

Eagle® 2400 Series

AWCC 2400 TERMINAL STERILIZER WITH PRINTCONTM

1/89

P-129360-733

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SUMMARY OF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following is a summary of safety precautions which must be observed when operating or servicing this sterilizer. WARNINGS indicate the potential for danger to personnel, and CAUTIONS indicate the potential for damage to equipment. The precautions are repeated where applicable throughout the manual. Observance of these safety precautions will minimize the risk of personal injury or the possible use of improper maintenance methods which may damage the unit or render it unsafe. It is important to understand that these precautions are not exhaustive. AMSCO could not possibly know, evaluate and advise maintenance departments of all conceivable ways in which maintenance might be performed or the possible hazardous consequences of each way.

The operation and maintenance procedures recommended by AMSCO are described in this manual. Only these recommended maintenance procedures should be followed.

WARNING!

- Avoid personal injury from door closing. Do not reach into the sterilizer unless the door is blocked open with the safety bar attached behind the front panel. Also ensure wing panel is in the open position (power off).
- Press the facility and control power off and wait until chamber cools to room temperature before starting any maintenance operations.
- Prepairs and adjustments should be attempted only by experienced persons fully acquainted with this equipment. Use of inexperienced, unqualified persons to work on the equipment or the installation of unauthorized parts could cause personal injury or result in costly damage.
- When performing the required quarterly check of safety valves, be careful of escaping steam. To prevent burns, wear gloves or use an extension device if it becomes necessary to operate the try lever.
- Ensure that the jacket pressure gauge shows no pressure in the jacket before loosening any piping entering the jacket.

SUMMARY OF SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (cont.)

CAUTION!

- >> Never use a wire brush, abrasives, or steel wool on door and chamber assembly.
- When using AMSCO Stainless-Steel Cleaner and Polish or AMSCO Pry Cleaner, rub in a back-and-forth motion (in same direction as the surface grain). Do not rub with a rotary or circular motion. Do not use these cleaners on plastic or painted surfaces. Follow directions on containers.
- To prevent door lift mechanism failure, use only AMSCO approved parts when making repairs. The door lift mechanism requires special cable and supporting hardware for safe operation. When replacing door lifting cable, be sure cable does not twist, overlap, nor rub against itself. A twist in cable at door end can result in crossed cable at cylinder end.
- » All items must be contained in square of rack. Protruding items can cause damage to item or unit.
- Allow thermostatic traps to cool to room temperature before removing cover. Since there is nothing to limit expansion, the diaphragm may rupture or fatigue if trap is opened while hot.
- >> Use extreme care when opening a container of electronic parts. Avoid circumstances wherein a build-up of static electricity could discharge. PC Boards contains static enesitive components; handle by card pulls or edges only.

SECTION 1

GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 APPLICATION AND DESIGN

The product literature included in this section contains technical data relating to the principle descriptive and identifying characteristics of particulars for this EAGLE terminal sterilizer. The literature is informational rather than instructional. It provides and conveys, textually and illustratively, a general concept of the equipment, its purpose, capabilities, limitations, and technical specifications. (Equipment Drawing follows this page.)

ALSO REFER TO GENERAL NOTES
APPLICABLE TO EQUIPMENT DRAWINGS

PART NO.626979-009

AMSCO

ERIE, PENNSYLVANIA, U.S.A

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TTEM

LOCATION(S).

INSTALLATION DWG:

TERMINAL STERILIZER

2400 AMSCOMATIC

I"MIN. AIR GAP

TO THE DRAIN VIEW K-K

VIEW OF EXIT

(CONTROL END)

FLOOR

8 1/2

!! 1/4 -

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SECTION 2

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 GENERAL

The following instructions are intended to guide maintenance personnel when: (1) instructing operators in techniques designed to ensure optimum equipment performance; and (2) verifying the validity of operator complaints. See Section 6, TROUBLESHOOTING, if the sterilizer is not ooperating properly. Refer to Section 1, GENERAL INFORMATION, for capabilities of the equipment. If you are unfamiliar with this equipment, or you wish to review the principles by which the sterilizer operates, you are urged to read Section 3, PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION, before beginning actual operation.

2.2 CONTROL INFORMATION

Control Panel (See Fig. 2-2)

The control panel consists of three parts...Secondary Control Panel, Primary Control Panel and Printcon Display Panel. Following is a brief description of the various switches and displays. It is important that you review this list and the accompanying illustrations, and become familiar with the controls before operating the equipment.

Secondary Control Panel (See Fig. 2-1)

- POWER SWITCH toggles sterilizer power ON or OFF.
- ② CYCLE START starts automatic cycle (before starting cycle, code indication is 88 [not ready] ...after CYCLE START is pressed code indication is 89 - [ready]).
- ③ CYCLE ABORT aborts cycle, causes unit to drain and returns unit to the not ready state (Code 88).

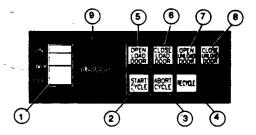


Figure 2-1. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL

Note: The following controls are for use by qualified service technicians and should not be used by operators. Their functions can only be initiated from the not ready (Code 88) state.

- RECYCLE causes unit to recycle so that technician can test hydraulic controls.
- (5) OPEN LOAD DOOR opens unlocked load door or, if door is locked, unlocks door. When pressed with load door open, cycles load table.
- 6 CLOSE LOAD DOOR—closes open load door or, if both doors are closed, locks doors.
- OPEN UNLOAD DOOR opens unlocked unload door or, if door is locked, unlocks door. When pressed with unload door open, cycles unload table.
- 8 CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR closes open unload door or, if both doors are closed, locks doors.
- (9) CYCLE COUNTER shows the number of cycles the sterilizer has completed since it was built.

Figure 2-2. AMSCOMATIC SERIES 2400 TERMINAL STERILIZER

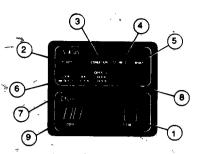


Figure 2-3. Primary Control Panel

Primary Control Panel

1 STERILIZE INDICATOR—lights when cycle is in progress.

CYCLE STATUS INDICATORS:

Note: Display of code numbers to correspond with status indicators is optional and must be set by a qualified service technician. Sterilizer, as shipped, displays only ready, not ready and error code numbers.

- READY sterilizer is in ready state (Code 89), waiting for a load to process.
- 3 CONDITION automatic cycle is in progress, either in purge (Code 10) or steam-charge (Code 11) phase.
- STERILIZE automatic cycle is in progress, unit has reached set temperature and sterilize phase has begun (Code 12)
- (5) EXHAUST automatic cycle is in progress and is either in exhaust (Code 13), evacuate (Code 14), air break (Code 15), or complete (Code 16) state.
- 6 DOOR UNLOCKED doors are not fully locked.
- DOOR OPEN—on LOAD end indicates LOAD door is open, on UNLOAD end indicates UNLOAD door is open.
- (8) OPPOSITE DOOR OPEN on LOAD end indicates UNLOAD door is open, on UNLOAD end indicates LOAD door is open.
- (9) CODE displays sterilizer codes. Unit is factory-set to display ready, not ready and error code numbers. Control can be set to also display cycle-status codes; contact your AMSCO service representative. See Table 2-1 for code listing.

-TABLE 2-1. STATUS AND ERROR CODES

CODE	STATUS/ERROR
00	Computer Initializing
10	Purge Phase
11	Steam Charge Phase
12	Sterilize Phase
13	Exhaust Phase*
14	Dry Phase
15	Air Break*
16	Cycle Complete
20-25	Doors opening, closing, locking or unlocking
30-32, 37, 39, 50-52, 59	Load or unload arms loading or unloading baskets'
33	Basket filled too high**
36, 53	Basket overfilled or jammed on load or unload table**
54	Unload table full**
77	Wing panel ajar; basket overfilled or apilling**
88	Not ready - time and date can be set
89	Ready - unit is idle and waiting for basket - CYCLE ABORT returns control to Code 88
99	Abort in process
	

^{*} Intermittent buzzer sounds on error. Contact qualified service technician

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A- 1

2-2

A- 13

^{**} See Paragraph 4.3, Load/Unload Fallure for corrective action

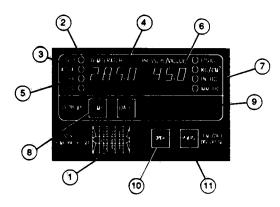


Figure 2-4. PRINTCON DISPLAY PANEL

Printcon Dislay Panel

- THUMBWHEEL SWITCHES for making temperature settings. During temperature selection, the SET light ② comes on and TEMPERATURE display ④ shows the temperature being dialed on the thumbwheel switches. Approximately three seconds after temperature setting is complete the ACTUAL light(③) comes on and TEMPERATURE display ④ shows actual chamber temperature.
- (5) °F/°C applicable light comes on depending on how temperature is being displayed. Factory setting is for temperature display in degrees Fahrenheit. Setting can be altered, by a qualified service technician, to display degrees Celsius.
- 6 PRESSURE/VACUUM displays pressure or vacuum (depending on cycle phase) in either Engfish or metric. Factory setting is for pressure display in PSIG and vacuum display in IN HG. Setting can be altered, by a qualified service technician, to display pressure in KG/CM² and vacuum in MM HG. Appropriate indicator 7 lights up to show properties of current display.

(8) TIME — when pressed at any time, in or out of cycle, causes display to show current time. When pressed in conjunction with FORWARD (10) or REVERSE (11) allows setting of new time.

Note: New time settings can only be made when unit is in the *not ready* state (Code 88).

DATE — when pressed at any time, in or out of cycle, causes display to show current date. When pressed in conjunction with FORWARD 10 or REVERSE 11 allows setting of new date.

Note: New date settings can only be made when unit is in the *not ready* state (Code 88). Setting a new year requires a service adjustment and should only be done by a qualified service technician.

2.3 Cycle Printouts (See Fig. 2-5)

The Printcon Control generates a printed record of all pertinent cycle information. Following is an explanation of the various features of the printout:

- SET TEMP is the temperature set using the thumbwheel switches on the Printcon Display Panel. CONTROL TEMP is the upper temperature control extreme. The control maintains a temperature between the SET TEMP and CONTROL TEMP during the sterilize phase.
- (2) "C" indicates the CONDITION phase of the cycle. Time, temperature and pressure (P) or vacuum (V) are indicated.
- (3) "S" indicates the STERILIZE phase of the cycle. Time, temperature and pressure are indicated. The STERILIZE phase normally lasts one minute at a set temperature of 285° F.

Note: Temperature and pressure readings should be observed by the operator during this portion of the cycle to ensure that the temperature range is between 285° F and 288° F, and that pressure is between 41 and 45 PSIG. If temperature and pressure are not within these ranges, contact a qualiffied service technician for adjustment.

- 4 "E" indicates the EXHAUST phase of the cycle. Time, temperature and pressure (P) or vacuum (V) are indicated.
- (5) "Z" indicates the cycle is complete.
- (6) Printout indicates the TIME in minutes:seconds (M:S) for each phase of the cycle as well as total cycle time.
- (7) Printout provides space for operator to record load and sterilizer number, and operator initials.

Note: The visual display and of printer can be optionally set to indicate temperature in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius and pressure in either English (PSI gauge and inches Hg vacuum) or metric (kg/cm² gauge and mm Hg). LEDs on display indicate which units are being displayed. The display of temperature and English pressure can be either single precision (no decimal) or extended precision (one decimal). Metric pressure shows one or two decimal places. Metric vacuum shows no decimal places. These adjustments must be made by a qualified service technician.

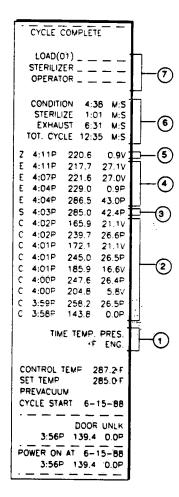


Figure 2-5. TYPICAL CYCLE PRINTOUT

WARNING!

* Avoid personal injury from door closing. Do not reach into the sterilizer unless wing panel is In the open position and the door is blocked open with the safety bar attached behind the front panel.

2.4 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The information in this section will provide optimum equipment performance if followed carefully. It will not, however, compensate for failure to observe and understand the parameters of the sterilizing process. Refer to Section 8 for proper sterilizing techniques.

2.4.1 BEFORE OPERATING THE EQUIPMENT

- 1. Be sure to turn ON the building STEAM, WATER, and AIR valves.
- 2. Open door to secondary control panel. Position POWER switch to ON (Fig. 2-6).

Primary control panel lights up and Printcon display panel lights momentarily to assure the operator that system is functioning properly. Chamber doors unlock, unload door opens, and the printer records time and date power is turned ON.

The unit is now in the not ready state (Code 88). In this state the time and date can be set/changed and the doors can be manually operated.

- 3. Clean the chamber drain strainer as follows:
- · Place wing panels in open position.
- Block chamber door open with safety bar (see Fig.
- Remove chamber drain strainer (See Fig. 2-7). Clean out lint and sediment and reverse flush under running water.
- Place strainer back in chamber drain.

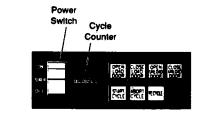


Figure 2-6. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL

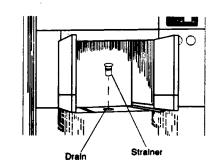
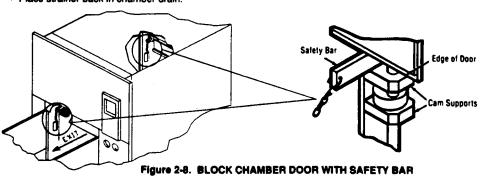


Figure 2-7. CLEAN CHAMBER DRAIN STRAINER



WARNING!

» Avoid personal injury from door closing. Do not reach into the sterilizer unless wing panel is in the open position and the door is blocked open with the safety bar attached behind the front panel.

CAUTION!

- » All items must be contained in square of rack. Protruding items can cause damage to item
- 4. Check for correct time and date by pressing TIME and then DATE. To change either, press FOR-WARD or REVERSE while still pressing TIME or DATE until the correct time or date is displayed.
- 5. Check paper roll. Paper has a colored warning stripe to indicate when the roll is near its end. If colored stripe is visible, change the paper. . .see paragraph 5.5.1, Changing Paper
- 6. Check printout to make sure printing is dark enough. If printing is too light, change the ribbon cartridge. . see paragraph 5.5.4, Changing the Inked Ribbon Cartridge.
- 7. Check sterilize temperature setting. . . it should be set at 285' F (126' C). If it is not, make this setting using the thumbwheel switches.

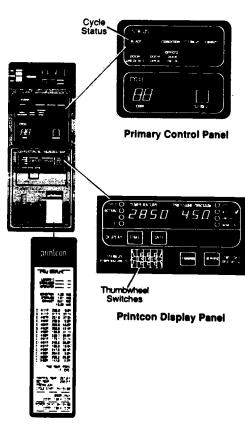
If you attempt to set a temperature outside the allowable range, 150-295' F (65-132' C), a buzzer sounds until an allowable temperature is set. The set temperature is locked in and cannot be changed once cycle is started.

IMPORTANT: To assure sterility when processing at temperature settings other than 285° F, the time setting must be changed. This requires a service adjustment. If temperature settings other than 285' F are desired, contact a qualified service representative to set a corresponding sterilization time.

2.4.2 Automatic Operation

- 1. Follow instructions in paragraph 2.4.1, Before Operating the Equipment.
- 2. Check to make sure POWER switch is ON. Primary control panel should be lit. Sterilizer is on but not yet ready for cycle (Code 88).

Note: If there is an error condition during the cycle, the primary control panel displays a two-digit code. The sterilizer is factory-set to display only error codes. If a service adjustment has been made to activate the option of displaying all codes, then the appropriate codes for all phases are displayed. During an alarm condition, a buzzer also sounds. For a complete list of codes, see Table 2-1.



Printcon Readout

Figure 2-9. CONTROL PANEL

- 3. Check that racks are loaded properly according to recommendations in Section 8.
- 4. Properly position racks on conveyor or rack table (supplied separately) so that they are ready to be received by the rack loading unit.
- 5. Press START CYCLE button.

When the START CYCLE button is pressed, the doors automatically close and lock. The sterilizer is in the ready state (Code 89). When a basket arrives, the load door opens and the basket is loaded, then the load door closes and locks. The READY light goes off and the STERILIZE cycle starts.

Note: Do not press the switches on the loading and unloading units. These switches are designed to be contacted and actuated only by the Amscomatic racks as they move into and out of the chamber.

As cycle progresses, panel displays codes and printer prints time, temperature and pressure at each phase.

After the STERILIZE cycle is complete, both doors unlock. The unload door opens and the basket is unloaded. After the basket is unloaded, the unload door closes and the READY light comes on. The sterilizer is now ready to accept another basket.

Note: If power is turned off with a basket in the chamber, it is automatically reprocessed when power is turned back on.

2.4.3 Load/Unload Failure

Note: See Table 2-1 for a complete listing of codes.

- 1. If load does not move into the sterilizer at beginning of cycle, an intermittent buzzer sounds. Check for following:
 - Part of load touching top-hinged panel (Code 33)
 - Rack jammed on load table (Code 38)
 - Load arm jammed (Code 32)
 - Inlet door open after admitting rack (Code 24)
 - Inlet door not open (Code 22)
 - Wing panel ajar (Code 77)

Remove any obstruction. To proceed with cycle, press START CYCLE button.

- If load does not move out of sterilizer at end of cycle. an intermittent buzzer sounds. Check for following:
 - · Unload table is full (Code 54)
 - Unload arm not working correctly (Code 52 or 59)
 - Unloading has failed three times (Code 53)

Remove any obstruction. To proceed with cycle, press START CYCLE button.

2.4.4 At End Of Day

- 1. Wait until last rack has been discharged and unloading door is closed.
- 2. Be sure READY light is on.
- 3. Press POWER to OFF.

SECTION 3

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

3.1 GENERAL

The Amscomatic 2400 Terminal Sterilizer is designed for high-volume sterilization of wrapped loads using a prevacuum-type cycle. Loading and unloading of the baskets containing the items to be processed proceeds automatically once the baskets are placed on the loading feeder table. The Amscomatic 2400 sterilizer will interface to automatic loading equipment such as the Amsco Horizontal Rack Transporter or the Amsco Pawl Bar Feeder.

3.2 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM GENERAL

Refer to hydraulic schematic 135380 (following Section

The hydraulic system is of straightforward design. The motor/pump as embly, item 1, draws hydraulic fluid from a sump tank, item 2. The hydraulic fluid is pressurized by the pump to 260 psig for hydraulic operations. A relief valve, item 16, limits the pump pressure to this figure. The 4-way solenoid valves, items 8, control the direction of travel of the various hydraulic cylinders.

The two diverter valves, items 9, are actuated by the locking cylinders and prevent the doors from raising unless they are unlocked.

The flow control valves, items 10, set the rate at which the doors descend when closing.

Pressure switches PS1 and PS2, referred to as "hydraulic backpressure switches", have a nominal 50 psig setpoint. When the loading/unloading cylinders are at the end of their travel outward, the pressure ahead of the cylinder piston drops to zero. When this occurs, the pressure switches signal the control to retract the arm. This feature eliminates the need to have limit switches inside the chamber.

3.3 LOADING OPERATION

3.3.1 OPERATOR PANELS

The Operator Panel on the exit (unload) side is the interface between the operator and the sterilizer.

The operator panel is composed of status indicators and digital displays, pushbuttons, and power ON/ OFF switch.

Status Indicators and Digital Displays

The status indicators signal the different states that the sterilizer assumes when power is turned on. The indicators READY, CONDITION, STERILIZE and EXHAUST indicate the various phases of the cycle. There are also indicators indicating: DOORS UNLOCKED, DOOR OPEN, OPPOSITE DOOR OPEN, and STERILIZE cycle.

Also, there are other indicators that specify the function of a digital display, for example the AM or PM indicator for the time display, and temperature. pressure and vacuum units as described below.

The PRESSURE/VACUUM display, in conjunction with the indicators, will continuously display the pressure (PRESSURE indicator on) in PSIG (KG/ CM) or vacuum (VACUUM indicator on) in IN HG (MM HG) of the chamber. The display also will continuously monitor chamber TEMPERATURE along with the indicator of the unit of Celsius or Fahrenheit.

Message Codes

On the operator panel there is a display for a Message Code. These codes are used to warn the operator of a malfunction in the system or to indicate status of STER-ILIZE cycle. The various codes are listed and described in the following text.

Pushbuttons

The switches on the secondary panel allow the operator to select other states and functions. There are four pushbuttons labeled: OPEN LOAD DOOR CLOSE LOAD DOOR, OPEN UNLOAD DOOR, and CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR. These allow the operator to manually control the operation of the doors. There are also three more pushbuttons labeled: START CYCLE, ABORT CYCLE, and RECYCLE. The CYCLE START is used by the operator to

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initiate a cycle. The CYCLE ABORT will abort any phase the control may be in (including the door operations), and return to the NOT READY (see paragraph 3.3) state. The RECYCLE SWITCH is used to clear the chamber and to operate the hydraulic mechanisms. All the pushbuttons except CYCLE ABORT are disabled in the READY state and in CYCLE.

The time of day or the date can be displayed upon request by pressing the TIME or DATE pushbutton. Once displayed, it can be changed by pressing the FORWARD or REVERSE pushbutton as long as unit is in the NOT READY state.

Set Times

Sterilize time is set to 60 seconds (rotary BCD switches on the Printcon display PC board set to 60).

The sterilize set temperature will be set to 285 F using the thumbwheel on the Printcon unit. The sterilize control temperature overdrive will be set to 2 F using the overdrive dip switches on the Printcon PC board.

A panel will be used on the inlet (load) side, and will indicate cycle and door status.

3.3.2 AMSCOMATIC OPERATION

When the ON/OFF switch is set to the ON position with no cycle in progress, the unit is in the NOT READY state (CODE 88). In this state the clock can be set and the doors can be manually operated. The operator must activate the START CYCLE switch to initiate automatic operation.

On power up at the beginning of a day's operation, the unload door will open. This will allow the operator to clean the strainers by opening the wing panels. The doors will be locked open during this procedure.

Pressing the START CYCLE button will automatically close and lock the doors, and set the sterilizer in the READY state (CODE 89). When a rack arrives, the load door will open and the rack will be loaded into the chamber. When the loading operation is complete, the load door will close. When both doors are closed, they will automatically lock. The READY light will turn off.

With both doors now locked and the rack loaded in the chamber, the cycle will start.

After the cycle is complete both doors will unlock. After the unload door is unlocked and if the unload table is not full, the unload door will open. Once the door is open, the rack will be unloaded. As soon as the basket has unloaded the unload door will close. The READY indicator will turn on. The control is now ready to accept another rack.

If power is turned off with a rack in the chamber, the rack is automatically reprocessed when power is turned back on

Cycle codes can be continuously displayed, or optionally displayed only in the event of a malfunction.

The cycle abort switch stops automatic operation and puts the unit in the NOT READY state: ABORT IN PROCESS (CODE 99) will light on panel.

3.3.3 MANUAL DOOR OPERATION

When power is applied to the sterilizer, it is normally in the NOT READY state. In the NOT READY state, the doors can be operated by activating the desired function on the operator panel. The door operation is based on a hydraulic system which consists of a hydraulic pump, double coil two-position (no center off) solenoid valves and cylinders. The pump is used to generate the pressure required for the operation of the cylinders which raise the doors as well as the operation of the lock and unlock mechanism, and load and unload mechanisms. The valves control the hydraulic flow to the various cylinders as required per function selected. The doors close by gravity after the release (CLOSE DOOR) valve has operated.

There are four pushbuttons to initiate door operations as follows:

1. OPEN LOAD DOOR	(PB1)
2. CLOSE LOAD DOOR	(PB2)
3. OPEN UNLOAD DOOR	(PB4)
4 CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR	(PR5)

When the door close switch is activated the appropriate door will close. To lock the doors, both doors must be closed and then activate either door close switch and both doors will lock. When the door open switch is activated both doors will unlock and appropriate door will open. Manual door operation is inhibited when the machine is in the READY state.

or during a cycle. Once in the READY state, activating the ABORT CYCLE switch will set the sterilizer in the NOT READY state.

Activating either wing panel switch inhibits manual door operation and reverses the door closing operation if in process.

NOTE: The door raise and lower operations and the lock and unlock operations cannot be stopped part way through because the hydraulic valves controlling these operations are dual action. The operations can only be continued or reversed, or the pump can be stopped. However, if the pump is stopped, action is uncontrolled and unpredictable because of the equalization of pressure between the door, lock, and arm cylinders.

DOOR COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION

Load Door	
DOOR OPEN	LS14
DOOR UNLOCKED	LS12
DOOR CLOSED	LS3
DOOR LOCKED	LS1
OPEN DOOR	S6
CLOSE DOOR	S3
Uniosd Door	
DOOR OPEN	LS13
DOOR UNLOCKED	LS7
DOOR CLOSED	LS9
DOOR LOCKED	LS5
OPEN DOOR	S2
CLOSE DOOR	S5
Common to Both Doors	
LOCK DOORS	. S4
UNLOCK DOORS	S1
	٠.

3.3.4 DOOR VALVES AND LIMIT SWITCHES

Each door has several valves and limit switches associated with its operation. Following is a description of each valve and switch. Each door has one door open limit switch, two door closed limit switches to assure that the door is properly seated before locking, one door unlocking limit switch and two door locked limit switches to assure that the locking cams on both sides of the door have engaged. Also each door has a double coil twoposition solenoid valve (no center off) CLOSE DOOR in open position and OPEN DOOR in other position. It is not required to have the hydraulic pump running while closing the doors but the pump must be running to maintain the door open. Every time a door operation is initiated the hydraulic pump will continue to run for one minute to avoid short start/stop cycles which will decrease the life of the pump. The lock/unlock operation is also controlled by a double two-position solenoid valve. Both doors are locked with the lock/unlock doors valve is set to the lock position and both doors are unlocked when the lock/unlock doors valve is set to the unlock position. Doors cannot be locked or unlocked individually.

3.3.5 DETAILED DOOR OPERATION

It is assumed that the power is ON, the sterilizer is NOT READY (out of cycle) and both load and unload doors are closed and locked. See Door Operation Timing Diagram.

• Unlocking (CODE 20)

When an open door switch is activated, PB1 for the load door or PB4 for the unload door, the hydraulic pump (M2) will be energized and the unlock doors (S1) will be pulsed on, setting the lock/unlock valve to unlock. The unlocking mechanism will operate until the door unlocked switches, LS12 for load door and LS7 for the unload door, are activated.

If the above event does not occur within a predetermined time, an alarm will sound and Message CODE 20 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating door unlocked switch or switches were not activated on time. The control will continue to attempt to unlock the door, this will continue until the ABORT CYCLE button is pushed and the control returns to the NOT READY state.

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If the ABORT CYCLE button is activated during unlocking, the unlocking operation will stop and locking will start (see LOCKING).

• Opening (Load Door CODE 22) (Unload Door CODE 23)

After a successful door unlocking operation the appropriate door will proceed to open. Following the activation of the door unlocked switches the open door solenoid will be pulsed on, S6 for the load door or S2 for the unload door, and the door will proceed to open until the door open limit switch, LS14 for load door or LS13 for unload door, is activated.

If the above event does not occur within a predetermined time, an alarm will sound and Message CODE 22/23 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating door open switch was not activated on time. The control will try this operation for one minute, if not successful it will go to the closing procedure.

If the ABORT CYCLE switch is activated during opening, the opening operation will stop and closing will start (see CLOSING).

• Closing (Load Door CODE 24) (Unload Door CODE 25)

When a close door switch is activated, PB2 for the load door or PB5 for the unload door, the close door solenoid, S3 for the load door or S5 for the unload door, will be pulsed on. The door will proceed to close until door closed switches, LS3 for the load door and LS9 for the unload door are activated.

If the above event does not occur within a predetermined time, an alarm will sound and Message CODE 24/25 will be displayed on the primary? panel indicating door closed switch was not activated on time. The control will try this operation for one minute, if unsuccessful it will proceed to the opening procedure, then abort.

If the cycle abort switch or wing panel switch is activated during closing, the closing operation will stop and opening will start (see OPENING).

• Locking (CODE 21)

Locking operation can be achieved by activating either close door switch. Following the activation of the close door switch the lock doors solenoid (S4) will be pulsed on. The locking mechanism will operate until the door locked limit switches, LS1 for the load door, and LS5 for the unload door are activated. Approximately after one minute the hydraulic pump will stop.

If the above event does not occur within a predetermined time an alarm will sound and Message CODE 21 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating door locked switch was not activated on time. The control will continue to try to lock for one minute or until the abort button is pushed.

If the cycle abort switch is activated during locking, the locking operation will stop and unlocking will start (see UNLOCKING).

NAME	FUNCTION	LOAD DOOR OPENING	LOADING BASKET	LOAD DOOR CLOSING	LOCKING DOORS	CYCLE STARTS
S6	OPEN LOAD DOOR					
S11	EXTEND LOAD ARM					
S12	RETRACT LOAD ARM					
mv	EXTEND POSITION					
mv	RETRACT POSITION					
S3	CLOSE LOAD DOOR	l				
S4	LOCK DOORS					
M2	HYDRAULIC PUMP					
CV3	LOAD DR NOT OPEN					
LS11 LS14 LS6	BASKET IN PLACE LOAD DOOR OPEN LD ARM RETRACTED					
LS8	LOAD DOOR CLOSED					
LS3	LOAD DOOR CLOSED					
LS1	LOAD DOOR LOCKED					
LS21	LOAD DOOR LOCKED					
LS5	ULC DOOR LOCKED					
LS10	ULD DOOR LOCKED					
PS1	LOAD HPB	L				

Notes:

- 1. Initial State: Both doors closed, start switch has been activiated. Sterilizer is ready to accept a basket.
- 2 timarks a switch transition
- 3. my labels the position of the mechanical valves.

Figure 3-1. LOAD OPERATION TIMING DIAGRAM.

TABLE 3-1. LOAD COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION.

RACK IN PLACE	LS11	Detects presence of rack on the load table.
EXTEND LOAD ARM	S11	When this solenoid is pulsed on, the load extend/retract hydraulic valve is set to the extend position.
RETRACT LOAD ARM	S12	When this solenoid is pulsed on, the load extend/retract hydraulic valve is set to the retract position.
LOAD ARM RETRACTED	LS6	Limit switch to detect that the arm used to load racks into the washer/sterilizer has been fully retracted and will not be in the path of the door when it closes.
START CYCLE	PB3	Switch indicates to the control that the washer/sterilizer is to enter the READY state.
RACK TOO HIGH	LS15	Switch is activated when a rack is too tall to enter the washer/sterilizer.
LOAD HBP	PS1	Pressure switch is used to detect hydraulic back pressure in the system that operates the load and unload cylinders. When zero pressure is detected it means that the load arm has stopped, either normally or abnormally.
WING PANEL SWITCHES	WS1,2	When these switches are activated the control will retract the loading (or unloading) arm and leave the loading (or unloading) door open

until the switch is deactivated.

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	t	LOAD DOOR			UNLOAD DOOR						
NAME	FUNCTION	UNLOCKING	OPENING		CLOSING	. <u>.</u>	OPENING		CLOSING		LOCKING
51	UNLOCK DOORS										
52	OPEN UNLOAD DOOR										.
53	CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR										<u> </u>
54	LOCK DOORS						l				
55	CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR						l			l	.
56	OPEN LOAD DOOR			L	L						
W2	HYDRAULIC PUMP										,
ny.	LO CLOSE POSITION										
774	LD OPEN POSITION					*				l ———	
ne .	LOCK POSITION			l							
nv	UNLOCK POSITION			,	,						
	ULD CLOSE POSITION				ß		<u> </u>				
NV NV	ULD OPEN POSITION				I			بكنسية			T
81	OPEN LOAD DOOR	!			Ì		: I				
282	CLOSE LOAD DOOR	1			!						!
P84	OPEN UNLOAD DOOR				·——		!				:
PB5	CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR										!
.51	LOAD DOOR LOCKED	i l									
52	ULD DOOM CLOSED										
53	LOAD DOOM CLOSED									i	
55	ULD DOOM LOCKED										
5 <i>1</i>	ULD DOOR UNLOCKED										
54	LOAD DOOM CLOSED										
59	ULD DOOR CLOSED									I ———	
510	UNLOAD DOOR LOCKED									; 	
512	LOAD DOOR UNLOCKED									·	
513	ULD DOOR OPEN										
514	LOAD DOOR OPEN										
521	LOAD DOOR LOCKED										

1 Initial State: Both doors closed and locked

I marks a switch transition.
 my labels the position of the mechanical values.

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3.4 STERILIZING CYCLE

Refer to the Piping Schematic, 136806-957 (following Section 6) for this discussion.

- 1. With a basket on the load table, press CYCLE START. Prevac light is on at this time.
- 2. The automatic cycle proceeds as follows:
- a. A basket on the load table is loaded into the chamber.
 - b. Purge (CODE 10)
 - 1) The condition light is on.
- 2) The steam to chamber (V8), water supply (V9), and chamber drain (V7) valves are open. Steam entering the chamber forces the majority of the air out of the chamber through V7. V9 valve cools the steam as it passes through the heat exchanger.
- The sterilizer is in the purge state for 30 seconds.
 - c. Steam and Pressure First Time (CODE 11)
- 1) When previous state times out, the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves close.
- The steam to chamber valve (V8) remains open until chamber pressure reaches 26 psi. Steam begins to penetrate to the centers of the packs.
 - d. Exhaust and Vacuum First Time (CODE 11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
 - 2) The sterilizer is in this state for 45 seconds.

When V8 closes, water flowing into the heat exchanger from V9 will cause a vacuum to be drawn on the chamber by the "ejector" (a venture device). The cooling of the chamber steam in the heat exchanger increases the vacuum level.

The vacuum removes air from the centers of the packs. This sequence of steam purge and vacuum pull-down is repeated four times for complete air removal. The removal of air from the packs is absolutely essential to assure complete sterility.

- e. Steam and Pressure Second Time (CODE 11)
 - 1) Same as Steam and Pressure First Time.
- f. Exhaust and Vacuum Second Time (CODE 11)
 - 1) Same as Exhaust and Vacuum First Time
 - g. Steam and Pressure Third Time (CODE 11)
 - 1) Same as Steam and Pressure First Time.
 - h. Exhaust and Vacuum Third Time (CODE 11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- The vacuum timer is set at 15 minutes and the sterilizer must pull to 21" Hg. vacuum in this time.
- 3) If 21" Hg. vacuum is not reached in 15 minutes, an alarm sounds.
 - i. Steam and Pressure Fourth Time (CODE 11)
 - 1) Same as Steam and Pressure First Time.
 - j. Exhaust and Vacuum FourthTime (CODE 11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- 2) The vacuum timer is set at 15 minutes and the sterilizer must pull to 21" Hg. vacuum in this time.
- 3) If 21" Hg. vacuum is not reached in 15 minutes, an alarm sounds.

At the end of the fourth vacuum, the air will be completely removed from the centers of the packs, thus assuring that steam will penetrate all pack areas for a complete microorganism kill.

- k. Steam and Pressure Fifth Time (CODE 11)
- 1) When 21° Hg. vacuum is reached, the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves close. The steam to chamber valve (V8) opens.

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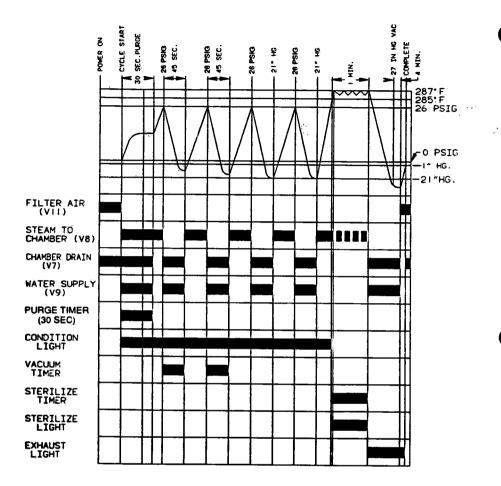


Figure 3-3. CYCLE GRAPH.

I. Sterilize (CODE12)

- 1) When the temperature reaches 285' F, the sterlize state is reached.
- 2) The condition light shuts off and the sterilize light is on.
- 3) The sterilize timer is set at 1 minute. The chamber temperature will be controlled at 287° F in this time. One minute exposure to this steam temperature assures complete sterility of the packs.
- m. Exhaust and Vacuum Fifth Time (Dry) (CODE 13)
- 1) When sterilize state is completed, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes. The chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- 2) The exhaust light is on. The sterilize light is off.
- When 27° Hg. vacuum is reached, a 4-minute timer is started (CODE 14). The load will dry for 4 minutes, assuring removal of external moisture.

- 4) This state is completed when the timer times out.
 - n. Vacuum Break and Ready (CODE15)
- 1) When dry state is complete, the filtered air (V11) valve opens. The chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves are closed.
- 2) When 1" Hg. vacuum is remaining in the chamber, the filtered air (V11) remains open and chamber drain valve (V7) is opened. The cycle is complete, the sterilizer is ready to unload the basket and load another. End of cycle record prints (CODE16).
- See paragraph 3.5 (Loading and Unloading Operation).
 - 4) Exhaust light is off.

Additional Design Features:

- 1. A temperature switch (thermoswitch) on the condenser outlet directly controls valve V13. If the temperature of the jacket trap condensate exceeds 140° F, the thermoswitch turns on V13, supplying cooling water to the condenser. The cooling water is metered to reduce consumption by a needle valve.
- 2. A needle valve piped between the chamber drain and the heat exchanger provides a small, constant bleed of steam past the temperature probe (RTD) during the STERILIZE phase. This provides better temperature control
- A constant water bleed around valve V9, metered by a needle valve serves to cool the steam flowing through the RTD bleed needle valve during the STER-ILIZE phase.

3.5 UNLOADING OPERATION

When the sterilizer has completed processing the load, the doors will unlock. The unload door will open if the unload table full switch (LS4) is not active. If the rack on unload table is active, then the unload table is full. The unit will sound an alarm, and Message CODE 51 will be displayed indicating that a rack is on the unload table. The unit will wait in this state until the rack is removed from the unloading table before proceeding with its cycle. See paragraph 3.3.5 for details of door operation.

