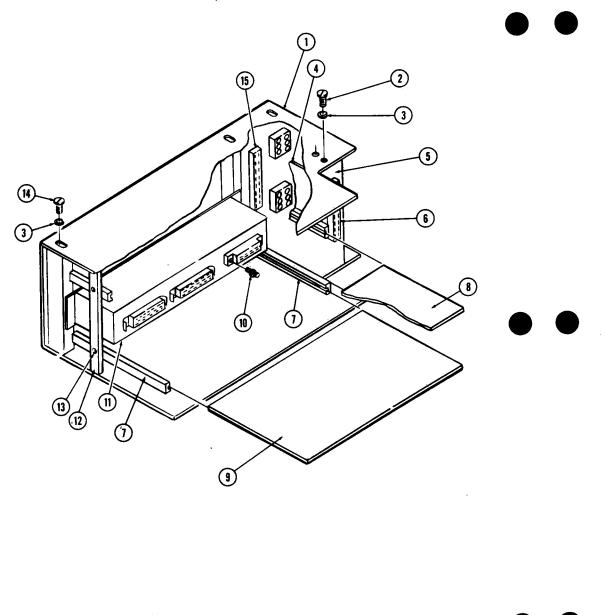


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION		NITS PER SSEMBLY	- 1	
13 14	666666666666	136746 40357 84116 129074 93778 84217 84225 146588 146588 146588 84193 760265 129073 84226 84117 84218 129352	045 002 001 001 002 001 003 001 005 007 001 132 001 001 001		MICROPROCESSOR ASSEMBLY CHASSIS SCREW, Pan Head. #6-32 x 1/4 LOCKWASHER. #6 CABLE, Flat, 19 Pin BRACKET, Receptacle HOUSING, Receptacle, 38 Pin, J-4 GUIDE, Card P/C CARD, Basic (CPU) (Repaired P-764193-015). P/C CARD. Washer/Sterilizer Expander (Repaired P-764193-002) P/C CARD. #2. Units after 11/15/81 (Repaired P-764193-026) P/C CARD. #2. Units after 2/84 (Repaired P-764193-031). JACKSCREW, Male MOTHERBOARD ASSEMBLY (Repaired P-764193-017) BAR, P/C Card Guide Support TAB, Locking SCREW, Pan Head, #6-32 x 5/16 HOUSING, Receptacle, 38 Position PLATE, Identification (Not Shown) NOTE: When replacing a printed circuit board, refer to paragraph 7-12, step 6.	X 14182111411121481411		

Figure 8-15. MICROPROCESSOR ASSEMBLY.

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(19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19)		
16		
18-3 (12)		
23 (25)		
4 (1)		
	_	

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION			PER	
NDEX			001 156 001 091 091 001 001 002 608 001 041 001 002 091 002 091 002	٧	UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER: PANEL ASSEMBLY, Secondary (Part 1 of 3) UNITS WITH PRINTCON: PANEL ASSEMBLY, Secondary (Part 1 of 3) PANEL WELDMENT WASHER. LOCKWASHER, #6 NUT, Hex, #6-32 SPACER, Switch BREAKER, Circuit, CB-1 SWITCH, SW-1 SCREW, Flat Head, #6-32 x 3/16 BREAKER, Circuit, CB-2 BUZZER KIT, Buzzer Resistor RESISTOR, 3000 Ohm SCREW, Round Head NOT USED LOCKWASHER, #4 SCREW, Round Head, #4-40 x 3/16 BRACKET, Counter COUNTER GUARD, Button SWITCH, Pushbutton, PB-1 SWITCH, Thumbwheel, 2 Switch Assembly TUBING, Shrink SCREW, Self Tapping		X 1 5 6 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	
23 24 25	PP	19712 89174 12531	091		WASHER. BLOCK, Terminal. TB3	2 1 2	2 1 2	

Figure 8-16. SECONDARY PANEL ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 3).

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3 PB1 P	CB2 655 656 40 48 8 41 8 41 8 41 8 41 8 41 8 41 8 4	•
(2	1	

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
					UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER			
8-17-	Ф	146611	001		PANEL ASSEMBLY, Secondary, Wiring (Part 2 of 3)	×		
1 2 3	ው ው ው	32118 129352 150808	049		ADAPTER. Terminal CONNECTOR. Butt NUT. Wire	2 3 1		
		i						

Figure 8-17. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL (Part 2 of 3). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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9 10 10 % # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	11 (2) (3) (6) (1) (6-2) (2) (3) (6-2) (6-	
22-33 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20 -20		

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		S V C	DESCRIPTION			PEF MBL
					UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER			
	P	146611	001		SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL, Cable (Part 3 of 3)	x		
	1 P	84229			HOUSING, Receptacle, P-16	1		
	2 P	84187 32119			CONTACT, #20-24 AWG	9		
	4 5 P	90695	091		RECEPTACLE, 1/4 Lug x #18-22 AWG	5		
	6 P	14590	091		TERMINAL, Wire, #6 Stud #14-16 AWG	1		
	7 P 8 P	129118 129039			HOUSING, Cap, 4 Position, P-6SOCKET, Contact P-6, #14-20 AWG	1 2		
	9 P	93838			PLUG. 9 Position. P-5	1		.
1	0 P	84198	004		SOCKET, Contact, P-5	5		
	1 P	84205 84207			HOUSING, Pin, 38 Position, P-4 PIN, Contact, P-3 and P-4	33		
	2 P	84192			JACKSCREW, Female P-3 and P-4	4		
1	4 P	129119	001		HOUSING, Plug, 6 Position, P-7	1		
	5 P	129039			SOCKET, Contact, P-7, #18-24 AWG HOUSING, Pin, 28 Position, P-3	5		1
	6 P	84205 90619			TERMINAL. Wire. #6 18-22 AWG	2		
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Figure 8-18. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL (Part 3 of 3). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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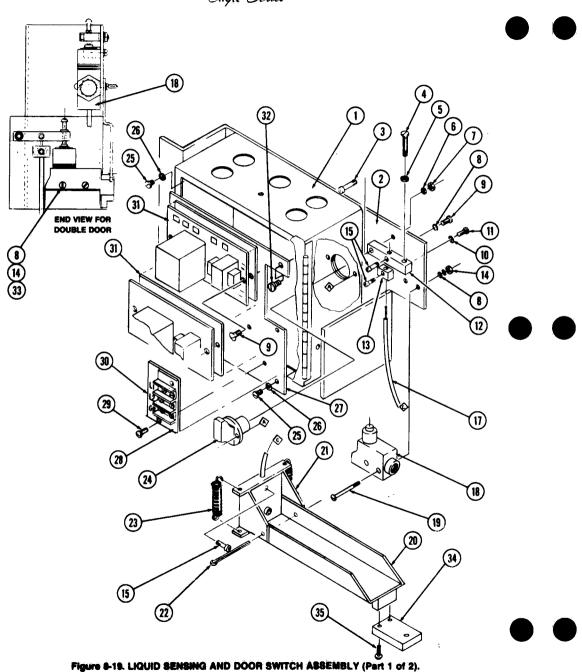


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		1	S V C	DESCRIPTION	_	NITS		
					UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER				
8-19-	Р	146607	001		LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY	_	i		
	_				(Part 1 of 2) Single Door	X			
	Р	146607	002		LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2) Double Door		х		
					UNITS WITH PRINTCON				
	Р	1.46649	150		LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2) Single Door			x	
	Р	146649	151	i	LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY	1			
			1		(Part 1 of 2) Double Door				×
1	P	146601	001		BOX, Instrument	1	•	1	1
ż	F	136743	~ -		PLATE Mounting	1	•	1	1
3	P	45739			SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 3/4	1	2	1	1
4	Р	38569	041		SCREW. Round Head. #8-32 x 1	1	2	1	13
5	Р	3038	041	l	NUT, Hex, #8-32	1	2	1	13
6	P		1		LOCKWASHER, #10	1	2	1	
7	Р	3039	1		NUT, Hex, #10-24	1 4	6	4	L
8	P	18131			LOCKWASHER, #6	6	6	4	Ľ
9	Р	8129		l	SCREW, Bind Head, #6-32 x 3/8	2	1	2	1:
10	Р	19676		l	LOCKWASHER. #8	2	1	2	
11	P	4682	I -	1	ACTUATOR, Switch	11	2	1	
12 13	P	91830 91623		l	BLOCK, Cable	1	2	1	
14	P	3037		l	NUT, Hex, #6-32	2	4	2	1
15	F	34518		1	SCREW, Socket Head, #8-32 x 1/4	4	8	4	1
16	-	34310	100		NOT USED	1	ļ		L
17	P	91619	091	٠ ا	CABLE	1	2	1	
18	P				SWITCH	1	2	1	1:
19	P	22419		l	SCREW Round Head, #6-32 x 1-3/4	2	2	2	1
20	P	91629	045	1	ARM WELDMENT	1	2	1	1
21	P	96577	045	ļ	BRACKET, Door Switch	1	2	1	
22	Р	90593		Ì	PIN, Cotter	1	2	1 2	H
23	Р	90751		l	SPRING	1	1	1	Ι΄
24	Р	83865	1	l	SWITCH, Pressure. PS-2	1 5	5	5	1
25	P	9374	1	l	SCREW, Round Head. #10-32 x 3/8	4	4	4	
26	P				PLATE, Mounting	1	1	1	Т
27 28	P				STRIP, Terminal 3 Position TB-1	li	1	1	1
26 29	P			1	SCREW, Bind Head, #10-32 x 5/8	2	2	2	
30	P	82647		1	STRIP Marker	1	1	1	
31	P		1		CONTROL, Liquid Level	2	2	2	1
J ,	P	764316			• RELAY, SPDT	2	2	2	
32	P	9282		1	SCREW, Flat Head, #10-32 x 3/8	4	4	4	
33	P	3966			SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 1-1/4	1	2	ł	
34	P	90891		1	EXTENSION, Switch	1	2	1	
35	٩	4682		1	SCREW, Round Head, #8-32 x 3/8	2	4	2	1

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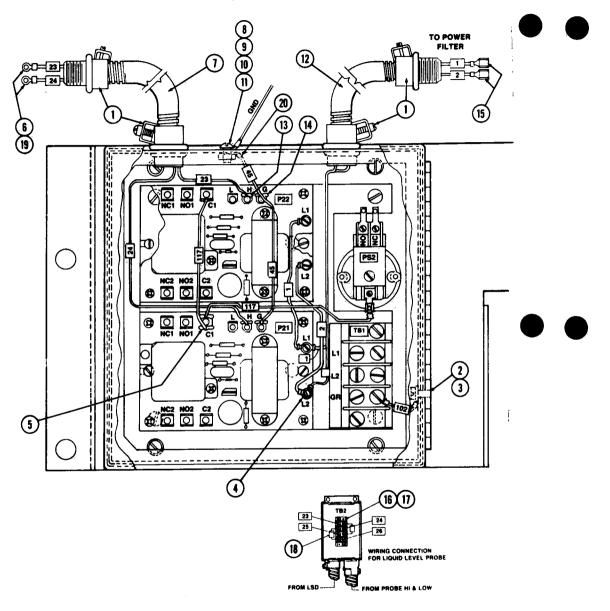


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		S V C	DESCRIPTION	-		S RER
		LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2 Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon		×	×			
1		90331	091	1	CONNECTOR, Conduit, 3/8	2	2	
2		82675	,		SCREW, Green Ground, #10-32 x 3/8	1	1	
3		14591			TERMINAL, Ring, #8 x 14-16 AWG	3	3	
4	P	14865	1		TERMINAL, Ring, #8 x 18-22 AWG	4	4	1
5		90695			TERMINAL, Lug. 1/4 x 18-22 AWG	3	2	
6 7	P	90619 79360		ĺ	TERMINAL, Ring, #6 x 16-22 AWG	1	1	1 1
8	F	9374			CONDUIT, Flexible, 3/8 x 15	i	1	
9	P	2959			NUT. Hex. #10-32	i		
10	P	14592			TERMINAL, Ring, #10 x 14-16 AWG	1	1	
11	P	90943		·	TERMINAL, Ring, #8	1	1	1
12	P	89867	091		CONDUIT, Flexible, 3/8 x 24	1	1	
13	Р	91694	091		TERMINAL, Lug, 3/16 x 14-18 AWG	3	4	
14	Р	82112	001		TERMINAL, Lug, 3/16 x 12-14 AWG	1		
15	1 '	32119	091		TERMINAL, Lug, 1/4 x 14-16 AWG	2	2	
16		90756			BLOCK, Terminal	1 .	1	
17	1.	3984			SCREW, #6-32 x 3/8	2	2	
18	1 '	150415			RESISTOR	2	2	
19		90619			TERMINAL, Ring, #6 x 16-22 AWG	2	2	
20	P	19525	091		TERMINAL, Ring. #10 x 10-12 AWG		1	

Figure 8-20. LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2).

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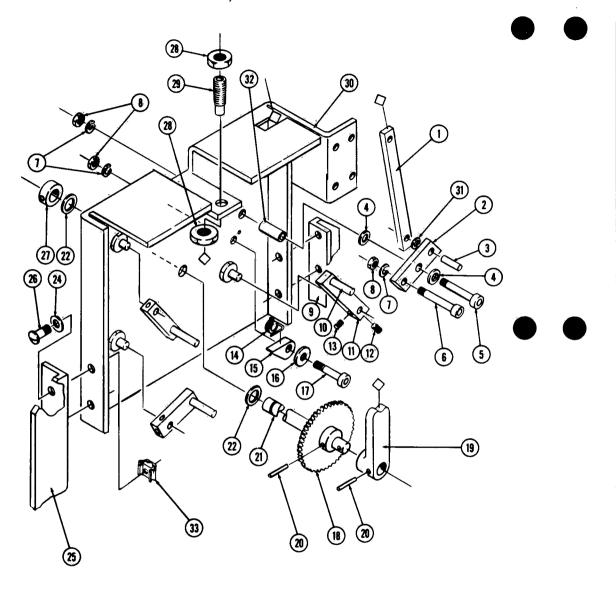


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER			S V C DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY		
				UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER:			
-21-	P	146337	001	MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Door Lock (Part 1 of 2)	×		
1	Р	129104	001	ARM, Linkage	1		
	P	129105		LEVER, Door Unlock	1		
3	P	43227	061	ROLLPIN. 1/8 x 5/8	1	1 1	
• 4	Р	31599		WASHER, Flat, 260 x 9/16 .040	2		
5	P	129109		SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 1/3		1	
6	P	45739		SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 3/4	5		
7	P	31705		LOCKWASHER, #10	3		
8	P P	3039		LEG, Mounting, LH	1		
9 10	P	136745 38968		ROLLPIN, 1/4 x 1-1/2	3		
11	P	129095		ARM. Solenoid	3		
12	ı ·	150822		SCREW, Set. #8-32 x 1/4	3		
13	P	150822		SCREW, Set. #8-32 x 3/16	3		
	P	84288		SPRING	1		
15	P	129096	001	PAWL	1		
16	P	10445		WASHER, Brass	1 4		
17		83547		SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 3/8	1		
18		93577		RATCHET	1		
19	1.	93802		ARM, Actuator	1 2	1 1	
20		36565		ROLLPIN, 1/8 x 1	1	1 1	
21		84285 34508		SHAFT WASHER Nylon	2	l	
22 23		2960	,	NUT, Hex, #10-32	4	i	
23		17589		WASHER, Flat, #10	4	i I	
25		136744		LEG, Mounting, RH	1		
26		10347		SCREW. Round Head. #10-32 x 7/8	4		
27	ı.	129125		RETAINER	1	1 1	
28		33971		NUT, Hex, 1/2 x 13	2		
29		129087		PIN,1/2-13 x 1	1	1 1	
30	Р	136748	001	PLATE. Hub	1	1 1	
31	P	5469	041	WASHER, Flat	2	i I	
32	P	129108	001	SPACER	1		
33	Р	150822	093	NUT. Retained	4		

Figure 8-21. MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY: Door Lock (Part 1 of 2). (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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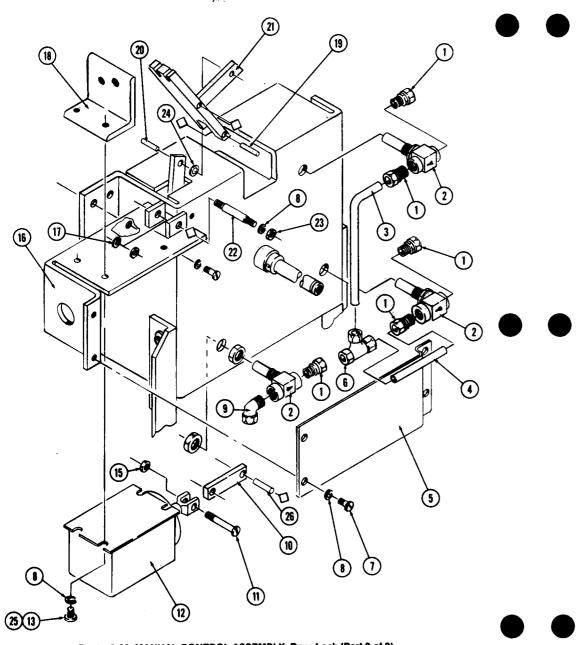


FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		NITS PER
	UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER:		
B-22- P 146337 001	MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Door Lock (Part 2 of 2)	x	
1 P 34218 091 2 P 93799 001 3 P 129081 001 5 P 93896 66 6 P 46097 091 7 P 12283 041 8 P 31705 045 9 P 129101 001 11 P 150822 047 12 P 56396 014 P 764316 275 764320 728 13 P 9374 14 14 P 15 P 15027 001 17 P 5511 00 19 P 136739 00 17 P 5511 00 19 P 43227 06 20 P 36683 06 21 P 93798 00 22 P 129210 00 23 P 2960 04 24 P 129325 00 25 P 9661 04 26 P 43308 06	FITTING. Compression. 1/4 O.D. Tubing x 1/4 NPT VALVE. Quick Opening. 1/4 NPT TUBE. 1 4 O.D. x 2-13/16 COVER. Solenoid TEE, Compression. 1/4 O.D. Tubing SCREW. Round Head, #10-32 x 1/4 LOCKWASHER, #10 ELL, Compression. 1/4 O.D. Tubing x 1/4 NPT ARM, Linkage SCREW. Round Head. (8-32 x 1-1/4) SOLENOID, 60 Hz KIT, Solenoid Replacement, 60 Hz (Units Prior to 11/80) KIT, Door Lock Solenoid, 60 Hz (Units Prior to 9/84) SOLENOID, 50 Hz KIT, Solenoid Replacement, 50 Hz (Units Prior to 11/80) KIT, Door Lock Solenoid, 50 Hz (Units Prior to 9/84) SCREW. Round Head. #10-32 x 3/8 (Not Used) NUT. Hex. #8-32 BRACKET. Solenoid WASHER, Flat. BRACKET, Cable ROLLPIN. 1/8 x 5/8 ROLL PIN. 1/8 x 1/2 BELLCRANK STUD. #10-32 x 1-3/4 NUT. Hex. #10-32 RETAINER SCREW. Sol. Mtg PIN. Roll 1 8 x 3/4 Lg.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Figure 8-22, MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY: Door Lock (Part 2 of 2).
(Units with Indicator-Recorder)

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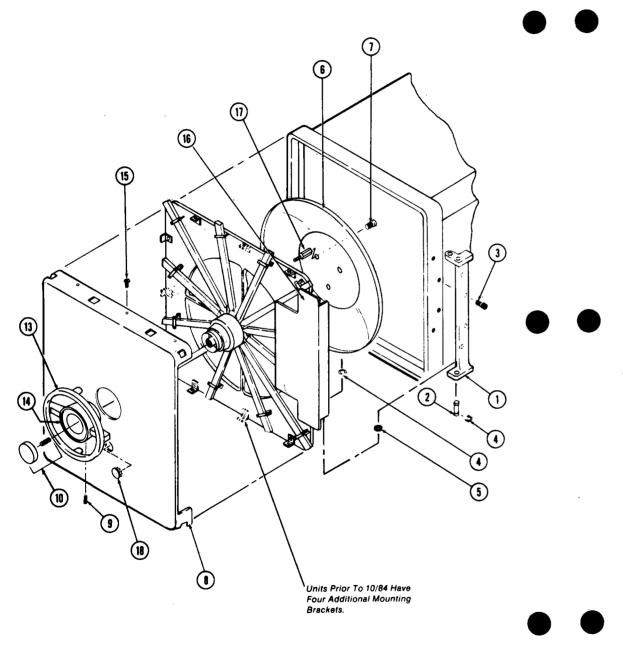


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		PART				DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER		
2 3 4 5	P 9 4 4 P 1 7 P P 5 5 P P 5 5 P P 5 5 P P 5 5 P P 5 5 P P 5 5 P P 7 P P 7 P P 7 P P P 7 P P P P	11599 10041 13845 12706 19806 64474 12283 32111 51963 33174 46327 93647 74710 25890	063 045 045 001 063 041 001 045 001 001 061	•	COVER AND HANDWHEEL ASSEMBLY WELDMENT, Hinge PIN, Hinge CAP SCREW, Socket Head RING, Retaining WASHER, Hinge COVER, Door Back SCREW, Round Head COVER, Chamber Door, Stainless Steel SET SCREW BUTTON, Assembly Not Used Not Used Not Used HANDLE, Chamber Door FACE PLATE SCREW, Self Tapping DOOR LOCK AND HINGE ASSEMBLY (Refer to Fig. 8-24) SCREW, Special PLUG, Button	X 1 2 4 2 A/R 1 3 1 1 1 5 1 3 1					
				•	Current door cover requires only five fasteners. When this cover is installed on units prior to 10/84, the unused mounting brackets may be removed from the door.						

Figure 9-23. COVER AND HANDWHEEL ASSEMBLY.

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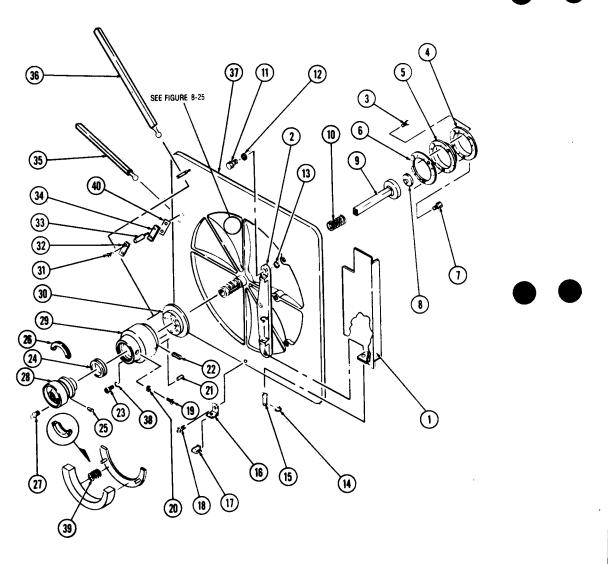


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE	R	s v c	DESCRIPTION		NITS PER
NO. 8-24- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	P P P P P P P P		268 001 001 061 091 061 091 061 041 045 045 045 061 045		DESCRIPTION DOOR LOCK AND HINGE ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 3) HINGE WELDMENT, Door DOOR HINGE BRACKET BOLT, Machine, Finished COVER, Diaphragm DIAPHRAGM GASKET, Diaphragm SCREW, Special THRUST PLATE ASSEMBLY ROD WELDMENT, Lock Clutch SPRING, Lock Clutch Rod SCREW, Hex Head WASHER, Spring LOCKWASHER RING, Retaining PIN, Hinge BRACKET, Door Cover SPEED NUT SCREW, Self Tapping SCREW, Truss Head LOCKWASHER ROLL PIN KEY, Door		
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38		12264 6416 47598 13194 90475 96102 96181 11817 39863 150365 33429 33435 92634 55972 760265 5596 12260	042 091 061 091 091 056 056 091 001 001 045 001 004 413 041		SCREW, Socket Head BEARING, Bail Thrust DRIVE SCREW THRUST RING ASSEMBLY LUBE FITTING NUT, Handle PLATE, Top Socket PLATE, Bottom Socket SCREW, Round Head LINK, Arm Clip STUD, Arm Clip BLOCK, Fulcrum Arm Clip ARM, Door ARM, Door ARM, Door LOCKWASHER SPRING, Thrust Ring	2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 24 12 24 1 1 6 4	
- 1	P	150822 150822 150822	318	- 1:	SHIM, .010 Thick	A/R A/R A/R	

Figure 8-24. DOOR LOCK AND HINGE ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 3).