Once the unload door is open, the unload extend arm solenoid (S9) will be pulsed on. This will set the Extend/Retract valve to the extend position (CODE 56). When the unload HBP (Hydraulic Back Pressure) pressure switch (PS2) is activated, the retractunload-arm solenoid (S10) will be pulsed on. This will set the Extend/Retract valve to the retract position and the rack will be unloaded (CODE 57). When the rack-removed- (CODE 58) switch (LS22) is activated, then deactivated, and the unload-armetracted (LS20) is also activated the unload door will close. The sterilizer is now ready to accept another rack and the READY indicator will turn on (See Table 3-2, Unloading Operation Timing Diagram).

If after a predetermined time following the extension of the Unload Arm, the unload HBP is not activated, the Unload Arm will retract. The alarm will sound and Message CODE 53 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating that the unload HPB is not working. The unit will remain in this state until the START CYCLE switch is activated. When the START CYCLE switch is activated, the Unload Arm will extend again.

If a rack does not come all the way out of the chamber, the rack-removed switch will remain active. As soon as the unload arm fully retracts, the arm will again extend and attempt to unload the rack. The operation will be performed three times. After the third unsuccessful attempt to unload the rack, the alarm will sound and the Message CODE 54 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating that the unit was unable to unload a basket. The sterilizer will remain in the retracting state until the START CYCLE switch is activated. When the START CYCLE switch is activated, the Unload Arm will extend again.

If after a predetermined time following the retraction of the Unload Arm, the unload-arm-retracted switch (LS20) is not activated, the alarm will sound and the Message CODE 52 will be displayed on the primary panel indicating that the unload arm is not working. The arm will continue to attempt to retract until the unloadarm-retracted switch is activated.

If on power up, the unload arm is not fully retracted, it will be retracted, and the Message CODE 50 will be displayed.

Conveyor Interface

The STERILIZER-IN-ON signal is hard-wired from after the control power switch.

The RACK-ON-EXIT-TABLE signal is on when the EXIT-TABLE-FULL switch LS4 is actuated.

The RACK-ON-INLET-TABLE signal is on when the RACK-IN-PLACE switch LS11 is actuated.

The INLET-DOOR-NOT-OPEN-AND-NO-RACK-ON-LOAD-TABLE signal is on when the DOOR-OPEN switch LS14 is not actuated and the RACK-IN-PLACE switch LS11 is not actuated.

The TREATED-WATER-PUMP signal is on when the PURE-FILL valve V5 is on.

NAME	FUNCTION	UNLOAD DR OPENING	UNLOADING BASKET	UNLOAD DR CLOSING	READY
S2	OPEN ULD DOOR				
S9	EXTEND ULD ARM				
S10	RETRACT ULD ARM				
mv.	EXTEND POSITION				
mv'	RETRACT POSITION				
S5	CLOSE ULD DOOR				
M2	HYDRAULIC PUMP				
LS13	ULD DOOR OPEN	1	! 1		ļ
LS20	ULD ARM RETRACTED				
LS2	ULD DOOR CLOSED				i
LS9	ULD DOOR CLOSED				,—
LS4	UNLOAD TABLE FULL (NOT)	·			
LS22	BASKET REMOVED		- -		
P52	UNLOAD HPB				

Note

- 1. Initial State: Both doors closed, start switch has been activated. Sterilizer is ready to accept a basket.
- 2. 1 marks a switch transition.
- 3. My labels the position of the mechanical valves

Figure 3-4. UNLOAD OPERATION TIMING DIAGRAM.

TABLE 3-2. UNLOAD COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION.

	TABLE 3-2	. UNLOAD COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION.
RACK REMOVED	LS22	Limit switch is active when there is a rack being removed from the chamber.
EXTEND UNLOAD ARM	S9	When this solenoid is pulsed, the unload extend/retract hydraulic valve is set to the extend position.
RETRACT UNLOAD ARM	S10	When this solenoid is pulsed, the unload extend/retract hydraulic valve is set to the retract position.
UNLOÁD TABLE FULL	LS4	Limit switch indicates that the basket is on the unloading table and that another basket cannot be removed from the sterilizer.
UNLOAD ARM RETRACTED	LS20	Limit switch to detect that the arm used by the unloader to pull racks out of the sterilizer has been fully retracted and will not be in the path of the door when it closes.
UNLOAD HBP		Pressure switch is used to detect hydraulic back pressure in the system that operates the load and unload cylinders. When zero pressure is detected, it means that the unload arm has stopped either normally or abnormally.

3.6 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE MICROCOMPUTER CONTROL

Refer to the block diagram of Figure 3-5. The control system is made up of two major assemblies: The PRINTER/PRIMARY CONTROL ASSEMBLY mounted on the unloading end of the unit; and the CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY at the side of the unit.

These two assemblies are interconnected, and each depends on data from the other assembly in order to function: The PRINTER/PRIMARY CONTROL assembly furnishes outputs which toggle on/off when chamber pressure or temperature achieves preset values, or when preset cycle times are completed. The CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY provides on/off outputs indicating the advance of the cycle to the next phase, and for cycle selection.

The Main Printcon PC Board in the Printer/Primary Control Assembly also accepts the low level analog signals from the temperature probe located in the sump and the pressure sensor (transducer) which measures chamber pressure. It drives the digital displays of pressure and temperature and controls the printer.

The Basic PC Board in the Control Box Assembly controls the other three I/O Expander PC Boards, using their input ports to read inputs such as limit switches; and their output ports to energize solenoid valves and indicator lamps. The I/O Expander PC Boards also contain additional program memory ICs (EPROM) necessary to contain the functions that the washer/sterilizer must perform.

Not shown on the block diagram is the power supply located in the Control Box Assembly. This power supply provides the DC voltages for the entire control system.

Following is a functional description of the PC Boards, power supply, temperature probe and pressure sensor.

Main Printcon PC Board

The Main Printcon Printed Circuit (PC) Board contains the necessary circuitry to:

- Translate the pressure transducer and temperature probe signals into digital (binary) values.
- Monitor the primary panel signals to detect selection of a cycle and cycle status indicating alarms and aborts.
- 3. Control the alphanumeric printer.

- 4. Send temperature, pressure, time and date data to the Digital Display PC Board.
- 5. Monitor vacuum, pressure and temperature settings on the Digital Display PC Board.
- 6. Send the temperature, vacuum, and pressure transition point commands to the Eagle controller.

Figure 3-6 is a block diagram of the Main Printcon PC Board. As on CPU Printed Circuit Board 146586 (see paragraph this section), a microcomputer IC is used to control the sequence of operation of this board. It pulls program instructions from IC's A1, A2 and A5. These last IC's also contain input and output lines for control and monitoring of various devices such as the temperature thumbwheels and digital display.

A Realtime Clock IC keeps track of the time and date and sends this information to the microcomputer for display or printing. A small on-board lithium battery provides power to the REAL TIME CLOCK IC (only) when power is shut off. The battery is not rechargeable and lasts about one year.

The pressure transducer and the resistive temperature probe provide voltages to this board which vary linearly in response to changes in pressure and temperature respectively. These voltages are fed to a MultiplexerIC which is the electronic equivalent of a single-pole rotary switch. The position of this rotary switch is controlled by the microcomputer so that either the pressure voltage or the temperature voltage is applied to the Instrumentation Amplifier.

The instrumentation amplifier is a precision IC which boosts the pressure or temperature voltages to levels convenient for the next IC, the Analog/Digital (A/D) Converter. This IC converts the linearly varying pressure and temperature voltages (analog voltages) to a 12-level digital code (12 bit binary) which is proportional to the analog voltage.

This digital code is now in the form required for input to the microcomputer. As an indication of the extreme resolution of the A/D converter, the 12 level code allows 2¹² or 4,096 distinct output combinations across the analog input range. The pressure transducer measures 0-75 psia, in the Eagle 2400 application.

Once in a digital form, the pressure and temperature data is easily compared by the microcomputer to the pressure and vacuum set-points and the temperature set on the thumbwheels.

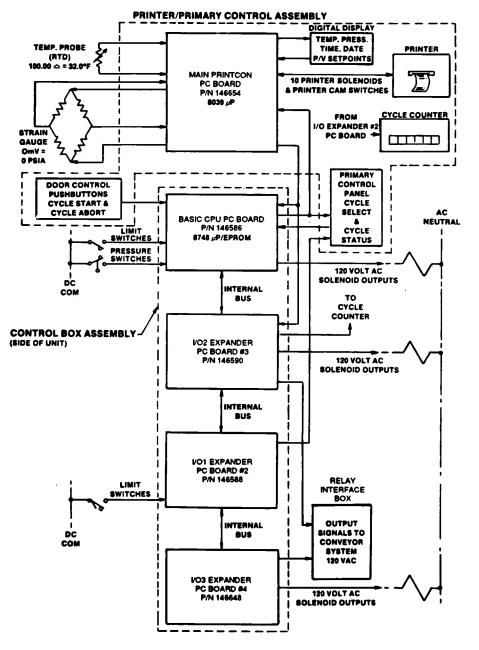
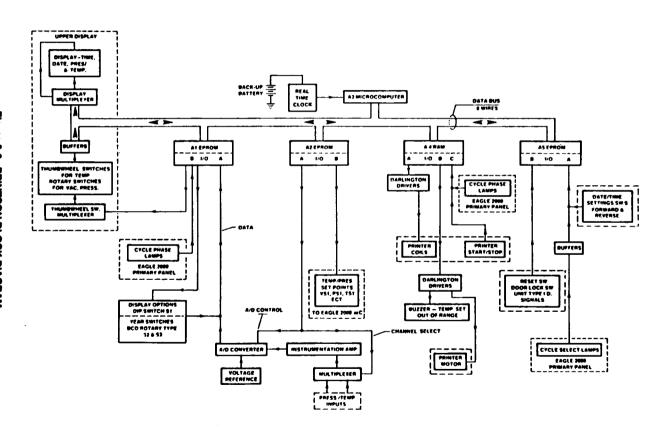


Figure 3-5. CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAM.

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C- 7

C- 8

Display option and temperature control switch bank S1 on the Main Printcon PC Board allows selection of Fahrenheit or Celsius temperature display/printing: selection of English (psig and inches Hg) or metric (kg/cm² and mm Hg) pressure for display/printing. In addition, an optional decimal point of resolution may be displayed for temperature and pressure (printing is always with extended precision). The next switch gives selection of pressure transducer. This switch should always be in the ON position. BDC (binary-coded decimal) rotary switches S2 and S3 allow setting of the proper year for display and printing. If set to 80, no year will be used. See Section 7 for more information on setting these switches

Via the input lines on IC's A1 and A5, this PC board will monitor for a cycle pushbutton (STERILIZE) to be pressed. This PC board will always provide the vacuum, pressure and temperature setpoint transitions which the card-cage controller needs to continue the cycle. It will monitor the cycle status tamps and print the time, temperature and pressure at each cycle transition. It also prints alarms and aborts if they occur. See Figure 2-5 for a typical cycle printout.

The buzzer depicted on the block diagram will sound if an invalid sterilize temperature is dialed in, and also if an A/D converter or printer failure is detected.

The Darlington driver IC's boost up the drive signals generated by the microcomputer to a level sufficient to drive the printer motor and printer coils. The microcomputer, in order to print a message, will turn the printer motor on, wait for status signals from the printer, and selectively activate the printer solenoid coils. Letters and numbers are formed from patterns stored in the program chips.

Temperature and pressure input circuits: Temperature is sensed by a resistive temperature probe. The probe degree has a resistance of 100 ohms at 0 C, and increases about 0.39 ohms for every degree C that the temperature increases. By connecting the probe as part of a voltage divider circuit, an output voltage exactly related to temperature is obtained (see Figures 3-7 and 3-8).

The pressure transducer also exhibits a resistance change in response to a pressure change, and is termed astrain gauge type (see Figures 3-9 and 3-10). Fig. 3-9 shows the internal configuration and output voltage of the pressure transducer, which is also an

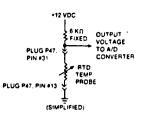


Figure 3-7. TEMPERATURE PROBE SCHEMATIC.

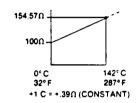


Figure 3-8. TEMPERATURE VS. RESISTANCE CHARACTERISTIC.

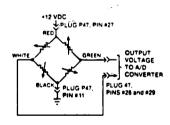


Figure 3-9. PRESSURE TRANSDUCER SCHEMATIC.

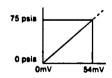


Figure 3-10. PRESSURE VS. TRANSDUCER OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC.

application of the **Wheatstone Bridge** configuration. The four resistors will vary in resistance in response to a pressure change, and are chosen so that at 0 psia, the output voltage is zero. At 75 psia (full scale) the output voltage is 54 millivolts.

NOTE: Printcon is programmed to measure and store the value of the pressure transducer output each time the unload door opens. The control will then use this value for gauge pressure and vacuum measurements in cycle. If power is turned ON with the door(s) closed and locked, the control will assume an ambient pressure of 14.7 psia (29.92 in. Hg: normal sea-level atmospheric pressure). The same applies if RESET is pressed with the door(s) closed and locked.

Digital Display PC Board

A block diagram of this PC board is presented in Figure 3-11. The microcomputer presents changeable temperature, pressure, and other information for display to this PC board on the data bus. Note that the data bus is bi-directional, and the microcomputer from time to time will read the data bus for pressure, vacuum and temperature set-points. The control box will activate the decoder/driver, latch, or switch select control IC when fresh data is at hand or needed. J45 connector also interfaces the time, date, forward and reverse touch switches on the display panel overlay.

CPU Printed Circuit Board #1 (P-146586; Refer To Figure 3-12)

This PC Board contains the Intel Corporation 8748 single-chip microcomputer and EPROM IC. For maximum accuracy of timing functions, a crystal is used to set the oscillator frequency. The program (sequence of steps to be carried out during sterilizer cycles) is contained, in part, in the 1024 byte EPROM program memory of the 8748. This program is executed by the control and timing circuits of the 8748 microcomputer. While the program is running, the CPU in the microcomputer will make logical decisions based upon the input information that it receives from the data bus, port 1 or port 2.

Actions to be carried out by the unit originate in the microcomputer. These actions or signals are sent to the data bus, port 1 or port 2. Hence, as one can see, information can either enter or leave the ports and

data bus under the precision guidance of the control and timing of the microcomputer. The computer also contains a data memory (RAM) capable of storing 64 bytes of information. The RAM is used to store changeable data, i.e., timer inputs.

There are many elements to control and sense in the unit. The number exceeds the capability of the Basic PC Board alone; therefore, additional electronic components must be added to expand the following:

- 1. Program memory EPROM.
- 2. Data memory RAM.
- 3. Input/output capacity of the 8748.

The Input/Output (I/O) capacity is expanded by use of an 8243. The I/O expanders pass or accept signals only under the control of the microcomputer. On the Basic PC Board there are three such 8243's: A2, A3 and A4.

A2 operates in a similar fashion as A3. Its output signals drive Darlington pairs capable of passing 600 ma of current which are used to turn on lamps located on the display panel. A2 also drives, via an LED, triac driver ICs. The drivers provide proper signals to turn on triacs which in turn operate AC loads (120 VAC) such as solenoid valves. The optical coupling found in these drivers also serves to isolate the 120 VAC power circuits from the low voltage logic circuits.

The supporting circuits are an external crystal and a zero cross-over network. The crystal, C1 and C2, determines the frequency of the control's operation. This crystal is also the time base for the timers. The zero cross-over network (ZCN) consists of A7, C4. R4, R8, C5, R5, and R6. The ZCN prevents the computer from actuating a 120 VAC device during peak voltage of the sine wave. THE ZCN monitors the 120 VAC and when the voltage level is at the zero voltage point of the sine wave, it enables the computer output. The ZCN's function is to reduce live transients from being generated which might interfere with the computer operation. These transients might generate false signals should they occur. Another supporting circuit consists of Q9. C13, and R29. This circuit delays the activation of the triac outputs for a few hundred milliseconds until the microcomputer has gained control of the system.

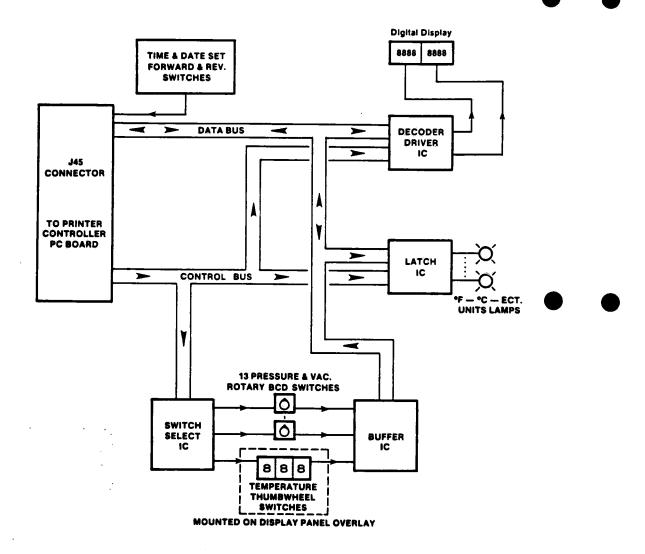


Figure 3-11. DIGITAL DISPLAY BOARD BLOCK DIAGRAM.

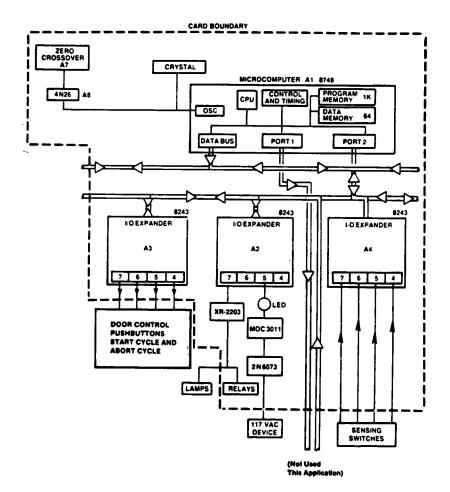


Figure 3-12. BASIC CPU PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #1.

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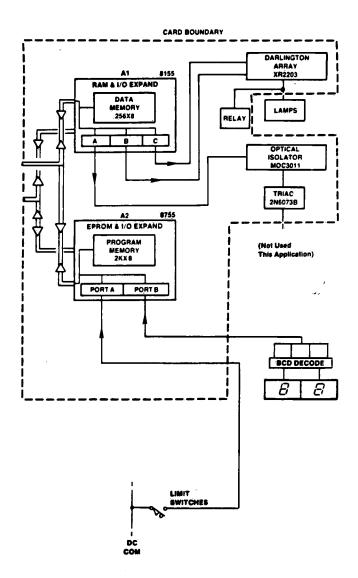


Figure 3-13. I/O1 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #2.

I/O1 Printed Circuit Board #2 (P-126588; Refer To Figure 3-13)

The I/O1 PC Board is required to control the unit. It contains the A1 support circuits, input buffers and drivers, output buffers and drivers and the data bus required to communicate with the Basic PC Board.

The control system is provided with further expansion capabilities by the addition of this PC Board. This board expands data memory (RAM) by 256 bytes and expands input/output capacity by 22 channels with the addition of an 8155 (A1). The microcomputer can pull from an additional 2,048 program instructions from the 8755 (A2), which increases program capability. The A2 also increases the number of input/output channels by 16.

I/O2 Printed Circuit Board #3 (P-126590; Refer To Figure 3-14)

This PC Board also increases program capability by an additional 2,048 bytes of program instruction, and increases input/output capacity by adding 15 more output channels and a single 4-20 milliamp proportional control output (not used on this unit). It is basically the same as the 8755 portion of I/O1 PC Board #2.

I/O3 Printed Circuit Board #4 (P-146648; Refer To Figure 3-15)

This PC Board also increases program capability by an additional 2,048 byte of program instruction, and increases input/output capacity by adding 15 more output channels. It is basically the same as the 8755 portion of I/O1 PC Board #2.

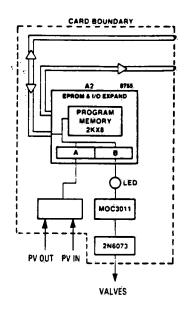


Figure 3-14. I/O2 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #3.

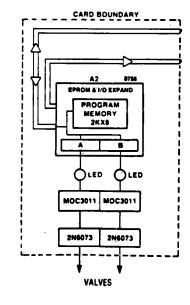


Figure 3-15. I/O3 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD 64.

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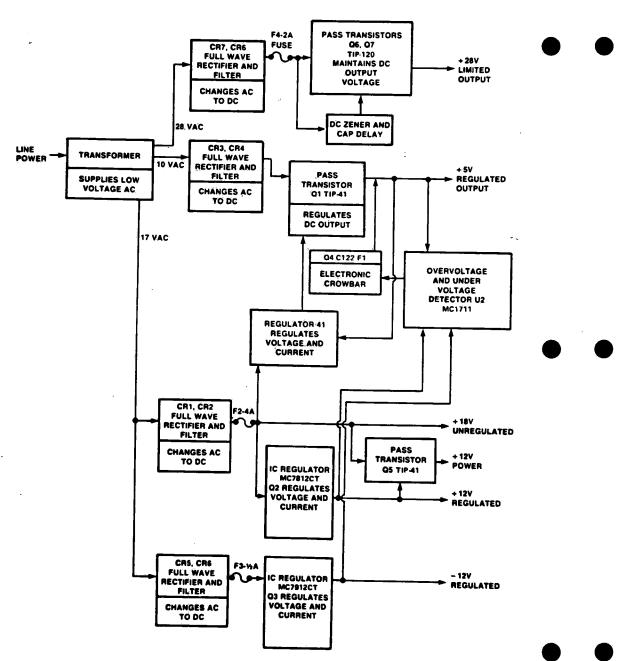


Figure 3-16. PRINTCON REGULATED POWER SUPPLY.
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Printcon Power Supply (See Figure 3-16)

The power supply for units with Printcon provides the Printcon controller with six separate outputs:

- +5 volts direct current (VDC) at 2.5 amp voltage regulated with current limit and electronic crowbar over- and under-voltage protection (Figure 3-17).
- +12 VDC at 0.1 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-18).
- +12 VDC at 1.5 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-18).
- -12 VDC at 0.1 amp, voltage regulated (Figure 3-19).
- +18 VDC at 0.5 amp, voltage unregulated.
- +28 VDC at 1.5 amp, zener regulated.

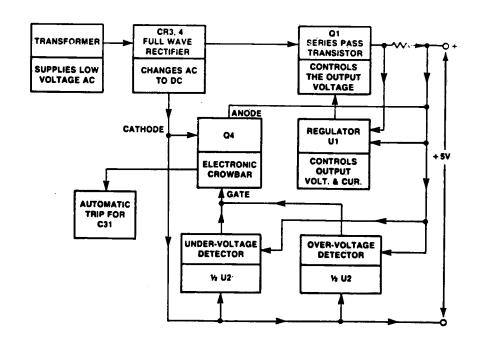


Figure 3-17. PRINTCON 5-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

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D- 2

These voltage outputs are generated as follows:

1. For the 5 VDC power supply, voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR3 and CR4) is filtered by C2. This filter circuit provides voltage to series pass transistor Q1 which drops the output voltage to 5 bolts. Regulating amplifier U1 turns Q1 on and off as it senses voltage fluctuations due to load and line variations. An electronic crowbar (SCR Q4) provides protection from unsafe voltage levels. Dual comparator U2 fires SCR Q4 when the voltage level is greater than 6.5 volts or less than 4.7 volts. When SCR Q4 fires, the 5 VDC output is clamped to approximately 2 VDC by CR10 and Q4. The primary circuit breaker is also tripped by CR9 and Q4.

Potentiometer (pot) R2 permits adjustment of the 5 VDC fold back current limit setpoint. Clockwise rotation of R2 lowers the current limit setpoint. Pot R7 permits adjustment of the 5 VDC output voltage. Clockwise rotation of R7 lowers the output voltage.

- 2. The +12 VDC regulated output is supplied by the +18 VDC unregulated circuit. The regulated +18 VDC supplies the integrated circuit regulator Q2 which regulates the output voltage (Point B, Figure 3-18).
- 3. The +12 VDC power output is also supplied by the unregulated +18 VDC power supply. Series pass transistor Q5 uses the +12 VDC regulated supply as a reference to regulate the +12 VDC power output (Point A, Figure 3-18).

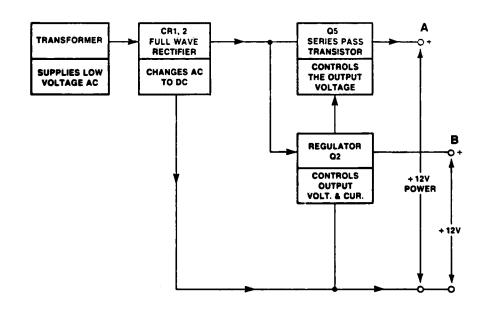


Figure 3-18. PRINTCON 12-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

4. The -12 VDC power supply operates by using voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR5 and CR6) which is filtered by C4. This filter circuit provides voltage to integrated circuit regulator Q3, through fuse F3, which regulates the output voltage (Figure 3-19).

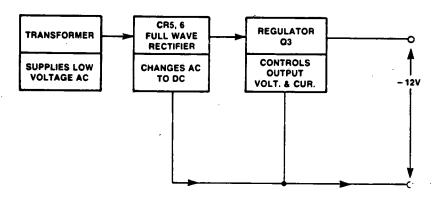


Figure 3-19. PRINTCON -12-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

5. The +18 VDC unregulated power supply operates as follows: voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR1 and CR2) is filtered by C1. This filter circuit provides unregulated +18 VDC, through fuse F2, and is the supply for the +12 VDC regulated output, the +12 VDC power output, and the +5 VDC regulating amplifier U1 (Figure 3-20).

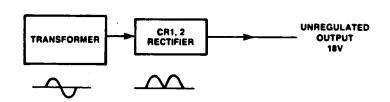


Figure 3-20. PRINTCON 18-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

6. The +28 VDC power supply operates as follows: Voltage from the full wave rectifier (CR7 and CR8) is filtered by C5. This filtered circuit provides voltage to series pass transistors O6 and A7 through fuse A4. The series pass transistors operate in parallel and are equalized by R11 and R12. The base reference voltage is provided by R13 and zener Z4, near 28 volts. R13 and C10 provide a slight delay on power turn on (Figure 3-21).

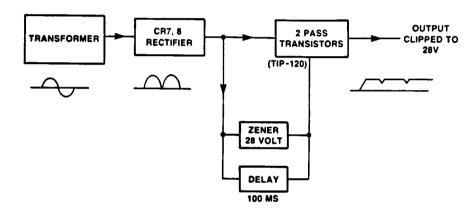


Figure 3-21. PRINTCON 28-VOLT POWER SUPPLY.

SECTION 4

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

WARNING!

- Press the facility and control power off and wait until chamber cools to room temperature before starting any maintenance operations.
- To avoid injury from door closing, do not reach into the sterilizer unless the door is blocked open with the safety bar attached behind the front panel. Also ensure wing panel is in the out position (power off).
- When performing the required quarterly check of safety valves, be careful of escaping steam. To prevent burns, wear gloves or use an extension device if it becomes necessary to operate the try lever.
- Ensure that the jacket pressure gauge shows no pressure in the jacket before loosening any piping entering the jacket.
- » Never use a wire brush, abrasives, or steel wool on door and chamber assembly.

CAUTION!

When using AMSCO Stainless Steel Cleaner or AMSCO Pry Cleaner, rub in a back-and-forth motion (in the same direction as the surface grain). Do not rub with a rotary or circular motion. Do not use these cleaners on painted surfaces. Follow directions on containers.

4.1 GENERAL

Maintenance procedures described should be performed at regular intervals, as indicated. The frequency indicated is the minimum, and should be increased if usage of the unit demands. Should a problem occur, refer to Section 6, TROUBLE-SHOOTING. Paragraph 4.6 is a sample maintenance record which we suggest the Maintenance Department keep. Such a record will prove helpful in assuring regular maintenance.

4.2 ROUTINE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect cabinetry for signs of damage or misaligned parts.
- 2. Check the gauges and printer for cracked or broken glass, or other obvious damage.
- Open lower access door and check chamber piping for loose fittings or other obvious defects.
- 4. With facility steam and water valves open, check line and valves for leaks.
- 5. Clean lint and dirt from control system components.

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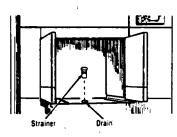


Figure 4-1. LOCATION OF CHAMBER DRAIN STRAINER.

4.3 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

WARNING: TO AVOID INJURY FROM DOOR CLOSING, DO NOT REACH INTO THE STERILIZER UNLESS THE DOOR IS BLOCKED OPEN WITH THE SAFETY BAR ATTACHED BEHIND THE FRONT PANEL. ALSO ENSURE WING PANEL IS IN THE OUT POSITION (POWER OFF).

Dally

- 1. Clean out the chamber drain (see Figure 4-1).
- a. Turn POWER to ON. Door will open.
- b. Open wing panel and block door open using safety bar. Turn POWER to OFF.
- c. Remove the chamber drain strainer and clean it (see paragraph 4.5).
- d. Rinse the drain with a solution of 1/2 cup of AMSCO Sonic Detergent and one quart of hot water.
 - e. Wait five minutes.
 - f. Flush the drain with one quart of hot water.
 - g. Replace the chamber drain strainer.
- h. Inspect the interior of the chamber for any objects which may have fallen out of the racks during previous cycles.
- 2. Check the control and status signals as follows:
- a. Watch the unit operate through a complete cycle. Check for burned-out lamps on the primary control and display panels.

- b. Check the cycle tape for acceptable darkness of print. Make sure that all columns are legible. Swing the printer assembly down and check for an adequate supply of paper remaining.
- 3. Check the area around both doors during the STERILIZE phase for steam leaks. Refer to the door adjustment procedures if necessary.
- 4. Check the time and date on the control for proper settings.

Weekly

- 1. Door:
- a. Check drip tray drain. Clean if necessary.
- b. Lubricate bevel gears. Use Never Seez high temperature lubricating compound (NBS 16).
- c. Check all setscrews in gears to ensure tightness.
- d. Check cams and lubricate on side of eccentric cam at cam and Oilite bushing. Use Never Seez* high temperature Lubricating Compound (NBS 16)
- 2. Check hydraulic oil reservoir for proper level. Add fluid if needed. Use SAE type "A" transmission fluid.
- 3. Remove oil from drip pans.
- *Manufactured by Never-Seez Compound Corporation.

Monthly

- 1. Inspect the doors as follows:
- a. Inspect both door gaskets. Replace if brittle or cracks are observed.
- b. Check cables for fraying. Replace if necessary.
- c. Check the door lift cylinders for leaks. Repair or replace.
- 2. Check and clean air maze vacuum break filter.
- 3. Check all limit switch actuators for signs of damage.

Quarterly

- 1. Open and clean all traps. Replace element or seat if necessary.
- 2. Clean steam supply strainer.
- 3. Check steam control valve.
- 4. Clean steam and water supply strainers.
- 5. Clean filter on air supply if provided.
- 6. Run a complete cycle using temperature and pressure instrumentation. Check for proper vacuum. pressure and temperature levels.

WARNING: WHEN PERFORMING THE REQUIR-ED QUARTERLY CHECK OF SAFETY VALVES BE CAREFUL OF ESCAPING STEAM. TO PREVENT **BURNS. WEAR GLOVES OR USE AN EXTENSION** DEVICE IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY TO OPER-ATE THE TRY LEVER. WEAR EYE PROTECTION.

- 9. Inspect the chamber safety valve as follows:
- a. Be sure the washer/sterilizer is cool. Remove top panel from loading end of unit.
- b. Inspect the safety valve for accumulations of rust, scale, or other foreign substances which would prevent the free operation of the valve. The opening of any discharge piping must be clear and free from restrictions.
- c. Operate try lever (or pull ring) several times. The lever should move freely and return to its closed position after each operation.
- d. Initiate a cycle and let it proceed to the STERILIZE phase.
- e. Check safety valve for steam leakage. If valve is leaking, operate the try lever several times to see if the leakage stops. Avoid letting moisture get under the insulation on chamber as it will cause rusting.
- f. If leakage continues, discontinue operation of the washer/sterilizer until a qualified technician replaces the leaky safety valve.

Yearly

- 1. Replace the battery on the main Printcon PC
- 2. Replace the filter cartridge on the hydraulic
- 3. Clean out any dust in the Control Box Assembly on the side of the unit.

4.4 PRINTCON MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY CHART

- 1. Perform the following operations at the intervals specified.
 - a. Change ink cartridge monthly.
 - b. Check calibration quarterly.
 - c. Change battery yearly.
 - d. Set year switches yearly.

4.5 CLEANING

Daily

1. Remove chamber drain strainer. Clean out all lint and sediment, then reverse flush strainer under running water.

CAUTION: Never use wire brush or steel wool on door and chamber assembly.

- 2. Wash chamber interior and loading equipment with a mild detergent solution such as AMSCO Liqui-Jet or AMSCO Sonic Detergent.
- 3. Rinse items with tap water and dry with lint-free cloth. Replace strainer.

Monthly

- 1. Clean gasket sealing surface on chamber door frame(s) with AMSCO Pry Cream (included in Door Frame Cleaning Kit, P-753377-091). Wipe off Pry Cream with damp cloth.
- 2. Clean the door gasket(s) with alcohol or mild detergent. Do not clean with carbon tetrachloride, kerosene, gasoline or other hydrocarbons.
- 3. Spray sealing surface on door frame(s) with AMSCO Fluorocarbon Spray (also included in Door Frame Kit, see above) to prevent gasket(s) from sticking.
- 4. Open steam and water supply line strainer and clean out sediment.

As Necessary

1. Use AMSCO Stainless Steel Cleaner on all stainless steel exterior surfaces of both the unit and the loading equipment. Apply the cleaner with a damp cloth or sponge, thoroughly wipe off and then polish with a clean, dry cloth. Use AMSCO Pry Cleaner to remove stubborn stains.

CAUTION: When using AMSCO Stainless Steel Cleaner or AMSCO Pry Cleaner, rub in a back-and-forth motion (in the same direction as the surface grain). Do not rub with a rotary or circular motion. Do not use these cleaners on painted surfaces. Follow directions on containers.

2. Use a mild detergent such as AMSCO Sonic Detergent (P-41591-091) to wash non-stainless steel surfaces. Rinse with tap water, using a sponge or damp cloth. Wipe dry with a lint-free cloth.

SECTION 5

FIELD TEST PROCEDURE

WARNING!

- » Press the facility and control power off and walt until chamber cools to room temperature before starting any maintenance operations.
- Repairs and adjustments should be attempted only by experienced persons fully acquainted with this equipment. Use of inexperienced, unqualified persons to work on the equipment or the installation of unauthorized parts could cause personal injury or result in costly damage.
- To avoid injury from door closing, do not reach into the sterilizer unless the door is blocked open with the safety bar attached behind the front panel. Also ensure wing panel is in the out position (power off).
- » Ensure that the jacket pressure gauge shows no pressure in the jacket before loosening any piping entering the jacket.

5.1 GENERAL

The following procedure allows service personnel to determine whether the unit is installed and operating correctly. If the unit will not meet one or more of the standards outlined below, service to the unit is required. See Section 7 for adjustments or repairs and Section 6 for troubleshooting procedures.

Also, every unit must be tested and inspected according to this procedure whenever a part is adjusted, repaired or replaced, Items of non-compliance must be corrected and retested. Keep a record of all readings, measurements, discrepancies, corrections, retests, and reinspections. Each test must meet the standards of material, workmanship, and performance set forth in this procedure.

5.2 TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED AND INSTALLATION (See Figure 5-1)

NOTE: The temperature indicator and pressure gauge used to verify the control accuracy should be calibrated against NBS-traceable devices and their inaccuracies should be known via a calibration report sheet.

1. Digital potentiometer with 1 degree F resolution. Doric model 400A or equal.

- Compound pressure gauge (30 inches vacuum and 100 PSIG; 1% F.S. accuracy minimum; resolution to 1/2 PSIG).
 - 3. 8-inch piece of 2x4.

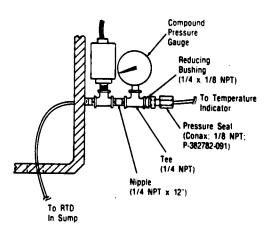


Figure 5-1. INSTALLATION OF TEST EQUIPMENT.

- 4. Pressure gauge, 0 200 PSIG minimum range (air supply).
 - 5. Stop watch.
 - 6. Spirit level.
 - 7. 6-foot straight edge.
- 8. Safety bars for doors. These were provided with the unit at shipment.
- 9. Pressure seal for thermocouple wire. "Conax" style or equal, (P-382782-091).
- 10. Absulute pressure gauge, 0-100 mm Hg. with 1 mm Hg. increments, with shutoff valve.

5.3 PRELIMINARY

- Make sure hydraulic sump is full of oil. If not, add oil (transmission fluid Type "A") until it is approximately 1/2" below the return line inlet to the to the sump.
- 2. Check the alignment of the hydraulic lift cyclinders with the overhead pulley. Bend mounting brackets if necessary. Make sure the lift cylinders are fully extended with door down.
- Check adjusting screws on air valve manifold. Adjusting screws should be backed out until the stop is reached.

5.4 CHECK FOR PROPER DOOR OPERATION

- 1. Make sure that no baskets are on the loading and unloading tables or in the chamber.
- 2. Check the level of oil in the hydraulic sump. If low, add enough oil (transmission fluid type "A") until the level is about 1/2-inch below the return line inlet to the sump.
- 3. Turn the control POWER switch ON. Observe a 2-3 second Lamp Test of all leads on the temperature/pressure display, changing to actual chamber temperature and pressure. The unload end door must open. CODE 88 must be displayed on the primary control panel. The printer will print POWER ON followed by the date, time, temperature and pressure. When the unload end door unlocks, the message DOOR UNLK will print.