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DESCRIPTION

DOOR LOCK AND HINGE ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 3)

COVER, Door Back

DRIVE SCREW.....

ROLL PIN

RING, Lock Clutch

 NUT, Door Post
 1

 SHIM, Door (.015).
 A/R

UNITS PER

ASSEMBLY

0		
2	3	
		8
	9 10	

Figure 8-25	DOOR LOCK	AND HINGE	ASSEMBLY	(Part 2 of 3).

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FIG. &

INDEX

NO.

8-25-

S

V

C

PART

NUMBER

74367 091 54475 061

47598 061

44604 061

9083 091

22057 091

150330 001

2893 061

22058 091

·	
8-51	 _
784089 D-10	

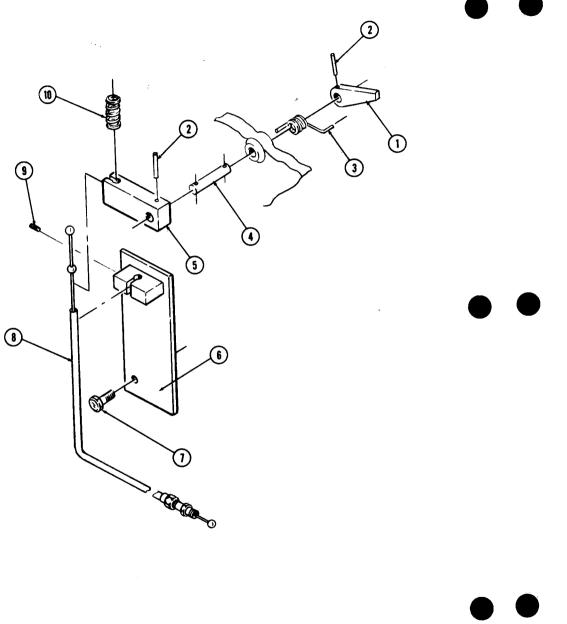


FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY
3-26- 1 P 91578 061 2 P 43227 061 3 P 129121 001 5 P 129122 001 6 P 93891 001 7 P 31838 042 8 P 93805 001 9 P 34518 061 10 P 83878 001	91578 061	X 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Figure 8-26. DOOR LOCK AND HINGE ASSEMBLY (Part 3 of 3).

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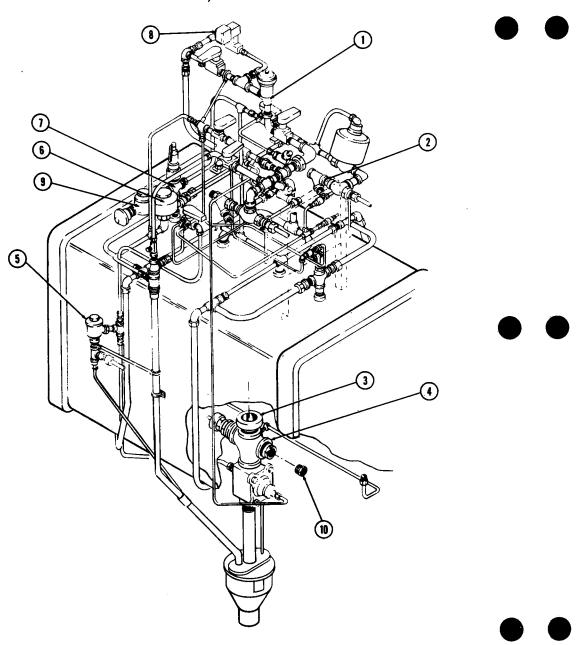


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART IUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION			PER
8-27-					PIPING ASSEMBLY: Complete Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon	×	x	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Р	76053	042		WATER PIPING (See Fig. 8-28) STEAM PIPING (See Fig. 8-28) CHAMBER STRAINER (See Fig. 8-30) CHAMBER DRAIN PIPING (See Fig. 8-30) WATER LEVEL SENSING (See Fig. 8-38) DRAIN TRAP (See Fig. 8-29) AIR INLET PIPING (See Fig. 8-31) DETERGENT INJECTOR (See Fig. 8-34) SAFETY VALVE AND AIR INLET ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-31) BUSHING. Reducing, 1/2 N.P.T. x 1/4 N.P.T.	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Figure 8-27. PIPING ASSEMBLY: Complete.

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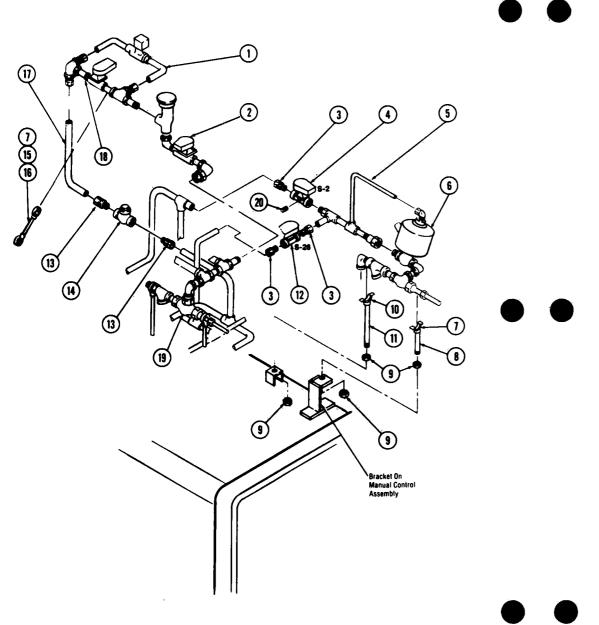


FIG. & S NDEX PART V NO. NUMBER C DESCRIPTION			 PER
3-28- 1 P 93781 001 2 P 93783 001 3 P 13658 091 4 P 150822 309 P 764317 687 P 764070 002 5 P 93782 001 6 P 136731 001 7 P 39591 010 10 P 39591 010 11 P 150803 002 P 764187 002 P 764187 002 P 7644070 002 P 150822 309 P 764317 687 P 764070 002 P 150822 309 P 764317 687 P 764070 002 P 150822 091 14 P 41998 091 15 P 28928 051 16 P 39590 010 17 P 84317 001 18 P 136733 001 19 9 20 P 3439 091		X 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 A/R 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Figure 8-28. STEAM AND WATER SUPPLY PIPING.

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20 (3)	
18 SEE DETAIL	5 5
15 19 19 10	
	10 24 25
	13
Bracket on Manual Control Assy.	
	16 15 14
3 25 21	
DETAIL A REAR CLAMP ONLY	

FIG. & INDEX NO.	IDEX PART V			S PEF				
3-29-					WATER AND STEAM TO CHAMBER PIPING Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon	×	×	
1	P	136735			DRAIN VALVE OPERATOR ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-38)	1	1	
2	P	77774 83263			STRAINER, Pipe, 1/4 N.P.T	1	1	
3	P	764073			• REPAIR KIT	1	1	
i	P	764072			• COIL	1	1	
4	P	45530	091		ELL, Compression, 3/8 O.D.T. x 3/8 N.P.T.	3	3	
5	Р	29023			NIPPLE, 3/8 N.P.T. x 3-1/2	1	1	
- 6	Р	93784			WATER INLET ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-33)	1	1	. [
7 8	P	93785			WATER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-33)	1 2	1 2	l
9	P	39589 129092			CLIP, Angle	1	1	
10	P	150803			NIPPLE, 1/4 N.P.T. x 5-9/16 Lg.	1	1	
11	Р	129091			NUT, Lock, 1/4-18 N.P.T.	4	4	
12	Р	150803	002		NIPPLE, 1/4 N.P.T. x 9	1	1	
13	Р	83264			VALVE, Solenoid, 3/8 N.P.T. (S-3)	1	1	1
ļ	Р	764070		•	• REPAIR KIT	1	1	Ì
	P	764070 93789			COIL TUBE 3/8 O.D.	1	1	
14 15	P	19514			COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T.	3	3	
16	P	129078			TUBE, 3/8 O.D.	1	1	
17	Р	93788	001		TRAP DRAIN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-38)	1	1	
18	Р	129222			TRAP, 1/2 N.P.T. (See Fig. 8-41)	1	1	1
19	P	129079			TUBE, 3/8 O.D.	1	1	
20 21	P	93786 129083			STEAM TO CHAMBER ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-36)	1		
22	P	3439			PLUG, Pipe, 1/8 N.P.T.	1	i	1
23	P	3998		- 1	SCREW, Round Head, 1/4-20 x 1/2	1	2	
24	P	37891			SCREW. Cap	6	6	
25	P	150822		- 1	SHIM (Not Shown)	4	4	
26	Р	76230			LOCKWASHER, 1/4	2	2	
27	Р	3097	041		NUT, 1/4-20	2	2	
				•	Torque bonnet bolts to 50 in./lbs.			
					,			.
	İ							
- 1		ľ	ſ			- 1		

Figure 8-29. WATER AND STEAM TO CHAMBER PIPING.

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Eagle Series	,
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	15 15 FRONT	
	A PARATOR RIPING	

Eagle Series

FIG. & S INDEX PART V NO. NUMBER C DESCRIPTION		UNITS PEI
8-30- 1 P 84327 001 2 P 29931 091 3 P 84321 001 5 P 7841 091 6 P 76707 091 7 P 93607 001 8 P 935606 001 10 P 33773 002 12 P 93773 002 12 P 93773 003 14 P 29903 042 15 P 81064 001	EJECTOR PIPING TUBE, 5/8 O.D. COUPLING, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. TUBE, Ejector NOZZLE, Steam GASKET ELL, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. (Female). TUBE, 5/8 O.D. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. EJECTOR SUPPLY ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-37) WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-37) WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-37) STRAINER, Chamber Drain ELL, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. (Male).	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

Figure 8-30. EJECTOR PIPING.

E-5

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1 Units with Printcon 37 38 38 36 37 35 35	• •
30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	
(A) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	• •
39 30 20 20	

FIG. & S S NOEX PART V NO. NUMBER C		v			UNITS PE ASSEMBL				
					UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER:				
8-31-					AIR AND STEAM INLET PIPING: Single Door	×			
					AIR AND STEAM INLET PIPING: Double Door		X		
					UNITS WITH PRINTCON:				
					AIR AND STEAM INLET PIPING: Single Door AIR AND STEAM INLET PIPING: Double Door			×	,
1	Р	136734			SAFETY VALVE AND AIR INLET ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-35)	1	1	1	
2	Р	29298			NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 3	2	2	2	l
3	P	40223			ELL, 3/4 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	2	2	2	ı
4 5	P	93787	1		INLET STEAM ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-34)	1 3	3	1	
6	P	42581	091		COUPLING, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. TEE, 1/4 x 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T.	1	1	3	
7	P	22472	1		BUSHING, Reducing, 3/4 x 1/4 N.P.T.		1		
8	P	129070			CROSS, 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/2 x 1/2 N.P.T.	1	;	1	l
9	P	83876	1 1		NOZZLE, Water	2	2	2	l
10	Р	34218	091		COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T.	1	2	1	1
11	P	46682	091		ELL. Compression, 1/4 O.D.T.	1	-	1	
12	P	46097	091		TEE, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T.		1		
13	Р	93612	1 1		TUBE, 1/4 O.D	1	1	1	
14	P	93594			TUBE, 1/4 O.D	ł	1		
15	P	83885			VALVE. Drain	1	1	1	
	P	764189			• KIT. Repair	1	1	1	
16 17	P	39597			NIPPLE. 1-1/4 N.P.T. x 1-3/4	1	1	1	
17	P	93611		li	TUBE. 1/4 O.D.	1	1	1	
19	1 '	93780 3440			DRAIN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-38)	1	1	1	
20	P	28937	091		PLUG. Pipe, 1/4 N.P.T. NIPPLE, 1/4 N.P.T. x 6	1	!		
21	P	141198			FUNNEL & CAP ASSEMBLY	1	1	1	
21	P				• FUNNEL, Drain, 2" O.D.	1		1	
	٩				CAP, Funnel	\ \ \		1	
	P	15272			• SCREW, Hex Set, 1/4-20	2	2	2	İ
	P	78881	045		• SCREW, Self Tap, 6-32 x 1/2	2	2	2	
22	Р	93604	001		TUBE. 3/8 O.D	1	1	1	
23	P	136730	001		STEAM RETURN ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-36)	1	1	1	
24	Р	39589	010		CLAMP, Pipe, 1/2	3	3	3	
25	P	27422	091		NIPPLE. 1/4 N.P.T. x 1-1/4	1	1.	1	
26	Р	9613	091		SUPPORT	1	1	1	
27	P	3097	041		NUT. 1/4-20	2	2	2	
28 29	P	76230 49134	091 061	- 1	LOCKWASHER	2	2	2	
30	P	93790	001		WASHER	1	1	1	
31	P	939	042	- 1	BUSHING, Reducing, 1/4 x 1/8 N.P.T.	1	1	'	
32	P	4906	091	į	TEE. 1/4 N.P.T.	1	1	i	
33	P	28917	091	- 1	NIPPLE, 1/4 N.P.T. x 1	1	i		
34	Р	129352	098	- 1	TUBE. 5/8 O.D.T.	1	1	1	
35	Р		091		BUSHING, Red. 3/4 N.P.T. x 1/8 N.P.T.		ı l	1	
36	Ρ	28899	091	1	NIPPLE, 1/8 N.P.T. x 1	Į		1	
	P	3439	091		PLUG. Pipe, 1/8 N.P.T			1	
	Р	89880	091		CROSS. 1/8 N.P.T			1	

Figure 8-31. AIR AND STEAM INLET PIPING.

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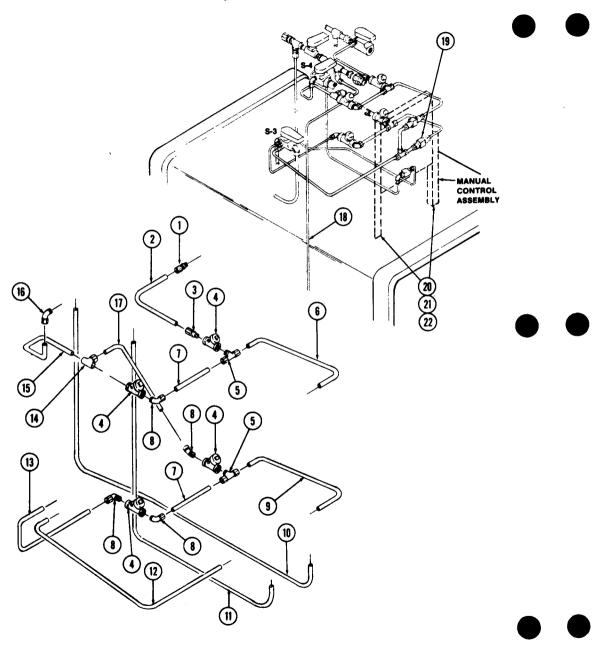


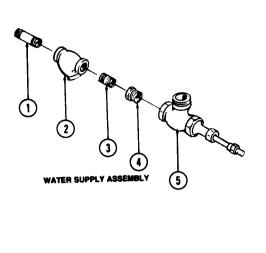
FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART		S V C	DESCRIPTION			PER IBLY
8-32- 1 2			091 001		TUBING Units with Indicator-Recorder Units with Printcon COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T. TUBE, 1/4 O.D.	X 1 1	X 1 1 1	
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	34218 34218 10278 29088 93791 83877 41306 93791 93793 93792 29295 93791 29089	091 042 091 001 002 002 091 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001		COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T. COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T. VALVE, Check, 1/4 N.P.T. TEE, Male Branch, 1/4 x 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T. TUBE, 1/4 O.D. TUBE	1 4 2 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 4	1 4 2 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 4	

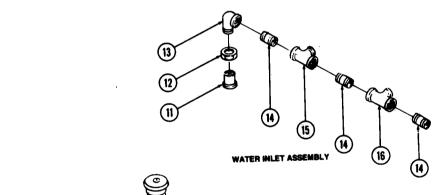
Figure 8-32. TUBING.

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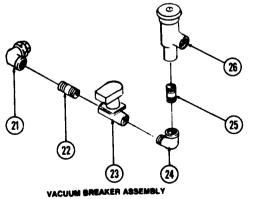


Figure 8-33. PIPMG SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water Supply.

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-33-			ART V C DESCRIPTION		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY				
					PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water Supply				
	P	93785	001		WATER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY	X			
1		29167	~ .		NIPPLE, 1/2 N.P.T. x 2-1/4	1			;
2	P	47709 750890			STRAINER, 1/2 N.P.T. • SCREEN	1			
3		29162			NIPPLE, 1/2 N.P.T. x 1	1			
4	P	836	042		REDUCER, 3/4 x 1/2 N.P.T	1			
5	Р	34029	091		VALVE, Union Angle, 3/4 N.P.T. (See Fig. 8-40)	1			
	P	93784	001		WATER INLET ASSEMBLY	X			
11		4248	091		SPUD, Union, 3/4 N.P.T.	1			
12		2903	091		NUT, Union	1			l
13 14		1636 29291	091 091		ELL, Street, 3/4 N.P.T. NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1-1/4	1			l
15		4924	091		TEE, 3/4 x 3/4 x 3/8 N.P.T.	1			
16	Р	84323	001		TEE, 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/4 N.P.T.	1			
	P	93783	001		VACUUM BREAKER ASSEMBLY	X			
21	Р	89986	091		ELL, Union, 3/4 N.P.T.	1			ŀ
22		29293	091		NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1-3/4	1			
23		83875	002		VALVE, Solenoid, 3/4 N.P.T. (S-21)	1			ĺ
	P	764188 764072			REPAIR KIT COIL	'			ı
24		1636			ELL, Street, 3/4 N.P.T.	1	١.		
25	P	29292			NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1-1/2	1		'	
26	P P	77023 752735	001		VACUUM BREAKER, 3/4 N.P.T. ● REPAIR KIT	1			
	۲.	/52/35	091		• HEPAIH KII		٠٠.		
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Eagle Series

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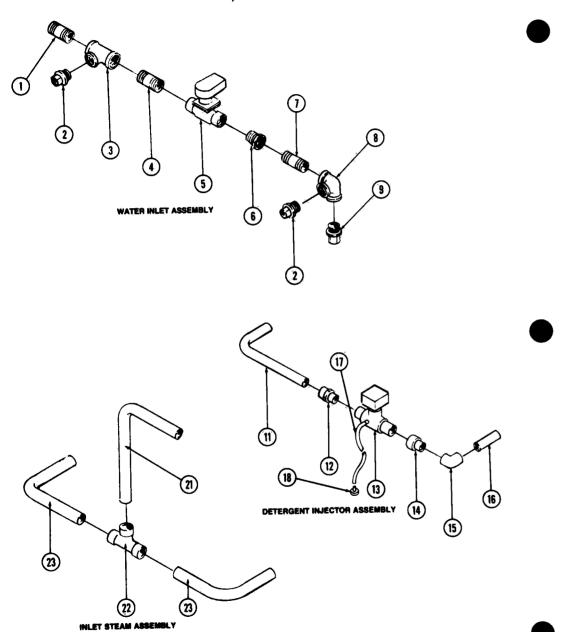


Figure 8-34. PIPMG SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water and Detergent.

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FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE	R	S . V C DESCRIPTION		NITS PE
3-34-				PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water and Detergent		
	Р	136733	001	WATER INLET ASSEMBLY	x	
1	Р	29292		NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1-1/2	,	
	Р	20173	091	COUPLING, 1/2 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	2	,
3	Р	4923		TEE, 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/2 N.P.T.	1	
4	P	29294	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 2	i	1 1
5	Р	83875	002	VALVE, Solenoid, 3/4 N.P.T. (S-25)	1	
	Р	764188	001	REPAIR KIT	1	
	Р	764072	002	◆ COIL	li I	
6	Ρ	836	042	BUSHING, Reducing, 3/4 x 1/2 N.P.T.	i	
7	Þ	29165	091	NIPPLE, 1/2 N.P.T. x 1-3/4		
8	Р	1627	091	ELL, Side Outlet, 1/2 N.P.T.	li I	
9	P	35298	091	COUPLING, 3/4 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	i	
	Р	93781	001	DETERGENT INJECTOR ASSEMBLY	x	
11	Р	84330	001	TUBE, 1/2 O.D.	1	
12	Р	90210	091	ADAPTER, Male, 1/2 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	1	1 1
13	P	84331	002	INJECTOR (IJ-21)	1	- 1 - 1
14	Р	90436	091	ADAPTER, Female, 1/2 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	1	
15	P	90213	091	ELL, 1/2 O.D.T.	i	- 1 - 1
16	P	92942	009	TUBE, 1/2 O.D.	i	1 1
17	Р	761695	001	TUBE, Detergent Pick-up	i	1 1
18	P	761696	001	STRAINER, Foot	1	
	P	93787	001	INLET STEAM ASSEMBLY	x	
21	P	150822	184	TUBE, 3/4 O.D.	. 1	
	P		001	TEE, 3/4 O.D.T.	1	1 1
}	P		001	TUBE, 3/4 O.D.	1 2	1 1

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STEAM REGULATOR ASSEMBLY	
3	
(a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	
3 8 1 6 STEAM DEGUI ATOR	
STEAM REGULATOR SENSING ASSEMBLY	
7) 27 23 15 17 15 13	
25 28 15 15 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	
30 SAFETY VALVE AND AIR INSLET ASSEMBLY	
(3) (3) (30)	

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER					UNITS PER ASSEMBLY				
8-35-				PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Steam and Air							
	P	136731	001	STEAM REGULATOR ASSEMBLY	x						
	P	21990 32003		ELL, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T. VALVE, Steam Control, 3/8 N.P.T. (See Fig. 8-39)	1 1 2						
	P	1631		ELL, Street, 3/8 N.P.T. NUT, Union	1	1 1					
	P	2901 4076		SPUD 3/8 N P T	i						
	P	5654		VALVE, Angle, 3/8 N.P.T	1						
	P	29013		NIPPI F 3/8 N P.T. x 1							
1	3 P	47671 50341		STRAINER, 3/8 N.P.T. • SCREEN	1						
	P	28447		• GASKET (O Ring)	1						
	P	93782	001	STEAM REGULATOR SENSING ASSEMBLY	x						
4.	P	84324	001	TUBE, 1/4 O.D	1						
11	P	2901		NUT Union	1						
13		4201	091	SPIID 3/8 N P T	1						
	P	90242		ADAPTER, 1/2 O.D.T. x 3/8 N.P.T.	1 3						
1:	P	92942 84325	1	TUBE, 1/2 O.D. x 1-7/16	i						
11	- 1 -	90223		TEE 1/2 O D T	1						
10		90587	091	ADAPTER, 1/2 O.D.T. x 3/8 N.P.T.							
	P	136734	001	SAFETY VALVE AND AIR INLET ASSEMBLY	x						
2	1 P	1639	001	ELL, Street, 1 N.P.T.	1						
2		84342	1	VALVE, Safety, 3/4 N.P.T.	11						
2	3 P	129070	001	CROSS, 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/2 x 1/2 N.P.T	2						
2		20173	1	COUPLING, Compression, 1/2 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. NIPPLE, 1/2 N.P.T. x 1-3/4	11						
2	- 1 -	29163 41998		VALVE, Check, 1/2 N.P.T	11						
2	- 1 .	76053		BUSHING, Reducing, 1/2 x 1/4 N.P.T	11						
2	- J ·	41285	1	SILENCER, Air							
2	- I ·	29293 29931	1	NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1-3/4	2						
3		25501									

Figure 8-35. PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Steam and Air.