- 4. Operate, in turn, all four of the door control pushbuttons and check for proper operation of the doors, as follows:
- Repeat the above steps for the LOAD pushbuttons.
- Press the CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR button. Only unload end door should close.
- Again press the CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR button and ensure that both doors lock. The DOORS UNLOCKED lamp on the primary control panel must go out.
- Press the OPEN UNLOAD DOOR button and ensure that the both doors unlock only, and the DOORS UNLOCKED lamp comes back on. Press this button again. The unload door should open. Press this button a third time. The unload cylinder should operate.
- 5. Open the wing panel at either end in turn and ensure that status CODE 77 (wing panel ajar) is displayed in each case.
- 6. Open the load door with the OPEN LOAD DOOR pushbutton. The door should raise until the lowest edge is at least even with the opening of the end ring. The lift cylinder stop must be adjusted if the height is not obtained. Limit switch LS14 (load door open) must actuate in the door open position.
- 7. Lower the load door by pushing the CLOSE LOAD DOOR pushbutton. With the load door in the closed (but not locked) position, both limit switches LS3 and LS8 (load door closed) should be actuated. See paragraph 7.2 for adjustment.
- 8. With the load door closed and unlocked, ensure that limit switch LS12 is actuated. Adjust if necessary.
- 9. Repeat steps 6, 7 and 8 above for the unload door, making the appropriate adjustments to limit switches LS13 (unload door open), LS2 and LS9 (unload door closed), and LS7 (unload door unlocked).
- 10. With both doors closed, lock the doors by pressing the CLOSE LOAD DOOR pushbutton. Limit switches LS1, LS5, LS10 and LS21 must be actuated. If not, make the necessary cam adjustments as required, in order that these switches are actuated when the limit-switch-roller operates on the sharp radius of the cams.

- 11. In this position, check the keyways in the locking gears. They must be parallel to the machine or beyond to be locked. If this is not the case, adjust the locking cylinder device.
- 12. Check the hydraulic pump pressure during a door operation and, if necessary, adjust the pump relief valve to 260 PSIG \pm 10 PSIG within five minutes of start-up. (See Fig. 8-30)

5.5 FEEDER TABLE CHECK

- 1. Check that both feeders are level. Adjust the feet on the feeders if required.
- 2. Align both feeder trays to the rack guides inside the shell, using a long straight edge. Use the slotted holes on the feeder mounting to make adjustments.
- 3. Check that the distance between the front edge of the feeder plates and the shell end ring is 3-3/4 ±1/8 inch.
- 4. Adjust the leveling feet of the Amscomatic unit so that the chamber floor and rack guides are level and the top surface of the rack guides are at a height of 29-1/2 incless above floor level. Adjust center guide in the chamber to be parallel to the rack guides.
- 5. Center and adjust the height of the loading and unloading feeder plates so that the entire top surface of the feeder plates is at the same height as the top surface of the rack guides and in the same plane formed by the top surface of the rack guides. Use a 6-foot straight edge for this inspection.
- 6. Adjust the position of the feeder cylinders so that the center line of the cylinders and the chamber guide are in one straight line. The position of the loading piston head is nominally 1/2-inch behind the front edge of the loading plate, and the unloading piston head is nominally 1/2-inch beyond the front edge of the unloading plate.
- 7. Turn the control POWER switch ON. The unload end door should open.
- 8. Press the OPEN LOAD DOOR pushbutton.
- a. Use the safety bars supplied with the unit to ensure that the door will not lower due to any component malfunction.
- b. The load and unload cylinders will be operated in the following steps. To operate these cylinders, press the appropriate OPEN DOOR button twice.

- c. Adjust the guide located under the feeder plates so that when the feeder piston travels into the chamber, the dovetail guides will transfer smoothly onto the chamber guide.
- 9. Place a rack on the load table and extend the load cylinder into the chamber. When the loading feeder is fully extended into the chamber, check to ensure that the distance between the chamber endring (on the loading feeder side) and the back edge of the Amscomatic rack is $3\pm1/16$ inches. Adjust the position of the cylinder as required to obtain this dimension.
- 10. When the loading cylinder is fully extended into the chamber, check to ensure that the distance between the riser valve center line and the front or leading edge of the rack is $12\pm1/16$ inches. Adjust the position of the cylinder as required to obtain this dimension.
- 11. Extend the load arm into the chamber. For proper speed of travel, adjust the needle valve under the feeder tray to indicate 150 \pm 10 PSIG pressure while the cylinder is extending. Set PS1 to close above 50 \pm 10 PSIG. Pressure switch PS1 opens when the arm is fully extended.
- 12. Operate the load arm again. When the arm is fully retracted, verify that limit switch LS6 (load arm retracted) is actuated.
- 13. Extend the unload arm into the chamber. For proper speed of travel, adjust the needle valve under the feeder tray to indicate 150 \pm 10 PSIG pressure while the cylinder is extending. Set pressure switch PS2 to close above 50 \pm 10 PSIG. Pressure switch PS2 opens when the arm is fully retracted.
- 14. Operate the unload arm. When the arm is fully retracted, verify that limit switch LS20 is actuated.
- 15. When both feeders are verified to be working properly, check, using a straight edge, that the riser valve seal is below the basket guide tracks (allow approximately 1/4 inch clearance). Adjust as required. If difficulty is encountered, these adjustments can be more easily made after the machine has heated up.
- 16. Run both feeders manually using a rack loaded to 25-30 lbs to determine that the rack is centered inside the chamber so that the manifold on the rack is directly over the riser valve. Also, verify that the stroke of both cylinders is such that the unload ram will engage the rack where the load ram has positioned it.

5.6 CHECK CALIBRATION OF TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE

1. With steam, air, electric and water supplied to the sterilizer, turn the power ON.

NOTE: Code 00 will be displayed for 2.5 seconds as all hydraulic valves are pulsed to ensure proper setting. All PRINTCON lamps come on briefly as a lamp test. Also, POWER ON record must be printed.

- 2. Verity that STERILIZE switches on opposite end panel are off.
- 3. Keep the unload door from opening by inserting an 8-inch piece of 2" x 4" board.
- 4. Adjust P3 (pressure offset adjust) on the Printcon board until the display reads 0.0 psi \pm .5.

NOTE: The control stays in this state for about 35 seconds. If the pressure is still not calibrated at this time, press cycle start and repeat Steps 2, 3, and 4.

- 5. Press and OPEN UNLOAD DOOR pushbutton switch to open the unload door and verify that the display reads 0.0 psi ± .5.
- Set the temperature select thumbwheel to 295°F.

NOTE: Code 88 must be displayed before starting.

- Start a sterilize cycle by pressing CYCLE START, simulate a basket by actuating basket switch (LS11) on load table.
- 8. Adjust pressure regulator to approximately 45 psi and allow temperature to stabilize. PRINTCON indicated temperature must be within 1° of digital thermometer. PRINTCON indicated pressure must be within 1 psi of calibrated gauge.
- 9. Press CYCLE ABORT to abort the cycle.
- 10. Wait for code "88" to display. Press recycle (blue) to remove load.
- 11. Wait for code "88", then turn main power switch OFF.
- 12. Disconnect power from unit, verify that machine main power switch/circuit breaker trips off. Reconnect power and ensure that circuit breaker resets properly.

5.7 OPERATIONAL TEST -- STERILIZE CYCLE

Machine Cycle

NOTE: Electric, water, steam and air must be supplied to sterilizer. SET PRINTCON THUMBWHEEL to 285° F. Verify that main power is on. The filtered air valve (V11) and chamber drain valve (V7) are open at this time. All other valves are closed.

- 1. With a basket on the load table, press CYCLE START. Prevac light is on at this time.
- Insure proper automatic operation of the sterilizer as follows:
- a. A basket on the load table is loaded into the chamber (See Operation Tests: Loading and Unloading) and each of the FOLLOWING CYCLE SEQUENCES MUST BE VERIFIED.
 - b. PURGE (CODE 10)
 - 1) The condition light is on.
- 2) The steam to chamber (V8), water supply (V9), and chamber drain (V7) valves are open.
- 3) The sterilizer is in the purge state for 30 seconds.
 - c. Steam and Pressure -- First Time (CODE 11)
- 1) When previous state times out, the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves close.
- 2) The steam to chamber valve (V8) remains open until chamber pressure reaches 26 psi.
 - d. Exhaust and Vacuum -- First Time (CODE11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- 2) The sterilizer is in this state for 45 seconds.
- e. Steam and Pressure -- Second Time (CODE 11)
- 1) Same as Steam and Pressure -- First Time

- f. Exhaust and Vacuum -- Second Time (CODE11)
- 1) Same as Exhaust and Vacuum -- First Time
 - g. Steam and Pressure -- Third Time (CODE 11)
- 1) Same as Steam and Pressure -- First Time
- h. Exhaust and Vacuum -- Third Time (CODE11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- 2) The vacuum timer is set at 15 minutes and the sterilizer must pull to 21° Hg. vacuum in this time.
- 3) If 21" Hg. vacuum is not reached in 15 minutes, an alarm sounds.
- i. Steam and Pressure -- Fourth Time (CODE 11)
- 1) Same as Steam and Pressure -- First Time
- j. Exhaust and Vacuum -- Fourth Time (CODE11)
- 1) When chamber pressure reaches 26 psi, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes and the chamber drain (V7) and water supply valves open.
- The vacuum timer is set at 15 minutes and the sterilizer must pull to 21" Hg. vacuum in this time.
- 3) If 21" Hg. vacuum is not reached in 15 minutes, an alarm sounds.
 - k. Steam and Pressure -- Fifth Time (CODE 11)
- When 21" Hg. vacuum is reached, the chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves close.
 The steam to chamber valve opens.
 - I. Sterilize (CODE12)
- 1) When the temperature reaches 285° F, the sterilize state is reached.
- The condition light shuts off, and the sterilize light is on.

- The sterilize timer is set at 1 minute. The chamber temperature will be controlled at 287° F in this time.
- m. Exhaust and Vacuum -- Fifth Time (Dry) (CODE13)
- 1) When sterilize state is competed, the steam to chamber valve (V8) closes. The chamber drain (V7) and water supply (V9) valves open.
- 2) The exhaust light is on. The sterilize light is off.
- 3) When 27" Hg. vacuum is reached, a 4-minute timer is started (CODE14).
- 4) This state is completed when the timer times out
 - n. Vacuum Break and Ready (CODE 15)
- When dry state is complete, the filtered air (V11) valve opens. The chamber drain (V7) and water supply valves (V9) valves are closed.
- 2) When 1" Hg. vacuum is remaining in the chamber, the filtered air (V11) valve remains open and the chamber drain valve (V7) is opened. The cycle is complete and the sterilizer is ready to unload the basket and load another. End of cycle record prints (CODE 16).
- 3) See Para. 5.8, Operational Test -- Automatic Loading and Unloading.
 - 4) Exhaust light is off.

5.8 OPERATIONAL TEST -- INTERFACE SIGNALS

Verify AC outputs under the following conditions by measuring voltage at TB13 terminals (120 VAC).

- 1. The STERILIZER-IS-ON indicator is on when the power switch is ON (TB13-10).
- 2. RACK-ON-UNLOAD-TABLE indicator is on when the EXIT TABLE FULL switch (LS4) is actuated (TB13-2).
- 3. The RACK-ON-LOAD-TABLE indicator is on when BASKET-IN-PLACE switch (LS11) is actuated (TB13-4).

4. The INLET-DOOR-NOT-OPEN indicator is on when the BASKET-IN-PLACE switch is not actuated AND when inlet door is closed (TB13-14).

Final cycles

- 1. Set SW2, bit 1 on Board 2 to ON. This will inhibit in cycle codes except for errors.
- 2. Conduct three consecutive STERILIZE cycles. (Use the Machine Cycle description on page 5-4 as a guide.)
- 3. Retain the printouts as part of the test record. Print unit serial number on PRINTCON record.

NOTE: It is a requirement of this procedure that three consecutive cycles be run without adjustment.

Final Checks

- Remove test gauge and thermocouple from the chamber. Replace any pipe plugs removed during testing.
- All steam and water piping to be completely blown out to prevent freezing. The unit should be operated through all phases so that all lines are completely blown out.
 - 3. Unlock doors
- 4. Shut off services and disconnect sterilizer from test block.
- 5. Remove paper supply roll, printed record and ribbon cartridge.
- 6. Clean the drain line strainer.
- 7. Verify hydraulic sump is full of oil. If necessary, add oil (transmission fluid type A) until it is approximately

1/2" below the return inlet to the sump. Check the entire hydraulic system for leaks. Eliminate all leaks by correctly tightening or replacing the fitting.

5.9 OPERATIONAL TEST—AUTOMATIC LOADING AND UNLOADING

Start the operational tests for the loading and unloading feeders with the doors open, the main power switch OFF, loading/unloading feeder piston heads in the fully retracted position, and no basket in the AMSCOMATIC

or on the feeders. Verify the following sequence of operations:

Load

- 1. After the POWER ON switch is turned to the ON position, the sterilizer proceeds to the NOT READY state and CODE 88 is displayed on the primary panel. IF the load arm is not retracted, it is retracted at this time and CODE 32 is displayed. If the unload arm is not retracted, it is retracted at this time and CODE 52 is displayed.
- Press the CYCLE START pushbutton switch. Activation of the CYCLE START switch (PB3) will close the doors and put the sterilizer in the READY state (CODE 89). The Ready indicator will turn ON to acknowledge the start request.
- 3. When a basket arrives, its presence is detected by the BASKET ON THE LOAD TABLE switch (LS11). Slide a basket onto the loading feeder plate until the front edge of the basket is approximately 1/4" beyond the front edge of the feeder plate. The BASKET-IN-PLACE switch (LS11), located near the front edge of the feeder plate, will close, signaling the load door to open by pulsing the OPEN LOAD DOOR solenoid (S6).
- 4. The load door attempts to open. CODE 22 is displayed during opening. If the LOAD DOOROPEN switch (LS14) is not closed in 35 seconds, CODE 22 is displayed continuously along with buzzer until door is closed.
- When the load door is opened, the LOAD DOOR
 OPEN limit switch (LS14) will close. The EXTEND
 LOAD ARM solenoid (S11) is pulsed ON to load the
 basket into the chamber and CODE 30 is displayed.
- 6. If the BASKET TOO HIGH switch (LS15) is closed while the basket is being loaded, CODE 33 is displayed, an alarm sounds, and the load arm retracts.
- 7. When the piston rod is completely extended into the chamber, the pressure shown on the gauge should decrease for an instant to below 40 PSI, causing PS1, the HPG (Hydraulic back pressure switch) to close, signaling this piston rod to withdraw from the chamber.
- 8. If, after 35 seconds following the extension of the load arm, the LOAD HBP switch (PS1) is not closed, the load arm retracts, and alarm sounds, and CODE 37 is displayed to indicate the LOAD HBP is not working properly.

- 9. Also during loading, if the LOAD HYDRAULIC BACK PRESSURE switch (PS1) is closed while the BASKET ON THE LOAD TABLE switch is closed, the door remains open, an alarm sounds, and CODE 38 is displayed to indicate that a basket is jammed.
- 10. After the basket is loaded, the LOAD ARM RETRACT solenoid (S12) is pulsed on, the load arm retracts from the chamber, and CODE 31 is displayed.
- 11. If after 35 seconds following the retraction of the load arm, the LOAD ARM RETRACTED switch (LS6) is not closed, the alarm sounds and CODE32 is displayed, indicating that the load arm is not working property.
- 12. With the LOAD EXTEND/RETRACT ARM in the extreme retract position, the piston head will close the LOAD ARM RETRACTED limit switch (LS6). This action will initiate the closing of the load door (LS3).
- 13. The door proceeds to close until the LOAD DOOR CLOSED switches (LS3 and LS8) are closed. If these switches are not closed within 35 seconds, an alarm sounds and CODE 24 is displayed.

NOTE: Any cf the loading alarms are cleared by pressing the CYCLE START pushbutton.

- 14. Similarly, when the unload door closes, the UNLOAD DOOR CLOSED switches (LS2 and LS9) are actuated. If these switches are not made within 1 minute, an alarm sounds and CODE 25 is displayed.
- 15. With both doors closed and basket loaded, solenoid S4 is pulsed ON (in automatic cycle), operating the locking mechanism until the DOORS LOCKED switches (LS1, LS21, LS5, and LS10) are actuated. If these switches are not actuated within 35 seconds, an alarm sounds and CODE 21 is displayed. CODE88 is then displayed when cycle start is pushed.
- Following the exhaust phase, CODE 16 is displayed to indicate the completion of the sterilize cycle. CODE 89 is then displayed.

Unload

- Upon completion of the processing cycle, the solenoid S1 is pulsed to unlock the doors.
- 2. After the doors are unlocked, the LOAD DOOR UNLOCKED switch (LS12) and UNLOAD DOOR UN-

LOCKED switch (S7) are closed. If these switches are not closed within 35 seconds. CODE 20 is displayed.

NOTE: In an error condition, the control continues to unlock for 35 seconds or until the ABORT button (CODE99) is pushed, which initiates the locking procedure.

- 3. After unlocking, the unload door proceeds to open (solenoid S2 pulsed) if the UNLOAD TABLE FULL switch (LS4) is not closed. If a basket is on this switch (LS4 close), the sterilizer sounds an alarm and CODE 54 is displayed.
- 4. If the unload table is not full (LS4 open), the unload door proceeds to open until the UNLOAD DOOR OPEN limit switch (LS13) is closed. If thisswitch is not closed within 35 seconds, an alarm sounds and CODE 23 is displayed. Hydraulic pump is turned off after 35 seconds.
- 5. When the unload door opens, the EXTEND UNLOAD ARM solenoid (S9) is pulsed, this sets the EXTEND/RETRACT valve to the extend position. The unload arm extends into the chamber to unload a basket and CODE 50 is displayed.
- 6. When the piston rod is completely extended into the chamber, the pressure shown on the gauge should decrease for an instant to 40 PSI, causing PS2 (the HBP switch) to close, signaling the piston rod to withdraw from the chamber.
- 7. If, after 35 seconds following the extension of the unload arm, the UNLOAD HBP switch PS2 is not closed, the alarm sounds, CODE 59 is displayed, and the arm retracts.
- 8. If the HBP switch PS2 is closed properly, the UNLOAD ARM RETRACT solenoid (S10) is pulsed ON, the unload arm retracts, and CODE 51 is displayed.
- 9. As the unload arm retracts, the BASKET REMOVED switch (LS22) is closed. If after 35 seconds following the retraction of the unload arm, the UNLOAD ARM RETRACTED switch (LS20) is not closed, the procedure is repeated 3 times if the arm is not retracted. The alarm sounds and CODE 52 is displayed, indicating the unload arm is not working properly. The sterilizer is now ready to accept another basket and the READY indicator turns ON.
- 10. Press ABORT CYCLE switch to return to NOT READY state.

5.10 NEEDLE VALVE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. The RTD constant-bleed needle valve (For location, see Piping Schematic) is to be set at 1/8 turn open.
- Open the needle valve piped around valve V9 two turns open. Place a thermocouple in the sump discharge line to measure the temperature of the water discharged to waste.
- 3. Close the jacket trap cooling needle valve (For location, see Piping Schematic).
- Start a cycle with a 295 degree set temperature.
 Wait until the steam purge has completed during CODE
 and the pressure has stabilized. Now, adjust the needle valve bypassing V9 until the waste water temperature is 137-140° F.

NOTE: The temperature should not fall below 137° F. This indicates excessive water consumption.

- 5. Abort the cycle. Reset the sterilizing temperature to 285.
- 6. Adjust the jacket trap cooling needle valve to full open. With the unit out of cycle, remove the cover from the temperature switch located on the condenser outlet. Adjust the temperature switch so that the waste water temperature is in the range of 137-140° F. Clockwise raises the temperature setting. Fine adjustment to the temperature can be done with the needle valve.

5.11 VACUUM LEAK TEST

- Install an absolute pressure gauge to the chamber with a shutoff valve ahead of the gauge to protect it against positive. 0-100 mm Hg. absolute with 1 mm/Hg. increments is the required range.
- 2. With power off, remove I/O2 PC Board (Board#3) from the card cage and set DIP switch SW2 from all OFF to #1 and #4 ON. Replace the PC board, this will set the dry time to 94 minutes, giving ample time to run the leak test.
- 3. Start a cycle and let it proceed into the dry phase. When the chamber has vacuum, open the shutoff valve to the absolute pressure gauge. Wait until the vacuum level stops increasing. The sterilizer should be capable of 30 mm Hg. or greater vacuum. Shut off the main power switch, and observe the vacuum leak rate over a 5 minute period. The leak rate should not exceed 7.5 mm Hg. over 5 minutes.
- 4. When through with the leak rate test, reset DIP switch SW2 on I/O2 PC Board to all OFF, and remove the vacuum gauge.

SECTION 6

TROUBLESHOOTING

This section contains detailed information for locating and correcting the cause of sterilizer malfunctions.

6.1 HELPFUL HINTS

- 1. Use the operating procedures in Section 2 to verify the trouble symptom. If necessary, use the RECYCLE button and operate the unit more than once in case reported problem is being caused by periodic component malfunction.
- 2. Use the timing diagrams, status codes, valve actuation sequence chart and cycle graph to follow the cycles through the various phases and to check for correct operation of the solenoid valves which control the various phases.
- 3. Use the operational descriptions (Section 3) and electrical schematics (Section 6) as aids in understanding system operation and how the malfunction of a specific component would affect it.
- 4. Refer to the following guides for example of what to look for and what to do when trouble-shooting.

Steam & Water Supplies

- Be sure the building-supply valves are fully open.
- b. Be sure the supply pressure is the proper value and that it does not fluctuate. Be sure that gauge readings are accurate.
- c. Be sure the steam supply is of the proper quality and that the steam-supply line is well drained. This will ensure condensate-free steam of between 97 and 100% saturated vapor.
- d. Check all valves and adjust, repair or replace as necessary.
 - e. Clean the supply strainers.
- f. Check the drain thermostatic traps; réplace the elements if necessary.
 - g. Inspect the entire system; correct all leaks.

Electronic/Electrical System

- a. In general, for any electrical malfunction, first measure or observe the input or output voltage signals as an indicator of the failure. This should isolate the malfunction to:
- Input drives: pressure, temperature, time settings, reset, cycle select.
- Output devices: solenoids, ball valves, relays, panel lamps, etc.
- System logic circuit boards of the controller.
- b. In case of malfunctioning AC outputs, check the status of the light emitting diodes (LEDs), on the edge of the printed circuit board. If the LED is on and the associated valve is off, the system logic is correct and the malfunction is in the wiring or output device.
- c. If the LED is off, then check the input circuitry, i.e., pressure and limit switches.
- d. All voltages are with respect to AC return and all DC voltages are with respect to DC ground.
- e. Check circuit breakers first when supply voltage does not appear.
- f. Should it become necessary to extract a pin from plugs P16, P23, P25, P40, P42, or P47, proceed as follows:
- On the outside surface of the pin, there is a thin piece of metal sprung outward which locks the pin into the housing. Using a sharp-pointed object such as a pin or needle, push the metal spring inward while gently pulling on the appropriate wire. The pin will slide out of the socket. When installing a new pin, first give the metal spring a slight bend outward to assure its locking capacity.
- Pins in plugs P1, P2, P5, P10, P11, P48, P53, and P54 seldom need replacement. However, if replacement of pins is necessary, a special pin extraction tool (P-764317-221) is required. Order through AMSCO Service Company.

Status/Error Codes

The Eagle 2400 Amscomatic control is programmed to display a two digit Status/Error code on the primary control panel if a particular door, feeder, or wash/sterilize operation did not occur in an alloted time.

This feature will rapidly isolate piping component problems to particular components. In general, the appearance of a Status/Error code means a failure in one of the following areas:

 Steam, water or air service is turned off, at a low pressure, or a filter is clogged.

- The sensor limit switch, temperature probe, pressure transducer, or water level sensor is not working properly.
- The PC Board which accepts a particular sensor input has failed.
- A valve has failed.
- The AC power output from the control to a particular valve has failed.
- · Loose or broken wiring.

TABLE 6.1, TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES is used to look up remedies when a particular Status/Error code is displayed. Codes are listed in numerical order.

TABLE 6-1. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES

MACHINE OPERATION	ERROR CODE	MEANING AND PROBABLE FAILURES
Condition, LED for valve V8 on.	11	Pressure did not reach 26 PSI setpoint in 5 minutes; or did not reach 285° F in 5 minutes.
		Steam-to-chamber valve V8 not opening, or V8 air pilot solenoid bad.
		2) Steam strainer clogged.
٠.		3) Steam pressure regulator defective.
		4) Pressure transducer defective.
		5) Main Printcon PC Board out of calibration.
Condition, LED for valve V9 on.	11	Vacuum did not reach 21" Hg. in 15 minutes.
		Chamber drain valve V7 or V7 air pilot Solenoid not working.
		2) Water supply strainer clogged.
		3) Check valve CK-3 sticking closed.
		4) Ejector plugged.
		5) Leak in piping or door gasket.
		Water supply valve V9 or V9 air pilot solenoid not working.
3. Exhaust	13	Vacuum did not reach 27° Hg. in 15 minutes after reaching atmosphere.
		(Same probable causes as for failure to reach 21° Hg. above)
4. Exhaust	15	Vacuum did not break to 2° Hg. at end of dry phase, within 5 minutes.
		Air supply valve V11 or V11 air pilot solenoid not working.
		2) Air filter plugged.
		3) Main Printcon PC Board out of calibration.

TABLE 6-1. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES (Continued).

MACHINE	ERROR	MEANING AND
OPERATION	CODE	PROBABLE FAILURES
5. Unlocking doors	20	Limit switches LS12 (load) and LS7 (unload) doors unlocked) did not activate in 15 seconds.
		1) Low hydraulic oil level. 2) Dual solenoid S1/S4 not working. 3) Limit switch(es) out of adjustment or defective. 4) Defective seal(s) on locking cylinder. 5) No AC signal from Basic PC Board to solenoid S1. 6) Basic PC Board not responding to one or both LS12 or LS7 signals.
6. Locking doors	21	Limit switches LS1 and LS21 (load) or LS5 and LS10 (unload) (doors unlocked) did not activate in 15 seconds.
		1) Low hydraulic oil level. 2) Dual solenoid S1/S4 not working. 3) Limit switch(es) out of adjustment or defective (LS1, LS2, LS5 or LS10). 4) Defective seal(s) on locking cylinder. 5) No AC signal to S4 coil from Basic PC Board. 6) Relay CR3 defective. 7) Basic PC Board not responding to CR3 signal.
7. Load door opening	22	Limit switch LS14 (door open) did not activate within one minute.
		1) Low hydraulic oil level. 2) Dual solenoid S3/S6 not working. 3) Limit switch (LS14) out of adjustment or defective. 4) Defective seal(s) on lift cylinder. 5) Diverter valve out of adjustment or defective. 6) No AC signal to S3/S6 from Basic PC Board. 7) LS14 input failure on I/O1 Expander (PC Board #2).
8. Unload door opening	23	Limit switch LS13 (door open) did not activate within one minute.
		1) Low hydraulic oil level. 2) Dual solenoid S2/S5 not working. 3) Limit switch out of adjustment or defective. 4) Defective seal(s) on lift cylinder. 5) Diverter valve out of adjustment or bad. 6) No AC signal from Basic PC Board to S2. 7) Filter or strainer on hydraulic system clogged.

TABLE 6-1. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES (Continued).

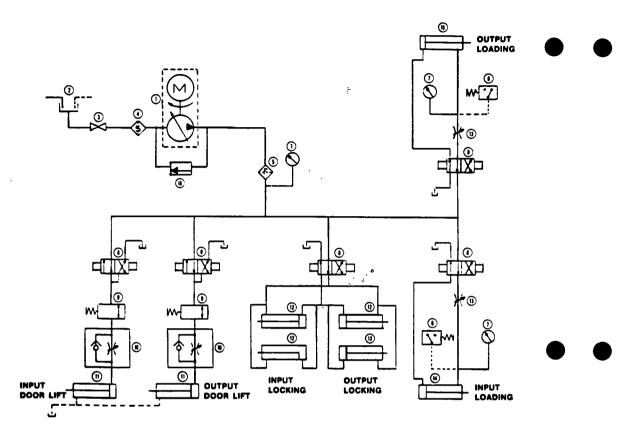
MACHINE OPERATION	ERROR CODE	MEANING AND PROBABLE FAILURES
9. Load door closing	24	Limit switches LS3 and LS8 (door closed) did not activate within one minute.
		1) Dual solenoid S3/S6 not working. 2) No AC signal to S3 from Basic PC Board. 3) Flow control valve closed too far or clogged.
10. Unload door closing	25	Limit switch LS9 and LS2 (door closed) did not activate within one minute.
		1) No AC signal from Basic PC Board to solenoid S5. 2) Dual solenoid S2/S5 not working. 3) One or both limit switches out of adjustment or bad. 4) Flow control valve closed too far or clogged. 5) Basic PC Board not responding to limit switch input.
11. Load arm retracting	32	Limit switch LS6 (load arm retracted) did not activate within one minute.
		1) No AC signal to solenoid S12 from Basic PC Board. 2) Dual solenoid S11/S12 not working. 3) LS6 out of adjustment or defective. 4) Basic PC Board not responding to LS6 signal. 5) Low hydraulic oil level.
12. Basket is loading	33	Limit switch LS15 (basket too high) is activated.
		Limit switch LS15 defective. LS15 input failure on I/O1 Expander (PC Board #2).
13. Basket is loading	38	Pressure switch PS1 and limit switch LS11 are both activated indicating that basket probably jammed.
		LS11 jammed or defective. PS1 out of adjustment.

TABLE 6-1. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES (Continued).

MACHINE OPERATION	ERROR CODE	MEANING AND PROBABLE FAILURES
14. Basket is loading	39	Pressure switch PS1 (hydraulic back pressure) did not activate in time. 1) Piston traveling too slow — check needle valve adjustment. 2) PS1 switch out of adjustment.
		3) Seals on cylinder leaking. 4) Basic PC Board not responding to PS1 signal. 5) No AC signal from I/O Expander #3 to solenoid S11. 6) Dual solenoid S11/S12 not working. 7) Low hydraulic oil level.
15. Basket is unloading	52	Limit switch LS20 (unload arm retracted) did not activate after arm successfully extended, three attempts were made.
		1) LS20 out of adjustment or defective. 2) Dual solenoid S9/S10 not working. 3) No AC signal from I/O Expander #3 to solenoid S9. 4) I/O1 Expander (PC Board #2) not responding to LS20 signal.
16. Basket is unloading	53	Limit switch LS22 (basket removed) did not activate in three tries.
		1) LS22 out of adjustment or defective 2) I/O1 Expander (PC Board #2) not responding to LS22 signal.
17. Basket is unloading	54	Limit switch LS4 (basket on unload table) being held activated after three tries to move basket beyond this switch.
		LS4 jammed or defective. Basic PC Board false response on LS4 input line.

TABLE 6-1. TROUBLESHOOTING CHART USING STATUS/ERROR CODES (Continued).

MACHINE OPERATION	ERROR CODE	MEANING AND PROBABLE FAILURES
18. Basket is unloading 59		Pressure switch PS2 (hydraulic back pressure) did not activate within one minute.
		1) Piston traveling too slow — check needle valve adjustment. 2) PS2 out of adjustment. 3) Leaking seals on cylinder. 4) Basic PC Board not responding to PS2 signal.
		 5) No AC signal from I/O3 Expander (PC Board #4) to solenoid S9. 6) Dual solenoid S9/S10 not working.
19. Any phase or idle	77	One or both wing panel limit switches are activated. Not a failure unless both wing panels are actually closed.
		1) A wing panel switch is defective. 2) Broken wiring to switch. 3) Basic PC Board defective input line.
20. Out of cycle	88	Machine is in the NOT READY condition. Not a failure as such. Press the START CYCLE button to restart automatic cycling.
21. Any phase	99	An ABORT procedure is in process. Let continue to CODE 88 condition.
22. Any Phase	••	No AC power to any solenoid valves.
ļ		1) Fuse F403 in power supply blown.



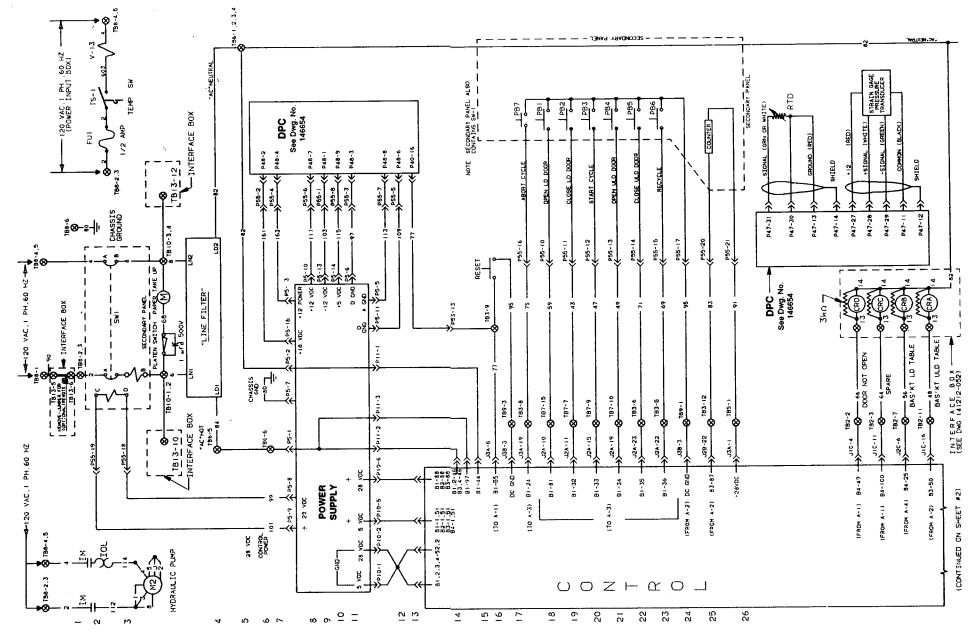
KEY	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	Motor & Pump Assembly
2	1	Sump Assembly
3	1	Ball Valve
4	1	Strainer
5	1	Filter
6	2	Pressure Switch (PS1; PS2)
7	3	Pressure Gauge
8	5	Control Valve, Dual Coil (S1-S6, S9-S12)
9	2	Diverter Valve
10	2	Flow Control Valve
11	2	Door Lift Cylinder
12	4	Door Lock Cylinder
13	2	Needle Valve
14	1	Loading Cylinder
15	1	Unloading Cylinder
16	i	Pressure Relief Valve

Figure 6-1. HYDRAULIC PIPING SCHEMATIC.

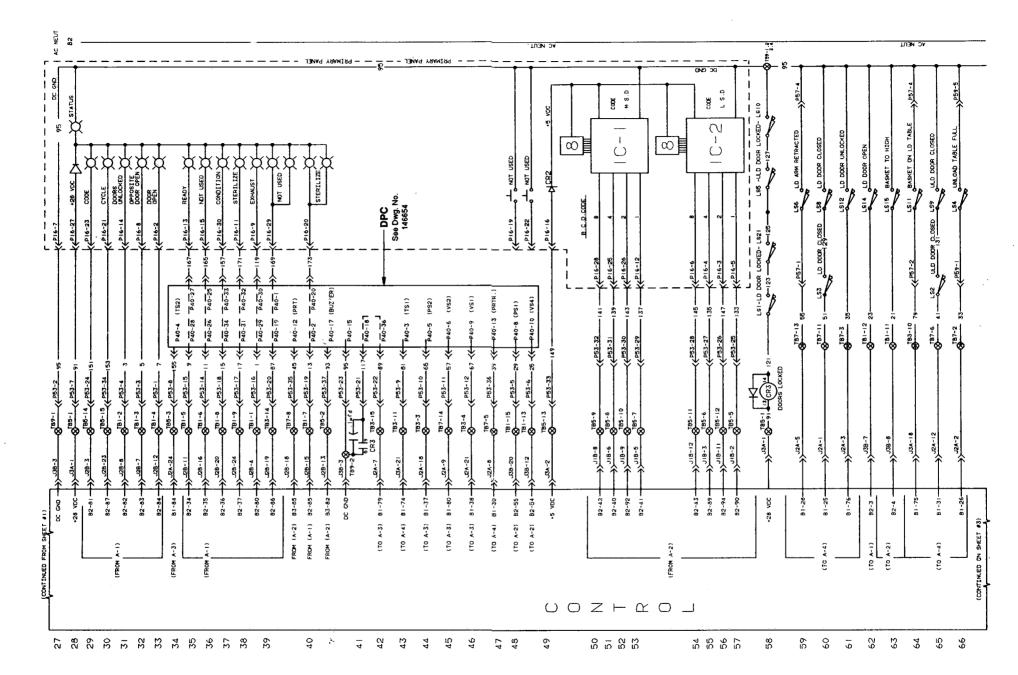
E-11

TABLE 6-2. SCHEMATIC REFERENCE LIST.