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-	13 12 12 15 15 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	
	(2) (2)	
3 STEAM TO CHAMBER ASSEMBLY	STEAM RETURN ASSEMBLY	

FIG. & INDEX NO.	X PART V		٧	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
INDEX	 	93786 92942 84344 93779 93610 91410 136730 30947 83256 29014	001 010 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001	٧	PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Chamber Steam STEAM TO CHAMBER ASSEMBLY TUBE, 1/2 O.D. x 1-3/4 TEE, 1/2 x 1/2 x 5/8 O.D.T. TUBE, 5/8 O.D.T. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. ADAPTER, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. STEAM RETURN ASSEMBLY COUPLING, Compression, 3/8 O.D.T. x 3/8 N.P.T. VALVE, Needle, 3/8 N.P.T. NIPPLE, 3/8 N.P.T. x 1-1/4 BUSHING, Reducing, 1/2 x 3/8 N.P.T. COUPLING, Compression, 3/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. TEE, 3/4 x 1/2 x 1/2 N.P.T. NIPPLE, 3/4 N.P.T. x 1 TEE, 3/4 x 3/4 x 1/2 N.P.T. ADAPTER, 7/8 O.D.T. x 3/4 N.P.T. TUBE, 7/8 O.D. "Y" BRANCH, 7/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. TUBE, 7/8 O.D. COUPLING, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.			

Figure 8-36, PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Chember Steem.

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F-3

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F-4

1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1	23 25 25
21)	EJECTOR SUPPLY ASSEMBLY
32 33 WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY	23 23

FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER		:-	S V C	DESCRIPTION	-		PER IBLY
8-37-				PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water Level and Ejector			
Р	93790	001		WATER LEVEL SENSING ASSEMBLY	×		
1 P 2 P 3	30947 4914			COUPLING, Compression, 3.8 O.D.T. x 3/8 N.P.T. TEE, 3/8 x 3/8 x 1/2. (Not Used) (Not Used) (Not Used)	1		
	129222 764080 29170 29931 4930 30005	001 051 091 091		TRAP, Steam, 1/2 N.P.T. (See Fig. 8-41) • PARTS RENEWAL PACKAGE NIPPLE, 1/2 x 3 COUPLING, Compression, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T. TEE, 1/2 x 1/2 x 3/4 N.P.T. COUPLING, Compression, 7/8 O.D.T. x 3/4 N.P.T.	1 1 1 1		
11: P	93595 150822 90625 24748	001 307 091 091 091	•	SENSOR O-RING ELL, Conduit, 3/8 BUSHING CONDUIT (3/8 x 48) TERMINAL	1 1 1 1		
. Р	136732	001		EJECTOR SUPPLY ASSEMBLY	×		
21 P 22 P 23 P 24 P 25 P 26 P	90210 92942 90223 84326 92942 92942	011 091 001 007		ADAPTER, Male, 1/2 O.D.T. x 1 2 N.P.T. TUBE, 1/2 O.D. x 5 TUBE, 1/2 O.D.T. TUBE, 1/2 O.D. x 2-7/16 TUBE, 1/2 O.D. x 2-3/4	4 3 1 1 1		
P P	93773 93773 93773	002	1	WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY WATER SPRAY ASSEMBLY	×	x	x
31 P 32 P 33 P P	90762 90212 84350 84350 84350	091 001 002		ADAPTER, Male, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1 2 N.P.T. ELBOW, 5/8 O.D. x 5/8. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. x 5/8. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. x 7/8. TUBE, 5/8 O.D. x 3-3/4.	1 1 1	1	1
				* When replacing sensor, Pt. 11, it may be necessary to install a new compression coupling Pt. 10. In most cases it will not be removed from the old sensor.			

Figure 8-37. PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Water Level and Ejector.

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F-6

DRAIN VALVE OPER	3 4 3 5 STATE OF THE STATE OF T	10 8 9	
31 32 33 34 TRAP DRAIN ASSEMBLY	21) 22) DRA	11 12 25 13 14 15 15 15 18 19 19 19 19 19 19	

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER			8 > C	DESCRIPTION			S PER MBLY	
8-38-					PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Drain				
	P	136735	001		DRAIN VALVE OPERATOR ASSEMBLY	×			
1	Р	43649	001		TEE. 1/4 N.P.T	1		1 1	
2	P	34218			COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T.	3		1 1	
3	P	28919			NIPPLE (1/4 x 1-1/2)	2	ļ	1	
4	P	83475	002		VALVE, Solenoid, 1/4 N.P.T. (S-23)	1			
ļ	Р	764075	001		REPAIR KIT	1			
	Р	764075	002	l	• COIL	1		1 1	
5	Р	4900	091	!	TEE, 1/4 x 1/8 x 1/4 N.P.T	1			
6	Р	41306	•••	l.	ELL, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T	1			
7	P	84318		Ī	INJECTOR	1	1		
8	P	33816		İ	NIPPLE, 1/8 N.P.T. x 3/4	1			
9	Р	939			BUSHING, Reducing, 1/4 x 1/8 N.P.T.	1			
10	Ρ	129071	001		UNION, 1/4 N.P.T.				
	P	93780	001		DRAIN ASSEMBLY	x			
11	P	30005	001		COUPLING, Compression, 7/8 O.D.T. x 3/4 N.P.T.	1			
12	P	828			BUSHING, Reducing, 1-1/4 x 3/4 N.P.T.	1	1		
13	P	129075		1	CROSS, 1-1/4 N.P.T.	1	1	1	
14	P	81402			BUSHING, Reducing, 1-1/4 x 1/2 N.P.T	1			
15	P	39597			NIPPLE. 1-1/4 N.P.T. x 1-3/4	1		1 1	
16	P	89947	091	1	COUPLING, Compression, 3/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T	1	1		
17	Р	83885	001		VALVE, Drain	1	i		
	Р	764189	001]	REPAIR KIT	1			
18	Р	19514	091		COUPLING, Compression, 1/4 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T.	1	1		
19	Р	129076			NIPPLE, 1-1/4 N.P.T. x 8-1/2	1	1	1 1	
20	P	93595	001	1	SENSOR	1		1 1	
_	P	150822			• O-RING	1	Ì	1 1	
21	P	90625			ELL, Conduit, 3/8		l		
22	Р	24748		l	BUSHING			1	
23 24	P	91343 90619		l	TERMINAL	;	1		
25	P	39597			NIPPLE, 1-1/4 NPT x 1-3/4.	;			
	P	93788	001		TRAP DRAIN ASSEMBLY	×			
31	P	00=00			TUBE, 5/8 O.D	١,	1		
31	P	93599 89864	091		TEE, 5/8 x 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T.	1	1		
33	P	90267	091	l	TURE 5/8 OD × 2-1/4	1		1	
34	Ρ	44499			ELL, 5/8 O.D.T. x 1/2 N.P.T.	1			
						6			

Figure 8-38. PIPING SUB-ASSEMBLIES: Drain.

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()—(§) 3—(3)	16	
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		
		• •

FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION		S PER
3-39- P 32003 091 1 P 22349 045 2 P 9276 041 3 P 3569 091 5 P 35880 091 6 P 35911 061 7 P 19947 042 9 P 14476 091 10 P 11890 061 11 P 8897 01 12 P 12471 041 13 P 11417 045 14 P 31273 044 15 P 26836 091 17 P 26836 091 18 P 5685 061 17 P 26836 091 18 P 5685 061 17 P 27686 091 18 P 5685 061 19 P 754359 001	STEAM CONTROL VALVE COVER SCREW (8-32 x 3/16) SCREW (14-20 x 1/4) REINFORCEMENT BELLOWS SEAT, Top Spring SPRING SEAT, Lower Spring FORK, Adjusting PIN, Pivot COTTER PIN SCREW (14-20 x 1-1/2) SCREW, Pressure Adjust SLEEVE, Indicator PLATE, Bottom SYLPHOM AND BONNET ASSEMBLY STEM ASSEMBLY SEAT, Valve BODY, Valve INSERT REPAIR KIT (Includes Items 2, 3,5,16,17, and 18)	1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Figure 8-39. STEAM CONTROL VALVE.

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F-10

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9	

	FIG. & INDEX NO.
	8-40-
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	1
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FIG. & NDEX NO.		PART NUMBER	1	s v c	DESCRIPTION	_		MBL)
-40-	P P	5654 34029	051 091		UNION ANGLE VALVE, Steam Supply (3/8)	×	x	
1	Р	8605	043		NUT, Wheel	1	1	
2	Р	53915	091		VALVE STEM AND BONNET ASSEMBLY	1	١.	
	P	54363	1 1		VALVE STEM AND BONNET ASSEMBLY	1	1	
3.	Р	48431			NUT, Packing GLAND, Packing		1	
4 5	P P	48432 8784			GLAND, Packing PACKING:	Ιi	1	
6		5683			NUT, Bonnet	1		
J	P	25566			NUT. Bonnet	1	1	
7	Р	53912			BONNET, Valve	1	_	
	Р	53913			BONNET, Valve	١.	1	
8	P	53911			STEM, Valve STEM. Valve	1	1	
9	P	54296 25347			DISC HOLDER ASSEMBLY	1		i
9	P	25567			DISC HOLDER ASSEMBLY		1	
10	P	150576			DISC HOLDER	1		
	Р	25567	091		• DISC HOLDER	١.	1	: :
11	Р	25345			• DISC, Teffon	1		i i
	P	25569			• DISC, Teffon	1	1	
12	P	5680 2927			NUT, Disc NUT, Disc	'	1	
13	P	5685			SEAT. Valve	1	-	
	P	22425			SEAT, Valve		1	
14	Р	5669	091		BODY, Valve	1		
	Р	22427			BODY, Valve	1	1	
	Р	754361				A/R	!	
	P	754361	003		REPAIR KIT (includes Items 4,9. and 13)		A/R	
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Figure 8-40. UNION ANGLE VALVE.

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8-81 F-12

UNITS PER

	1
	()
	5
	7

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE	R	s v c	DESCRIPTION
INDEX	PPP		001	v	STEAM TRAP 1/2 KIT. Repair (Includes Items 2, 3, and 4) CAP. GASKET. NLA See Kit P-764080-001 DIAPHRAGM. NLA See Kit P-764080-001 SEAT. NLA See Kit P-764080-001 BODY

Figure 8-41. STEAM TRAP.