Title	Sheet	Reference
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC:		
Amscomatic Terminal Sterilizer	1 of 4	136806-955
	2 of 4	100000 000
	3 of 4	
	4 of 4	
PIPING SCHEMATIC	1 of 1	136806-957
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #1: Basic CPU	1 of 2	146586
	2 of 2	14000
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #2: I/O1 Expander	1 of 2	146500
The state of the s	2 of 2	146588
	2012	
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #3: I/O2 Expander	1 of 2	146590
	2 of 2	• * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #4: I/O3 Expander	1 of 2	146648
	2 of 2	140040
	<u>_</u>	
MAIN PRINTCON PC BOARD	1 of 3	146654
	2 of 3	
	3 of 3	
PC ASSEMBLY: Power Supply	1 of 2	444400 000
TO THE ENDER THE COPPLY	2 of 2	141198-309
	2012	
PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY PC BOARD	1 of 2	146633-081
· · · -	2 of 2	140000000
	= -: -	



ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: AMSCOMATIC TERMINAL STERILIZER (Part 1 of 4)

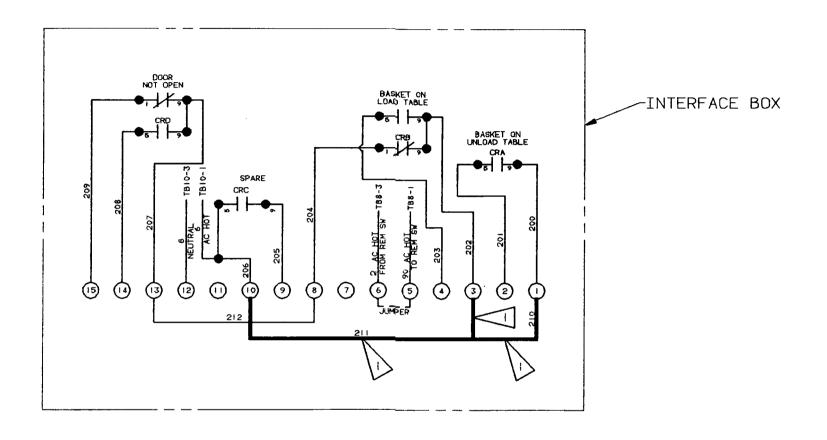


ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: AMSCOMATIC TERMINAL STERILIZER (Part 2 of 4)

F-1

F-2

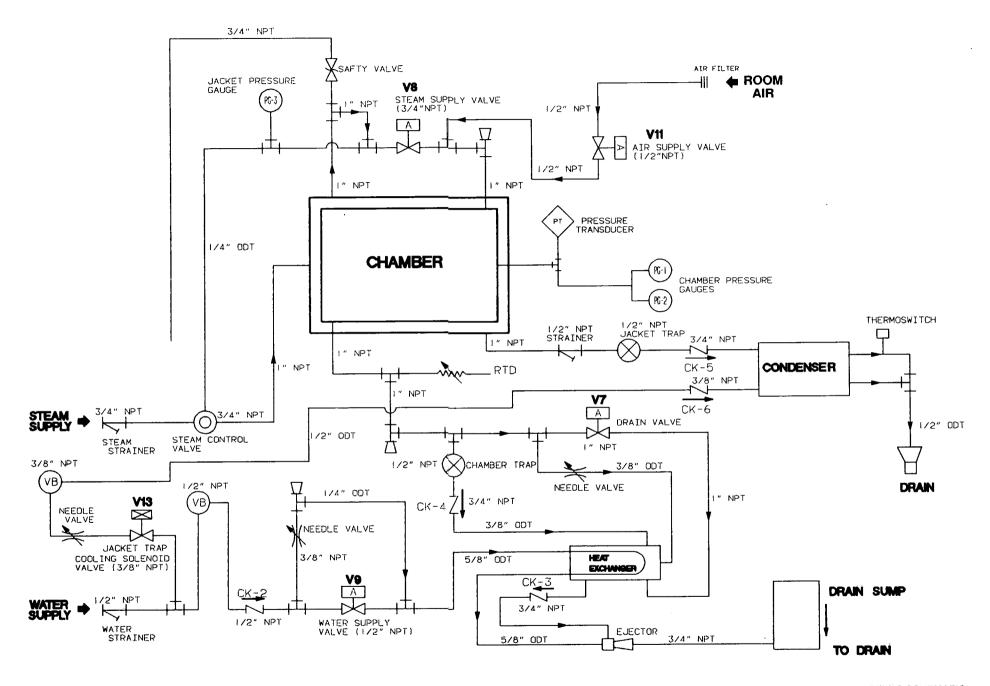
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: AMSCOMATIC TERMINAL STERILIZER (Part 3 of 4)



NOTES:

REMOVE 'RED' JUMPER TO CONNECT TO ACCESSORIES REQUIRING CONTACTS INSTEAD OF 120 VOLT FEED.

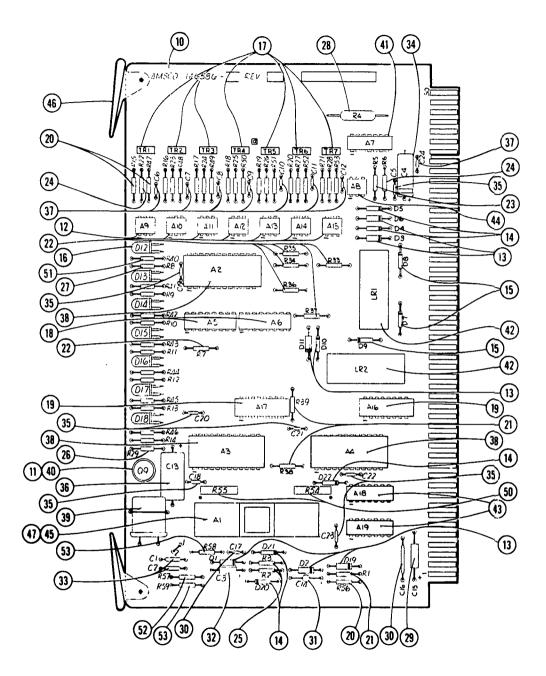
ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC: AMSCOMATIC TERMINAL STERILIZER (Part 4 of 4)



PIPING SCHEMATIC: AMSCOMATIC TERMINAL STERILIZER

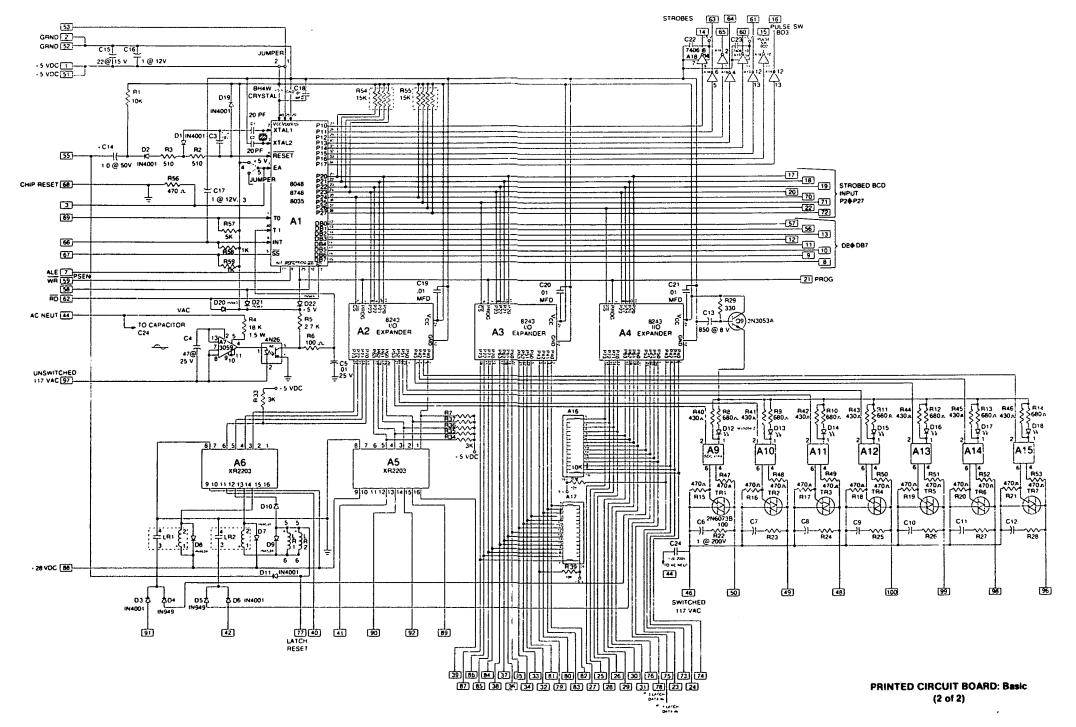
F- 7

F-8



QTY.	ITEM NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
	1	NOT USED	
	2	NOT USED	
	3	NOT USED	
	4	NOT USED	
	5	NOT USED	
	6	NOT USED	
	7	NOT USED	
	8	NOT USED	
1	10	P/C CARD & DRILL ASSY.	
1	11	PAD, TRANSISTOR	
_ 7	12	IC SOC 418 A	TRIAC DRIVER A9-A15
7	13	RECTIFIER, IN4001	D1, D2, D3, D6, D10, D11, D19
5	14	DIODE, IN949	D4, D5, D20-D22
3	15	RECTIFIER, IN463A	D7, D8, D9
7	16	LAMP, SOLID STATE	MV 5054-2 L.E.D., D12-D18
7	17	TRIAC, 2N6073B	TR1-TR7
2	18	TRANSISTOR, XR2203	DARLINGTON - A5, A6
2	19	RESISTOR, NETWORK	916C103X2PE A16, A17 -
15	20	RESISTOR	470 OHMS 1/4W 5% CARBON, R15-R21,
3	21	RESISTOR	R47-R53, R56 10K 1/4W 5% CARBON, R1, R38, R39
-6-	22	RESISTOR	
i	23	RESISTOR	3K 1/4W 57 CARBON, R7, R33-R37 2.7K 1/4W 57 CARBON, R5
8	24	RESISTOR	
2	25	RESISTOR	100 OHMS 1/4W 52 CARBON, R6, R22-R28 510 OHMS 1/4W 52 CARBON, R2, R3
i -	26	RESISTOR	330 OHMS 1/4W 52 CARBON, R2, R3
7	27	RESISTOR	680 OHMS 1/4W 52 CARBON, R8-R14
í	28	RESISTOR	18K 1.5W 10Z, CARBON, R4
- î	29	CAPACITOR	22µf @ 15V TANTALUM-C15
2	30	CAPACITOR	0.1µf @ 12V CERAMIC DISC-C16, C17
Ť	31	CAPACITOR	1.0µf @ 50V TANTALUM-C14
÷	32	CAPACITOR	1.0µf @ 10V TANTALUM-C3
2	33	CAPACITOR	20pf @ 500V CERAMIC DISC-C1, C2
ī	34	CAPACITOR	47µf @ 25V TANTALUM, C4
7	35	CAPACITOR	0.01µf @ 25V CERAMIC DISC-C5, C18, C23
1	36	CAPACITOR	850µf @ 8V TANTALUM-C13
8	37	CAPACITOR	0.1µf @ 200 WVDC CERAMIC DISC-C6-C12, C2
3	38	EXPANDER, I/O	8243 A2, A3, A4
1	39	CRYSTAL, 3MHZ	V477 R41 R21 R7
i	40	TRANSISTOR.	2N3053A Q9
ī	41	IC 3059	A7
-	42	RELAY, LATCH	LR1, LR2
2	43	IC-7406	INVERTER HEX BUFFER/DRIVER-A18, A19
i	44	IC, 4N26	OPTO ISO TRANS., AB
i	45	DIP SOCKET	40 PIN Al
- 2	46	PULL, CARD	
ī	47	MICROCOMPUTER	
	48	NOT USED	
	49	NOT USED	
2	50	RESISTOR NETWORK	15K BY 5 R54, R55
7	51	RESISTOR	430 OHMS 1/4W 52 R40-R46
í	52	RESISTOR	5.1K OHMS 1/4W 5% R57
2	53	RESISTOR	1K OHMS 1/4W 5% R58, R59
		RESTOR	ZR 01210 2/48 38 R301 R33

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Basic (1 of 2)



Rev. 5/88

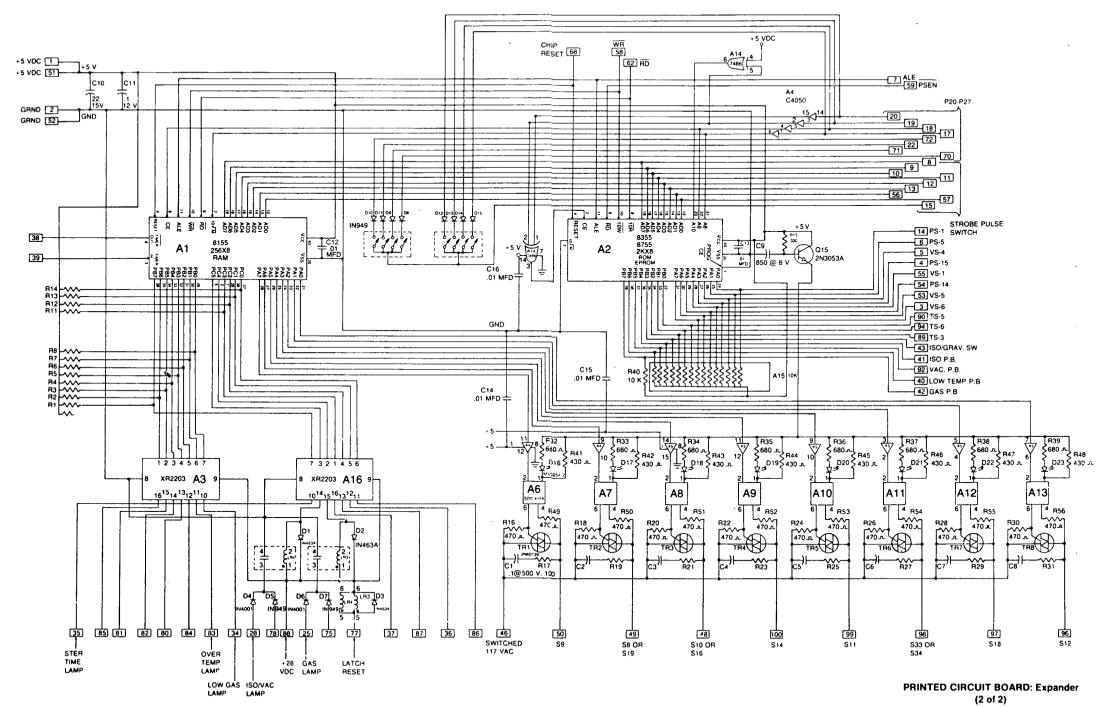
F-11

F-12

QTY.							(QT Y	٠.		NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
Т		7					_		Г	Ιx	1	P/C CARD ASSY.	VAC & GAS
+		_			\vdash	-		r	X	-	2	P/C CARD ASSY.	PULSTAR 2000(CRW), PULSTAR 3000(HCW)
+	\dashv	-	-	-	\vdash	-	-	X	-	+	3	P/C CARD ASSY.	EAGLE 2200
+	\dashv	-	Н	-	\vdash	-	X	Ë	┼	+	4	P/C CARD ASSY.	PULSTAR 5000
+		-	H	-	-	X	Ĥ	┢	⊢	+-	3	P/C CARD ASSY.	
+		Н		H	X	^	⊢	1	H	+	6	P/C CARD ASSY.	
-		\dashv	-	X	<u>├</u>	├	┢╌	┢╌	╁	+-	7	P/C CARD ASSY.	
4			X	1	-		\vdash	1-	1		8	P/C CARD ASSY.	
1	1	X		1	1	ī	1	1	1	1	9	COMMON PARTS LIST	
1	-	1	-	Ť	Ť	<u> </u>	-	_	T-		10	P/C CARD & DRILL SCHD.	
\dashv		2	-	\vdash	1	┰	-	t	┢	T	11	PULL, CARD	
\dashv		12	⊢	┢	\vdash	-	\vdash	t	✝	+-	12	RESISTOR, 3K OHMS	1/4W 52, R1-R8, R11-R14
┪	_	1	\vdash	-	\vdash	<u>† </u>	_	t	┰	1	13	RESISTOR, 330 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R15
-	\vdash	16	-	┪	 	 	\vdash	1	+-	T	14	RESISTOR, 470 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R16, R18, R20, R22, R24, R26,
			l	l	ı		ĺ		ı				R28. R30. R49-R56
-		8	┢	\vdash	Н	Т	1	1	t	┰	15	RESISTOR, 100 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R17, R19, R21, R23, R25, R27
		ا آ	l	1	l	1		1	1		l -	-	R29, R31
4	-	8	\vdash	✝	✝	+-	✝	Τ-	t	╁	16	RESISTOR, 680 OHMS	1/4W 5%, R32-R39
-		Ť	┢	╁╌	1	H	+-	✝	t	+-	17	RESISTOR, 10K OHMS	1/4W 5%, R40
_	_	18	╁╌	t	1	Н	t	+-	t	$^{+}$	18	CAPACITOR, .1pf, 500V	C1-C8
	\vdash	Ť		Н	†-	✝	Н	t	t	t	19	CAPACITOR, 850pf, 8V	C9
_	_	i	┼	t	\vdash	╁	✝	1	†-	+	20	CAPACITOR, 22pf, 15V	C10
_	-	Î	T	+-	t	1	┲		+	+	21	CAPACITOR, .1 pf, 12V	£11
	1	3	 	t	╁	†-	1	1	+	+	22	DIODE	IN463A, D1, D2, D3
	Н	2		Н	۰	+	1	t	+-	+-	23	DIODE	IN4001, D4, D6
_	\vdash	۰	┼┈	╁	┰	╁	✝	+	+-	+	24	DIODE	1N949, D5, D7, D8-D15
	┪	8	1-	 -	+	+	†	t	+	+	25	L.E.D.	MV5054-2 D16-D23
	┢	1		✝	✝	†-	t	t	1	1	26	MOS RAM, 8155(H)	Al
_	-	2		+-	1	t	T	t	T	\top	27	DARLINGTON, XR2203	A3, A16
	Т	8		t	1	†-	T	✝	T	1	28	OPTOISO TRIAC	SOC 418A A6-A13
	\vdash	tī	_	t	+	1	t	+	†"	\top	29	QUAD EX-OR	A14
_	\vdash	tī	_	t	✝	$^{+}$	1	✝	✝	+	30	RESISTOR, NETWORK	916C103X2PE A15
	1	12		t	+-	$^{+}$	+	+-	+	十	31	BUFFER, CMOS	CD4050BC A4, A5
	-	ī		+	✝	+	✝	+	╅	+	32	DIP SOCKET, 40 PIN	A2
	\vdash	ī		Τ	T	1	T	T	1	Τ	33	TRANSISTOR	2N3053A Q15
	\vdash	12	т	1	1	T	1	Т	1	\top	34	SWITCH, 16 POS HEX	SWI, SW2
	Т	8	T	T	Т	1	Т	Т	Т	1	35	TRIAC, 2N6073B	TRI-TR8
	┼	1	+	+-	✝	+	+	╈	T	十	36	PAD, TRANSISTOR	Q15
	-	1 2		+	†	+	1	+-	+	╅	37	RELAY, LATCH	LR3, LR4
_	1	li		1	✝	1	1	T	1	1	38	BIT ROM	8355/8755-A2
	-	┿	✝	✝	$^{+}$	十	+	+	ħ	īŤ	39	BIT-ROM	8355/8755-A2
	1	1 5	1	T	1	Т	1	T	Т	Т	40	CAPACITOR	0.01 MF @ 25V C12-C16
	1	8		✝	1	†	✝	✝	✝	1	41	RESISTOR	430 OHMS 1/4W 52 R41-R48
_	!-	† -	+	+	+-	+	1	+-	+	+-	+	BIT-ROM	
_	-	+	+	+	╀	+-	-	+	+	+	42		
	<u> </u>	1	4	┸	1	1	1	\bot	4	4	43	BIT-ROM	0255 (0755 42
				1	1		1	1	1		44	BIT-ROM	8355/8755-A2
	Г	Т	Τ	l	Γ	T		Г	T	T	45	BIT-ROM	8755A-A2
-	1-	T	\dagger_1	-	+	+	+	T	+	+	46	BIT-ROM	8755A
-	x	+	+	+	+	┿	Ť-	+	+	+	47	P/C CARD ASSY.	
	1	_	+	╁	+	╁	+	+	+		48	BIT-ROM	8755A-A2
	ֈ	+	+	+	+	+	+	+-	+	+			
X	Ļ	4	1	1	4	4	1	4	+	4	49	P/C CARD ASSY.	GAS MOD
1	1	\downarrow	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	50	BIT-ROM	8755A-A2
					- 1			- 1	- 1	1	1	1	

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD: Expander
(1 of 2)

1 ...

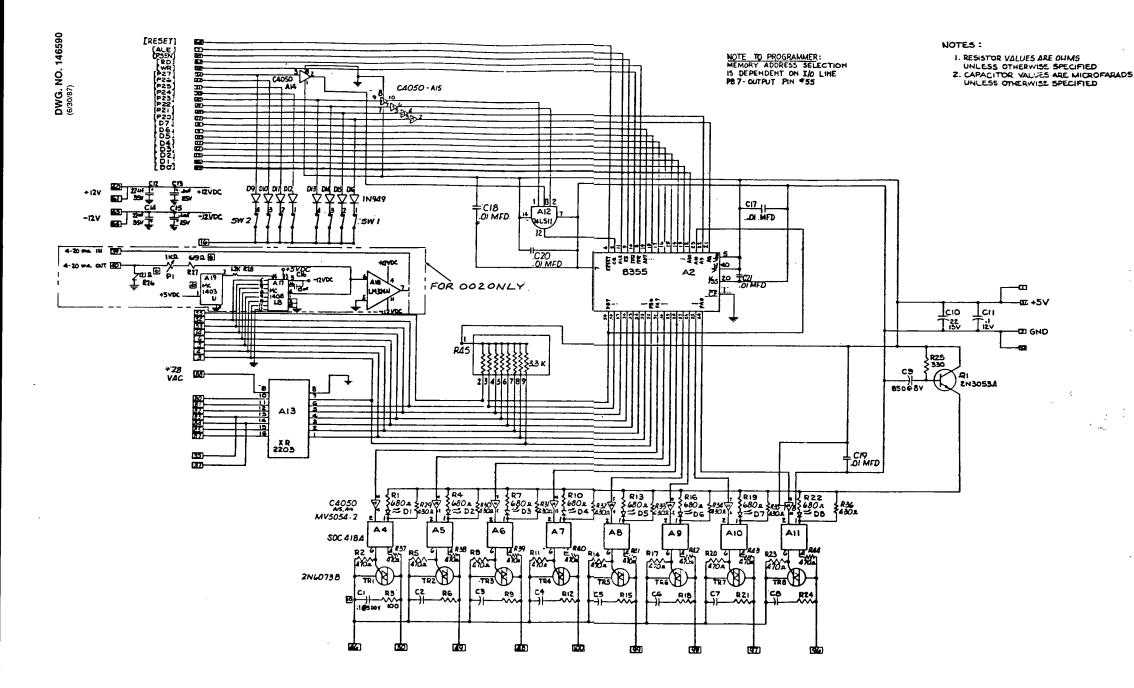


QTY.	ILE A	RAME	DESCRIPTION, MATERIAL
	đΤ	P.C.ASSY.	COMBINATION STEAM & GAS
M		P.C. ASS'Y.	UNPROGRAMMED CHIP
18 8		TRIAC, 2NG0738	TRI - TRB
88		CAPACITOR	.1 uf, 500 V., C1 - C8
8 8	13	RESISTOR, 100 JR	
111	6	P.C.CARD & DRILL	
ΠI	7	GATE, TRIPLE	SN 74 LSIL A/2 BINPUT POS AND
	18		
88		DIODE IN949	D9 - D/G
3 3		HEX BUFFER	C4050 A15, A16, A14
ΠI		DARLINGTON	XR2203 A13
1 7		CAPACITOR	22 uf, 15 V., C10
		CAPACITOR	.luf, 12 V., CII
\perp	14		
11/	/5	CAPACITOR	850 ut, 84, C9
11			1/4 W 570, R25
11/		TRANSISTOR	
11/		PAD. TRANSISTOR	
2 2		SWITCH, IG POS	
		LAMP, MV5054-2	
88	3 21	RESISTOR,680s.	VA W 5%, RI, RA. RT, RIO, RI3, RIG, RIG, RZ
0 8	3 22	TRIAC, OPTO. ISO	SOC418A A4-411
			1/4 W 5 70, RZ, RS, RB, RII, Ri4, RI7. RZO. RZ
2 2	24	PULL, CARD	€ £37-R4
111	25	SOCKET, LOW PRO	FILE 40 PIN D.I.P.
1818	2 26	KCSISIUK,4302	1/4 WCC 5% R29 - R36
15/2	14/	CAPACITOR CAPACITOR	01 uf @ 25 V C17 - C21
144	14	CAPACITOR	
2 2		POTENTION	
+++	냥	DA CONVERTER	
-	-[일:	QUAD OF AMP	
#		REFERENCE, 5V	
- 171		CAPACITOR	15 PF @ 1000 V C16
-		RESISTOR	1.2 K & 1/4 W CC 570 R28
+++		RESISTOR	619 & 14 WMF 5% R27
╫	37	RESISTOR	121 2 VA WMF 5% R26
1717			3.3Kg BY 9 R45
1,17	<u> </u>	INCOLOUN HELLIN	3.3/14c 3. 7. A43

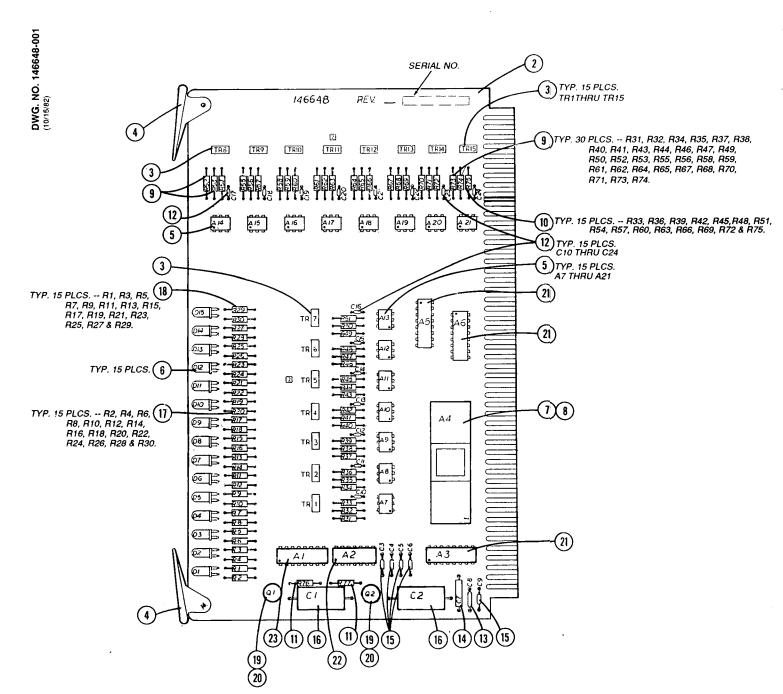
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #3, Expander (1 OF 2)

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Rev. 1/89



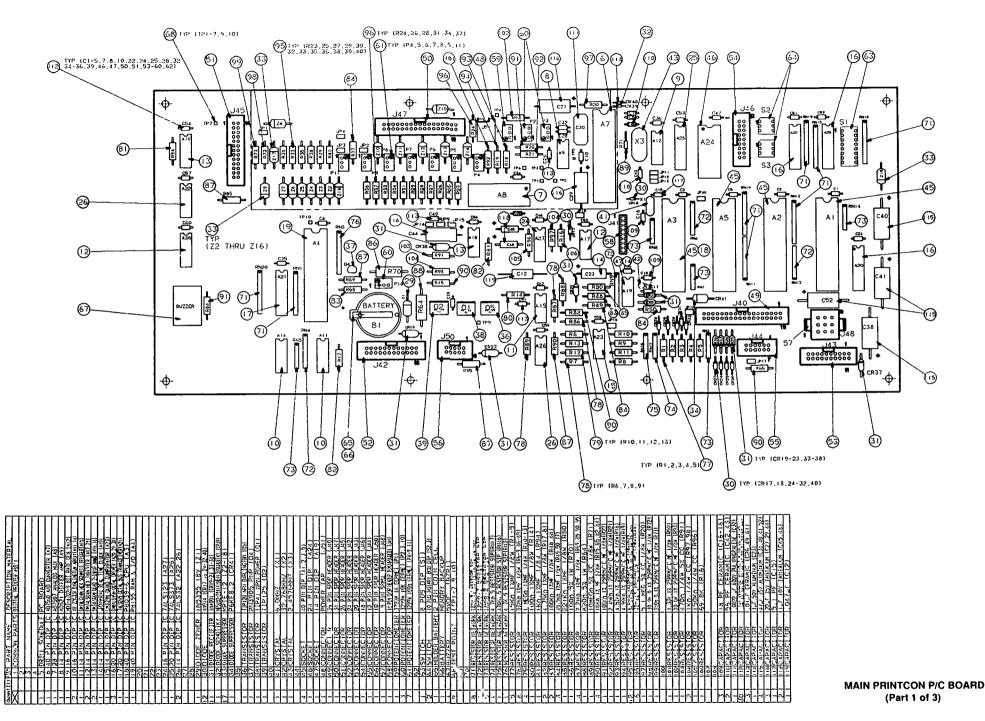
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #3, Expander (2 OF 2)



91	٧	nte ea	PART HAME	DESCRIPTION. MATERIAL	MEV.	mg y minddal Dai TE
	\times	1	P.C. ED. ASSY	1/03 (BCARD 4)	2	10-15-82
7		2	P.C. CARD & DRI	LL SCHEDULE		
15		3	TRIAC 2N6Q73B			
2		4	PULL CARD			
15		5	TRIAC OPTO ISO		乚	
15		6	LAMP LED	MV5Q54-2	L	
[I]		7		PROFILE 40 PIN DIP	_	
	L	8	EXPANDER EPROM	8755 A4		
30		9	RESISTOR 470 Ω_{-}	8W 57.		
15			RESISTOR 100Ω		Щ	
2			RESISTOR 330SC	law 57.	L.	
15		12	CAPACITOR	./uf@500V	L_	
1		13	CAPACITOR	.l.uf@12V	L	
		_	CAPACITOR	224f@15V	Щ	
5			CAPACITOR	.OIMF8 25V	Ш	
			CAPACITOR	850µf@8V	L	
15			RESISTOR 680SL			
<u> 15</u>			RESISTOR 430 SL	4 W 57.	_	
2			TRANSISTOR	2N3C53A Q1& Q2	Щ	
2	Ш		PAD TRANSISTOR		Щ	
		21	GUAD, EX. OR	C4050	Ш	
\Box		22	GATE TRIPLE	SN74LSII	Ш	
\Box	Ш		BUFFER HEX.		Ш	
\boxtimes	1	24	COMMON PARTS	LIST		10-15-82

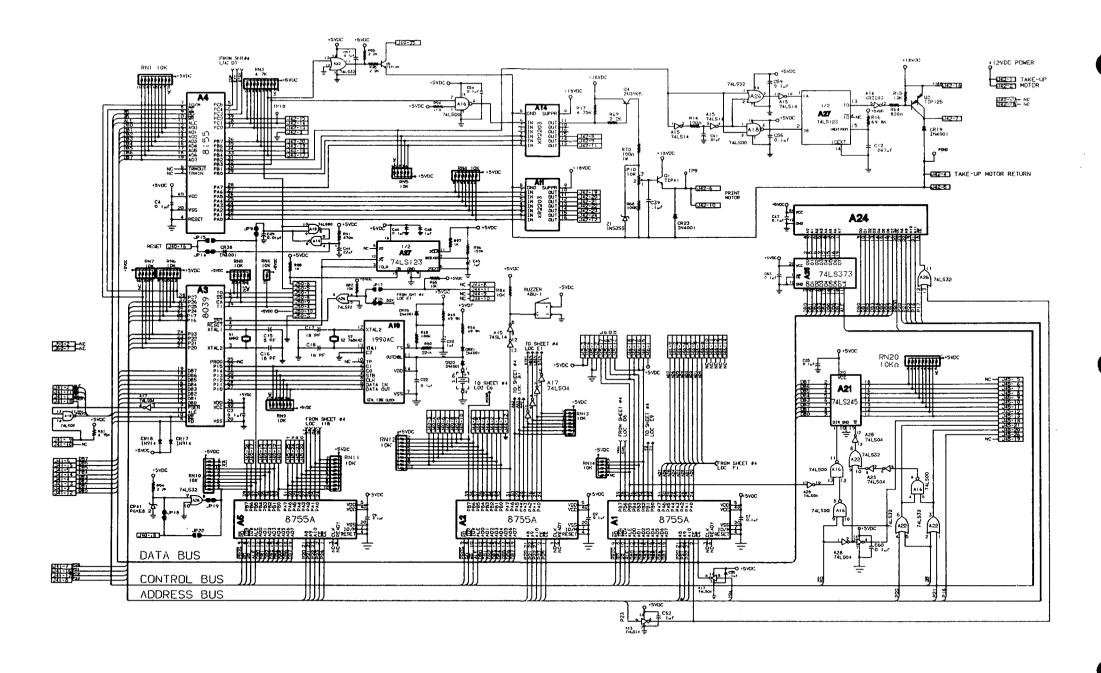
PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #4
(Part 1 of 2)

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD #4 (Part 2 of 2)



G- 11

G-12



MAIN PRINTCON P/C BOARD (Part 2 of 3)

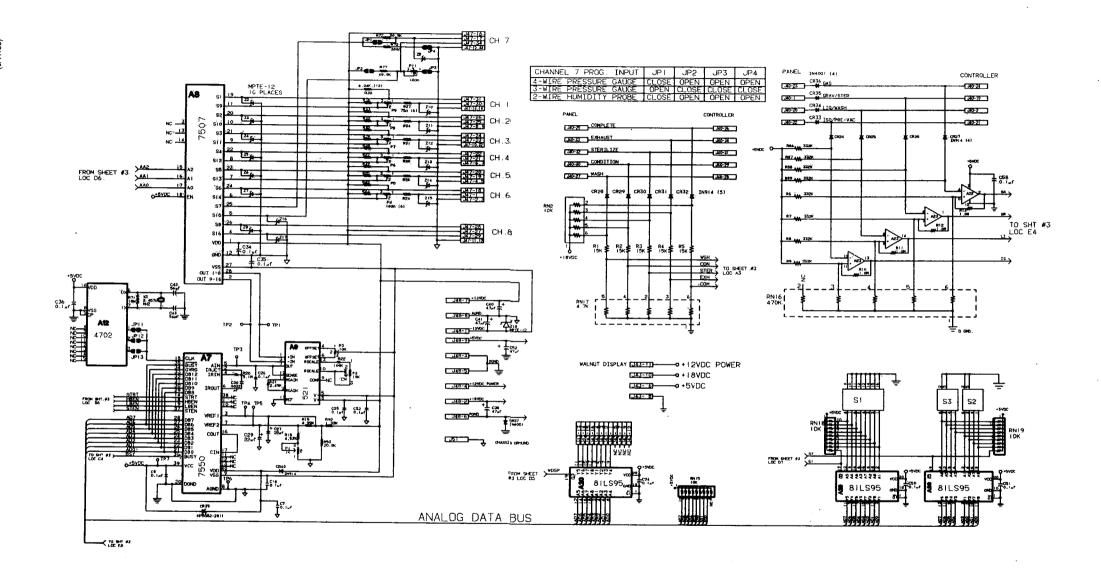


EAGLE 2400 SERIES AWCC 2400 TERMINAL STERILIZER WITH PRINTCON P-764322-909

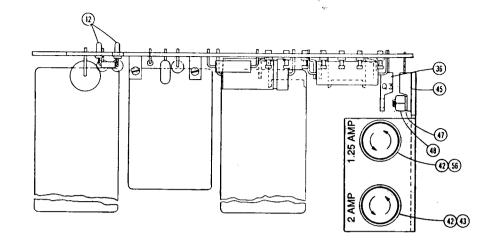
1/89

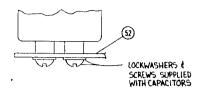
1 of 2



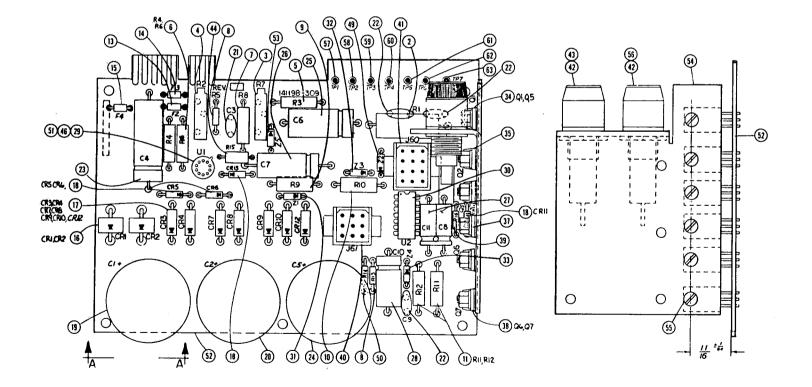


MAIN PRINTCON P/C BOARD (Part 3 of 3)



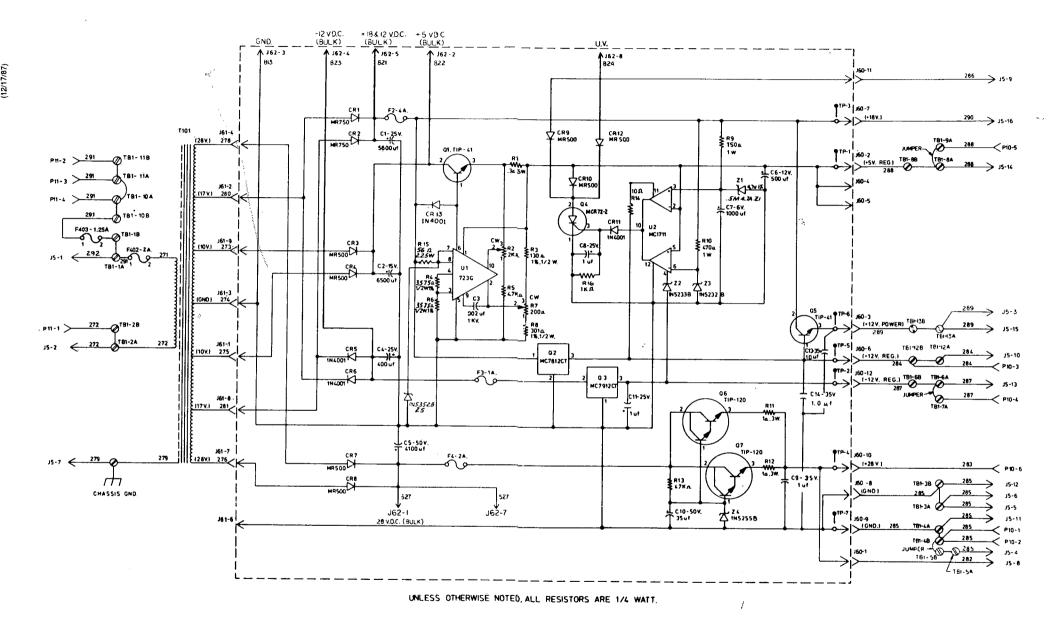


VIEW A-A-TYP. MOUNTING FOR CLC2 CCS



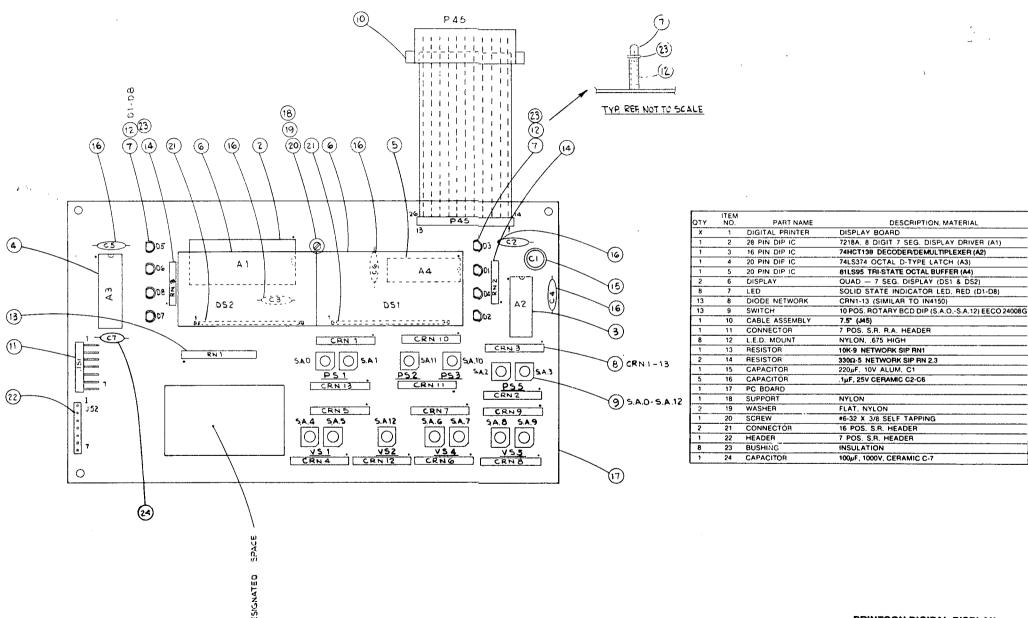
[ITEM	
QTÝ.	NO.	DESCRIPTION
×	1	BOARD, POWER SUPPLY P.C. ASSEMBLY
1	2	RESISTOR 5 W.W.W., 3rt R1
1	3	POT., 200 Ω R7 POT. 2K Ω R2
1	- 5	RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 130 Ω R3
1 2	5	
		RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 3570 R. R6
1 2	<u>7</u>	RESISTOR, 1/2 W.M.F., 3010, R8 RESISTOR, 1/4 W.C.C., 4.76:0, R5, R13
		RESISTOR, 1/4 W.C.C., 750Ω R9
1	10	
2		RESISTOR, 1 W.C.C., 470Ω R10 RESISTOR, 3 W.W.W., 1Ω R11, R12
6	11	TERMINAL, SPRING SOCKET
1	13	PICOFUSE, 4A, F2
1	14	PICOFUSE, 1A, F3
1	15	PICOFUSE, 2A, F4
1 2	16	RECTIFIER, 6A POWER, CR1, CR2
7	17	RECTIFIER, 3A POWER, CR3, CR4, CR7, CR8, CR9, CR10, CR12
4	18	RECTIFIER, 1A, CR5, CR6, CR11, CR13
1	19	CAPACITOR, 5600 JFD, 25V, C1
⊢ i	20	CAPACITOR, 6500 FD, 15V, C2
1	21	CAPACITOR, .002 FD, 1KV, C3
3	22	CAPACITOR, 1 JED, 35 VDC, C9, C13, C14
1	23	CAPACITOR, 470 pFD, 25V, C4
1	24	CAPACITOR, 4100 FD, 50V, Q5
1	25	CAPACITOR, 470 FD, 16V, C6
1	26	CAPACITOR, 1000 #FD, 10V, C7
2	27	CAPACITOR, 1 pFD, 50V, C8, C11
1	28	CAPACITOR, 33 pFD, 50V, C10
1	29	REGULATOR, POS. VOLTAGE, U1
1	30	COMPARATOR, DUAL DIFFER., U2
1	31	DIODE, 4.7V, ZENER, 1%, Z1
1	32	DIODE, 5.6V, ZENER, 5%, Z3
1	33	DIODE, 28V, ZENER, 5%, Z4
2	34	TRANSISTOR POWER, Q1; Q5
1	35_	REGULATOR, 12V POSITIVE, Q2
1	36	REGULATOR, 12V NEGATIVE, Q3
1	37	THYRISTOR REV. BLOCK TRIODE, Q4
2	38	TRANSISTOR, POWER, Q6, Q7
1	39	RESISTOR, 1/4 W, 1KD, R16
1	40	HEADER PIN, PC MOUNTING, J61
1	41	HEADER PIN, PC MOUNTING, J60
<u> </u>	42	FUSEHOLDER
1	43	FUSE, 2A, F402
1	44	RESISTOR, 56 M2-1/4 W, R15
6	45	INSULATOR
1	46	HEATSINK
6	47	BUSHING, NYLON INSULATING
6	48	NUT #4-40 HEX
1	49	DIODE 6.0V ZENER, Z2
1	50	RESISTOR, 1/2 W, C.C. 100, R14
		SOCKET (USED WITH U1 ITEM #29)
	52	BOARD, BARE POWER SUPPLY P.C DRILL SCHEDULE
	53 54	DIODE, 15V ZENER 5% Z5 HEAT SINK
6	55	
1	56	SCREW, FLAT HD. #4-40 x 5/16
	57	FUSE, 1.25A, F403
1		TEST POINT, RED - TP1
 	58 59	TEST POINT, GREEN - TP2
		TEST POINT, YELLOW - TP3
 	60 61	TEST POINT, VOILET - TP4
		TEST POINT, ORANGE - TP5
	62	TEST POINT, GRAY - TP6
<u> </u>	63	TEST POINT, WHITE - TP7

P/C ASSEMBLY, POWER SUPPLY (Part 1 of 2)



P/C ASSEMBLY, POWER SUPPLY (Part 2 of 2)

Rev. 1/89



PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY P/C BOARD (Part 1 of 2)

PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY P/C BOARD (Part 2 of 2)

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SECTION 7

COMPONENT REPAIR, REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

7.1 GENERAL

This section includes instructions for disassembly, repair and replacement of selected components Exploded views and assembly drawings showing the various parts and assemblies referred to are included in Section 8, ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN.

WARNING: AVOID PERSONAL INJURY FROM DOOR CLOSING. DO NOT REACH INTO STERILIZER UNLESS THE DOOR IS BLOCKED OPEN WITH THE SAFETY BAR ATTACHED BEHIND THE FRONT PANEL. ALSO BE SURE WING PANEL IS IN THE OUT POSITION.

7.2 CHAMBER DOOR ASSEMBLY

Normal maintenance of the chamber door and some repairs to the door mechanism can be accomplished without removing the door from the sterilizer. However, the door must be removed to replace the gasket or for major repairs to the locking mechanism.

NOTE: To prevent the locking mechanism setscrews from vibrating loose, the following procedure should be used when replacing them or if vibration is a problem.

- 1. Clean the setscrew with Locquic Primer (grade-t) (R-05300-547; manufactured by Loctite Corporation) and wipe dry.
- 2. Apply a second coat of Locquic and allow it to air dry.
- 3. Apply Screw Lock (R-5300-586; manufactured by Loctite Corporation) to the screw and then replace it. Screw Lock allows the screw to be adjusted but prevents it from vibrating loose. Screw lock can be used wherever this problem occurs.

7.2.1 Door Removal

(See Figures 8-18, 8-19 and 8-20).

- 1. Remove trim panel and door cover (Figure 8-1).
- 2. Remove cross support (Figure 8-3).
- 3. Remove upper clamp from cable at door. Do not remove the lower clamp at this time.

- 4. Remove collar from cylinder.
- 5. Remove actuator from limit switch.
- 6. Press the OPEN LOAD DOOR or OPEN UN-LOAD DOOR button as applicable. Turn the POWER switch OFF when the door is fully open. **Do not allow** cable clamp to become engaged in pulley.
- 7. Place padding on the loading or unloading unit so that the door may be lowered onto it.
- 8. Pull out on the bottom of the door so that it clears the gears on the corner of the locking mechanism. Turn the POWER switch ON and press CLOSE LOAD DOOR or CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR as applicable. Guide the door as it lowers until it is resting on the loading or unloading unit. Note: To regulate speed at which door lowers, adjust the cylinder flow control valve (see Figure 8-28).
- 9. Turn POWER switch OFF
- 10. Remove remaining clamp from door cable.
- 11. Place door on padded work bench or table. Clean all parts with solvent and wipe with a clean, lint-free cloth. Replace all damaged or worn gaskets.
- 12. Reassemble door as follows:
- a. Assemble door and attach to unit in reverse order of removal.
- b. Adjust cable so that it remains snug when door is in down position.
- c. Open door until bottom edge is at least even with top edge of chamber opening. Adjust collar on cylinder rod so that it will rest on cylinder at that point.
- d. Adjust actuator on limit switch so that it is tripped when door is opened (see step 3).
- e. Adjust flow control valve as door is lowering so that it will set into place rather than fall rapidly.
 Secure setscrew.
- f. Refer to paragraph 7.2.3 and shim and align door.

7-1

- 12

7.2.2 Door Gasket Replacement (See Figure 8-20)

- 1. Remove door from sterilizer (see paragraph 7.2.1).
- 2. Remove gasket and gasket bars from door.

NOTE: Carefully examine gasket over its entire length-for variations in compression. If there are variations in gasket compression around the door, this will mean that it was not properly shimmed. Be sure to correct this condition after replacing the door.

- 3. Clean door surface, door frame surface and gasket surface with solvent. Make certain that surfaces are free of foreign matter.
- 4. Run a 1/4-28 tap through the gasket bar holes in door to clean threads.
- 5. Replace gasket bars. Leave bars loose enough to allow gasket to be inserted.
- 6. Insert new gasket under gasket bars, tightening gasket bar retaining screws just enough to hold the gasket. DO NOT compress the gasket to any great extent in any one area.
- 7. Tighten gasket bars alternately until almost snug.
- 8. If gasket appears firmly seated under gasket bars and is flat on the door, snug the gasket bar retaining screws.
- 9. After gasket has been installed, spray the sealing surfaces (door frame) with AMSCO fluorocarbon spray to prevent gasket from sticking.
- 10. Reattach door to the sterilizer and shim door (see paragraph 7.2.3).

7.2.3 Door Shimming Procedure (See Figure 8-20)

- 1. With no racks in chamber or on tables, turn control power off and then on again. Unload end door automatically opens. Press the CLOSE UNLOAD DOOR pushbutton to close it. Leave the control in the NOT READY (CODE 88 condition).
- 2. Remove the four door guide rollers and washers from the rear of the door.
- 3. Remove the shims from the bottom of the door.
- 4. Loosen the 13 socket head screws at the rear of the door. Using the three special spacers as shim bars, insert part P-92110-001 at the top of the door

and parts P-92110-002 and P-92110-003 at the proper sides. Place all spacers with their widest portion between the gasket bar and end frame. Position the side bars so that the formed portion is at the top of the door just below the roller and over the gasket bar that will hold it in place. Be sure the spacers are in position over their entire length.

- When all spacers are properly inserted, lock the door by pressing the applicable CLOSE DOOR pushbutton (doors will lock if already closed).
- 6. Adjust the four socket head screws at the top corners until the spacers are just touching the end frame; then adjust the remaining nine screws until contact also is made at those points (a difference in torque will indicate contact). Recheck all screws before backing out each screw 1/8 to 1/4 turn. Tighten the jam nuts.
- 7. Using a feeler gauge, measure the distance between the locking cams and the locking surface at the bottom of the door. Add 0.005 inch to this figure for the required shim thickness.
- 8. Press the applicable OPEN DOOR pushbutton. The door will unlock. Remove the spacers. Allow the door to continue to open far enough to allow installation of the shims then turn POWER to OFF. Close the flow control valve on the side of the lift cylinder to prevent the door from lowering.
- 9. Attach the required shim thickness at the bottom of the door. Use shims as necessary, placing the thickest shim first.
- 10. Open the flow control valve. Lower and lock the door (see step 5). Adjust the valve as the door is lowering so that it sets into place rather than falls rapidly. Check the locking cams at the bottom of the door to be sure they are tight against the shim (you should not be able to turn the cam with your finger). If necessary, add shims until all cams are tight.
- 11. Replace the door guide rollers and washers removed in step 2.
- 12. Open the door and with the back rollers tight against the door guides, check the clearance between the door guides and the rollers on the front of the door. If the clearance is not 1/8 inch, add or remove washers between the back rollers and the door as necessary.

NOTE: It is important that the clearance given in step 12 be maintained. If it is not, the door may either bind when going up or catch on the locking cams when coming down.

13. Press START CYCLE pushbutton. Initiate a normal operating cycle by pressing the limit switch on the load table. When the STERILIZE light comes on, observe the door for leaks. If leaking, wait until the cycle is finished and then tighten the adjusting screw approximately 1/4 turn, in the area where the leak occurred. Do not tighten the adjusting screws any more than required to stop the leak. Overtightening will reduce gasket life.

7.2.4 Door-lifting Cable Replacement (See Figures 8-18 and 8-20)

CAUTION: To prevent door lift mechanism failure, use only AMSCO approved parts when making repairs. The door lift mechanism requires special cable and supporting hardware for safe operation. When replacing door lifting cable, be sure cable does not twist, overlap, nor rub against itself. A twist in cable at door end can result in crossed cable at cylinder end.

- 1. Raise door
- 2. Position safety bar in trough under center of door width.
- 3. Lower door onto safety bar.
- 4. Turn off electrical power to unit.
- Remove and discard door lift and safety cables by toosening or removing saddle clamps and cable clamps.
- Refer to Figures 7-1 and 7-2 and connect one end of door lifting cable to cleat that is away from you.

NOTE: While performing step 7, ensure that cable does not overlap or rub against itself. Also, ensure that cable is not twisted as it is being installed.

- 7. Route free end of door lifting cable as follows:
 - a. Over front groove of double pulley.
- b. Through one of the cable clamps removed in step 5, through the lift cylinder clevis, and then through the other cable clamp removed in step 5.
 Refer to Figure 7-3.
 - c. Cover back groove of double pulley.
- d. Pull cable taut and attach to saddle clamp on near cleat according to Figure 7-4.

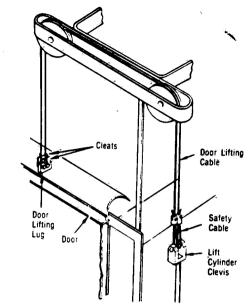


Figure 7-1, ROUTING DOOR LIFTING CABLE.

Holes For Mounting Saddle Clamps

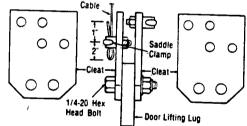


Figure 7-2. ATTACHING DOOR CABLE TO CLEATS.

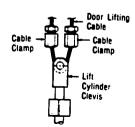


Figure 7-3. CONNECTING DOOR LIFTING CABLE.

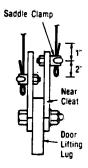


Figure 7-4. MOUNTING SADDLE CLAMPS.

- 8. Tighten locknuts on saddle clamps.
- 9. Turn on electrical power to unit.
- 10. Raise door and remove safety bar.
- 11. Lower door and again check that door lifting cable is taut.
- 12. Check that locknuts on saddle clamps are tight.
- 13. At lift cylinder clevis, add safety cable as shown in Figure 7-5. Ensure that safety cable is not taut.
- 14. Repeat procedure for door on opposite end of unit.

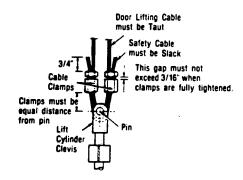


Figure 7-5. ATTACHING SAFETY CABLE.

7.2.5 Limit Switch Actuator Rod Adjustment

- 1. Make adjustments to the limit switch actuator rods to ensure proper actuation of switches LS2, LS9 (unload) and LS3, LS8 (load) as follows:
- a. Use two gauge blocks, P-83022-001, Place one block on each of the upper door shimming pads, resting on shims. See Figure 7-6.
 - b. Lower the door to rest on the block.
- c. Adjust lower switch actuators (with door closed) so that they will touch the area of the door which protrudes beyond the lower shims. Place ends of the actuator approximately 1/4-inch back at the front face of the door.

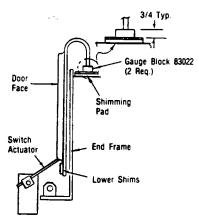


Figure 7-6. ADJUSTMENT OF DOOR LIMIT SWITCHES.

7.3 LOCKING CYLINDERS (See Figures 8-19 and 8-32)

7.3.1 Réplacement

- 1. Close and lock the doors using either CLOSE DOOR pushbutton (twice if a door was open).
- 2. Turn the control POWER switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect the hydraulic lines (be prepared to catch residual oil) and remove the clevis link pin.
- 4. Remove the cylinder from the mounting pad.
- 5. Install a new cylinder and then adjust as outlined below.

NOTE: Do not replace the link pin or connect the hydraulic lines at this time.

7.3.2 Clevis Adjustment

- 1. Close and lock the doors. Ensure that the locking shaft keys are parallel (or just beyond) to the sterilizer.
- 2. Loosen the hydraulic lines to relieve pressure (be prepared to catch the residual oil) and remove the clevis link pin.
- 3. Push in on the locking cylinder rod until it is completely depressed in the cylinder.
- 4. Ensure that the actuator is keyed in the proper position to the locking shaft and that the pin connecting the actuator and the connection link is in place.
- 5. Adjust the clevis until the holes are in line with the one in the connection link.
- 6. Insert the pin through the clevis and the connection link. Install the snap rings.
- 7. For new cylinder installations, install the drip pan and connect the hydraulic lines in the manner they were removed.
- 8. Tighten all fittings and then press the applicable OPEN DOOR pushbutton to unlock and open the door. Examine the entire assembly for proper installation
- 9. Operate the door several times to ensure no binding and that the connection link does not go beyond clear center when the door is in the unlocked position. If necessary, lock the door and readjust the clevis by turning it clockwise several times.
- 10. When the door is operating satisfactorily, see that the actuator and locking cylinder are in the same plane and that the roll pin is in the actuator and locking shaft. If necessary, drill through the actuator and shaft and insert the roll.

7.3.3 Diverter Valve Adjustment

- 1. Place the door in the unlocked position. Press the POWER Switch to OFF.
- 2. Check position of the diverter valve. If not depressed by the actuator, loosen the screws and reposition the valve towards the center of the sterilizer.

NOTE: Do not position the valve so as to restrict locking cylinder travel (i.e., the plunger return spring must not be fully compressed).

7.4 STEAM TRAP (See Figure 8-22)

Cleaning and inspection

CAUTION: Allow thermostatic traps to cool to room temperature before removing covers. Since there is nothing to limit expansion, the diaphragm element may rupture or fatigue if trap is opened when hot.

- 1. Unscrew and remove the cap and element. Use a hex socket wrench to unscrew and remove seat.
- 2. Wipe the parts clean, taking care to avoid damage to the diaphragm, seat and pointed diaphragm stem. A very fine grade of sandpaper may be used (cautiously) to smooth mating surfaces of the seat and stem.
- 3. Wipe out the bowl. Do not allow loose material to enter the piping.
- 4. Test diaphragm for flexibility. Examine soldered joints for cracks or leaks; dip it in boiling water and look for expansion. An element in good condition will be difficult to stretch by hand and will return to original condition quickly when released.
- 5. Reassemble steam trap in reverse order of disassembly. Install a new element if required. Make certain that all pipe fittings are tight after assembly.

7.5 STEAM CONTROL VALVE (See Figure 8-25)

Cleaning and Inspection

- 1. Disconnect pilot line at top of control valve. Remove valve from sterilizer.
- 2. Turn adjusting screw counterclockwise until all compression is out of spring.
- 3. Remove the 1/4-20 setscrew opposite the adjusting screw and turn top assembly until lugs on sylphon and bonnet assembly line up with notches in bottom plate. Remove top assembly from valve body.
- 4. Remove the four 1/4-20 screws which secure cover to bottom plate; remove cover. Remove bellows assembly and reinforcement from cover.

CAUTION: Handle sylphon and bonnet assembly with care at all times to avoid damage.

7-5

- 5. Unscrew and remove sylphon and bonnet assembly and valve seat from valve body. Pull stem assembly from sylphon and bonnet
- 6. Carefully clean all components. Examine the bellows and sylphon and bonnet assemblies for cracks. Examine valve seat and valve stem assembly for marred seating surfaces; replace if etched or worn.
- 7. Reassemble valve in reverse order of disassembly. Make sure valve seat is tight against body shoulder. Adjust bellows assembly so that clearance between valve seat and valve disc on stem is 1/16 inch.
- 8. Replace control valve on sterilizer and connect pilot line at top of valve.

7.6 HYDRAULIC CONTROL VALVE (See Figures 8-27 and 8-29)

- 1. With the pump running, check the temperature of the lines to and from the valve. The temperature of the return line should be slightly less than that of the supply line. If not, replace valve.
- 2. Remove coil and check plunger movement. It should move freely. If it does not, replace valve.
- 3. If the valve passes the tests in steps 1 and 2, replace the coil.

NOTE: A possible cause of coil failure is steam leaking from the chamber safety valve thus elevating the coil temperature above its normal operating level. If the safety valve is piped down to the drain (as recommended by UL) this problem will be eliminated.

7.7 LOADING OR UNLOADING UNIT CYLINDER TRAVEL (See Figures 8-6 and 8-7)

- 1. Adjust the position of the feeder cylinders so that the center line of the cylinders and the chamber guide are in one straight line. The position of the loading piston head is nominally 1/2-inch behind the front edge of the loading plate, and the unloading piston head is nominally 1/2-inch beyond the front edge of the unloading plate.
- 2. Turn the control POWER switch ON. The unload end door should open.

NOTE: Use the safety bars supplied with the unit to ensure that the door will not lower due to any component malfunction when working inside chamber.

- 3. The load and unload cylinders will be operated in the following steps. To operate these cylinders, press the appropriate OPEN DOOR button twice. The appropriate door must be closed each time.
- 4. Adjust the guide located under the feeder plates so that when the feeder piston travels into the chamber, the dovetail guides will transfer smoothly onto the chamber guide.
- 5. Place a loaded rack on the load table and extend the load cylinder into the chamber. When the loading feeder is fully extended into the chamber, check to ensure that the distance between the chamber end-ring (on the loading feeder side) and the back edge of the Amscomatic rack is $3\pm1/16$ inches. Adjust the position of the cylinder as required to obtain this dimension.
- 6. When the loading cylinder is fully extended into the chamber, check to ensure that the distance between the riser valve center line and the front or leading edge of the rack is $12\pm1/16$ inches. Adjust the position of the cylinder as required to obtain this dimension.
- 7. Extend the load arm into the chamber. For proper speed of travel, adjust the needle valve under the feeder tray to indicate 150 \pm 10 PSIG pressure while the cylinder is extending. Set PS1 to close above 50 \pm 10 PSIG. Pressure switch PS1 opens when the arm is fully extended.
- 8. Operate the load arm again. When the arm is fully retracted, verify that limit switch LS6 (load arm retracted) is actuated.
- 9. Extend the unload arm into the chamber. For proper speed of travel, adjust the needle valve under the feeder tray to indicate 150 \pm 10 PSIG pressure while the cylinder is extending. Set pressure switch PS2 to close above 50 \pm 10 PSIG. Pressure switch PS2 opens when the arm is fully retracted.
- 10. Operate the unload arm. When the arm is fully retracted, verify that limit switch LS20 is actuated.
- 11. When both feeders are verified to be working properly, check, using a straight edge, that the riser valve seal is below the basket guide tracks (allow

approximately 1/4 inch clearance). Adjust as required. If difficulty is encountered, these adjustments can be more easily made after the machine has heated up.

12. Run both feeders manually using a rack loaded to 25-30 lbs to determine that the rack is centered inside the chamber so that the manifold on the rack is directly over the riser valve. Also, verify that the stroke of both cylinders is such that the unload ram will engage the basket where the load ram has positioned it.

7.8 PNEUMATIC BALL VALVE

7.8.1 General

The Gemini Series 86 and 96 valves are of two-piece body design, which permits disassembly for inspection and repair. Care in cleaning and handling of valve components is particularly important when overhauling ball valves, as a small nick or scratch, caused by mishandling, can be the source of leakage in service.

7.8.2 Removal of Seats and Stem Seal

- 1. Remove the actuator from the valve by loosening the two hex head capscrews.
- 2. Remove valve from line.
- 3. Place valve body in vise with end-plug facing upward. (The use of smooth vise jaws will prevent marring.) Break end-plug loose with wrench; remove end-plug.
- 4. Remove valve from vise, turn stem to CLOSE position. Remove ball. Remove seat from valve body. Remove stem nut, drive key, Belleville washers, follower and thrustwasher. Remove stem by pushing into valve. Make sure stem seal is removed when stem is withdrawn from body. Remove seat from end-plug. Discard used seats, seal, and thrustwasher.
- 5. Clean all parts. Inspect area of end-plug and body, which forms metal/metal body seal, for scratches and/or burrs. Lubricate all parts with a lubricant such as Dow-Corning DC-7, giving special attention to the end-plug/body seal area and the end-plug threads.

- 6 Place new stem seal on stem, position stem in body, place new thrustwasher over stem, install follower (small metal washer) over stem. Position two Belleville washers (cupped) on stem with concave surfaces facing one another. Assemble the drive key, flat side up, and stem nut. To prevent the stem from turning, insert a wood or plastic dowel through the ball port and tighten the nut until the Belleville washers beneath the drive key have just become fully compressed (flattened). Initially, the nut will spin freely as it is run onto the stem. After the nut contacts the drive key, further tightening will be accompanied by a progressive increase in torque as the Belleville washers are deflected. When the Belleville washers become flattened (are fully deflected), the torque will increase sharply; further tightening should not be attempted as damage to the stem and/or stem seal may result
- 7. Check the orientation of the stem nut to the drive key. In order to achieve the desired orientation loosen the nut until the hex/drive key relationship corresponds to either A or B of Figure 7-7. This should not require more than one-twelfth (1/12) turn of the nut.

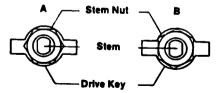


Figure 7-7. HEX/DRIVE KEY RELATIONSHIP.

- 8. Place new seat in body. Turn stem to CLOSE position, insert ball making sure that lower end of stem engages slot in ball. Turn stem to OPEN position. Place valve body in vise as in step 3. Install new seat in end-plug. Tighten end-plug into body to torque value given in chart of Figure 7-8.
- 9. Test valve

ASSEMBLY TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS (FOOT-LB VALUES FOR INSERTS)

	VALVI 86 SERIES	SIZE 96 SERIES	BRASS
	1/4, 3/6, 1/2	_	40
Γ	3/4	1/2	50
Γ	1	3/4	60
Г	1%	1	100
Г	11/2, 2	11/2	180

Figure 7-8. PNEUMATIC BALL VALVE.

7.8.3 Actuator

Stem

Drive

Relieville

Washer

Fallowe

Thrust V

- 1. Remove the actuator from the valve by loosening the two hex head capscrews.
- 2. Remove fillister head screws, position indicator housing, retaining ring, position indicator, thrustwasher and thrustbearing.
- 3. Gently push the upper shaft of the pinion assembly until pinion slides out through bottom of actuator.
- 4. Remove the four socket head capscrews numbered in Figure 7-9 and disconnect spring module from actuator body.
- 5. Gasket If endcap gasket adheres to actuator body or spring module, carefully remove it so as to avoid damage.

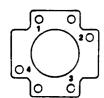


Figure 7-9. VALVE ACTUATOR NAMEPLATE.

- 6. Remove pistons from actuator body.
- 7. Remove O-rings carefully from the pistons and from the upper and lower shaft of the pinion assembly.

CAUTION: Some solvents may distort O-rings.

- 8. Clean interior of actuator body, pinion assembly and piston.
- 9. Grease the pistons, pinion assembly and interior of actuator body liberally. (Make sure the actuator body area, where the pinion assembly is inserted, is also greased.)

NOTE: We recommend the use of Houghton Cindol 2321 which is standard in all actuators shipped by the factory. Automotive chassis lube or cup grease is adequate for most applications.

- 10. Replace O-rings on pistons and pinion
- 11. Reinstall the pistons as follows:
- a. Position the actuator on a table so the Gemini nameplate is on the left.
- b. Orient the first piston so the head goes in first and the tail is on the right.
- c. Press the piston into the actuator cavity being careful not to pinch the piston O-ring. Push piston until it contacts the back wall of the actuator.
- d. The second piston enters the actuator body cavity tail first with the tail on the left. This piston should be pushed flush with the top of the actuator body cavity.

NOTE: It is essential that the pistons be oriented properly for the pinion assembly to be inserted. If piston(s) are misoriented, you can reorient them with your finger through the pinion assembly shaft hole in actuator body.

12. Installation of the pinion assembly - hold the actuator so the Gemini nameplate is to the left. Grasp the pinion assembly by the lower shaft while making sure the short flat on the upper shaft of the pinion assembly faces the nameplate. Insert the pinion assembly through bottom hole of actuator aligning the gears of the pinion assembly with the rack of the pistons in the process.

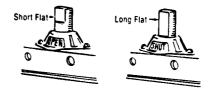


Figure 7-10. PINION ASSEMBLY ORIENTATION.

NOTE: Before proceeding, rotate the pinion assembly to ensure that it is properly aligned. The pinion assembly should rotate a full 90° and the short and long flats of the pinion assembly should be oriented as shown in Figure 7-10.

CAUTION: Make sure the retaining ring fits into retaining ring groove on pinion assembly. Pressurization of actuator without retaining ring in groove on piston assembly may lead to the ejection of the pinion assembly from actuator body.

- 13. Replace the thrustbearing, thrustwasher, position indicator and retaining ring (flat side up).
- 14. Replace the position indicator housing: secure with two fillister head screws.
- 15. Gasket Place actuator body so the nameplate is on the left. Replace gasket on the actuator body so the notch in the gasket is at the 10 o'clock position (see Figure 7-11).
- 16. To disassemble the Spring Module, remove the two remaining socket head capscrews which hold the booster end plate to the booster cylinder.

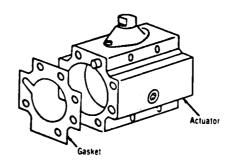


Figure 7-11. GASKET REPLACEMENT.

NOTE: The Spring Module is designed so that the spring is preloaded by means of a threaded rod which is secured to the auxiliary piston. The thread lengths are proportioned so that, after the rod is unscrewed from the piston, sufficient thread engagement remains to permit full unloading of the spring.

17. Remove the booster end plate and spring housing from booster cylinder.

NOTE: There are two different spring housing designs as shown in Figure 7-12.

- 18. Booster gasket If booster gasket adheres to booster end plate, it need not be disturbed; if it adheres to booster cylinder, carefully remove it so as to avoid damage.
- 19. Grasp spring assembly and remove from booster cylinder.

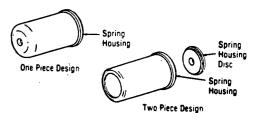


Figure 7-12. SPRING HOUSING DESIGNS.

- 20. Remove O-ring from booster piston.
- 21. Loosen assembly bolt in spring cartridge assembly.

CAUTION: The plunger O-ring is captured between the piston bearing and booster cylinder and usually need not be removed, however, the use of a solvent to clean this portion of Spring Module may distort the O-ring.

- 22. Clean assembly bolt, outboard support, spring, booster piston and booster cylinder.
- 23. Regrease the booster cylinder wall, booster piston, spring, outboard support and assembly bolt liberally.

NOTE: We recommend the use of Houghton Cindol 2321 which is standard in all actuators shipped by the factory. Automotive chassis lube or cup grease is adequate for most applications.

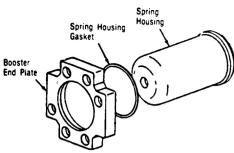


Figure 7-13. SPRING HOUSING/BOOSTER END PLATE ORIENTATION.

- 24. Reassemble the spring assembly by securing the assembly bolt through the outboard support. spring and booster piston.
- 25. Grease the booster piston O-ring and reinstall on booster piston.
- 26. Insert spring assembly into booster cylinder being careful not to pinch the booster piston O-ring.
- 27. Place booster gasket onto booster cylinder over spring.
- 28. Place spring housing disc in spring housing if the spring housing is of the two piece design. Place spring housing gasket over spring housing so that it rests on rim at open end of spring housing. Insert spring housing with gasket through booster end plate (see Figure 7-13).

NOTE: Rim at open end of spring housing fits into groove in booster end plate.

- 29. Place end plate with spring housing onto spring module assembly.
- 30. Align booster end plate with holes in booster cylinder and tighten the two short socket head capscrews numbered 1 and 2 in Figure 7-14).

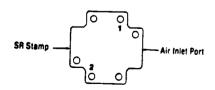


Figure 7-14. SOCKET-HEAD CAPSCREW LOCATIONS.

31. To mount the spring module on actuator body place the spring module assembly in position with the air-inlet on the same side as the plugged midsection port on the actuator body. The stamped "SR" identification on the far side of the spring module should be on the same side as the actuator nameplate.

7.8.4 Remounting Pneumatic Actuators

- 1. Turn the valve stem to orient the valve ball to the position desired for spring action, i.e., spring to open or spring to close. Observe the OPEN/SHUT indicator mounted on the actuator shaft to assure it reads the appropriate position for spring action. If not, remove the two screws which hold the OPEN/ SHUT indicator cover on the actuator body, rotate the cover 180°, and replace the screws. Recheck the OPEN/SHUT indicator to assure it reads the appropriate position for spring action.
- 2. Mount the actuator/bracket assembly on the valve so that the 12 point socket engages the stem nut and so the appropriate shaft notch engages the drive key lug. Check the engagement of the valve body in the bracket 'V' notch grooves to ensure that the assembly sits squarely on the valve. When mounting an actuator to a 1/4- or 3/8-inch 86 series valve, position the bracket so the valve end plug is under the clearance groove (see Figure 7-15).

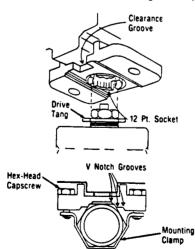


Figure 7-15. PNEUMATIC ACTUATOR REASSEMBLY.

- 3. Place the mounting clamp around the bottom of the valve body and secure the actuator/bracket assembly with the two hex head capscrews provided.
- 4. Recheck the orientation of the valve ball and actuator OPEN/SHUT indicator to assure that they correspond. If they do not, remount the actuator and check procedure beginning with step 1.

7.9 3-WAY SOLENOID VALVE (AIR) (See Figure 7-17)

Valve Disassembly, Repair, And Reassembly

- 1. Turn the control power off. Turn off the air supply.
- 2. Bleed off the air trapped in the pneumatic piping. Disconnect the air tubing from the valve to be worked on

CAUTION: When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upward.

3. Remove cover screw, cover, retaining cap or clip and nameplate.

Slip yoke containing coil, sleeves and insulating washers off plugnut/core tube subassembly. Insulating washers are omitted when molded coil is used.

4. Remove the threaded rods which secure the seven solenoid valves together. See Figure 7-16.

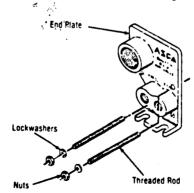
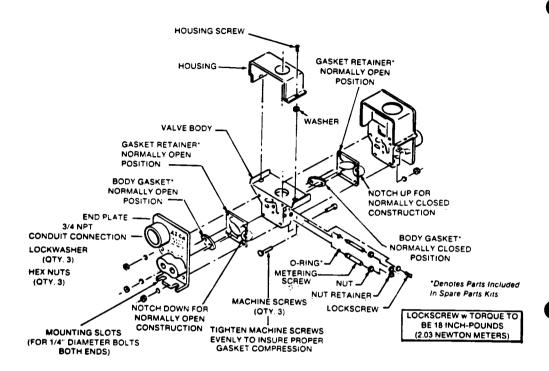


Figure 7-16. DISASSEMBLING 3-WAY **SOLENOID VALVES.**

5. Slip out body, body gaskets and gasket retainers

IMPORTANT: Note the position of the notch in the gasket retainer so they may be reassembled in the same manner. The position of the pasket retainer determines the form of flow (normally open or normally closed). Refer to Figure 7-17 for instructions on positioning body gaskets and gasket retainers.

- 6. Unscrew bonnet with the special wrench adaptor provided in the Repair Parts Kit. Remove plugnut/core tube assembly with bonnet gasket attached.
- 7. Remove body gasket, core assembly and core spring.
- 8. A 4-40 machine screw (provided in Repair Kit) serves as a self tapping screw to remove insert from body. Thread screw a few turns in one of the holes located in flat surface of insert (either of two holes where disc holder legs are not present may be used).
- 9. Remove insert by using a pair of pliers on the head of the screw. Remove three gaskets, disc holder, disc and disc spring. Tag disc spring to ensure proper reassembly. When replacing disc holder in insert, do not use the hole used by the mechine screw for insert removal
- 10. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly. paying careful attention to Figure 7-17.
- 11. Lubricate all gaskets and O-rings with Dow-Corning 111 compound or an equivalent high-grade silicone grease.
- 12. When replacing insert into body, twist slightly to reduce the possibility of gasket damage.
- 13. Torque solenoid bonnet to 90 ±10 inchpounds.
- 14. The threaded rods should be tightened evenly to insure proper gasket compression.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR POSITIONING BODY GASKET AND GASKET RETAINER

WHEN FACING CYLINDER CONNECTIONS ON THE VALVE BODY, THE GASKET ON THE LEFT SHOULD BE POSITIONED FOR NORMALLY CLOSED OR NORMALLY OPEN CONSTRUCTION AS DESIRED.