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Caga Seas
10 3 16 S25 1 1 1 3 S26 S28 S28
SEE VIEW B SEE VIEW B SEE VIEW B
SEE VIEW A
VIEW A 17 28 BAND MUST BE AS SHOWN FROM CONTROL TERMINAL BLOCK
(3) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9
8 VIEW C 33 WIREWAY DIAGRAM 34 STOTE. STOTE STOT
Figure 8-42. FINAL WIRING ASSEMBLY. (Units with Indicator-Recorder)

8-42- 1 P 136747 2 P 146607 P 146607 3 P 93794 4 P 136805 5 P 93801 P 93801	001 001 002	UNITS WITH INDICATOR-RECORDER: FINAL WIRING, Single Door FINAL WIRING, Double Door CABLE, Solenoid (See Fig. 8-57)		x	
2 P 146607 P 146607 3 P 93794 4 P 136805 5 P 93801 P 93801	001	FINAL WIRING, Double Door			
24 P 3097 25 P 93896 26 P 56396 27 P 56396 28 P 84157 29 P 17691 30 P 150777 31 P 80928	001 002 041 042 001 061 061 001 001 001 001 001 001 009 051 041 041 009 051 041 041 068 008 007 007	LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19) LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19) BOX, Terminal HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Double Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-43) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex Head, 3/8-16 x 7/8 LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 SUPPORT, Angle SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 1/4 5/16 LOCKWASHER, #10 CLAMP, Ground PLATE, Mounting ENCLOSURE, Filter FILTER, Line BLOCK Terminal SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 3/8 PLATE, Closing ANGLE, Mounting WIREWAY CAPSCREW, 1/4-20 x 3/4 WASHER, Flat NUT, 1/4-20 PLATE, Top Attachment CABLE, Secondary Solenoid CABLE ASSEMBLY RECTIFIER WIRE NUT CAPACITOR RELAY SOCKET, Relay SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 3/8 PLUG, Button	1 1 1 8 8 8 1 17 17 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 10 10 10 2 1 1 1 1 2	1 1 1 1 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 10 10 10 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 1	

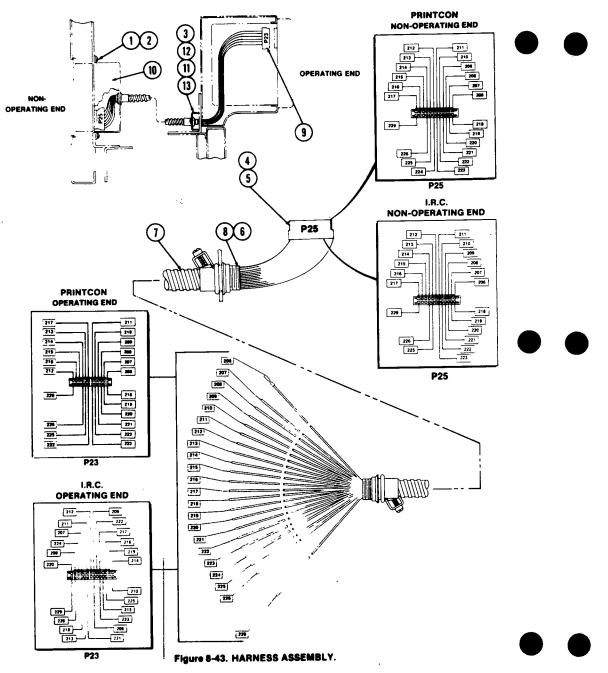
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G-3

FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER							UNITS PER ASSEMBLY				
8-43- P 1 P 2 P 3 P 4 P 5 P 6 P 7 8 P 10 P 112 P	136805 12574 31705 129084 84229 84187 150030 150122 84229 136798 3985 18131 24582	061 045 001 005 003 001 091 001 006 001 041 091		HARNESS ASSEMBLY: Primary Panel, Double Door SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 5/16 LOCKWASHER BOX, Adapter HOUSING, Receptacle, P-25 CONTACT CONNECTOR, Straight, 1/2 CONDUIT, Flexible, 1/2 x 41 BUSHING, Anti-Short HOUSING, Receptacle, P-23 ENCLOSURE SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 3/4 LOCKWASHER, #6 GROMMET	X 44114421211222						

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FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		s v c	DESCRIPTION	1 -	NITS SSEM		
8-44-					OPTIONAL RACK AND TWO SHELVES, 16 x 16 Sterilizer OPTIONAL RACK AND THREE SHELVES, 16 x 16 Sterilizer	×	х	
1 2 3 4 5 6	P P P P P	91291 8649 139537 136800	061 068 035		TUBE, Rack Retaining	8 2	4 8 3 1	

(NOT USED)

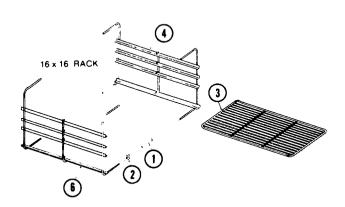


Figure 8-44.OPTIONAL RACK AND SHELVES.

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(13)	
Figure 8-45. CONTROL COLUMN.	

FIG. & PART NO. NUMBER	S V C DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY		
		X 1 1 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 A/R 1	X 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

Figure 8-45. CONTROL COLUM (Units with Printcon)

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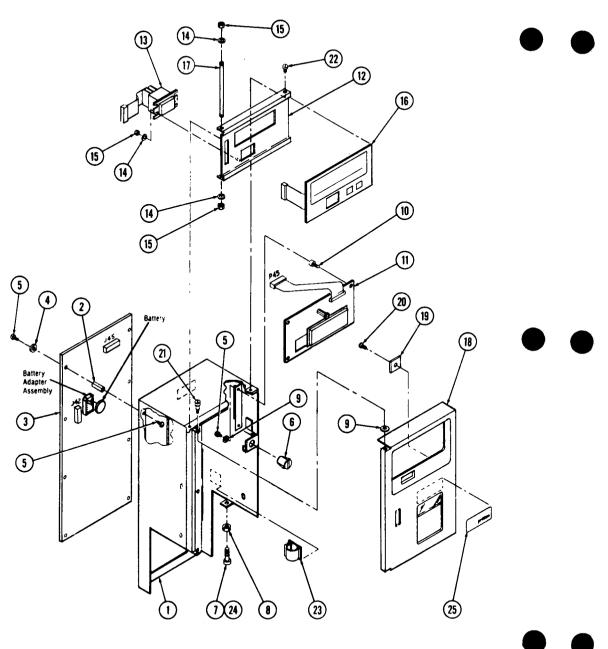


FIG. & INDEX NO.	IDEX PART		PART V C DESCRIPTION		UNITS PER		
8-46-	P	14664	9 099		PRINTCON HOUSING ASSEMBLY	×	
1	P	1			HOUSING, Weldment	1.1	
2 3	P	129356 146651			P/C BOARD ASSEMBLY Printeen Control	8	
	P	150822	351		(Repaired P-764193-028)	1	
	P	150822	. , ,		BATTERY Coincell BATTERY WADAPTER ASSEMBLY	1	
4	P	129352			WASHER, Flat. #6 Nylon	A/R	11
5	P	12451			30new, no. mo., #6-32 x 1/4	19	1 1
6 7	P	129356 41012			CATCH, Magnetic	1	-1-1
8	P	2959		1	SUPERV. SOCKET Head. #10-32 v 1/2	2	
9	P	5469	1		NUT. Hex. #10-32 WASHER, Flat.#6	2	
10	P	84147			SUPPORT, CIRCUIT BOARD	5	-
11	P	146633	081		DISPLAT BUARD ASSEMBLY Digital Printer	3	
12	Р	93900	00.	- 1	(Repaired P-764193-020)	1	11
13	F	93900		- 1	DIOPERT BRACKET ASSEMBLY	1	11
14	Р	84114			SWITCH. Thumbwheel	1	11
15	P	13794		- 1	NUT. Hex. #4-40	4	11
16	P	136805		- 1	PANEL, Overlay Display	4	11
17 18	P	129356		- 1 3	STUD	1	1 1
1		146649 129356	009	- 1 '	DOOR, Printer Display	1	1 1
	P	82340	001	-13	STRIKE	1	1 1
- 1	P	129356	006		SCREW. Flat Head. Self Tapping, #6 x 5/16 SCREW. Shoulder, #4-40 x 1/8	1	
	R	40357		- 1 3	SCHEW, Self Lapping, #6 x 1/4	2	
	P P	150539		- 1 -	CLIP, Cable	,	1 1
-		5300 129356		l l	WLOG	R	1 1
		, 29330	142		-ABEL. Printcon	1	
				^	Inits manufactured prior to 12/7/83 will require Battery with daptor Assembly P-150822-349 to replace old style Ray-O-ac® DP-24.		
					1		
		- 1					
1	L	ı	- 1	1		1 1	

Figure 8-46. PRINTCON HOUSING ASSEMBLY.

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PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2.

DESCRIPTION

LOCKWASHER. #6

SCREW. Rd. Hd., #6-32 x 1/4

WASHER, Flat, #6.....

BUSHING, Snap

ROLLER

SHAFT, Roller

SHAFT, Drive Roller

E-RING

GEAR, Drive Roller

GEAR. Motor Shaft

MOTOR, Take-up.....

SCREW, Round Head, #4-40 x 1/4

TERMINAL, Ring, #5 Stud, 22-16 Wire

CAPACITOR, .01 microfarad

DIODE. IN 4001

SCREW. Round Head. #4-40 x 3/8

SPRING, Extension

SCREW. Round Head, #1/4-20 x 1-1/2.....

WASHER, Flat, 1/4.....

NUT. Hex

PRINTER

INSULATION, .064 I.D. x 1-1/4 Lg.

PLATEN

COVER

WASHER, Flat, #6 Nylon

TUBE, Roller

SWITCH, Toggle, SPDT

WASHER, Flat, #4.....

PAPER, 1-Ply (Box of 3).....

PAPER, 2-Ply (Box of 3).....

DECAL, Information.....

DECAL, 1/32 Amp.....

MICROFUSE, 1/32 Amp

CABLE ASSEMBLY Printer, J20 to J42

PIN, Contact......

PLUG. Housing, 40 Pos. Double Row......

SCREW, Rd. Hd. 2-56 x 3/4" Lq.....

NUT, Hex. 2-56

UNITS PER

ASSEMBLY

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AR

19

2

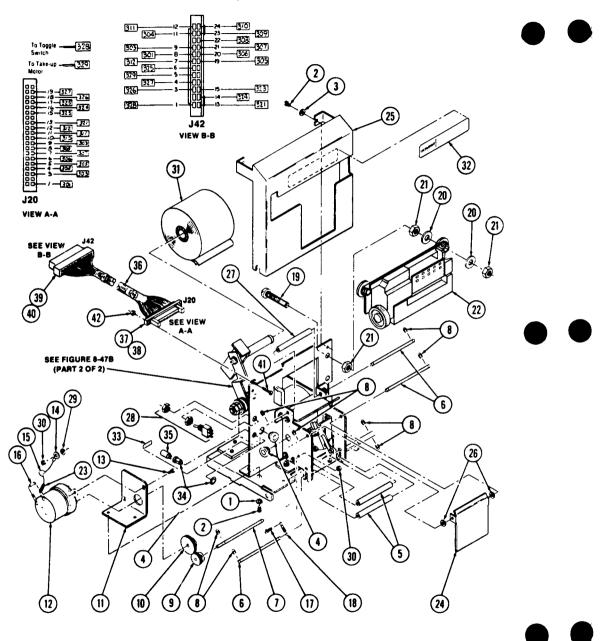


Figure 8-47. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY	(Part 1 of 2,	, Unite Before 6/85	5).
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"AMSCO	recommends	using 2-ply	paper.

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FIG. & INDEX

NO.

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16 P

17

18

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20 P

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23

24

25

26 Р

27 P

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29

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31

32

33

34 P

35

36

38 Ρ

39 Р

40 Ρ

41 Ρ

P

P 37 P

P 42

12 P

13 P

PART

NUMBER

18131 091

12451 041

5469 091

129356 015

129356 016

129356 024

45301 091

129356 028

129356 027

129356 017

129356 029

17659 041

90619 091

93437 001

84157 001

13334 091

129356 008

4004 041

3040 042

31599 041

136800 081

129356 118

129356 020

136805 009

129352 094

129352 115

129356 131

84114 001

13794 041

129356 116

129356 117

150822 345

92615 015

150822 382

150822 381

136805 058

150822 364

150822 335

84229 005

84187 003

150824 124

10370 045

77797 091

8-95	
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(a) (b) (c) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d		
(a) (25) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	④ ●	•
9 (5) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1		
24)		

NO. NUMBER C DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER
1	

Figure 8-48. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2, Units Before 6/85).

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16 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	
36 (3 (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	• •
3) 23 25 25	

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBEI	4	S V C	DESCRIPTION	4	NITS PER
	8-48A-	P 141198 171		PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2, Units After 6/85)	x		
1	Р	90993	091		SCREW, Round Head (#4-40 x 3/4)	4	
2	P	81682		Į	LOCKWASHER (#4)	4	1 1
3	P	41269	091		MOTOR	1	
4	Р	150822	480	ı	STUD, Drive	11	
5	Р	129352			SCREW, Set (#5-40)	1 1	
6	P	93896			SPOOL, Drive End	11	
7	P	56396		- 1	SPOOL, Idler End	1	- 1 1
8	Р	129352		١ ١	BEARING, Flange	1	
9	P	150822		- 1	RETAINER	11	
10	P	38698		- 1	SCREW, Flat Head (#8-32 x 1/4)	4	
11	P	150822	1		RELEASE, Reel	1	1 1
12	P	26962		ı	LOCKWASHER	3	
13	P	150822		- 1	SPACER	2 2	
14	Р	129352		H	SPRING	2	
15	P	18131			LOCKWASHER	6	1 1
16	P	12451			SCREW, Round Head (#6-32 x 1/4)	1	
17 18	P	150822 5469			SUPPORT	4	
19	P	134468			COVER	171	
20	P	3040	-,	- 1	NUT. Hex (1 4-20)	9	-1
21	P	31599		ı	WASHER, Flat (1/4)	6	
22	P	136800			PRINTER	1	1 1
23	P	45301		- 1	E-RING	6	1 1
24	è	129356	7.7	- 1	SHAFT. Roller	3	1 1
25	P	129352		ı	WASHER, Nylon (#6)	2	
26	P	129356			PLATEN	1	
27	P	129352		- 1	TUBE, Roller	4	
28				- 1	FRAME ASSEMBLY, Printer (See Fig. 8-48B)	1 1	
29	Р	77797	091	ı	BUSHING, Snap	2	11
30	Р	129356	131		SWITCH, Toggle (SPDT)	1	i I
31	P.	150475	014	1	CATCH, Magnetic	1	1 1
32	Р	134468	530	- 1	CABLE ASSEMBLY	1	
33	P	10370	045	- 1	NUT, Hex (#2-56)	2	
34	Р	4004	041	- 1	SCREW, Round Head (1/4-20 x 1-1/2)	3	
35	P	150824	1	- 1	SCREW, Round Head (#2-56 x 3/4)	2	
36	P	150777	001		CAPACITOR. 01 ufd	1	
	P	611962	769		KIT, To Add This Printer Assembly (Units		
	۱.	01.502	,,,,		Prior to 6/65)		1 1
					110110 0007		
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- 1	- 1			- 1			

Figure 8-48A. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2, Units After 6/85).

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FIG. 4 INDEX PART NO. NUMBER
8-48B- 1

Figure 8-48B. PRINTCON PRINTER ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2, Units After 6/85).

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SIDE VIEW (1) 22 3	
Operating Berd 2	
(Units with Printion)	

IG. & S V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	RT V UNIT	S PER EMBLY
TT-0 1 111111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	UNITS WITH PRINTCON: CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2)	

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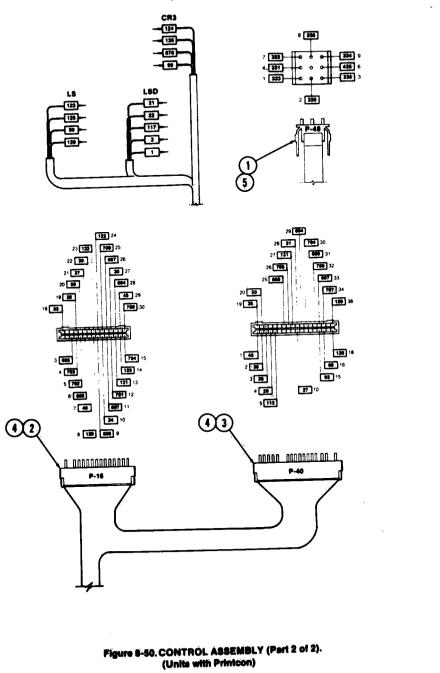


FIG. & INDEX NO.	DEX PART				PART		DESCRIPTION		S PE
8-50- 1 2	ታ ው ው	129352 84229	001		UNITS WITH PRINTCON: CONTROL ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2) HOUSING, Socket, P48 HOUSING, Receptacle, P16	X 1			
3 4 5	PPP	84229 84187 84220	002		HOUSING, Receptacle, P40 CONTACT, #22-26 AWG. P16 & P40 CONTACT, Socket	1 48 8			

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FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		S V C	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PE ASSEMBL		
8-51- 1 2 3 4 5 5 6	0.0000	129352 5511 18131 3037 84104 91694	041 091 041 001	An appropriate conditionable very st. Styl	UNITS WITH PRINTCON: PANEL ASSEMBLY, Secondary, Wiring (Part 2 of 3) CONNECTOR, Splice WASHER LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, #6-32 TIE, Cable (Use to Suit) TERMINAL, Quick Disconnect, 3/16 x .025 Lug, #18-22 AWG	X 6 1 1 30 2		
					·			

For Part 1 of 3, See Fig. 8-16

Figure 8-51. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL (Part 2 of 3). (Units with Printcon)

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FIG. & INDEX NO.	EX PART							
8-51- 1 2 3 4 5 6	P P P P P	129352 5511 18131 3037 84104 91694	041 091 041 001		UNITS WITH PRINTCON: PANEL ASSEMBLY, Secondary, Wiring (Part 2 of 3) CONNECTOR, Splice WASHER LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, #6-32 TIE, Cable (Use to Suit) TERMINAL, Quick Disconnect, 3/16 x .025 Lug, #18-22 AWG	X 6 1 1 30 2		
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				,				
	4	* *						

FIG. & NDEX NO.		PART NUMBER		S V C	DESCRIPTION			PER ABLY	
					UNITS WITH PRINTCON:			1	
8-52-					SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL, Cable (Part 3 of 3)	x			
1 2 3 4 5	000000	14590 90619 84205 84205 93838 90695	091 001 002 002		TERMINAL, Wire, #6 Ring, #14-16 AWG TERMINAL, Wire, #6 Ring, #18-22 AWG HOUSING, Pin, 28 Position, P3 HOUSING, Pin, 38 Position, P4 PLUG, 16 Position, P5 RECEPTACLE, 1/4 Lug x #18-22 AW	1 16 1 1 1 10	7		
6 7 8 9 10 11 12		32119 84192 84207 84198 84461 93829	091 001 002 004 002		RECEPTACLE, 1/4 Lug x #14-16 AWG JACKSCREW, Female CONTACT, Pin, P3 and P4 SOCKET, Contact, #16-18 AWG, P2 and P5 SOCKET, Contact, #20-24 AWG, P2	6 4 33 16 5 1			
13 14 15 16 17	PPPP	150822 84220 150822 431152 14591	002 043 091		MARKER, Tie, CONTACT, Socket, P48 PIN, Contact. JUMPER TERMINAL, #8 Ring, #14-16 AWG (Not Shown)	8 2 2 2			
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REAR VIEW Figure 8-83. MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY: Door Look (Part 1 of 2). (Little with Printeen)	

1	FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY					
21 P SARO DAT WASHER Flat	NO. 8-53- 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 29	b 666666666666666666666666666	146649 129104 129105 43227 31599 129109 45739 31705 3039 136745 150822 150822 84285 24315 76230 93577 93802 36565 84285 34508 150822 17589 136744 10347 129125 33971 129087	160 001 001 061 041 091 045 041 001 095 094 001 091 001 091 093 045 001 091 001 091 091 091 091 091 091 091	v c	MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Door Lock (Part 1 of 2) ARM, Linkage LEVER, Door Unlock. ROLLPIN, 1/8 x 5/8 WASHER, Flat, 260 x 9/16 .040. SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 1-3/8 SCREW, Shoulder, #10-24 x 3/4 LOCKWASHER, #10 NUT, Hex, #10-24 LEG, Mounting, LH ROLLPIN, 1/4 x 1-1/2 ARM, Solenoid SCREW, Set, #8-32 x 1/4 SCREW, Set, #8-32 x 3/16 SPRING PAWL BOLT, Shoulder, 1/4 x 3/8 LOCKWASHER RATCHET ARM, Actuator ROLLPIN, 1/8 x 1 SHAFT WASHER, Nylon NUT, Retained, #10-32 WASHER, Flat, #10 LEG, Mounting, RH SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 7/8 RETAINER NUT, Hex, 1/2-13 PIN 1/2-13 x 1	X 11121123133331111121244114121				
						WASHER, Flat SPACER					

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	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3 • 1	PRONT VIEW
	FROM VIEW

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	NEGCEIDTION	
NO. 8-54- 1 2: 33 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	P 146649 160 P 34218 091 P 3799 001 P 129081 001 P 83877 001 P 93896 068 P 46097 091 P 12283 041 P 31705 045 P 41306 091 P 129101 001 P 150822 047 P 56396 014 P 764320 401 P 764320 728 P 9374 041 P 150277 001 P 150277 001 P 150277 001 P 150277 001 P 150277 001 P 150277 001 P 136739 001 P 129112 001 P 93798 001 P 93798 001 P 93798 001 P 129210 004	UNITS WITH PRINTCON: MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Door Lock (Part 2 of 2) FITTING, Compression, 1/4 O.D. Tubing x 1/4 NPT VALVE, Quick Opening, 1/4 NPT TUBE, 1/4 O.D. x 2-13/16. COVER, Solenoid. TEE, Compression, 1/4 O.D. Tubing SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 1/4 LOCKWASHER, #10 ELL, Compression, 1/4 O.D. Tubing x 1/4 NPT. ARM, Linkage SCREW, Round Head, 8-32 x 1-1/2 SOLENOID, 60 Hz KIT, Solenoid Replacement, 60 Hz (Units Prior to 9/84) SOLENOID, 50 Hz KIT, Solenoid Replacement, 50 Hz (Units Prior to 9/84) SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 3/8 NUT, Hex, #8-32, Self Lock BRACKET, Solenoid WASHER, Flat BRACKET, Cable PIN, Roll, 1/8 x 3/4 Lg PIN, Roll, 1/8 x 3/4 Lg PIN, Roll, 1/8 x 3/4 Lg RETAINER SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 5/8 BRACKET, Gauge WASHER, Flat	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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Figure 8-54. MANUAL CONTROL ASSEMBLY: Door Look (Part 2 of 2). (Units with Printeen).