NORMALLY CLOSED CONSTRUCTION: POSITION THE GASKET RETAINER SO THAT NOTCH IS IN THE "UP" POSITION.

NORMALLY OPEN CONSTRUCTION:
POSITION THE GASKET RETAINER SO THAT
NOTCH IS IN THE "DOWN" POSITION.

UNIVERSAL CONSTRUCTION: BODY GASKET AND GASKET RETAINER MAY BE POSITIONED FOR EITHER NORMALLY CLOSED OR NORMALLY OPEN OPERATION AS DESIRED.

IMPORTANT: ONLY UNIVERSAL CONSTRUCTION VALVES MAY BE USED FOR NORMALLY CLOSED OR NORMALLY OPEN OPERATION. NORMALLY CLOSED VALVES CANNOT BE USED FOR NORMALLY OPEN OPERATION OR VICE-VERSA UNLESS INTERNAL PARTS OF THE VALVE ARE CHANGED.

Figure 7-17. 3-WAY SOLENOID VALVE GASKET RETAINER POSITION.

7.10 PRINTER ASSEMBLY (See Figure 8-12)

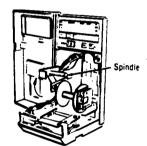
7.10.1 Changing Paper (See Figure 7-18)

NOTE: Printcon is designed to use 2-3/8 inch wide, one-ply paper tape as supplied by AMSCO. Paper tape supplies must not be stored in areas of high humidity or temperature.

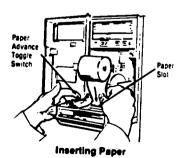
A colored bar will appear on the paper tape indicating that the roll is near the end and should be replaced.



Printer In Lowered Position



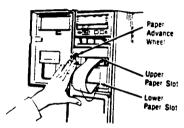
Spindle In Raised Position



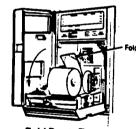
1. Open printer door. Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in service position.

2. If paper has been inserted into the record storage area, it will be necessary to remove the stored record before continuing. Refer to paragraph 7.13.3, Removing Stored Record.

- 3. Raise front paper spindle.
- 4. Remove empty paper spool by sliding it to the right.
- 5. Slide fresh paper roll onto spindle with loose end or ends of paper behind the roll going downward.



Inserting Paper Into
Automatic Paper Storage Area



Fold Paper Tape



Removing Stored Record

Figure 7-18. CHANGING PAPER.

B- 1

- 6. Insert loose end of roll into paper slot. Using index finger of left hand, advance paper by pushing paper advance toggle switch forward. Turn off paper advance. Lower paper spindle. If necessary, operate paper advance again until paper is drawn taut. Turn off paper advance.
- 7. Swing printer assembly upward and back into operating position.

NOTE: Refer to paragraph 7.10.2, Automatic Paper Storage if paper storage is desired.

7.10.2 Automatic Paper Storage

- 1. Open door on secondary control panel and position POWER switch to OFF.
- 2. Using the paper advance thumbwheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 6 to 8 inches below the lower paper slot.
- 3. Insert the end of the paper tape into the lower paper slot until full 6 to 8 inches is inserted.
- 4. Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- 5. Grasp end of the paper tape, fold the two corners to form a V and fully insert the end into the slot of paper take-up spool.
- 6. Position the POWER switch to ON. Paper takeup spool will take up the paper until taut.
- 7. Swing printer assembly upward and back into operating position.

7.10.3 Removing Stored Record

Printcon is capable of storing an entire roll of paper, however stored record may be removed at any time.

- 1. Open door on secondary control panel and position the POWER switch to OFF.
- 2. Open printer door. Using the paper advance thumbwheel on the left side of the upper paper slot, advance paper until it extends 3 to 4 inches below the lower paper slot or until all information on the tape has been advanced.
- 3. Tear or cut the paper tape.
- 4. Swing printer assembly forward and downward and allow it to rest in the service position.
- Position the POWER switch to ON. Paper will advance onto paper take-up spool. Position the power switch to OFF when paper is completely advanced.

- 6. To remove paper take-up spool, release tension on spring-loaded retaining clip and lift spool from unit.
- 7. Remove spool end plate and slide paper from spindle.
- 8. Replace spool end plate and return spool to spring-loaded clip.
- 9. Refer to paragraph 7.10.2, Automatic Paper Storage to reload spool.

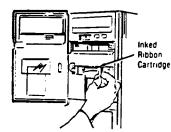


Figure 7-19: REMOVING INKED RIBBON CARTRIDGE.

7.10.4 Changing Inked Ribbon Cartridge (See Figure 7-19)

- 1. Tear off loose end of paper and open door to the left.
- 2. Remove old cartridge by placing index finger behind cartridge and pulling upward and forward.
- 3. Install new cartridge, with ribbon above loose end of paper, by placing it into position and snapping it into place with thumbs of each hand.
- 4. Close door.

7.10.5 Printer Replacement (See Figures 8-12, 8-15 and 8-16)

- 1. Open the outer door of the unit.
- 2. Tilt the printer assembly forward to service position and remove the two #6-32 screws and washers from the back of the printer mounting plate that anchor the silver anodized cover.
- Remove the cover by disengaging it from the pivot shoulder screws.
- 4. Pivot the assembly back to the operating position and disconnect J1 and J2 connectors which are plugged into the J20 receptacle mounted on the upper left edge of the printer mounting plate.

- 5. Printer can now be disassembled by removing the three 1/4-20 hex nuts two on the right end and one on the left end of the printer. Clip the black wire from the toggle switch off the old printer and solder it to the new printer (wire #11).
- 6. Upon reassembly, verify that the printer standoff is 15/16 inch between the printer mount plate and the printer itself. Correct if necessary.

7.10.6 Microswitch Activation Adjustment

- Lift up the platen and observe the screws which mount the microswitch bracket to the right side plate. Loosen them slightly.
- 2. Adjust the microswitch position so that the trip point is audible when the platen is parallel to and about 1/16 inch below the ends of the side plate.
- 3. Tighten the screws securely.

7.11 PRIMARY CONTROL PANEL (Cycle Status) (See Figure 8-12)

- 1. Remove the metal bracket which covers the primary control panel.
- 2. Remove the primary control panel by unfastening four hex socket head screws.
- 3. This allows the primary control panel to be unplugged and removed for lamp replacement.
- 4. Carefully swing the lug away from the base of the lamp to be changed and remove the lamp (see Figure 7-20).

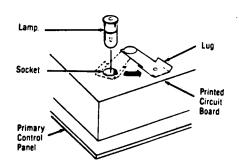


Figure 7-20. LAMP REPLACEMENT.

7.12 DIGITAL DISPLAY (See Figure 8-12 & 8-13)

7.12.1 Display Panel Overlay Replacement

- 1. Open the outer door of the unit.
- 2. Remove #6 x 1/4 self tapping screw from top of upper right-hand corner of display panel door. This will allow opening door with left-hand swing.
- 3. Next, disconnect ribbon cable connections from panel PC Board mounted directly behind panel door one connector from PC Board and one connector from thumbwheel switch.
- Remove #4-40 nut from display panel door hinge stud at bottom left corner of display door. Remove hinge stud upward and out. Display panel door may now be removed.
- 5. Reverse the procedure to install a new Display Panel Overlay.

7.12.2 Temperature Thumbwheel Replacement

- 1. Follow steps 1 through 3 in the procedure outlined in Display Panel Overlay Replacement.
- 2. Thumbwheel switch is extracted from assembly by removing the #4-40 nuts and washers from the two mounting studs attached to display bracket assembly.
- 3. Reverse the procedure to install a new thumb-wheel switch.

7.12.3 Display PC Board Replacement

CAUTION: Use extreme care when opening a container of electronic parts. Avoid circumstances wherein a build-up of static electricity could discharge.

NOTE: Static electricity is a problem because of its ability to damage printed circuit boards. If a static discharge happens to go through an integrated circuit, and the transient current pulse is not effectively diverted by protective circuitry, the current from the discharge can flow through the board and raise the temperature of internal junctions to their melting points. Damage can range from complete destruction to latent degradation. To avoid damage, the precautions listed below should be taken whenever printed circuit boards are being handled or replaced:

 Always use an ESD safe container when transporting boards from one location to another.

7-14

7-15

B- 11

B- 12

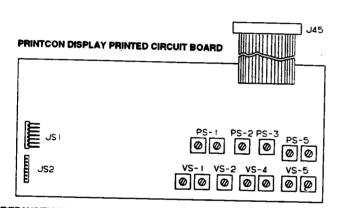
- Do not remove a board from container except at an approved static station or where machine and personnel are properly grounded.
- At the very minimum, use a wrist strap grounded to sterilizer when removing and/or replacing boards.
- 1. Follow procedure outlined in Display Panel Overlay Replacement.
- 2. The display PC Board is removable by first disconnecting the ribbon cable connector P45 from the main Printcon PC Board
- Tilt the printer assembly forward to the service position. This permits access to the opening in the upper rear of Printcon housing where P45 is plugged

into the main Printcon PC Board which is mounted on the back side of Printcon housing.

- 4. Display PC Board can now be removed by disengaging the three circuit board supports.
- 5. Reverse the procedure to install a new Display PC Board.

7.12.4 Printcon Rotary BCD Switches: Digital Display Board

Rotary switches to control pressure and temperature are located on the Printcon Digital Display Board. See Figure 7-21 for setting these switches.



SET TRANSITION POINT SWITCHES ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING DIAGRAMS

SWITCH	SETTING	TRANSITION POINT ON FUNCTION
PS-1	52	26 PSI, @ EACH CONDITIONING PRESSURE PULSE STARTS VACUUM PULSE. (0 THRU 99 = 0 THRU 49.5 PSIG; EACH UNIT = .5 PSI)
PS2	2	1 PSI, @ THE START OF EVACUATION (0 THRU 9 = 0 THRU 4.5 PSIG; EACH ONE = 0.5 PSIG)
PS3	-	NOT USED
PS5	••	NOT USED
VS-1	42 4	21 IN. HG. © THE END OF THE THIRD & FOURTH VACUUM PULSE (00 THRU 59 = 0 THRU 29.5 EACH UNIT = 0.5 IN. HG.)
VS-2	2	1 IN. HG. @ THE END OF AIR BREAK (0 THRU 9 = 0 THRU 4.5 IN. HG.; EACH UNIT = 0.5 IN. HG.
VS-4	54	27 IN. HG. (0 THRU 80 = 0 THRU 30 IN. HG. EACH UNIT = 0.5 IN. HG.)
V8-5	06	60 SECONDS, STERILIZE TIME (0 THRU 99 = 99 SECONDS)

Figure 7-21. PRINTCON DIGITAL DISPLAY PC BOARD SWITCH SETTINGS.

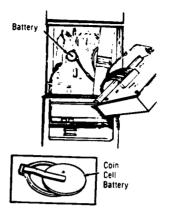


Figure 7-22. CHANGING THE BATTERY.

7.13 MAIN PRINTCON PC BOARD (See Figure 8-12) and DWG. NO. 146654 in Section 6)

7.13.1 Changing The Battery (See Figure 7-22)

- 1. If necessary to replace battery (Lithium coin cell), proceed as follows:
 - a. Turn POWER switch to OFF.
- b. Remove bottom screws on primary panel and lift up off catches. (Carefully remove two electrical connections and set panel aside.)
- c. Remove battery from holder and install replacement battery.
 - d. Return printer assembly and closed door.
- e. Turn POWER switch ON and reset time and date if necessary.

7.13.2 Changing Units of Display (Refer to Table 7-1)

1. The visual display and printing of temperature can be either in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius. To make this adjustment, locate the service switch on the Printcon Control Printed Circuit Board (for location, see Figure 7-24). Using a pencil or pen point, turn switch #1 to the alternate position. Return printer assembly upward and back to operating position. Close door.

TABLE 7-1. PRINTCON SERVICE SWITCH SETTINGS.

Festure	Switch No(s).	Setting
Temperature in FAHRENHEIT	.1	OFF
Temperature in CELSIUS	1	ÓN
Pressure (English) in PSIG: Vacuum in IN HG	2:	OFF
Pressure (Metric) in KG/CM ² ; Vacuum in		
MM HG	.,2	ON
Single precision	.3	OFF
Extended precision	3	ON
Capacitance Transducer		
BESCO 5v = 50 psia	.4	OFF
Strain Gauge Transducer: SENSOTEC 36 my =		es,
50 pšia	4	ON 4
Temperature Overdrive		,
TS2 = TS1	5.687	5 OFF. 6 OFF. 7 OFF
TS2 = TS1 + 0.5 F	5. 6. & 7	5 ON 6 OFF, 7 OFF
TS2 = TS1 + 1.1 F	5, 6, & 7	5 OFF, 6 ON, 7 OFF
TS2 = TS1 + 1.6 F	5.6.87	5 ON. 6 ON. 7 OFF
TS2 = TS1 + 21 F	5, 6, 8 7	5 OFF. 6 OFF. 7 ON
TS2 = TS1 + 2.7 F	5, 6, & 7	5 ON. 6 OFF, 7 ON
TS2 = TS1 + 3.2 F	5, 6, & 7	5 OFF, 6 ON, 7 ON
TŠ2 = TS1 + 3:8 F	5, 6, 8, 7	5 ON. 6 ON. 7 ON
Spare Switch		Unused

3 7.5

- 2. The display and printing of pressure can be either in English (PSI gauge and inches Hg vacuum) or metric (kg/cm² gauge and millimeters Hg). To make this adjustment follow the procedure in step one and turn service switch #2 to alternate position.
- 3. The display of temperature and English pressure can be either single precision (no decimal places showing) or extended precision (one decimal place showing). Metric pressure shows one or two decimal places. Metric vacuum always shows no decimal place. To make this adjustment follow the procedure in step one and turn service switch #3 to alternate position.

7.13.3 Adjusting Temperature Overdrive

For special applications, the temperature overdrive may be adjusted in increments as shown in Table 7-1. For example, if the temperature thumbwheel setpoint is at 270 F (132 C), the actual control temperature can be from 270 F to 273.8 F depending on how service switches, 5, 6 and 7 of switch #1 are

7.13.4 Setting The Year Switches

- 1. The LED year as shown on the Printcon display and printout does not automatically change on December 31st. It must be set annually. To make this adjustment locate rotary switches S2 and S3 on the Printcon Control Printed Circuit Board. Using a small screwdriver, turn the pointer to the desired digits (example: for 1985, set S3 at 8 and S2 at 5).
- 2. If no year display is needed, the switches may be set as follows: set S3 at 8 and S2 at 0. The month and date will still be displayed, but no year will be shown or printed.

7.13.5 Printcon PC Board Replacement

CAUTION: Use extreme care when opening a container of electronic parts. Avoid circumstances wherein a build-up of static electricity could discharge.

NOTE: Static electricity is a problem because of its ability to damage printed circuit boards. If a static discharge happens to go through an integrated circuit, and the transient current pulse is not effectively diverted by protective circuitry, the current from the discharge can flow through the board and raise the temperature of internal junctions to their melting points. Damage can range from complete destruction to latent degradation. To avoid damage, the precautions listed below should be taken whenever printed circuit boards are being handled or replaced:

· Always use an ESD safe container when transporting boards from one location to another.

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- Do not remove a board from container except at an approved static station or where machine and personnel are properly grounded.
- At the very minimum, use a wrist strap grounded. to sterilizer when removing and/or replacing
- 1. Open the outer door of the Printcon unit. The entire unit must be removed from the control column.
- 2. Remove the front cover panel from the column by taking two cap screws out of the top of the cover and two #10-32 scrwes out of the bottom.
- 3. Take off the primary panel by removing four #8-32 mounting screws and washers. It is not necessary to disconnect P16 from the primary panel if care is exercised.
- 4. Tilt the primary panel forward and reach through the primary panel mounting bracket to disconnect P40 and P48 connections. Disconnect green ground wire #103 from Printer assembly bottom.

NOTE: Plug P16 (from primary panel) and plug P40 (from main Printcon PC Board) are identical in construction. Proper identification must be observed at reassembly. Plugs are labeled on the harness and must be installed on the correct PC Board.

- 5. Remove the four #8-32 Printcon unit mounting screws located two on each side of the unit. Access to the top two screws must be made by opening the display door at the top of the unit. Printer unit must be tilted forward to remove the lower two screws.
- 6. Printcon unit can now be removed from the column. Main Printcon PC Board is removed from the unit by extracting the eight #6-32 mounting screws and standoffs.
- 7. Reverse the procedure to install a new main Printcon PC Board.

7.14 PRESSURE TRANSDUCER REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove the metal bracket which covers the primary control panel.
- 2. Remove the primary control panel.
- 3. This gives access to plug P47 on the upper right section of the main Printcon PC Board, Unplug P47, Identify the cable coming from the pressure transducer (usually red) and then extract all pins of this cable from plug P47.
- 4. Loosen the cable clamp at the rear of the control box which secures the pressure and temperature probe cables. Cut the tie-wraps inside the control assembly securing the pressure transducer cable. Pull the pressure sensor cable out of the control assembly.
- 5. Cut the tie-wraps which secure the pressure transducer cable to the frame of the machine.
- 6. Remove the pressure transducer from the piping. Mount the new transducer. Run the cable into the control assembly through the cable clamp. Install the pins of the cable into plug P47 following the electrical schematic in Section 6. Install new tie-wraps to secure the cable inside the control assembly and along the frame of the machine.
- 7. Check the pressure calibration as outlined in paragraph 7.17 of this Section.

F4 Picofuse (18V, 2 Amp) F3 Picofuse (-12V, 1 Amp) F2 Picofuse (12V, 4 Amp) F403 Fusa (250V, 1.25 Amp) F402 Fuse (250V, 2 Amp)

Figure 7-23. POWER SUPPLY FUSE LOCATIONS.

7.15 TEMPERATURE PROBE REPLACEMENT

- 1. Follow the instructions outlined in the pressure transducer replacement to gain access to plug P47 on the main Printcon PC Board.
- 2. Free the cable from any supports or ties to the sterilizer. Remove the cable from the control assembly, and remove the probe from the sump.
- 3. Install a new temperature probe and compression fitting in the sump bushing. Run the cable into the control assembly through the cable clamp at the rear of the assembly. Follow the electrical schematic in Section 6 of this manual to install the new pins into plug P47. Install new tie-wraps in place of ones which were cut.
- 4. Check the temperature calibration as outlined in paragraph 7.17 of this Section.

7.16 REPLACEMENT OF PRINTCON POWER **SUPPLY FUSES**

If fuse replacement is necessary, refer to Figure 7-23 for locations of these fuses. (See Figure 8-11 for fuse part numbers.)

7.17 FIELD CALIBRATION OF CONTROL

7.17.1 Special Tools And Equipment Required

NOTE: The measuring devices should be calibrated against NBS (National Bureau of Standards) traceable equipment and the inaccuracies of the devices should be known via a calibration report sheet.

- 1. Compound pressure gauge, resolution to 1/2 PSI, 50 PSI full scale minimum.
- 2. Potentiometer, resolution to 1 degree F, Doric 400A with type T thermocouple wire, or equal.
- 3. Digital voltmeter or multimeter, resolution to 1 mV DC, B & K model 2800 or equal.

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- 4. Pressure seal for thermocouple wire, "Conax" style or equal, (P-382782-091)
- 5. Tee. 1/4 NPT.
- 6. Nipple, 1/4 x 12 (or longer).
- 7. 8-inch piece of 2 x 4.

NOTE: All adjustments in this procedure should be checked whenever the main Printcon PC Board (P-146651-032) is replaced. If the temperature probe is replaced, check the temperature calibration only. If the pressure sensor is replaced, first check the pressure calibration. Then, because the temperature accuracy is affected by pressure adjustments, check the temperature after adjusting the pressure.

7.17.2 Procedure

- 1. Install the compound pressure gauge and potentiometer as shown in Figure 5-1 of the Field Test Procedure. Use a piece of autoclaving tape to tape the thermocouple wire to the temperature probe.
- 2. Check the Service Switch (SW1, 8 pole dual in-line) on the main Printcon PC Board for the following settings:
- #1 off (Fahrenheit temp)
- #2 off (English units for pressure/vacuum)
- #3 on (display tenths on temperature & pressure)
- #4 on (strain gage input)
- #5 off
- #6 on
- #7 on
- #8 not used
- 3. Remove the metal bracket securing the primary control panel to the control assembly. Unfasten the four mounting screws for the primary control panel. Throughout the calibration procedure, leave the primary control panel plugged in. Carefully let the cable support cotrol panel while adjustments are made through panel mounting area.
- 4. Locate test points TP4, TP5, and TP6 on the main Printcon PC Board (see Figure 7-24).
- 5. Connect the negative lead of the voltmeter to TP6. Turn the control power on. Measure and make a note of the voltage at TP4. This will be approximately 10-volts DC. Now measure the voltage at TP5 and adjust potentiometer P1 until this voltage is exactly 1/2 of the voltage measured at TP4.

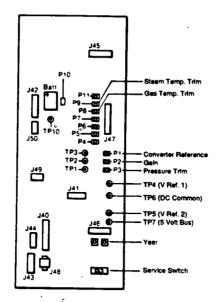


Figure 7-24. PRINTCON PC BOARD TEST POINT AND POTENTIOMETER LOCATIONS.

NOTE: This setting was made at the factory and should not require adjustment. However, if adjustment is required, follow the instructions carefully as this setting greatly affects the overall accuracy.

- 6. Turn power off. Using the 2 x 4, block the unload door closed.
- 7. Turn the power back on. After the lamp test, observe the pressure display. At sea level, adjust potentiometer P3 to read 0.0 PSIG.

NOTE: The control will monitor LS14 (unload door is open) for one minute, waiting for it to activate. At the end of one minute, an alarm will sound. If the adjustment to P3 is not completed by the end of one minute, turn the power off and then on and complete the adjustment.

For altitudes above sea level, adjust P3 according to the approximation of 1-inch Hg vacuum displayed for each 1000 feet altitude. For example, for an elevation of 2700 feet, set P3 to display 2.7 in. Hg vacuum. This is a "coarse" adjustment only because the control will "autozero" the pressure display when the unload door opens (LS14) during the initial "power on" sequence.

- 8. Remove the 2 x 4
- 9. Turn the power off and then on again. The pressure display should "autozero" when the unload door opens. Set the temperature on the thumbwheels to 295 degrees F. and press the CYCLE START button. Press on the "basket on load table" limit switch (LS11) to start a cycle.
- 10. Let the cycle proceed into the CONDITION phase. Wait until the timed purge has completed, and the pressure has risen to the steam regulator setting and stabilized. Adjust potentiometer P2 until the Printcon pressure display agrees with the compound pressure gauge. Then, adjust potentiometer P9 until the Printcon temperature display agrees with the temperature readout device. Always adjust P9 after adjusting P2.
- 11. Abort the cycle with the ABORT CYCLE button. Let the pressure exhaust completely from the chamber. Because the adjustments made to P2 and P3 interact somewhat, repeat **steps 6-10** until the interaction is eliminated (±0.1 PSIG).
- 12. Reset the sterilizing temperature to 285 degrees F. Reset the display options on the service switch on the main Printcon PC Board to the desired settings.

7.18 I/O1 EXPANDER PC BOARD#2 (P-146588-076)

There are two four-pole, dual in-line (DIP) switches on this PC board labeled SW1 and SW2. SW1 controls the number of pressure/vacuum pulses to be performed after the initial two 45 second pulses. The standard setting is #1 ON, #2 ON, #3 OFF, #4 OFF, which gives two additional pulses. This is the standard Amscomatic terminal sterilizer conditioning phase setting as of this print date, and should not be altered.

The second switch SW2, position #1, when OFF, displays the status/error codes on the primary display panel continuously. When position #1 is ON, status/error codes are displayed only during an alarm condition. The remaining positions on SW2 are not used.

7.19 I/O2 EXPANDER PC BOARD #3 (P-146590-008)

There are two four-pole, dual in-line (DIP) switches on this PC board labeled SW1 and SW2. These switches control the dry time. SW2 serves as the "most significant" digit of the dry time, and SW1 serves as the "least significant" digit. The standard setting is 4 minutes, which is "0" on SW2, and "4" on SW1. Other dry times can be set, as follows:

DIGIT DESIRED ON SW1 OR SW2	#1	#2	#3	#4
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF
88	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
L9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON

For example, if a 20 minute dry time is desired, SW2 is set to "2", OFF, ON, OFF, OFF; and SW1 is set to "0". OFF, OFF, OFF, OFF.

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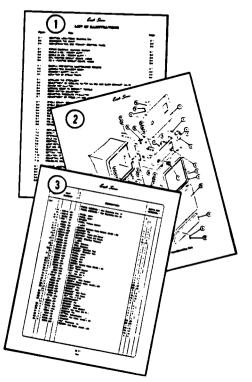
SECTION 8

ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN

Eagle 2400 Terminal Sterilizer assemblies and components are illustrated and identified on the following pages. The part number, description and quantity requiredfor each usage is given. Each indentation in the description represents the assembly level. The UNITS PER ASSEMBLY column is specific for the given assembly or subassembly level.

HOW TO USE THE ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN:

- Determine the function and application of the part required. Turn to the list of Illustrations and select the most appropriate title. Note the illustration page number.
- 2. Turn to the page indicated and locate the desired part on the illustration.
- From the illustration, obtain the index number fassigned to the part desired. Refer to the accompanying description for specific information regarding the part.



TYPICAL INDENTATION EXAMPLE

PANEL ASSEMBLY: Non Operating End. 16"
PANEL, Upper
PANEL, Upper SPACER PANEL
I COMEL, Primary Control
SCREW, Buttress Head Socket, #8-32 x 3/8 WASHER, Flat

8-1 129360-73 **4**

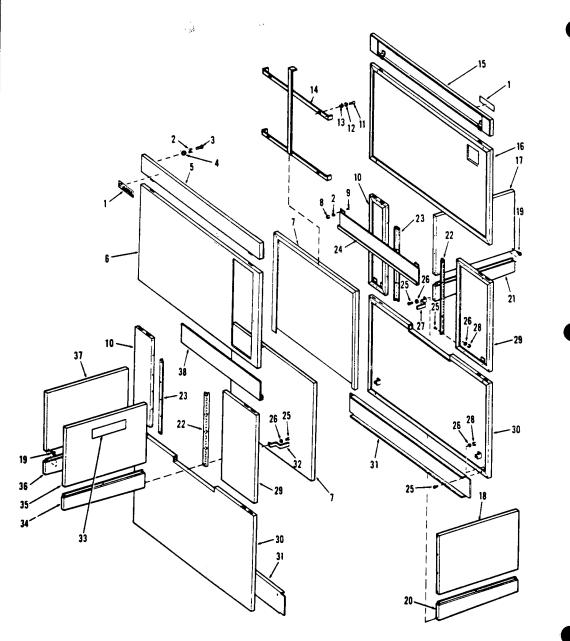
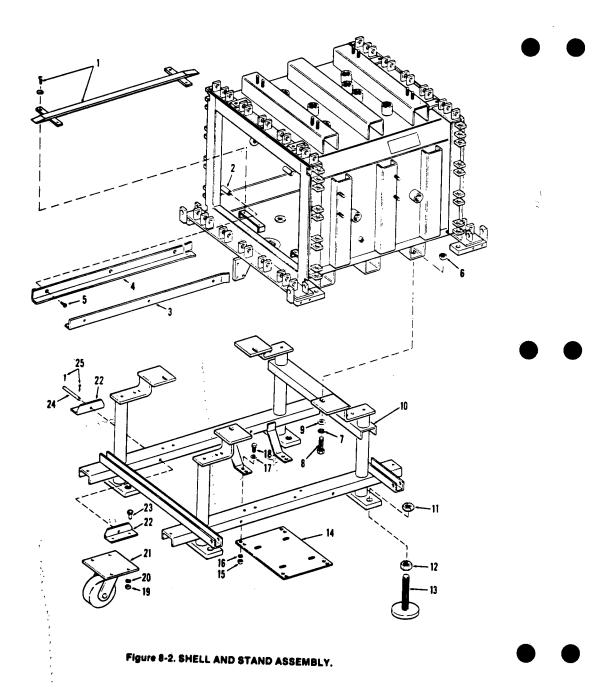


Figure 8-1.	EXTERNAL PANELS AND	TRIM.
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INDEX NO. NUMBE		DESCRIPTION	UNITS PE	
8-1- P 639172	436 041 041 361 982 428 041 041 040 041 041 041 045 360 984 401 402 045 404 403 196 198 010 041 041 001 041 041 802 803 804 804 804 804 804 804 804 804 804 804	EXTERNAL PANELS AND TRIM NAMEPLATE LOCKWASHER SCREW, Round head (#10-32 x 5/8) WASHER, Flat PANEL, Top unload COVER, Door NUT, Hex (#10-32) SCREW, Flat head (#10-32 x 3/8) PANEL SCREW (#6-32 x 3/8) LOCKWASHER (#6) WASHER (#6) WASHER (#6) WASHER (#6) WASHER (#6) WASHER (#6) SUPPORT PANEL, Top load PANEL, Top RH load PANEL, Top LH load SCREW, Self tap (#10 x 3/8) PANEL, Bottom LH load PANEL, Bottom H load HINGE ANGLE PANEL, Trim load SCREW, Round head (#8-32 x 3/8) ACTUATOR, Load NUT, Hex (#8-32) PANEL PANEL, Kick CCTUATOR, Unload ANEL, Kick CCTUATOR, Unload ANEL, Bottom RH unload ANEL, Top RH unload ANEL, Top RH unload ANEL, Top LH unload ANEL, Top LH unload ANEL, Top LH unload ANEL, Top LH unload	1 2 24 200 20 1 1 2 2 6 6 2 8 16 16 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1	

C-7

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	PART NUMBER		DESCRIPTION		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY		
2 P 5 3 P 5 4 P 5 5 P 5 6 P 1 7 P 1 8 P 1 9 P 9 10 P 9 11 P 3 12 P 9 11 P 3 14 P 5 15 P 3 16 P 19 17 P 17 18 P 31 19 P 3 20 P 19 22 P 9 23 P 3 24 P 9 1	78349 061 36806 917 51294 061 51652 063 51580 061 3099 042 9687 061 5339 045 5503 045 8036 091 8163 010 3123 045 3107 045 1054 045 1055 010 3099 042 9580 041 7263 042 1838 042 1057 091 8101 091 9580 091 872 091 8872 091 8872 091 8872 091 8872 091		SHELL AND STAND ASSEMBLY GUIDE PACKAGE, Feeder unit SHELL ASSEMBLY . SUPPORT, Rail . ANGLE, Support, left hand . ANGLE, Support, right hand . SCREW, Flat head (1/4-20 x 3/8) NUT LOCKWASHER (3/8) SCREW (3/8-16 x 1-1/4) WASHER STAND ASSEMBLY . FRAME . NUT, Hex jam . NUT, Hex jam . NUT, Leveling . PLATE . NUT LOCKWASHER . WASHER . CAPSCREW, Hex head (3/8-16 x 1) CASTER ASSEMBLY, Stand . NUT, Hex . LOCKWASHER . CASTER . ANGLE . BOLT, Hex head ROD, Caster COTTER PIN	1 11611168444114888844412448			

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8-5 9360-733

C- 10

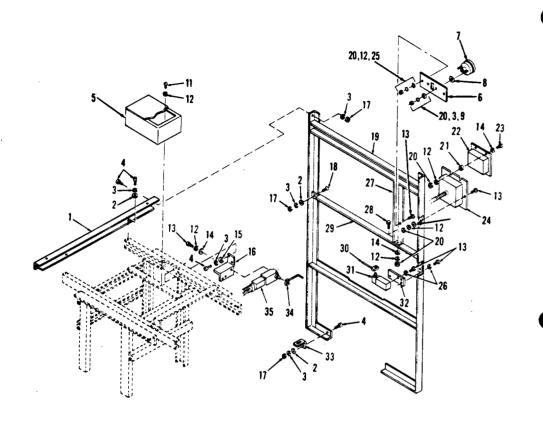


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	S V C	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER		
20 P 21 P 22 P 23 P 24 P 25 P 26 P 27 P 28 P 29 P 30 P 31 P 32 P 31 P	54796 014 3515 044 19678 044 13411 093 141212 072 93909 694 90525 091 5503 129356 132 9313 041 19677 041 9316 041 17589 045 31599 041 97168 010 3040 042 3978 056 146653 832 2960 042 150825 367 134471 063 24488 091 18131 091 9315 041 18131 091 93909 266 9661 041 55333 010 80988 091 80978 001 50658 001 81147 001 80984 091 34471 050	S F S F W L S S S L S S S C S C S S	EVER, Switch SITCH, Limit JPPORT, Switch JPPORT JUATOR, Switch JITCH AND WIRING ASSEMBLY	1 2 6 14 12 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 8 2 1 8 2 1 1 8 4 1 4 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1		

Figure 8-3. FRAME AND CONTROLS: Load End.

8-6 120360-733 **C** – 11

8-7 129360-733

!- 12

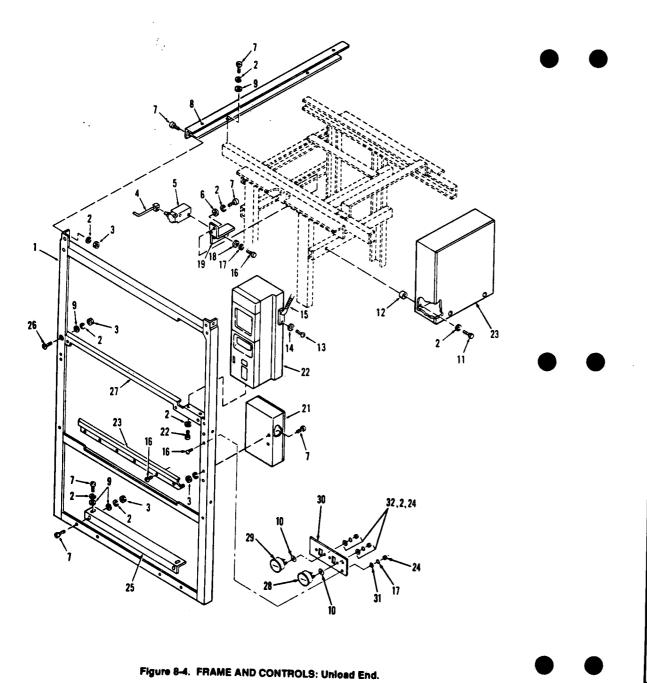


FIG. & PART NUMBER	T IV I DECOMPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
NO. NUMBER 1 P 146653 833 2 P 19678 045 3 P 3040 042 4 P 80984 091 5 P 56399 126 6 P 31599 041 10 P 5503 045 11 P 45606 091 12 P 81132 001 13 P 3985 041 14 P 84116 002 15 P 134471 063 16 P 9613 041 17 P 19677 041 18 P 17589 045 19 P 97168 010 20 P 93908 939 21 P 146653 834 22 P 146653 834 22 P 146653 834 22 P 146653 836 23 P 146653 836 23 P 146653 909 24 P 2960 042 25 P 54844 010 26 P 3978 056 27 P 56399 133 28 P 90525 091 30 P 93909 995 31 P 24488 091 32 P 129356 132	FRAME AND CONTROLS: Unload End				

8-8 129360-733 C- 13

8-9 129360-733

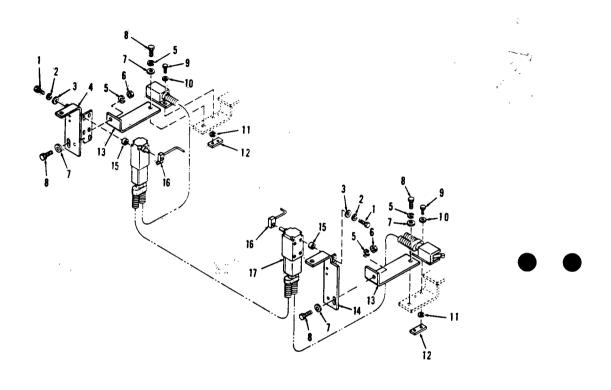


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER			S V C	v i		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY			
8-5- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	P 1 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P 1 P		041 041 042 042 042 042 041 061 041 001 001 045 001 045 040		LOAD SWITCHES UNLOAD SWITCHES SCREW, Round head (#10-32 x 3/4) LOCKWASHER (#10) WASHER PLATE, Support RH LOCKWASHER (3/8) NUT, Hex (3/8-16) WASHER SCREW, Hex head (3/8-16 x 1) SCREW (#8-32 x 3/4) WASHER LOCKWASHER (#8) TWIN NUT SUPPORT PLATE, Support LH WASHER, Flat ACTUATOR, SWITCH SWITCH AND WIRING ASSEMBLY SWITCH AND WIRING ASSEMBLY	1 44414244444221421	1 44414244444221442 1			

Figure 8-5. LOAD AND UNLOAD SWITCHES.