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	•
(12	SEÉ NOTE 2 10 REÂR CHAMBER PRESSURE GAUGE (DOUBLE DOOR UNITS ONLY)
③	
	3 SEE NOTE 3
3	
SEE NOTE 2(9)	
are more 2 3	
0	
CHAMBER	
PRESSURE GAUGE	13
<u> </u>	
NOTES:	
1. ADJUST FITTING ON RTD TO LOCATE PIRST I" IN CENTER OF CROSS IN DRAIM LINE.	2) SEE NOTES 1 AND 3
2. MAKE ALL COILS ON SENSING LINES APPROX. 2-1/2" DIA.	
a. FOR WINING CONNECTIONS SEE PIG. 8-87.	

FIG. & PART NUMBER	S V C DESCRIPTION		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY						
B-55-	ρ	93900			UNITS WITH PRINTCON: SENSING LINE PACKAGE, Single Door Units	x.	x		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	P	93900 45589 56396 26181 90594 56396 31399 3097 129356	091 211 091 091 215 041 041		SENSING LINE PACKAGE, Double Door Units COUPLING, 1/4 NPT TEMP, RTD FITTING, EII, 1/8 N.P.T. x 1/8 O.D.T. COUPLING, COMP., 1/8 N.P.T. x 1/8 O.D.T. TRANSDUCER, Pressure. WASHER, 1/4 I.D. NUT, Hex, 1/4-20 U-BOLT, 1/4-20 TUBE, 1/8 O.D.T. x 12" TUBE, 1/8 O.D.T. x 48" TUBE, 3/16 O.D.T. x 54" CONNECTOR, 3/16 O.D.T. x 1/8 N.P.T. CONNECTOR, 3/16 O.D.T. x 1/4 N.P.T.	111221111	X 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Figure 8-55. SENSING LINE PACKAGE. (Unite with Printeen)

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Cagie Seine	
Transducer	
(2) List (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	×
SEE PIG. S-FG	
SEE DETAIL B	
Probe - HI - 21	
RTD ATO	
Transducer (32)	
1	
(B) AACK OREN	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
VIEW A Figure 8-56. FINAL WIRING ASSEMBLY. (Units with Printeen)	
	4

2 P 1 P 1 3 P 1 5 P 5 6 P 7 7 P 8 P 9 P 1 10 P 1 11 P 1 12 P 1 14 P 1	36747 001 46649 150 46649 151 93794 001 36805 026 93801 001 93801 002 3358 041 25832 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045 54423 001	UNITS WITH PRINTCON: FINAL WIRING, Single Door. FINAL WIRING, Double Door. CABLE, Solenoid (See Fig. 8-57). LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19). LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19). BOX, Terminal (See Fig. 8-20) HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Dbl. Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-59) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex. Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8. LOCKWASHER. NUT, Hex. 3/8-16. SUPPORT, Angle. SCREW, Round Head, #10-32.x 1/4 x 5/16.	X 1 1 1 1 8 8 8 1	X 1 1 1 4.4	
2 P 1 3 P 1 3 P 1 5 P 6 6 P 7 8 P 9 P 1 11 P 1 12 P 1 14 P 1	48649 150 48649 151 93794 001 36805 026 93801 001 93801 002 3858 041 25832 041 3099 042 3099 042 312574 061 31705 045	CABLE, Solenoid (See Fig. 8-57) LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19) LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19) BOX, Terminal (See Fig. 8-20) HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Dbl. Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-59) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex: Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8 LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 SUPPORT, Angle, SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16	1 1 1 8 8 8	1 1 1 4 4	
P 1 3 P 4 P 1 1 1 P 1 1 P 1 1 1 P 1 1 1 P 1 1 1 P 1 1 1 P 1 1 P 1 1 P 1 1 P 1 1 P	48649 151 93794 001 36805 026 93801 001 93801 002 3858 041 25832 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	(See Fig. 8-19). LIQUID SENSING AND DOOR SWITCH ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-19). BOX, Terminal (See Fig. 8-20). HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Dbl. Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-59). ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex, Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8. LOCKWASHER. NUT, Hex, 3/8-16. SUPPORT, Angle. SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16.	1 1 8 8 8	1 4 4 4	
3 P 1 5 P 1 5 P 1 1 1 1 P 1 1 1 5 P 1 1 1 1	93794 001 36805 026 93801 001 93801 002 3858 041 25632 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	(See Fig. 8-19). BOX, Terminal (See Fig. 8-20) HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Dbl. Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-59) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex. Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8. LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16. SUPPORT, Angle. SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16.	1 1 8 8 8	1 4 4 4	
4 P 1	36805 026 93801 001 93801 002 3858 041 25832 041 3099 042 3690 053 12574 061 31705 045	HARNESS ASSEMBLY, Dbl. Door Primary Panels (See Fig. 8-59) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex, Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8 LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 SUPPORT, Angle SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16	1 1 8 8 8	1 4 4	
5 P 6 P 7 P 8 P 9 P 10 P 1 11 P 12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1 15 P 1	93801 002 3858 041 25832 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	(See Fig. 8-59) ANGLE, Support, R.H. ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex, Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8 LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 SUPPORT, Angle SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16	1 8 8 8	4	
6 P 7 P 8 P 9 P 10 P 11 P 12 P 13 P 14 P 15 P 15 P	93801 002 3858 041 25832 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	ANGLE, Support, L.H. SCREW, Hex. Head, 3/8-16.x 7/8 LOCKWASHER NUT, Hex, 3/8-16 SUPPORT, Angle SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16	8 8 8	4	
8 P 9 P 10 P 1 11 P 12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1	25832 041 3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	LOCKWASHER. NUT, Hex, 3/8-16. SUPPORT, Angle. SCREW Round Head. #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16.	8	4	- 1
9 P 10 P 1 11 P 12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1	3099 042 36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	NUT, Hex, 3/8-16. SUPPORT, Angle. SCREW, Round Head, #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16.	8	- 1	
10 P 1 11 P 12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1 15 P 1	36805 053 12574 061 31705 045	SUPPORT, Angle	~	4	
11 P 12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1 15 P 1	12574 061 31705 045	SCREW Round Head. #10-32:x 1/4 x 5/16		1	
12 P 13 P 4 14 P 1 15 P 1	31705 045	0011211,110000	1,7	21	. 1
13 P 4 14 P 1 15 P 1		LOCKWASHER,#10	17	21	
15 P 1		CLAMP Ground	1	1.	1
	36773 001	PLATE, Mounting	1	1	
	36758 001	ENCLOSURE, Filter (See Fig. 8-58) ANGLE, Mounting	2	2	
	50822 014	WIREWAY (See Fig. 8-57 & 8-58)	1	ī	
	56396 1309 81667 015	CAPSCREW, 1/4-20 × 3/4	14	14	
19 P	3515 041	WASHER Flat	10	10	
20 P	3097 041	NUT. 1/4-20	10	10	1 1
21 P	93896 088	PLATE, Top Attachment	2	-2 1	ı
	56396 008	CABLE, Secondary Solenoid (See Fig. 8-58) PLATE, Closing	2	2	1 1
7.7	50822 033	WASHER, Conduit Reducer, 3/4 x 1/2	2	2	
= 1	23358 091 80523 091	CONNECTOR Gord Grip 3/8	1	1	
	46613 001	COVER Control	1	1	
	50369 001	DECAL Caution	1	1]
	50705 041	SCREW Flat Head #6-32 x 5/16	8	8	
29 P	3985 041	SCREW, Round Heed, #6-32 x 3/4	2	2	
30 P	18131 091 93900 026	HOUSING, Receptacle	i.	1	
31 P	93900 026 84187 002	CONTACT, Receptacle	9	9	1

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	Cuyle Semis		
r	TO LEVEL BENGAMO 3 23	•	
	TO PLUG P1 (1974) (1974		
	(3) (2) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
	16 (5) SECONDARY CABLE ASSEMBLY (SEE FIG. 9-56)		
	TO CONTROL ASSENDLY (PLUG P-1)	4	
(B)	WIREWAY (ALSO SEE FIG. 6-56) WINNEWAY (ALSO SEE FIG. 6-56) WINNEWAY (ALSO SEE FIG. 6-56)		
			-
	LIQUID LEVEL CONTROL (LIGO) Figure 8-57, CABLE ASSEMBLY: Solemold Valves.)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

FIG. & PART NO. NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY
8-57- P 136747 001 1 P 90695 091 2 P 90625 091 3 P 18000 091 5 P 91857 091 6 P 78067 091 7 P 90761 091 8 P 90903 091 10 P 150122 001 11 P 129131 001 12 P 18538 091 13 P 93829 001 14 P 84352 001 15 P 150778 001 16 P 17691 091 17 P 18538 091 18 P 91694 091 20 P 9384 041 21 P 90756 091 22 P 150415 001 23 P 15042 386 24 P 150822 386 25 P 150822 387	CABLE ASSEMBLY: Solenoid Valves. TERMINAL, Lug. 1/4 Lug x #18-22 Wire CONNECTOR, Double, 3/8 CONDECTOR, Double, 3/8 CONDUIT, Flexible, 3/8 x 20 CONDUIT, Flexible, 1/2 x 15 CONDUIT, Flexible, 1/2 x 26 CONDUIT, Flexible, 1/2 x 24 BUSHING BUSHING BUSHING BUSHING BUSHING BUSHING SPLICE, Connector VARISTOR SPLICE, Connector SPLICE, Connector TUBING, Hy Shrink, 1/4 O.D. x 3/4 L, No. 9100 TERMINAL, Lug SCREW, #6-32 x 3/8 BLOCK, Terminal (TB2) RESISTOR NUT, Wire HOLDER, In-line Fuse FUSE, 1.6 Amp DECAL, 1.6 Amp Fuse	X 1 1 9 2 3 1 1 3 10 9 2 16 1 11 3 6 16 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 1

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Capie Series
12 3 20 13 20
SECONDARY CABLE ASSEMBLY
NOTE: A DENOTES CONNECTOR LOCATION AT WIREWAY (ALSO SEE FIG. 8-57)
000 CR3 000 TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN TRN
WIREWAY DETAIL
(12 (11 (10 (1)) FROM LED FROM CONTROL -
Thom solithing.
Descriptions (a) (a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c
Figure 5-58. SECONDARY CABLE ASSEMBLY AND DETAILS. (Units with Printeen)

FIG. & INDEX PART NO. NUMBER				DESCRIPTION			8 PER EMBLY		
-58-	i				UNITS WITH PRINTCON:			1	
		ļ			SECONDARY SOLENOID CABLE ASSEMBLY	×			ŀ
1 2	P	90625			CONNECTOR, EII	1		1	
3	P	24748 79360	, , , ,		BUSHING CONDUIT, Flex. 3/8 x 15 Lg	6		1	ı
4	Р	18000	091		CONNECTOR, Double 3/8	3			
5; 6	P	90331			CONNECTOR, Str.	1			1
	•	''81''	USI		TERMINAL	1	1		1
					WIREWAY DETAIL	×			1
7	P	84,157			RECTIFIER	ı,			İ
8	P	150808			SPLICE, Connector	ż.		'	1
10	Р	80928 7881	091	1	RELÂÝ SCREW, 6-32 x 1/2	1			ı
11	Р	150768	001		SOCKET, Relay	2		1	1
12	Р	150777	001		CAPACITOR, 0.1 mfd	1			l
					POWER FILTER	×	Sp.		l
					* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	^			l
13 14	P	12574 31705	061 045		SCREW, Rd. Hd., 10-32 x 5/16	8			l
15	P	93821	001		LOCKWASHER	8		,	ľ
16	P	93823 136758	001		PANEL, Filter Mtg.	4		1	١
"]		130/38	001	1	ENCLOSURE, Filter	1	7		
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