B-10 D-1 8-11 129360-733

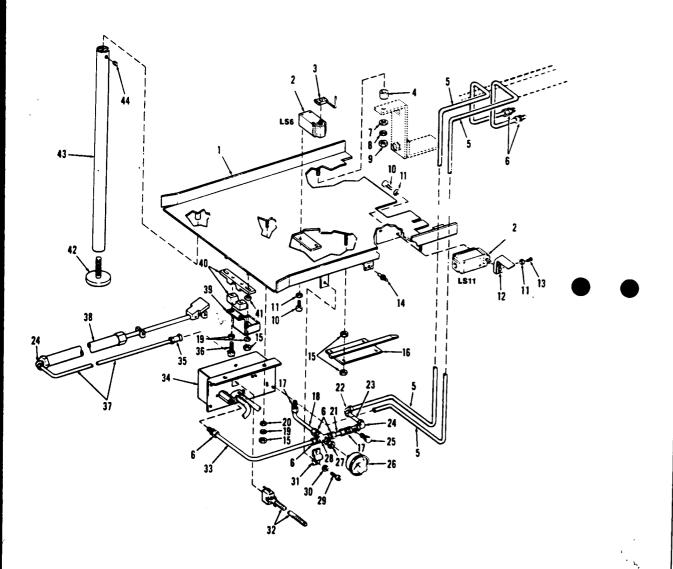


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER			S V C DESCRIPTION				E۱
	P 630938 P 630938 P 630938	069		LOADING UNIT (1 Basket exit) LOADING UNIT (2 Basket exit) LOADING UNIT (3 Basket exit) (Incl. unloading unit - See Fig. 8-7)	1	1	1	Ī
2 3 4 5 6 7	19677 81029 16451 151783 3097 76644 43289 76652 19678 5503 76654 81066	001 091 045 103 091 042	TEV GBC SLCCT CC STC PLC WAY	GUIDE ASSEMBLY, Loading end FITTING, Comp (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) TUBE (1/4 OD) OCKWASHER VASHER, Flat UBE (1/4 OD) LL, Comp (1/4 ODT) UBE LL, Comp (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) VALVE, Needle AUGE WISHING, Red. (1/4 IPS x 1/8 IPS) CREW (#6-32 x 5/16) OCKWASHER (#6) LAMP, Tube ABLE ASSEMBLY, Loading end UBE, Press. switch (1/4 OD) ONTROL ASSY, Load end-(See Fig. 8-9) OUPLING, Tube to tube (1/4 ODT) CREW (1/4-20 x 1-1/4) UBE (1/4 OD x 0.3 x 58) YLINDER ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-31) AN, 0il	14 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 8 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1		

Figure 8-6. LOADING UNIT.

8-12

D- 3

8-13 129360-733 D _ _ ____

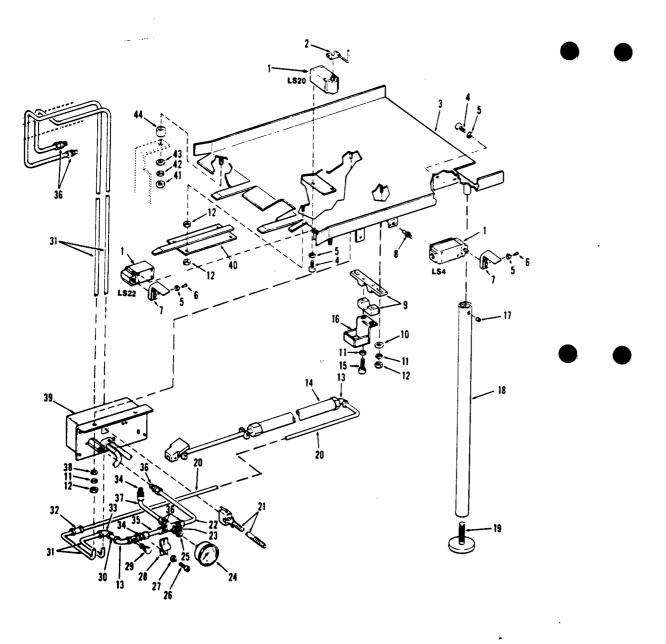


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE		S V C	DESCRIPTION			S PI	
8-7- 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 11 14 11 15 11 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 22 4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43		80978 80984 134381 134381 15287 19677 16451 81028 51783 51929 5474 19678 3097 42510 98490 4003 97037 31276 98092 98087 51924 RM915 626973 76656 45060 54797 939 4672 19675 76655 91382 90340 RM915 51902 81066 43289 76702 45565 76652 5503 630938 630938 76640 3099 19680 17263	001 091 001		UNLOADING UNIT (1 Basket exit) UNLOADING UNIT (2 Basket exit) UNLOADING UNIT (3 Basket exit) UNLOADING UNIT (3 Basket exit) SWITCH, Limit ARM, Oper PAN, Unloading PAN, Unloading PAN, Unloading SCREW (#10-32 x 1/2) LOCKWASHER (#10) SCREW (#10-32 x 5/8) ACTUATOR, Limit switch STUD CLAMP WASHER LOCKWASHER (1/4) NUT, Hex (1/4-20) ELL, Comp (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) CYLINDER ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-31) SCREW (1/4-20 x 1-1/4) PAN, Oil SETSCREW (#10-32 x 1/2) LEG ASSEMBLY LEG ASSEMBLY LEG ASSEMBLY LEG ASSEMBLY TUBE (1/4 OD x .030 x 58) CABLE ASSEMBLY TUBE (1/4 OD x .030 x 58) CABLE ASSEMBLY TUBE, Press. switch (1/4 OD) CCROSS (1/4 IPS) GAUGE BUSHING, Red. (1/4 IPS x 1/8 IPS) SCREW (#6-32 x 5/16) LOCKWASHER (#6) CLAMP, Tube VALVE, Needle TUBE (1/4 OD)	1 3111 610422244181421416 2111121121121121	1 31 1 600422248814214161 21111112211121612 1122	131 161042224181421416 121111112211121612 11222	
44	Ρ	76446	045		PACER	2	2	2	- 1

D- 5

Figure 8-7. UNLOADING UNIT.

8-15

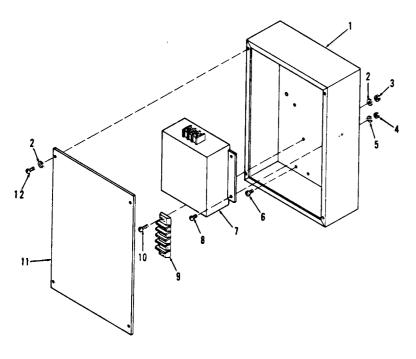


Figure 8-8. POWER INPUT BOX.

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER				DESCRIPTION	UNITS PE ASSEMBL			
8-8- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	P	626973 19676 3038 43287 81682 82675 93821 3929 39091 3987 617100 9288	890 892 041 041 091 006 001 045 091 041 367 041		POWER INPUT BOX BOX, Power input LOCKWASHER (#8) NUT, Hex (#8-32) NUT, Hex (#10-24) LOCKWASHER (#10) SCREW, Ground (#10-32) FILTER, 250 VAC-60 Hz-10 amp SCREW, Round head (#10-24 x 1/2) STRIP, Terminal SCREW, Round head (#8-32 x 3/4) COVER SCREW, Round head (#8-32 x 1/2)	1 1 6 2 4 4 1 1 1 4 1 2 1			

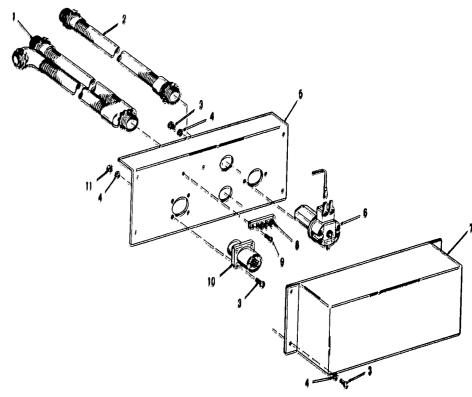
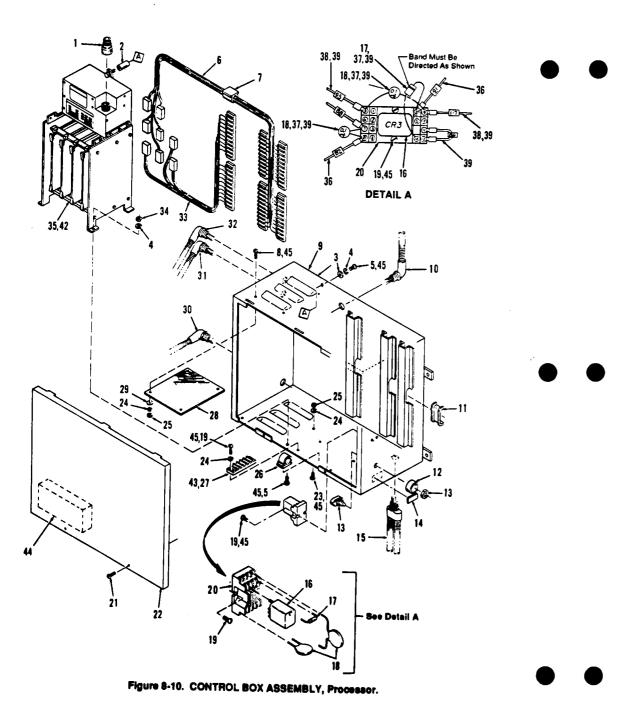


Figure 8-9. CONTROL ASSEMBLY.

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	\$ > C	DESCRIPTION			S PEI
8-9- PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP	626973 898 626973 899 626973 897 3984 941 19676 941		CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Load end CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Unload end (short). CONTROL ASSEMBLY, Unload end (long). CABLE ASSEMBLY CABLE AS	101011111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 10 10 11 11 12	1 1 10 10 10 11 1 1 2

D- 8

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	╄	PART S V DESCRIPTION C							
8-10-	P	14665	909	CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY, Processor	1				
1	P	93838	002		1 1				
2		150825		PLUG, P5	1				
3		5511	1	STANDOFF	1				
4	P	19685		WASHER, Flat	11				
5	P		041	LOCKWASHER, #10 SCREW, Round Head, #10-32 x 1/2	3	1 1			
6	P	134471		HARNESS, DC	3	1 1			
7	P	431152		CLIP	11				
8	P	3984		SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 X 3/8					
9	P	134471	038	CONTROL BOX, Weldment	4				
10	P	56399	140	CABLE, Interface					
11	Р	150783	001	I GROMME I Caterolliar	11				
12	Р	44155		GUARD, BUTTON	3				
13	P	48070		SWITCH, Pushbutton					
14	P	150825	1 1	1 DECAL, Heset	111				
15	P	134471	053	LUABLE ASSEMBLY, Feeders, P57 P50	11				
16	Р	80928	1 1	HELAY	1:	1 1			
17	P	84157	001	I RECTIFIER, 1.0A-50V	11				
18	P	150777	001	J CAPACITOR, Ceramic Disc	2	'			
19	Р	78881	045	SUREVY, Pan Head, Self Tapping #6.32 v 1/2	18				
1	P	150768	001	I SOCKET, Relay	18				
	₽	24840	061	I SUMEYY, Hound Head, #10-32 x 1/2	2	1 1			
	Р	56399	125	I COVER, CONTOL BOY	1				
	P	3960	041	SUREW, Hound Head, #6-32 x 1/2	1 1				
1	P	19675	041	LOCKWASHER, #6	1 21				
	P	3037	041	NUI, Hex. #6-32	7	1 1			
	Р	451283	091	MOUNT, Cable	6				
1	P	89174	091	I DLUCK, I erminal, 6 Position	2				
	P	150825	348	SCREEN, CONTO BOX	1	1			
	P	5469	041	I WASHER, Plat	4				
	٠ ١	56399	128	I VARLE ASSEMBLY, POWER SUDDIV . Processor	[7]				
	P	134471	043	1 CADLE ASSEMBLY, P53					
		134471	042	CABLE ASSEMBLY, P55	11				
	P	134471	040	I MARNESS, AC		1 1			
		2960 136806	042	NU1, Hex, #10-32	2				
	. I		956 001	MAIN CONTROL ASSEMBLY (See Figure 8.11)	111				
37	•	123210	W1	I TEDMINAL, MING. #6 Stud. 22-26 AWG	4				
	Ρĺ	90619	091	SLEEVE, Insulator	WR				
		118177	091	I FOMINAL, HIND. #6 Stud. 18-22 AWG	[11]				
'	P		091	I FRMINAL, Spade, #6 Stud. 18-22 AWG	10				
			002	I IIE, Cable (Not Shown)	10				
			066	SOURE , Contact (Not Shown)	3				
۱,			300	NET, INSER IN J1A-10, J1B-1, J2R-10, J2C-17					
43 F	p	91945	041	J3A-5, J3B-15, J3C-6	7				
44 F			611	CLIP, Jumper	4				
45		· STOLE	٠٠٠/	FAU, Anti-static	1				
	- 1	ļ		ITITIEAU-LOCKER (Locite #222 or Permabond #LM113)	A/R				
45									

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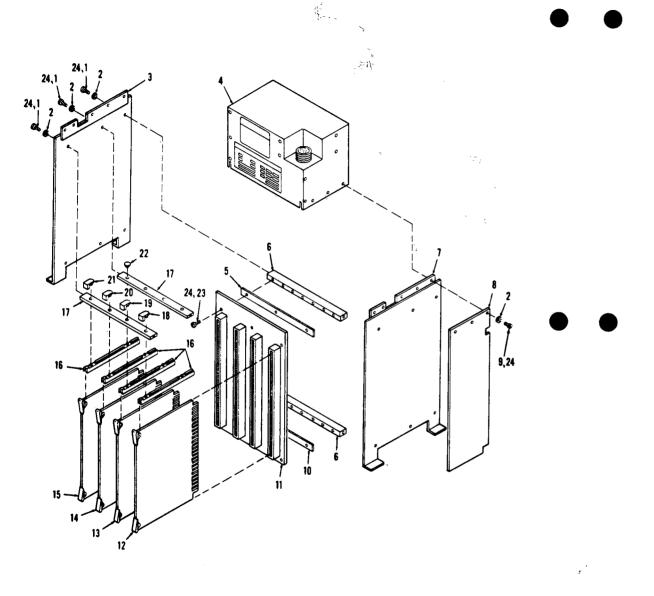


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART		S V C	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY					
8-11- 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 1 18 19 19 20 1	136806 84117 84116 136795 141198 82924 82924 82927 129359 129138 84468 136795 136800 40357 129138 146648 146590 146588 146588 146588 83528 83528 83528 83528 83528	956 003 002 002	>c	MAIN CONTROL ASSEMBLY SCREW, Pan Head, #6-32 x 3/8 LOCKWASHER, #6 SIDE PLATE, LH POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY • FUSE, 2 Amp, Pico, 18V, F4 (Pkg, of 5) • FUSE, 2 Amp, Pico, 12V, F2 (Pkg, of 5) • FUSE, 1 Amp, Pico, -12V, F3 (Pkg, of 5) • FUSE, 2 Amp, 250V, F402 (Pkg, of 5) • FUSE, 1-1/4 Amp, 250V, (Pkg, of 5) *FUSE, 1-1/4 Amp, 250V, (Pkg, of 5) *STRIP, Insulator RAIL, Mother Board SIDE PLATE, RH HEAT SINK, External SCREW, Self Tapping, #6 x 1/4 STRIP, Insulator MOTHER BOARD ASSEMBLY PC BOARD ASSEMBLY, #4 (I/O3) PC BOARD ASSEMBLY, #3 (I/O2) PC BOARD ASSEMBLY, #1 (Basic CPU) GUIDE, PC Board BAR, Card Guide TAB, I.D., Locking (I/O3) TAB, I.D., Locking (I/O2) TAB, I.D., Locking (I/O2) TAB, I.D., Locking (CPU) TAB, I.D., Locking (CPU) TAB, I.D., Locking (CPU) TAB, LOCKING (I/O3) SCREW, Pan Head, #6-32 x 1/4						

8-20 129360-733 D - 1

Figure 8-11. MAIN CONTROL ASSEMBLY.

B-21 D- 129360-733

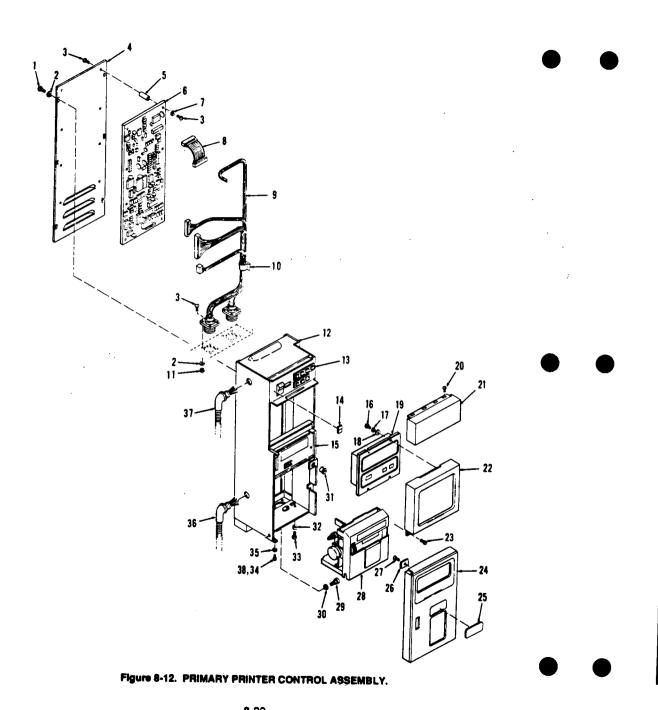


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PAR NUMB	•	s v c	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	
8-12-	P	14665	836		PRIMARY PRINTER CONTROL ACCESSOR		
	_		1	1	PRIMARY PRINTER CONTROL ASSEMBLY	×	
1	P	1245			SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 1/4	6	-
2	P	19675			I LOURWASHER #6	14	- 1
4		3984		i I	I SUMEAN, MOUND MORD, 26-32 y 3/g	24	
5	P	136806	1		I FLATE, Support		
6		146654	,		I STANDOFF	8	- 1
ŭ	þ	150822	,	1 1	FC BOARD ASSEMBLY		
7	P	129352			Y DATTERT, Coin Cell	11	
ė.	P	56399	1		TVASAEN, FIRE, #6 (NVIAn)	8	- (
9	P	136806			UNDER NOOPMBLY, FIRE FIRE	1	- 1
10	P	150539			100 INC. 100	1	
11	P	3037	1 1	i	CLIP, Cable	4	
12	P	141212		l	NUT. Hex. #6-32	8	
13				ł	SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL (See Figure 8-14)	1	
14	P	129360	752	1	DECAL, Circuit Breaker	1	
15					DISPLAY PANEL (See Figure 8-13)	1	- 1
	P	90623	045	ĺ	SCREW, Round Head, #8-32 x 5/16	1	ĺ
17	Р	19676	041	- 1	LOCKWASHER, #8	4	
	Ρ	17796	091	- 1	WASHER, Flat, #8	4	
	P	134471	039	H	CONTROL Primary	4	- [
	P	764317	536	- 1	* LAMP (BOX 0) 10}	1	
	P	47760	091		OUNE VV. MOX SOCKOL #4-40 X 1/4	1	- 1
	P	56399	138	ı	COVER, Secondary Waldmant	4	- 1
	P	134471	067		OUVER, Frimary, Weigment	1	1
	P	129356	135	- 1	OUTLESS, THEX SOURES, MIK. BR. 327 V 3/D	2	- 1
	P	146649 129356	009	- 1	DOOR, Printer Display		- 1
1	P	129356	142	- [LABEL, Printeon	i	-
	P	82340	002	- 1	JININE	i	
_	. 1	141198	171		SUMERY, Plat Head Self Tenning de LEIGE	i	
		150822	336	- 1	FRINTED ASSEMBLY, Printegn (See Floure B.45 e.a.46)	i	1
30 1	P	5511	091		COTILETT, SHOULDER, #10:32	2	1
		129356	001		WASHER, Flat, #10	2	1
	Ρĺ	2959	041		CATCH, Magnetic	1	1
	P	16451	042			2	
- 1 1		129356	006		Chev, Shoulder, 24.4h y 1/R	2	1
	P	5469	041		WASHEN, FIRI, #6	2	
36 F		56399	141	- 1	UNDER ASSEMBLY, Printer Take-iin	- 1 1	1
37 F	3	56399	127		VADLE ASSEMBLY, Power Sundly		
38 F		5300	640		NYLOC	1 1 1	

.

8-23 129360-733

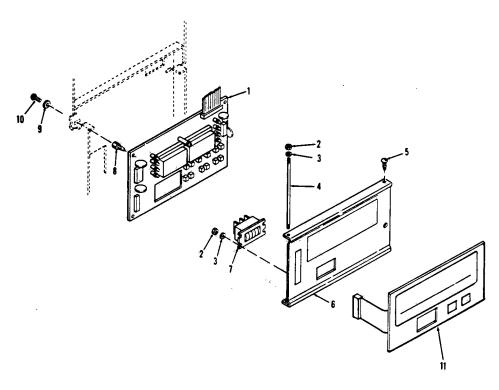


Figure 8-13. DISPLAY PANEL.

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PAR	•	s v c	DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY				
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	P 14663 P 8411 P 12935 P 4035 P 9390 P 8414 P 5466 P 1245 P 136805	4 041 4 001 5 023 7 045 0 001 0 022 7 001 9 041 0 041		DISPLAY PANEL BOARD, PC Digital Display NUT, Hex, #4-40 WASHER, Flat, #4 STUD SCREW, Self Tap, #6 x 1/4 BRACKET, Display SWITCH, Thumbwheel SUPPORT WASHER, Flat, #6 SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 1/4 PANEL, Overlay, Display	1				

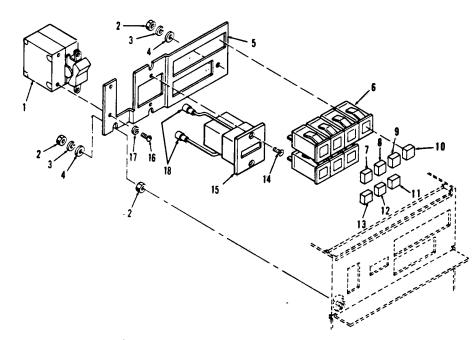


Figure 8-14. SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL.

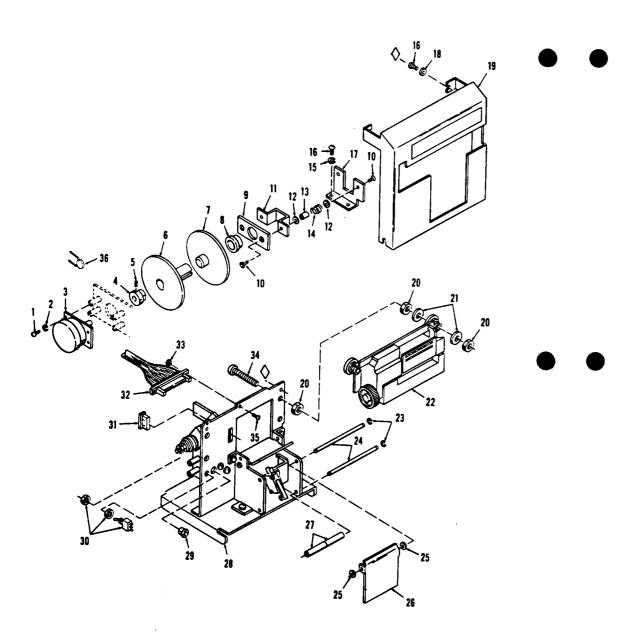
FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART V DESCRIPTIO			V DESCRIPTION		UNITS PE				
8-14- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15		19676 17796 134471 129352 150825 150825 150825 150825 150825 150825 150825 84119 56399	991 041 041 091 062 168 362 361 360 359 356 357 358 001 139		SECONDARY CONTROL PANEL CIRCUIT BREAKER NUT. Hex. #8-32 LOCKWASHER. #8 WASHER. Flat. #8 PLATE. Mounting SWITCH, Pushbutton LENS, Open Load Door LENS, Open Unload Door LENS, Open Unload Door LENS, Close Unload Door LENS, Recycle LENS, Recycle LENS, Abort Cycle SCREW, Flat Head, #6-32 x 1/4 COUNTER, DC	X 17441711111111111111111111111111111111					
16 17	P	12451 19675	041		SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 1/4	2	ı				
	P	93896	300		LOCKWASHER, #6	2 2					

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E-1

8-25 129360-73

E- 2



8-26 129360-733 **E** – 3

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PAF NUMI		DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY				
8-15-	P 6309	38 021	PRINTER FRAME ASSEMBLY (Part 1 of 2)	x T	T			
32 33 34	P 9099 P 8164 P 61196 P 12935 P 61710 P 12935 P 61196 P 12935 P 61196 P 12935 P 61196 P 12935 P 61966 P 12935 P 12935 P 12935 P 129356	003 099 091 091 091 091 091 091 091	SCREW, Round Head, #4-40 x 3/4 LOCKWASHER, #4 MOTOR. STUD, Drive SET SCREW, #5-40 SPOOL, Drive End SPOOL, Idler End BEARING, Flange RETAINER SCREW, Flat Head, #8-32 x 1/4 RELEASE, Reel WASHER SPACER SPRING LOCKWASHER SCREW, Round Head, #6-32 x 1/4 SUPPORT WASHER, Flat, #6 COVER NUT, Hex, 1/4-20 WASHER, Flat, 1/4 PRINTER PAPER, Single Ply (Box of 3 Rolls) CARTRIDGE, Inked Ribbon (Box of 2) E-RING SHAFT, Roller WASHER, Nylon, #6 PLATEN TUBE, ROller FRAME ASSEMBLY, Printer (Fig. 8-16) BUSHING, Snap. SWITCH, Toggle, SPDT CATCH, Magnetic CABLE ASSEMBLY NUT, Hex, #2-56. SCREW, Round Head, 1/4-20 x 1-1/2	441111111141422261419611116321412111232				

8-27 129360-733 F. — A

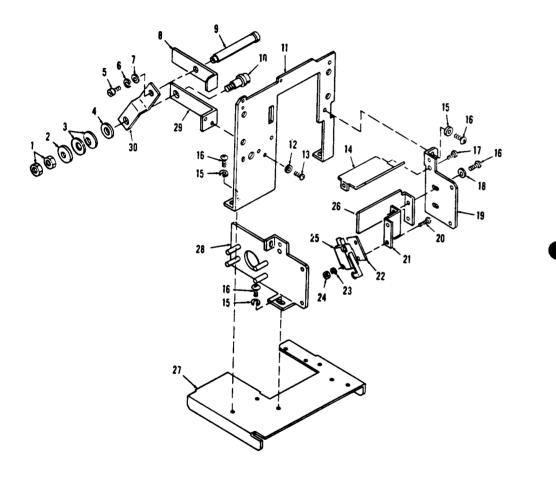


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER		S V C	DESCRIPTION		NITS SSEM		
28 29	P P P	19172 36690 129356 10412 33061 19685 5511 129356 611962 150044 626973 5511 12539 93900 18131 12451 77074 5469 617100 90993 129356 90124 81682 13794 150822 611962 626973 617100 617100 129356	051		PRINTER FRAME ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2). NUT, Jam (5/16-18) WASHER, Flat WASHER, Belleville WASHER, Flat SCREW, Socket head (#10-32 x 5/8) LOCKWASHER (#10) WASHER, Flat (#10) STOP SPINDLE SCREW, Shoulder (5/16-18) PLATE, Mounting WASHER, Flat (#10) SCREW, Round head (#10-32 x 3/8) PLATE, Paper feed LOCKWASHER (#6) SCREW, Round head (#6-32 x 1/4) SCREW, Self-tapping (#8-18 x 3/8) WASHER, Flat (#6) SSIDE, RH SCREW, Round head (#4-40 x 3/4) MOUNT, Switch INSULATOR LOCKWASHER (#4) NUT, Hex (#4-40) SWITCH, Roller arm SHIELD SASE, Printer SIDE, LH ANGLE, Pivot LRM, Pivot	1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 8 7 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Figure 8-16. PRINTER FRAME ASSEMBLY (Part 2 of 2).

8-28 E - 5

8-29 129360-733

E- 6

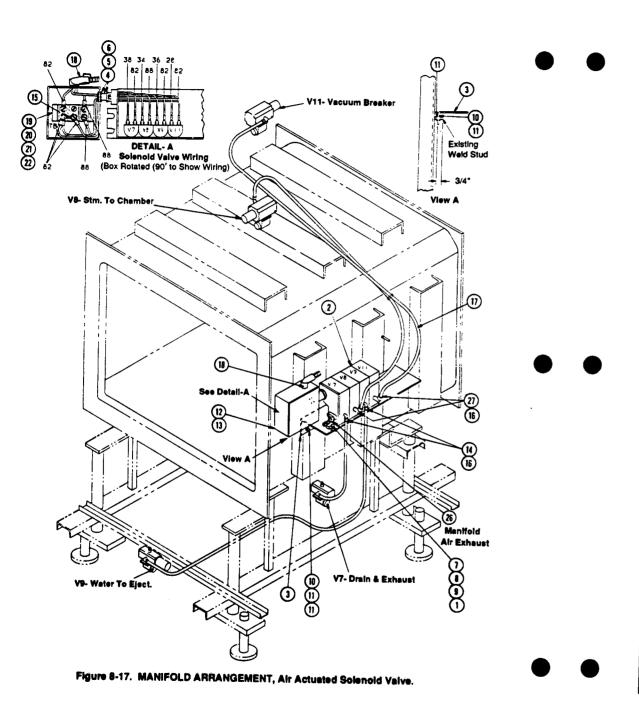


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PAR' NUMB	-	s v c	DESCRIPTION	UNIT:	S PER
B-17-	P	146653	374		MANIEO D ADDANGEMENT		
	ľ			1	MANIFOLD ARRANGEMENT, Air Act'd. Solenoid Valve	×	
1 2	Р	31599	041	1	WASHER, Plain, 1/4	4	
	P	764317	658		I VALVES, 3-Way Manifold Assembly	1	ı
	ľΡ	764317		l i	VALVE, INDIVIDUAL	4	
	P	764317		H	Til, valve Repair	4	
3	P	136806		H	COIL BRACKET Volume	4	İ
4	P	150476			BRACKET, Valves	1	}
5	P	150667	1	i i	BUSHING, Reducing, 3/4 NPT x 1/2	1	- 1
6	Р	8681	,	1 1	NIPPLE, Close, 1/2 NPT x 1-1/4	1	
7	Р	3848			LOCKNUT, Condult, 1/2	2	
8	Р	19678			LOCKWASHER, 1/4 Spring, Light	4	
9	₽	3097	041		NUT. Hex. 1/4 -20	4	
10	P	81682	008		LOCKWASHER, Spring, Regular	4	
11	Р	2947	048	· !	NUT, Hex. 5/16-18	2	
12	Р	90754	091	- 1	BOX	4	
13	P	22614	091	i	COVER	1	
14	P	21990	091	ı	ELL, 90' COMPRESSION, 1/4 ODT x 1/8 NPT	1	ı
15	₽	89590	041		JUMPER	6	1
16	P	84371	001		INSERT	1	- 1
17				ĺ	TUBING. Nylon. 1/4 OD x 12-8	8	
18	P	136806	958		CABLE ASSEMBLY, "K"	1	
19	₽	90746	091		TERMINAL, Strip	1	
20	P	3987	041	- 1		1	
	P	19676	041	- 1	LUCKWASHED #8	4	
	₽∣	3038	041	- 1		4	- 1
23	- 1		i I	- 1	NOT USED	4	
	P	90695	091	- 1	TERMINAL. Quick Disconnect, 1/4 x .032	.	j
	P	14865	091			4	
	P	77774	091		STRAINER NIDNA 1/4 NDT	4	
	P	52697	091	- 1	THING, 45 . 1/4 ODIX 1/8 MET	1	
28	,	01500			"""" """ """ "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	2 /R	
29	۲	31599	041		WASHER PIEC 1/4		

8-30 E - 7

8-31

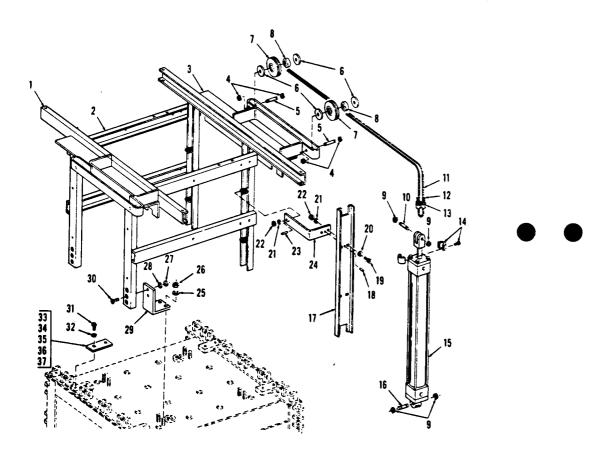


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBE		S V C	DESCRIPTION		S PER
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	99096 98059 98060 51588 98061 31952 51628 10456 56317 56316 150684 42639 51639 150686 81049 81050 754819 51629 54768 49134 19686 3097 47979 3098 19681 51871 51753 51755 51872 51871	010		PULLEY ASSEMBLY PULLEY BEARING RING, Retaining PIN CABLE, 123" Long CABLE, Safety (9" Long) CLAMP, Wire COLLAR, Split CYLINDER LIFT KIT, Seal SHAFT PIN GUIDE, Roller ROLLPIN (3/16 x 1/2) SCREW, Socket head (1/4-20 x 3/4) NASHER, Flat OCKWASHER (1/4) VUT (1/4-20) ROLLPIN (3/16 x 1-1/4) SUPPORT GUIDE OCKWASHER (3/8) AUT (3/8-16) NUT (5/16-18) OCKWASHER (5/16) SUPPORT CREW, Flat head (5/16-18 x 2) CCREW, Socket head (#10-32 x 3/8) OCKWASHER (#10) HIM (0.093 Thk) HIM (0.093 Thk) HIM (0.010 Thk) HIM (0.010 Thk)	1 11418404448422422124866228888888888888/RRR/R	

Figure 8-18. DOOR PACKAGE (Part 1 of 3).

8-32 129340-733 E - 9

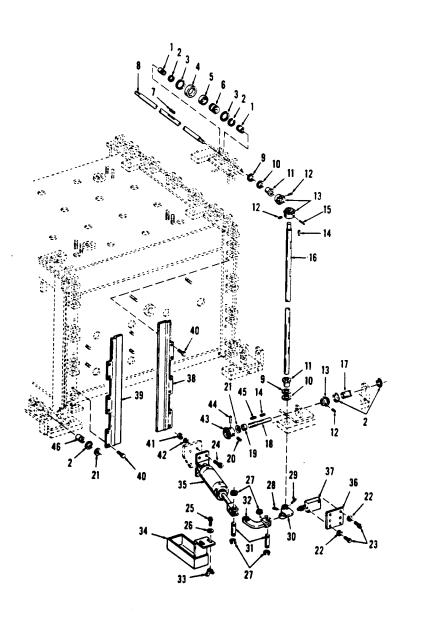


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE		S V C	DESCRIPTION		IITS PER SEMBLY
8-19-	P	99096	091		DOOR PACKAGE (Part 2 of 3)	1	
1	P	51673	091		BUSHING, Oilite	72	
2	P	51680	001		RING. Retaining	84	.
	P	51679	091		CAM RULLER ASSEMBLY	36	
3 4	P	46040 51618	091		. SNAP RING	2	
5	P	51611	045	j	ROLLER, Cam	1	
6	P	51592	045		. BUSHING, Oilite	1	
7	P	81078	006	ł	KEY (1/8 x 5/8)	1 36	
8	P	54773	045	- 1	SHAFT, Top and bottom	4	
9 10	P	81030	061		SHIM (0.010 Thk)	A/R	
10	P	81031 51658	061	- 1	SHIM (0.015 Thk)	A/R	11
12	P	4772	045	- 1	BUSHING, Flange oilite	12	
13	P	51594	045		CEAD I	16	
14	P	17277	091			16 16	
15	P	43259	091	- 1	3E 3UKEW (#6-32 x 3/16)	16	
16 17	P	54772	045	- 1	SHAFI. Side I	4	
18	P	51625 51593	091 045	- 1	BUSHING, Oilite	4	
19	P	51681	091	L	SHAFT, Short	4	
20	Р	31892	091		BUSHING, Oilite SETSCREW (5/16-18 x 1/4)	4	
21	P	150235	001	- 13	SHIM (0.010 Thk)	8 A/R	
22	P	19686	061	- [1	LUCKWASHER (1/4)	'8	1 1 1
23	P	12176	041	- 13	SUREW, Socket head $(1/4-20 \times 3/4)$	8	
25		3851 3998	042 041	- 13	SCREW	8	1 1 1
26	Ρĺ	49134	061		SCREW, Round head (1/4-20 x 1/2) VASHER, Flat	8	111
27	P	42639	091	١		8	1 1 1
28	P	10583	091	15	SETSCREW (#10-32 x 3/16)	16	1 1 1
29	P	43229	061	1 1	CULLPIN	4	1 1 1
30 31	P	51589 51639	043	P	ACTUATOR	4	1 1
32	P	51635	061		'IN	8	1 1 1
33	P	3097	041	I N	INK	4	1 1 1
34	P	97037	031	P	AN, 0il	8	1 1 1
35	P	51584	091	16	YLINUER LOCK (See Fig. 8-32)	4	1 1 1
	P P	51524	091	13	UPPURI, Valve	2	
	P	51605 54769	091 045	1	ALVE, Diverter	2	
	P	54770	045	16	UiUt, ROller, left hand	2	1 1 1
40	P	20821	061	S		2	1
	P		045] N	UI (5/16-18)	8	
	P		045	114	UCKWASHER (5/16)	B	1 1 1
	P P		045	G	EAR	B	1 1 1
	P		061 091	1 21	ETSCREW (#8-32 x 3/16)	В	
	P		091	B	EY (3/16)		
				Τ.,		1	

Figure 8-19. DOOR PACKAGE (Part 2 of 3).

8-34 120360-733 E - 11

8-35 1**2936**0-733 [1 **1** 9

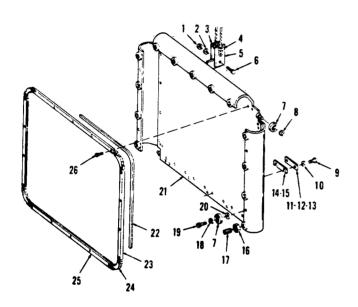


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PAR NUMB		S V C	DESCRIPTION		TS PER EMBLY
25	P 9909 P 11844 P 11844 P 1893 P 15063 P 15077 P 8105 P 4264 P 2343 P 4611 P 5175 P 5175 P 5175 P 5187 P 81200 P 19682 P 43754 P 99053 P 756124 P 51586 P 44705	3 045 5 091 1 045 3 001 3 001 1 091 1 041 1 091 1 041 1 061 1 061 1 061 1 061 1 061 1 041 1 061 1 061 1 041 1 041		LOCKWASHER (#10) SHIM (0.093 Thk) SHIM (0.062 Thk) SHIM (0.031 Thk) SHIM (0.010 Thk) SHIM (0.015 Thk) NUT, Hex SCREW, Socket head LOCKWASHER (3/8) SCREW, Socket head (3/8-16 x 7/8) WASHER DOOOR GASKET KIT (includes gasket bar mounting screws) GASKET BAR, Side GASKET BAR, Corner SASKET BAR, Top and bottom	1 228442680 RRRRRR 228882 24842	

Figure 8-20. DOOR PACKAGE (Part 3 of 3).

8-36 129360-733 E- 13

8-37 129360-733 **E** --

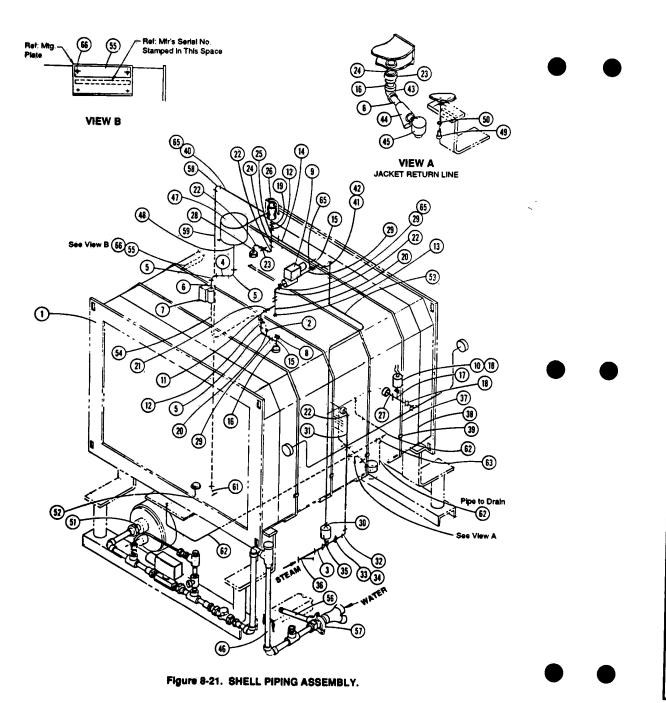
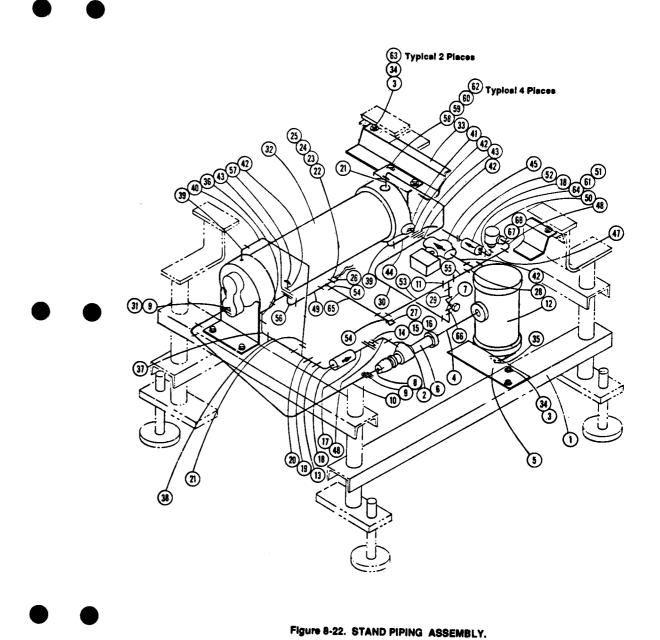


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PAR NUMB	-	DES		UNITS PER ASSEMBLY					
8-21-	F	14665	3 827	SHELL PIPING ASSEMBLY	x						
1	ı	13680	6 917	i		1 1					
2				BEDLICER 3/4 to 1/2 NOT	. 8-2)						
3				NIDDI E	1	! }					
4		1	-	NIPPLE 1/2 NIPT v 4 1/0	1	1 1					
5				ELL 4/2 NIDT	1						
6		,,		NIPPLE 1/2 NPT - 2	2						
7				VALVE BUILDING	2						
•	Ϊ́Р			VALVE, Ball, 1/2 NPT	1						
	ΙP	764317		VIII, valve Repair	1						
8	1 .	344		BLUC Bin are NET	1						
9		150822		PLUG, PIDE, 3/8 NP							
•	P	764317		VALVE, Ball, 3/4 NP							
	P	764317		• Kili, Valve Repair							
10	P	56396		I • KIII. Actuator Repair		1					
11	P	89986		MANSDUCER, Pressure							
12	P	29292		UNION, Ell, 3/4 NP							
13		3443	1 1	I NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 1-1/2							
14	P	29362		PLUG, Pipe, 3/4 NPT	2	-					
15	P	5027	1 1	1 NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 3-1/2		ı					
16	P		1 1	IEE, 1 x 3/8 x 1 NPT							
	P	29356	1	I NIPPLE, I NPT x 2		- 1					
17	Ι.	4931	1 1	IEE, 1/2 NPT							
18	P	76053		BUSHING, Heducing, 1/2 to 1	4 NPT						
19	P	1314		COUPLING, 3/4 NPT							
20	P	4938	, 1	I IEE, 1 x 3/4 x 3/4 NPT		i					
21	P	29298	1 1	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 3		- 1					
22	Р	1639	091	STREET, EIL T NPT							
23	P	5283	1 1	UNION, 1 NPT		ĺ					
24	P	29371	091	NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 5-3/4							
25	P	4941	091	IEE, 1 x 3/4 x 1 NPT							
26	Р	51653	091	VALVE, Safety, 3/4 NPT		- 1					
27	£	29162	091	NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT X 1	[4]						
28	P	29354	091	NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 1-1/2							
29	P	29293	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 1-3/4		- 1					
30	P	43289	091	FITTING, Compression							
31	Р	33588	091	NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 17-1/2							
32	Р	1637	091	ELBOW, 1 NPT x 3/4	1 - 1 - 1						
33	P	4247	091	SPUD, Male, 3/4 NPT							
34	P	2903	091	1401, U11011, 3/4 NP1	1 4 1 1						
35	P	54780	091	STEAM CONTROL VALVE AS	SEMBLY (See Fig. 8-25)						
36	P	41389	091	51 HAINER, 3/4 NPT							
[P	751552	091	• Screen	I 4 I I						
37			[STRAPPING, 106" Length		- 1					
38	_] [INSULATION, 24 x 106							
39	P	32268	091	STRAP, Lock	1 4 1						
	P	29332	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 11-1/2							
41	P	6223	091	BUSHING, Heducing, 3/R x 1/R	NPT I I	- 1					
	P	42581	091	IEE, Compression, 1/8 NPT Y	1/4 ODT 1 .						
	P	7491	091	ELBUW, 1 to 1/2 NPT		- 1					
	P	47709	091	STRAINER, 1/2 NPT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	P	750890	091	• Screen		1					
45	P	22713	042	TRAP, Steam, 1/2 NPT	1 1 1	1					
- 1	P	754357	900	• KIT, Repair							
	ſ		- 1	(Cont'd Next Page)		-1					

FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBE	R	s v c	DESCRIPTION		 ITS F SEMI	
INDEX			V	(Continued) WATER SUPPLY LINE ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-23) FILTER, Air NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 4 SCREW, 3/8-16 x 7/8 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 REDUCER, 1-1/2 to 1/2 NPT STRAINER TUBE, 1/4 OD x 48 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 4-3/4 ASME PLATE NIPPLE, Solid, 1/4 NPT x 9 CLAMP, Pipe, 1/2 ELBOW, 3/4 NPT NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT TUBING, 3/4 OD x 30 (Not Shown) ELL, 45°, 3/4 NPT TUBING, 1/2 OD, 84 TEE, Compression, 1/2 ODT BAFFLE, Installation (Not Shown) BUSHING, Reducing, 1 x 3/4 NPT SCREW, Drive	111441111111111111111111111111111111111	 	



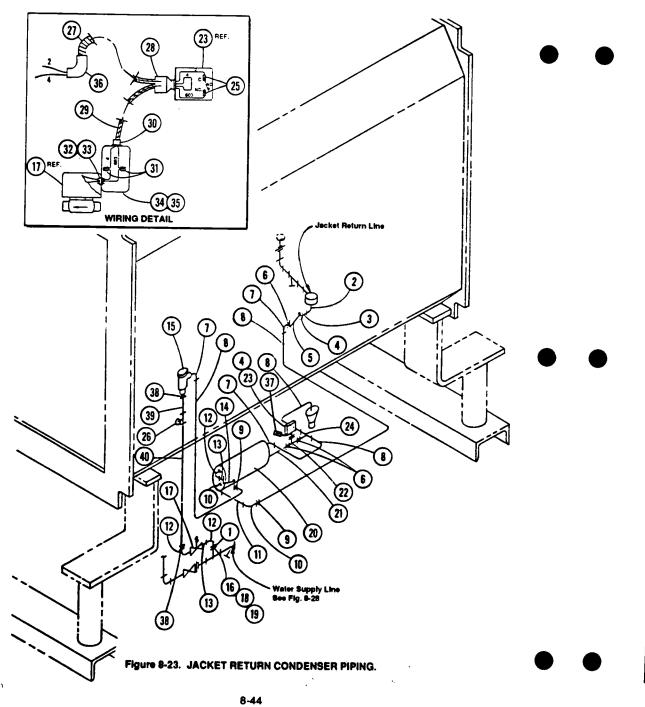
F- 3

129360-733 F – 4

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART		S V DESCRIPTION C	UNITS PEI ASSEMBL
8-22-				STAND PIPING ASSEMBLY	. x
		1		,	1 1
1	P	98036		STAND ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-2)	. 1
2		29295		NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 2-1/4	
3	P	19678	1 1	LOCKWASHER, 1/4	
4	P	29315	1 - + . 1	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 7-1/4	. 1
5 6	P	51565	1 1	SUPPORT	
6 7	P	51616 83256		EXHAUTER, Water Jet	
8	F	3531	001 091	VALVE, 3/8 NPT	. 1
9	P	90227	091	COUPLING, Reducer, 3/4 to 1/2	.] 1
10	P	51567	091	UNION, 3/8 ODT x 1/2 NPT	2
11	F	4934	091	TUBE, Water	. 1
12	5	54754	091	TEE, Reducing, 1 x 1 x 3/8 NPT	11
13	P	1636	091	SUMPELL, Street, 3/4 NPT	1
14	P	4247	091	SPUD, Male, 3/4 NPT	
15	P	1747	091	THREAD, End, 3/4 NPT	
16	P	2903	091	NUT, Union, 3/4 NPT	
17	P	29291	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 1-1/4	
18	P	129360	277	VALVE, Check, 3/4 NPT	11
19	P	29294	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 2	2
20	P	4924	091	TEE. 3/4 x 3/4 x 3/8 NPT	11
21	P	78293	091	FITTING, Compression, Straight, 3/8 NPT x 3/8 ODT	11
22	P	56396	211	RTD PRORE ASSEMBLY	2
23	P	150822	845	R.T.D. PROBE ASSEMBLY	
24	P	150822	802	BUSHING, Probe	
25	P	150822	801	BUSHING, Support	11
26	P	6263	091	REDUCER, 1 NPT x 1/2 NPT	
27	P	3444	091	PIPE, Plug, 1 NPT	
28	Р	4941	091	TEE, Reducing. 1 x 3/4 x 1 NPT	
29	P	29013	091	NIPPLE, 3/8 NPT x 1	
30				TUBE, Copper, Soft, 3/8 ODT x .030 Wall, 5 Ft.	
31	P	49123	091	REDUCER, 1-1/2 to 1/2 NPT	
32	P	51373	091	HEAT EXCHANGER	
33	P	51579	010	SUPPORT	
34	P	2792	045	SCREW, 1/4-20 x 1/2	
35	P	3441	091	PIPE, Plug. 3/8 NPT	11
36	P	32667	091	NIPPLE, 1-1/2 NPT x 2	
37	P	7498	091	ELBOW, 1-1/2 to 3/4 NPT	
38	P	29298	091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 3	11
39	P	45530	091	ELL, Compression Fitting, 3/8 ODT x 3/8 NPT	2
40	P		091	TUBE, 3/8 ODT	11
41	P		091	REDUCER, 1-1/2 to 1 NPT	
42	P		091	NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 1-1/2	4
43	P		091	UNION, 1 NPT	2
	<u>P</u>		091	TUBE, 3/8 ODT	11
	P		727	VALVE, 1 NPT	
	P		589	KIT, Valve Repair	11
			579	KIT, Actuator Repair	11 1
	P		091	ELL, 1 NPT	
	P		091	NIPPLE, 3/4 NPT x 3-1/2]
48	P	1635	091	ELBOW, 3/4 NPT	2
	- 1	i	- 1	(Cont'd Next Page)	

P 29354 091 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART		s v c	DESCRIPTION			TS P SEME	
51 P 836 091 REDUCER, 3/4 to 1/2 NPT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	B-22-					j ' '				
51 P 836 091 REDUCER, 3/4 to 1/2 NPT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1	i i	NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 1-1/2	١.	}		
52 P 81058 001 FITTING, Straight, 1/2 NPT x 3/8 ODT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1		I HAP, Steam, 1/2 NPT			1	1
State		•				HEDUCEH, 3/4 to 1/2 NPT		İ	Ì	
54 P 4942 091 TEE, 1 NPT x 7-3/4 2 55 P 1639 091 FLB NPF x 7-3/4 2 56 P 16383 045 SCREW, Socket Head Cap, 3/8-16 x 1 59 P 19680 041 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 61 P 29166 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 2 62 P 17263 042 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 4 63 P 3515 041 WASHER, 1/4 Nom. 2 64 P 1633 091 ELL. 1/2 NPT x 6-1/2 2 65 P 29374 091 FLL. Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 68 P 46367 091 ELL. Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1		Р	81058	001		I FILLING, Straight, 1/2 NPT x 3/8 ODT		1	İ	
55 P 29379 091 NIPPLE. 1 NPT x 7-3/4 2 56 P 1639 091 NIPPLE. 1 NPT x 7-3/4 1 57 P 850 042 REDUCER. 1-1/4 to 1 NPT 1 58 P 16383 045 SCREW. Socket Head Cap. 3/8-16 x 1 4 59 P 19680 041 LOCKWASHER. 3/8 4 60 P 3099 042 NUT. Hex 3/8-16 4 NIPPLE. 1/2 NPT x 2 4 4 4 61 P 29166 091 NIPPLE. 1/2 NPT x 2 4 62 P 17263 042 WASHER. Flat. 3/8 Nom. 4 63 P 3515 041 WASHER. 1/4 Nom. 2 64 P 1633 091 ELL. 1/2 NPT 1 65 P 29374 091 NIPPLE. 1 NPT x 6-1/2 1 66 P 46367 091 ELL. Compression. 3/8 ODT 1 67 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>4040</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>I NIPPLE, Brass, Sched 40, 1 NPT 2 E</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ĺ</td>			4040			I NIPPLE, Brass, Sched 40, 1 NPT 2 E	-			ĺ
56 P 1639 091 ELBOW, Street, 1 NPT 1 57 P 850 042 REDUCER, 1-1/4 to 1 NPT 1 58 P 16383 045 SCREW, Socket Head Cap, 3/8-16 x 1 4 59 P 19680 041 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 60 P 3099 042 NUT, Hex 3/8-16 4 61 P 29166 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 2 4 62 P 17263 042 WASHER, Fiat, 3/8 Nom. 2 63 P 3515 041 WASHER, Fiat, 3/8 Nom. 4 64 P 1633 091 ELL, 1/2 NPT 2 65 P 29374 091 NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 6-1/2 1 66 P 46367 091 ELL, Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1		•	1	1		! !EE. 1 NP			1	1
57 P 850 042 REDUCER, 1-1/4 to 1 NPT 1 1 1 58 P 16383 045 SCREW, Socket Head Cap, 3/8-16 x 1 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 51 P 17263 042 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 2 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 4 WASHER, 1/4 Nom. 2 LL. 1/2 NPT x 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 0 3 1 ELL. 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 5 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 1 NPT x 6 1/2 NPT x 1 NPT x 1 NPT x 1	1	-				NIPPLE, 1 NP1 x 7-3/4			1	
58 P 16383 045 SCREW. Socket Head Cap. 3/8-16 x 1 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 4 4 LOCKWASHER, 3/8 61 P 29166 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 2 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-		1		I ELDUW, Street, 1 NP I			}	
Solid Soli		-	1			REDUCER, 1-1/4 to 1 NPT			1	
60 P 3099 042 NUT. Hex 3/8-16 4 NUT. Hex 3/8-16 4 P 29166 091 NIPPLE. 1/2 NPT x 2 2 WASHER. Flat. 3/8 Nom. 4 Fig. 17263 042 WASHER. Flat. 3/8 Nom. 4 WASHER. 1/4 Nom. 2 Fig. 17263 091 ELL. 1/2 NPT 2 Fig. 17263 091 NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 6-1/2 1 Fig. 17263 091 ELL. Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 Fig. 17263 091 NIPPLE. 1/2 NPT x 1		•		1 1	1	SUMEYV, SOCKET Head Cap. 3/8-16 y 1			1	1
61 P 29166 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 2 4 4 62 P 17263 042 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 4 4 64 P 1633 091 ELL, 1/2 NPT 2 2 65 P 29374 091 NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 6-1/2 1 66 P 46367 091 ELL, Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-		1		LOCKWASHER, 3/8				
62 P 17263 042 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 2 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 4 WASHER, 1/4 Nom. 2 ELL. 1/2 NPT x 6-1/2 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 1 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1 NIPPLE,	1	-			ĺ	NUT, Hex 3/8-16		1		
63 P 3515 041 WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom. 4 64 P 1633 091 ELL. 1/2 NPT 2 65 P 29374 091 NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 6-1/2. 1 66 P 46367 091 ELL. Compression, 3/8 ODT 1 67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1		•	i e) 1	- 1	NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 2		l		
64 P 1633 091 ELL. 1/2 NPT 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-			I	WASHER, Flat, 3/8 Nom.	_			1
65 P 29374 091		•		1	ł	WASHER, 1/4 Nom		1		
66 P 46367 091 ELL. Compression, 3/8 ODT		•			J	ELL, 1/2 NPT	_	l	1	1
67 P 29162 091 NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1						NIPPLE, 1 NPT x 6-1/2	•			ļ
o. [23/02 03 NIPPLE 1/2 NPT X 1					- 1	ELL, Compression, 3/8 ODT			1	ĺ
Description of the second of t	- 6	. 1			ł	NIPPLE, 1/2 NPT x 1			1 :	
	68	ן	118372	091	ļ	COUPLING, 1/2 NPT				

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			BER		С	DESCRIPTION			rs per Embly
8-23-	F	14665	3 8	329		JACKET RETURN CONDENSER PIPING	×		Π
1	l p	2901	3 6	91	1 1		^		
2			- 1 -	91	li	NIPPLE. 3/8 NPT x 1	1		
3	P			91] [1	1	
4	P	12936	0 3	92] [NIPPLE. 1/2 NPT x 1-1/2	1	İ	
5	ļΡ	12936	0 2	77		VALVE, CROCK SIZENDI	2		
6	P	620	- -	91			1		
7	P	1365	9 0	91		CEC. COMPRESSION, 3/8 NPT & 1/2 CDT	3		1 1
8 9	P	1		- {			3		
10	P	1365	- 1 -	91	- 1		1 2]	.
11	P	1630		91			2]	. 1
12	P	1631		٠,١	- 1		1		
13	P	29014	1				3		- 1
14	P	5424				1111 TEC. 3/0 NP X 1-1/4	2		1
i	P	74335	,			TOUR CONTROL OF THE C	1		ĺ
15	P	77022	1			* DISC.,,,,,,,	1		- 1
16	Р	4201				VACUUM BREAKER, 3/8 NPT	1		- 1
17	P	83263	00	2		SPUD, Union, 3/8 NPT, Female	1		
- 1	P	764073	00	1		VALVE. Solenoid. 3/8 NPT • KIT, Valve Repair	1		- 1
	P	764072					1	- 1	j
18	Ρ	1626		1			1	- 1	-
1	P	2901	1			1101, 01101, 3/B NF1	1		- 1
	P P	96061	1				1	İ	ļ
	P P	29016				'''' ' LE. 3/0 NP X 1:3/4	1		-
	P	4932					!		- 1
	P	93909 20610	1	- 1					
	P	14865	09					- 1	ĺ
	P	89076	09						- 1
27	P	91560	091			*^L*E, N990(8, 1/4 NP)		-	1 1
28	P	18000	091						
	P	90822	091					1	
	₽	90331	091		- 1 6	CONDUIT, Flex, 3/8 ID			1 1
- · , ·	P	31299	091	1	l v			1	
32	- 1	31299	091	Ĺ		*** F CE. CIUSH: 1/2 CANACIN	- 1	- 1	
33 [- 1	8681	091			Ointol, 1/2 Condult		i	
34 F		23345	091		, -	OA. Conduit	1	İ	1 1
36 F		23346 18001	091				1		
37 F	- 1		091	1					
38 F		849	001 091	1	, ,	70,	-		
39 P	- 1		091	1	, -	YY MINO, MANUCING, MARK TAKADT			
40 P	.		091	1				1	
						IPPLE, 1/4 NPT x 7-1/2			

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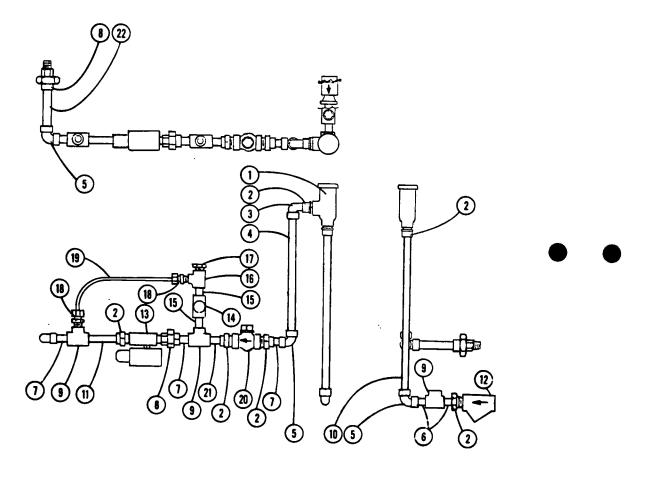


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART S V C			V DESCRIPTION						
3-24-					WATER SUPPLY LINE						
1	P	77004		١.		X					
2		77021 90211			VACUUM BREAKER	1					
3	P	90214		1 1	ADAPTOR, 1/2 NPT x 5/8 ODT	6	- 1				
4	P	90335			ELBOW, Street, 1/2 NPT x 5/8 ODT	1					
5	P	90212			ELBOW, 5/8 ODT	1	- !				
6	P	84350	003	1 1	TUBE, 5/8 ODT x .049 W x 3-3/4	3	- 1				
7	P	90266	091	H	TUBE, 5/8 ODT x .049 W x 2	2					
8	Р	90227			UNION, 1/2 NPT x 5/8 ODT	2					
9	Р	45282	091	lí	IEE, 1/2 ODT x 1/2 ODT x 3/8 NPT	3	}				
10 11	P	78329		lí	TUBE, 5/8 ODT x .049 x 12-1/2	1					
12	P	90284			TUBE, 5/8 ODT x .049 x 5-7/8	1					
'2	P	47709 750890			STRAINER, 1/2 NPT	1	- 1				
13	P	150822			• Screen	1					
	P	764317			VALVE. 1/2 NPT	1					
	P	764317		- 1	• KIT, Valve Repair	1					
14	P	83256		- 1	KIT, Actuator Repair VALVE, Needle, 3/8 NPT	1					
15	P	29017		- 1	NIPPLE. 3/8 NPT x 2	1					
16	P	4928		ĺ	TEE. 3/8 NPT	2					
17	Ρ	3441	091	- 1	PLUG. Pipe	1					
-	Ρ	77936	042	ļ	FITTING, Compression, 1/4 ODT x 3/8 NPT	1					
19					IUDE, CODDOY, SOTI 1/4 ODT v 020 Wall v 2 Er	2					
	P	150822		ı	VALVE, Check, 1/2 NPT	1	1				
		44835		- 1	10BE, 5/8 OD X ,049 x 3	;					
22	P	84350	003			:					
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Figure 8-24. WATER SUPPLY LINE.

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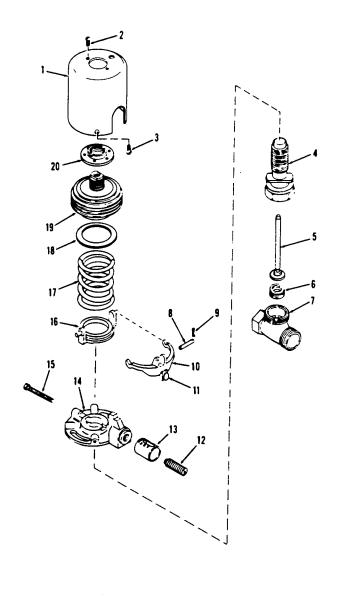


Figure 8-25.	STEAM CONTROL	VALVE.
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FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE		S V C	DESCRIPTION		NITS F	
8-25- 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	P PPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPPP	54780 22349 9276 3969 26837 28267 22423 11890 8897 14976 2299 11417 31273 112471 12474 51657 35911 35880 9172	091		STEAM CONTROL VALVE COVER SCREW (8-32 x 3/16) SCREW (1/4-20 x 1/4) SYLPHON AND BONNET ASSEMBLY STEM ASSEMBLY SEAT, Valve BODY, Globe valve PIN, Pivot COTTER PIN FORK ADJ INSERT SCREW, Pressure adjust SLEEVE, Indicator PLATE, Bottom SCREW (1/4-20 x 1-1/2) SEAT, Lower spring SPRING SEAT, Top spring BELLOWS REINFORCEMENT	1 124 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SSEME	

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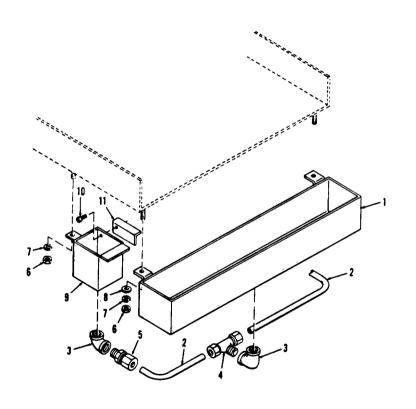


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER	3	S V C	DESCRIPTION		S P	
8-26-	Р	134301	001		EXTERNAL DRAIN	1		
1 2 3 4	P P P	56129 915 7461 20610	001 315 091 091		EXTENSION TUBE (1/2 OD) (B88) ELL (3/4 x 3/8 NPT) TEE, Comp (1/2 ODT x 1/2 ODT x 3/8 NPT)	1 A/R 2		
.5	Р	13658	091		FITTING, Connector (1/2 ODT	1		
6 7 8 9 10 11	PPPPP	3097 19678 10445 56131 90170 150177	041 045 091 001 045 001		x 3/8 NPT) NUT (1/4-20) LOCKWASHER (1/4) WASHER, Flat PAN SCREW, Tapping (#8 x 5/16) GUARD	1 5 2 1 1		
								4

Figure 8-26. EXTERNAL DRAIN.

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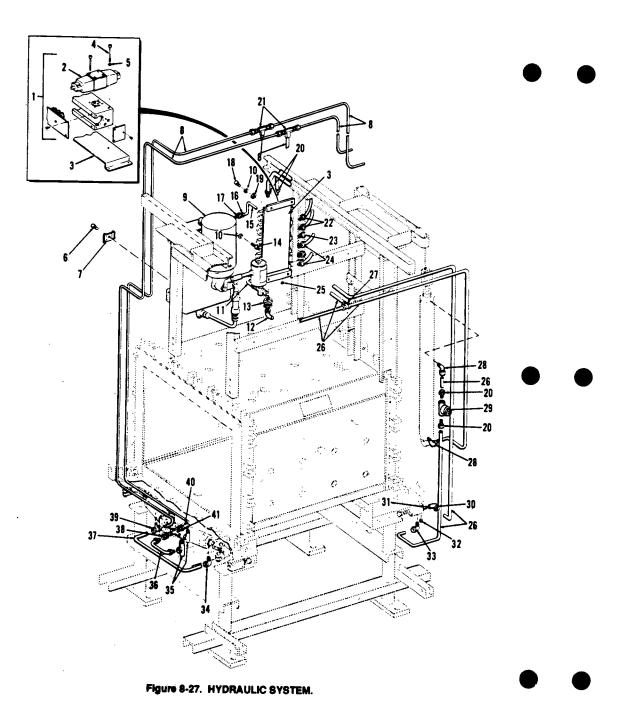


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBE	R	S V C	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	
8-27- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	P	163733 146194 763890 93296 83779 10436 33708	001 001 001 001 041 041		HYDRAULIC SYSTEM VALVE PACKAGE . VALVE ASSEMBLY (See Fig. 8-29) PLATE, Mounting SCREW, Socket hd; 1/4-20 x 3-1/2 LOCKWASHER, 1/4 SCREW, Flat head (#10-32 x 5/8)	1 1 5 1 2 4 10	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40		81107 99055 19686 136291 91060 37754 45613 93295 45477 45613 93295 45477 4592 49134 78293 46097 45530 81051 81065 28925 48511 46055 42510 40008 81065 81067 81067 81069 13522 13523	001 091 001 091 091 091 091 091	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	TUBE (1/4 OD x .030 wall copper - ASTM B280) HYDRAULIC SUPPLY (See Fig. 8-30). LOCKWASHER TUBE, Supply CONNECTOR, 1/2 Conduit (90°) BUSHING, Reducing (1-1/4 x 1/2) SCREW, Socket head (1/4-20 x 1-1/2) TUBE, Return FITTING (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) BUSHING, Reducing (3/8 x 1/4) SCREW, Socket head (1/4-20 x 5/8) WASHER, Flat FITTING, Comp (3/8 ODT x 3/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp (4/4 ODT x 1/4 IPS) PLUG, Pipe (1/4 IPS) FITTING, Comp (1/4 ODT x 1/4 IPS) PLUG, Pipe (3/8 IPS) TUBE, (3/8 OD x .032 Wall soft copper - ASTM B88) FITTING, Compression tee (3/8 ODT) FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 3/8 IPS) VALVE, Flow control FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) PLUG, Pipe (1/4 x 3) PLUG, Pipe (1/8-27) FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) FITTING, Comp ell (3/8 ODT x 1/4 IPS) FITTING, Comp ell (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp ell (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp straight (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS) FITTING, Comp tee (1/4 ODT x 1/8 IPS)	11 A/R 1 8 1 1 1 1 4 4 6 2 6 2 2 2 2 A/R 1 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	

G-1

8-53 129360-733

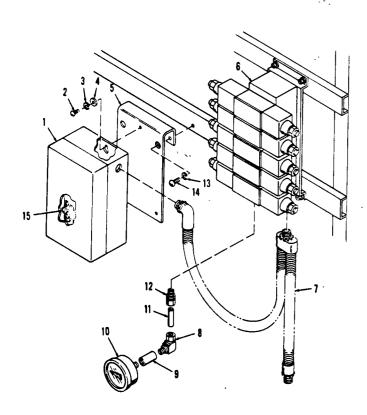


Figure 8-28. HYDRAULIC MOTOR STARTER ARRANGEME	NT.
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IG. & NDEX PART NO. NUMBER	S V DESCRIPTION	UNITS PER ASSEMBLY

8-54 128360-733 G-3

8-55 129360-733

G- 4

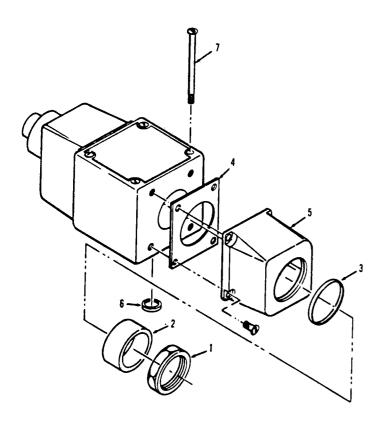


FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBER	}	S V C	DESCRIPTION	1	JNI	TS I	PEF BLY	≀
8-29-	P	763890	001		VALVE ASSEMBLY	1		T	T	
1234567	P	762624	001		KIT, Valve repair (includes 1 thru 7) . NUT, Coil retaining . COLLAR . "O" RING, Coil . GASKET, Coil . COIL ASSEMBLY . "O" RING . BOLT KIT	A/22222241	R			

Figure 8-29. VALVE ASSEMBLY.

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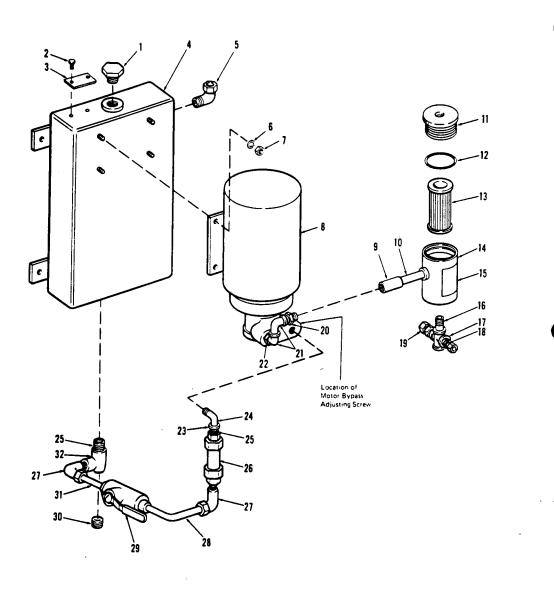


FIG. & S INDEX PART V NO. NUMBER C	PART V UNITS	
P 757067 004 P 757067 006 P 757067 006 P 757067 007 P 757067 007 P 757067 007 P 757067 007 P 757067 007 P 757067 001 10 P 28925 091 P 56276 001 12 P 150501 001 13 P 50697 091 14 P 56270 001 15 P 150502 001 16 P 27422 091 17 P 45060 091 18 P 45565 091 19 P 78292 091 20 P 43648 091 21 P 1619 091 22 P 76053 091 23 P 837 091 24 P 1634 091 25 P 29014 091 26 P 42542 091 27 P 81165 001 28 P 81166 001 29 P 81164 001 30 P 5896 048 31 P 91411 091 32 P 4928 042 T	TRAINER LBOW, MALE (5/8 ODT x 3/8 IPS) UBE (5/8 ODT) ALVE, Ball LUG, Pipe (3/8) UBE (5/8 ODT)	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Figure 8-30. HYDRAULIC SUPPLY PACKAGE.

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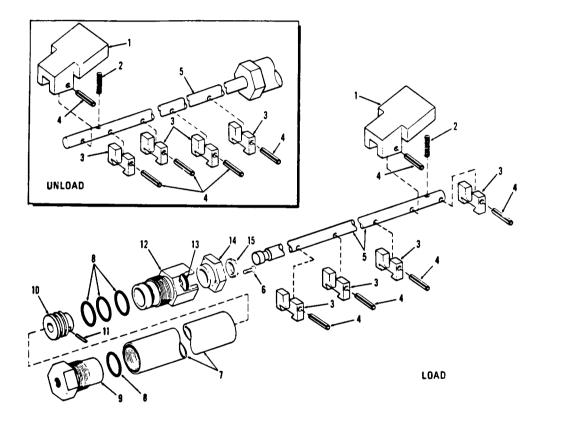


FIG. & INDEX NO.	PART NUMBEI	R	S V C	DESCRIPTION			S P	
INDEX		091 091 034 045 061 001 001 001 001 001 002 001 001 001 00	VC	CYLINDER, Loading CYLINDER, Unloading END, Piston SPRING DOVETAIL PIN, Roll (3/16 x 1-1/4) ROD, Piston loading ROD, Piston unloading SCREW (#8-32 x 1/2) BODY, Cylinder BODY, Cylinder "O" RING END, Cylinder body HEAD, Piston SCREW, Set (#6-32 x 1/4) END CYLINDER SEAL CAP, End RING, Wiper SEAL KIT - Not shown		SSE		
	737703	091		SEAL KII - NOT SNOWN	1	1		

Figure 8-31. CYLINDER ASSEMBLY: Loading and Unloading.

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G- 9

8-61 129360-733 **(7 – 1**0

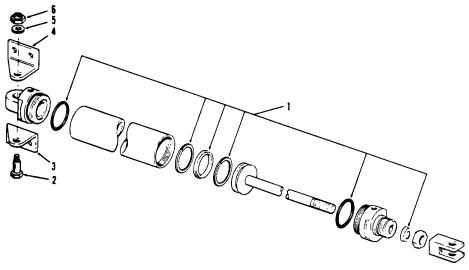


Figure 8-32. LOCKING CYLINDER.

FIG. & INDEX NO.		PART NUMBEF	₹	S V C	DESCRIPTION		NITS P	
8-32- 1 2 3 4 5 6	PPPPPP	51584 752640 150437 150435 150436 5503 52151	091 091 001 001 001 003 091		LOCKING CYLINDER SEAL, Kit SCREW, Shoulder BRACKET, LH BRACKET, RH WASHER, Plain NUT	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

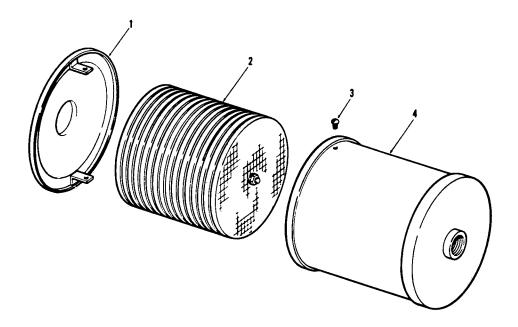


Figure 8-33. AIR FILTER ASSEMBLY.

INDEX PART				S V C	DESCRIPTION		IITS P
8-33- 1 2 3 4	P	91173 91368 91367 12283 96526	091 091 091 041 091		AIR FILTER ASSEMBLY COVER ASSEMBLY CARTRIDGE ASSEMBLY SCREW, Round head (#10-32 x 1/4) BODY ASSEMBLY	1 1 2 1	

8-62 129360-733 G - 11

8-63 129360-733 G- 12



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